

## SENATE STILL SUSPICIOUS OF ALLIED TRICK

Opposition to Request for Legislation Authorizing Mellon to Deal with Obligations Hangover from Scrap.

## NOT TO CANCEL DEBTS

BY MARK SELLIVAN  
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5.—The senate's opposition to President Harding's request to give Secretary of the Treasury Mellon power to handle foreign debts due according to his judgment, is essentially a hang over from the atmosphere of the League of Nations fight.

During that prolonged year of debate the senate became very suspicious of foreign statesmen. This suspicion extended not only to the Republican senators but to the majority of the Democratic senators as well.

Many of these Democratic senators who supported the League of Nations as a party measure nevertheless were full of suspicion that President Wilson had been subjected at Paris to processes of sleight of hand.

**Senate Impression**  
The senate got, and still holds, the idea that any American statesman dealing with European statesmen is in the position of a countryman come to town. Many of the senators think that by some process of juggling some of the nations who owe us these billions and are capable of paying them, are going to evade paying them.

The senate wants everything that is to be done about those foreign debts to be subject to their scrutiny. Of course, Secretary Mellon is as insistent as the senate that these debts shall be paid.

The difference between Secretary Mellon and the senate is that he is in a better position to know just how and when to press for payment than the senate possibly can be. He has had more experience than the senate in distinguishing between those debtors who can pay with reasonable promptness and those who must be carried along for a time. This is exactly the sort of thing that Secretary Mellon has been doing for the 40 or 50 years of his experience as a professional banker. He has sat in his office in Pittsburgh for a life time dealing with difficult debtors and the general verdict on his experience is that he has been rather more successful than the average in collecting everything that was due him.

**To Collect All Debts.**  
The Secretary Mellon has no idea of forgiving any of those foreign debts that are possible of collecting. Neither has President Harding. It is one of the first principles of the administration that the \$10,000,000,000 due us from various European countries, shall be regarded as a valued asset. The administration sticks to this principle against the advice of some American bankers and business men who think it would be good business for us to cancel these debts.

All that Secretary Mellon and President Harding are seeking is an authority from the senate which will enable them to handle each of the different debtors according to the circumstances with the purpose of collecting all this money as soon as it is practicable to collect.

**Regular Routine.**  
President Harding in requesting this legislation from the senate undoubtedly never anticipated the opposition that arose. He thought he was merely asking for the kind of routine authorization often granted the executive departments. As it happens this is the only legislation that Harding asked directly of congress. In the beginning of the session Harding asked congress to reverse the taxes and pass a tariff bill. Thereafter he scrupulously refrained from interference or pressure.

When Secretary Mellon asked him and he in turn asked congress, to give the executive authority to handle the foreign debts in the executive discretion, he probably never thought of it as a request for legislation in the ordinary sense.

What plans Secretary Mellon may have after he gets the authorization are probably not known yet even to himself. They depend on the varying circumstances of the different debtors and on future circumstances as they may arise.

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## THREE PERSONS HURT IN AUTOMOBILE CRASH

Three persons were injured, two seriously, when an automobile, driven by Wilbur Morel, failed to take the sharp turn in the Green's Fork pike, north of Richmond, late Monday night. Otto Snatter received a dislocated hip joint and John Smith was badly bruised. A tendon in the wrist of Morel was severed. The men were taken to Reid Memorial hospital.

The automobile turned over in the ditch, pitching out the occupants. Fire destroyed the car, leaving it a complete wreck.

It is not known whether Morel became confused in handling the car, with which he was not well acquainted or failed to notice the sharp turn. The injured will recover, hospital attendants said.

## Foreign War Vets Called to Meeting

The regular meeting of the Gen. Lichtenthal post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars will be held Tuesday night in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce at 7:30 o'clock. All members are urged to be present, as some very important business is to be decided at this meeting.

## Harding Receives Replica of French Monument



Left to right: President Harding; Marcel Knecht, French high commissioner; Ambassador Jusserand and Theodore Roosevelt, photographed during presentation ceremonies.

As the gift of France, Ambassador Jules J. Jusserand presented to President Harding a few days ago the first replica of the Flirey monument, the tribute of Lorraine and Flirey to the valor of American troops who delivered their soil from German occupation. At the same time the French ambassador transmitted to Commander John G. Emery of the American Legion the formal invitation of President Millerand and of the French government requesting the presence of a Legion delegation at the unveiling in August.

## Appeal to Colored Residents For Community Service Funds

Every Phase of Recreational Life Covered in Program Outlined for Work Here—Purpose of Branch to Promote Civic Pride and Patriotism

The James M. Townsend Branch of Richmond Community Service issued an urgent appeal today to the colored people of the city to contribute as generously as possible to the drive being conducted to raise a fund of \$3,000 to carry on the work of the branch. The ward-chairman reported \$347 with the first ward leading with \$201.

