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(By Associated Press)

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Pending the possibility of a general conference, Secretary Davis continued today his conference with union officials, who were said already to have given approval to a new set of working rules proposed by the labor secretary.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Picketing of steamship piers was continued today by union marine workers in an effort to prevent the sailing of non-union orders on vessels scheduled for early sailing.

A launch patrol of the harbor was maintained by the workers.

Steamship owners expressed confidence that they would be able to maintain sailing schedules.

BALTIMORE, May 4.—With police aboard nearly all ships in the harbor, police reserves concentrated in waterfront districts, and an additional patrol boat in commission today, police believe they can handle the situation resulting from the marine workers' strike here and prevent repetition of yesterday's serious disturbances. One steamship company may ask the federal court for an injunction restraining the strikers from picketing or in other ways interfering with men seeking employment on the vessels of the company.

FRIEND MISSIONARIES CONFER WITH BOARD

Friend missionaries from Africa are in conference with the officials of the American Friends' Board of Foreign Missions, at the Central offices. Sessions will continue until the latter part of the week.

Purpose of the meeting was explained by Ross A. Hadley, general secretary of the board, Wednesday, when he said that when the board learned that so many of the Friends' African missionaries were in the United States, it was thought wise to call a meeting where all could get together and discuss the past and future work.

Nearly all of the missionaries now meeting here will return to the African field within the next year. Among those here are Mr. and Mrs. B. Willis Beede, who have just returned after a year in Africa. They will make their home in Richmond.

To Submit Reports. Reports of the findings from the sessions held with the missionaries this week will be submitted at the annual meeting of the missionary board in South Eighth Street Friends church next week. Those present at the meeting Wednesday included the following:

B. Willis Beede, Lewis C. Moon, Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson W. Ford, Mr. and Mrs. C. Frank Conover, Miss Roxie Reeves and Dr. Elisha Blackburn. Mr. and Mrs. Arthur B. Chilson were expected to arrive Wednesday afternoon. Prospective missionaries meeting with the group are Mr. and Mrs. Harry Patten, Westfield, and Miss Lois M. Cope, of Beloit, O.

PHILLIPINE POLICE CLASH WITH MOROS

(By Associated Press) MANILA, P. I., May 4.—Moros, including Maharajah Unteng, religious leader, were killed Sunday by a detachment of Philippine constabulary in an engagement near Taglibi on the island of Sulu, 500 miles from here, according to advices received Tuesday at constabulary headquarters.

The slaying of the Moros followed the murder of Lieutenant D. Velasquez, and three constabulary troopers. After killing the four men, the Moros took their guns and escaped. All available constabulary forces of the department of Mindanao stationed on Sulu island were despatched in pursuit of the Moros, overtaking them near Taglibi. In the battle following virtually the entire band of Moros was wiped out. The constabulary forces recaptured the guns taken from their murdered companions. One constabulary man was wounded in the battle. The reason for the attack by the Moros on the constabulary forces is not known here.

PRINTERS STILL FIRM FOR SHORTER HOURS

(By Associated Press) INDIANAPOLIS, May 4.—Printers, who went on strike Monday, to enforce their demands for a 44-hour work week in job and book printing offices throughout the country are standing firm for the shorter work week, officials of the International Typographical Union declared here today. Although complete reports are still lacking from all cities where strikes are in effect, the union officers said they were certain that not more than 