The James M. Townsend Branch is working to bring about the highest development of the recreational life of the colored people of the city. The ward chairmen will report again on the solicitation at 8:30 this evening at a community sing at Masonic hall, to which all are invited.

Every phase of recreational life for adults and children, and benefits to local business and the city are covered in the program outlined for the work, and which will only be possible if the campaign is successful.

**Enjoy Participation.**  
The enthusiastic way in which the people have taken part in the branch's recreational activities proves what an essential part of their life Community Service has become.

Over 200 other cities of the country have Community Service organizations, and \$3,000, the goal of the branch's fund is a comparatively small amount for the city to raise, when it is considered that Young

## UNCUT WHEAT, OATS SUFFER FROM STORM

Wheat, corn and oats were flattened by the wind and rain storm which swept the west end of Wayne county Monday afternoon. Damage estimated at thousands of dollars was sustained by the farmers of that region, some of whom already had sustained severe losses from the ravages of the chinch bug.

Uncut wheat and oats knocked down by the wind probably were the heaviest items of damage. Much of this grain was damaged so badly it cannot be harvested. Although the corn was considerably damaged, it is believed that it will straighten up and make part of a crop at least.

The storm was about 30 miles in width, extending from a point west of Centerville, over a considerable part of southern Indiana.

Despite the damage done by the rain, it is believed that it had one good effect in that it drowned the chinch bugs which had been destroying the crops in this locality. Although most crops are out of danger, the bugs were still capable of doing considerable damage to the growing corn.

Cambridge City felt the full force of the storm. Cellars were flooded, and trees and buildings suffered from the high wind.

Two inches of rain fell.

**HOT WEATHER THOUGHT**  
"Hot enough for you?" asked a passing motorist of a traffic cop as he waited for a street car to pass the corner of Eighth and Main streets, Monday morning. The policeman glared indignantly. "Where's my ax?" he growled. "I see they're not all dead yet." "Well," commented the motorist, cheerfully, "there is one comfort at least. Richmond has an excellent park system where we can all go to cool off."

## RAIL LABOR'S STRIKE TALK QUIETS DOWN

Conciliatory Attitude Expected When Decision of Union Leaders is Made Public—Fifth Conference.

## SETTLING PHRASEOLOGY

(By Associated Press)  
CHICAGO, July 5.—Railroad union leaders went into session today, the fifth of their conferences over the wage cut which went into effect July 1, with prospect of winding up the meetings tonight.

There is no essential disagreement and all that remains to be done is to settle on the phraseology of our action," Dan Corrigan, vice-grand chief and veteran officer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, said.

**Final Action Tonight**  
A meeting of the chief executives of all the organizations in session here has been called for 6 o'clock tonight, when the final program is expected to be acted upon.

The program, it was said, would then be submitted to the organization to receive its formal approval. As the session dragged out, strike talk virtually has disappeared and a conciliatory attitude was expected when the final action is made public.

## REV. ROELL HONORED BY POPE; IS CHOSEN DOMESTIC PRELATE

The Rev. Father Frank A. Roell, rector of St. Andrew's Catholic church, has been appointed domestic prelate to His Holiness by Pope Benedict XV. Notification of this distinct honor was received Tuesday by the Rev. Clement Zepf, assistant priest of St. Andrew's church, from the Rt. Rev. Bishop Chartrand, of Indianapolis, who had received a cablegram from Cardinal Gaspari, papal secretary of state, at Rome.

By this appointment the Rev. Roell becomes a member of the papal household and receives the title of monsignor. He will wear a purple garb, similar to that of a bishop. The appointment of the Rev. Roell makes the third time that a priest of this diocese has been raised to that dignity.

Father Roell is the only priest outside the episcopal city who has received this dignity. It has been conferred upon him as a reward for his faithful work as a pastor and as an official of the diocese for 20 years.

This appointment brings great honor on the church of St. Andrew and the parish is expected to take suitable action in recognition of this distinction that has come to its pastor. A meeting for this purpose will be held in a few days. The Right Rev. Monsignor will be invested with the insignia of his rank by the Right Rev. Bishop at St. Andrew's Church in the near future.

Father Roell has been pastor of St. Andrew's for 22 years. All the buildings were erected or improved during his long and ever popular pastorate.

## Woman is Rescued From Niagara River

(By Associated Press)

NIAGARA FALLS, July 5.—Mrs. Joseph Haines, of this city, was rescued today from the Niagara River a short distance above the American falls. She said she was overcome by the heat while sitting by the water's edge and slipped into the river. She was borne out 15 feet and was being carried rapidly from the brink when a man in the crowd on the shore seized a rope end, dashed in and brought her to shore. He refused to give his name.

## Leo Morgan Succumbs at Centerville Home

(By Associated Press)

CENTERVILLE, Ind., July 5.—Leo Morgan, 42 years old, died at his home here Sunday night.

He is survived by his mother, two brothers and two sisters. Funeral services will be held from the home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Burial will be in the Centerville cemetery. Friends may call at any time.

## Receives High Papal Honor



Rev. Frank Roell

The popular priest of St. Andrew's church today received the title of Monsignor from Pope Benedict XV.

## Penniless Artist Wins Prix de Rome

NEW YORK, July 5.—Frank Swartz, a struggling East Side artist, who but a few days ago was facing eviction from his dusty, poorly lighted upper room under the shadow of the Second avenue L on East Nineteenth street, they surveys a dazzling future—three years of study in Rome under the best of masters as winner of that coveted prize, the Prix de Rome.

Often times in fiction the strange parallel to Skartz's story has been told. The artist was unable to pay his rent and was wandering from cafe to cafe seeking to glean a few pennies by sketching the patrons.

Then, as the last moment climax, as he packed up his last belongings to



Frank Swartz, at work in his studio

confront a heartless world, a postman or other messenger brought a letter. A bill, perhaps, or at least another letter from the landlord, he said to himself. The artist ready to cast aside art to become a waiter, an insurance salesman or a banker, opened it despondently. He started, then shouted, and waved his arms.

He had won the Prix de Rome.

There is no girl looming prominent-



Frank Swartz, at work in his studio

ly in the story of the young artist Swartz. Tall, slim, almost boyish in demeanor, he was liked in the tenement at 356 East Nineteenth street because, despairing or jubilant, he always had time to swap a bit of blarney with Mrs. Brown, the Irish housekeeper.

Consequently there was much joy in

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## Employers of Junior Labor Required to Heed New Laws

Fine, Imprisonment Provided for in Violation of Section Stating Hours at Which Children May be Employed—Minors Must Have Employment Certificate

Employers of junior labor will be forced to abide by the recent minor-help laws, according to a letter received Tuesday by vocational officials of the local public schools, from the state industrial board. Reports have come to the industrial board, the letter states, saying that there are many cases of violation of the provisions for the employment of minors.

Reasonable period of time is being allowed employers to conform to the employment of minor help as provided by law. The industrial board indicates in its communication that after this reasonable length of time, those employers who still violate the law regulating the employment of minors, will be penalized by a fine and probably imprisonment.

The provisions most violated, it is pointed out, is Section 21 of the state laws relating to the employment of women and children and the federal tax on employment of child labor. This section reads:

**Limit is Defined.**

"No boy between the ages of 14 and 16 years and no girl between the ages of 14 and 18 years shall be employed or permitted to work in any gainful occupation other than farm labor or domestic service more than eight hours in any one day, nor more

than 48 hours in any one week, nor more than six days in any one week, nor before the hour of six o'clock in the morning, nor after the hour of seven o'clock in the evening of any day."

It is this provision that pertains directly to many local stores which keep their business open on Saturday nights to nine or ten o'clock. While some may be unaware of the law regarding the working of minors as specified in the section quoted, the

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## STANFORD DIVORCE HEARING BRINGS OUT CONFLICTING CHARGES

Hearing of the divorce suit of Maude D. Stanford vs. Roscoe L. Stanford was started in Wayne circuit court Tuesday morning before Judge William A. Bond. The court room was filled with witnesses subpoenaed by either the plaintiff or defense and friends of the principals who are well known in the vicinity of Boston and Liberty, their home formerly having been near Boston.

The hearing was preceded by a statement by Attorney Harlan, who is appearing for the plaintiff in which he gave a cursory review of the charges made in the complaint.

The defense, represented by Attorney George Piggan and L. J. Stanford, father of the defendant, both of Liberty, reserved the right to make a statement at the conclusion of the plaintiff's testimony.

**Separate Twice.**

The couple were married in March, 1906 and separated first in 1913 for a few months, when they returned to live with each other until June, 1920, at which time they separated and have been living separate and apart since that time.

Mrs. Stanford asks for \$15,000 alimony, care and custody of the three minor children, provision for their support, education and maintenance. She charges her husband with cruel and inhuman treatment, states that he is possessed of a bad temper and almost constantly during their period of married life exhibited towards her a mean and irascible temper and disposition; that he became enraged at small matters, had no regard for her happiness or contentment and kept her in a state of fear and extreme anxiety by his misconduct towards her.

**Alleges Attack.**

The complaint states that in 1912 the defendant, Mr. Stanford, undertook to do the plaintiff great bodily harm by attacking her with a knife and cutting her about the face, neck and several times on the left wrist. That he accused her of extravagance and threatened to kill her and her children. She further alleges that she was ordered to leave her home in June, 1920 on an order by the defendant. Mr. Stanford's wealth is estimated at \$42,000.

In the cross complaint filed by Mr. Stanford in reply to the charges made by his wife, over 20 allegations are made against the plaintiff. Mr. Stanford asks for a divorce from his wife and custody of the youngest daughter, Dorothy, who is now 6 years of age.

**Denies All Charges.**

His cross complaint is a general denial of all charges made against him. Mr. Stanford states that his wife has tried to bring disgrace and odium upon him by falsely accusing him of concealing knives for the purpose of

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## 44 PER CENT GAIN WAGES IN RICHMOND

General Occupation Statistics Released by Census Bureau Show Distribution of Employees in this City.

## DECREASE FROM 1910

PALLADIUM NEWS BUREAU  
WASHINGTON, July 5.—Over 50 per cent of the population of Richmond, Ind., over 10 years of age, engaged in gainful occupations in 1920, according to a report on general occupation statistics for that city which has just been issued by the bureau of census.

According to census returns there were 11,890 persons 10 years of age and over in Richmond engaged in gainful occupations in 1920, constituting 44.4 per cent of the city's total population, which is 26,765, and 53.1 per cent of the population 10 years of age and over.

Of the gainful workers in Richmond in 1920, 9,270, or 78 per cent, were males, and 2,620, or 22 per cent, were females. The male gainful workers constituted 82.5 per cent of all males 10 years of age and over. The female gainful workers constituted 23.5 per cent of all females 10 years of age and over.

**Richmond Figures.**

There were 5,812, or 48.9 per cent of the gainful workers in Richmond engaged in manufacturing and mechanical industries last year; 1,319, or 11.1 per cent, engaged in transportation; 1,716, or 14.4 per cent, in trade; 157, or 1.3 per cent, in public service; 625, or 5.3 per cent, in professional service; 1,052, or 8.8 per cent, in domestic and personal service; 1,089, or 9.2 per cent, in clerical occupations; and 120, or 1 per cent, in all other occupations.

The Hoosier State Automobile association has entered a vigorous protest over the action of the house of representatives in passing, last week, the Robison good roads bill in preference to the Townsend (senate) good roads measure.

The bill which the house has passed provides an appropriation not only for interstate highways but it also appropriates for intercounty roads in the various states to promote the "farm to market" system. The senate bill limits federal road appropriations to interstate highways.

The author of the bill which passed the house, Rep. Robison, of Kentucky, asserts that his measure is supported by the highway officials of all the states and by the American Farm Bureau. He said that the Townsend bill was promoted by the American Automobile association and by the American Automobile Chamber of Commerce.

The Hoosier State Automobile association brands the Robison bill as a "pork barrel" measure and a bid for the farmers' votes.

"They want to take care of the joy riders of America," is Robison's retort to the advocates of the Townsend bill.

"They nowhere seem concerned about the farmers getting their produce to markets, or millions of consumers in the cities having the benefit of these products," the Kentucky congressman adds.

Robison, in further defense of his bill, admits that the automobile organizations have done much for the cause of good roads, but asserts that their viewpoint is wrong. "I would rather follow the viewpoint of the road builders of the several states and the farm organizations. They see the great necessity of connecting the rural communities and the producers with the cities of the country."

Fred C. Barnhart, of Liberty, Ind., has been admitted as a cadet to the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., Tuesday morning. He is the sixth district of Indiana its full quota of naval cadets—five.

## ASKS FOR RECEIVER FOR LOCAL COMPANY

Complaint for the immediate appointment of a receiver was filed by Charles W. Turner vs. the Peoples Coal and Produce company in Wayne circuit court Tuesday morning. Mr. Turner is one of the stockholders in the company, according to the complaint. His allegation is that the company is insolvent and unable to pay its debts.

It is further charged in the complaint that Richard E. Edwards, who has managed and controlled the company since its formation has mismanaged and failed to keep records of the business, and that no dividends have been paid. Mr. Turner further states that Mr. Edwards proposes to sell the plant within the next 10 days, his stated purpose being to pay off the debts of the company, but that his real purpose is to convert the money to his own use.

The company has been engaged in the sale of coal and certain equipment for the manufacture of wooden lamps and kitchen cabinets. At the present time no manufacturing is being done, the plaintiff states. The real and personal property of the defendant is estimated at \$8,000. The liabilities are said to be two mortgages, one for \$1,000 and one for \$3,000, delinquent taxes amounting to \$182.34 and debts for merchandise of \$2,000.

**GERMANY AND CHINA AT PEACE**

PARIS, July 5.—A Pekin message says that ratifications of the treaty between China and Germany, restoring a state of peace, were exchanged July 1.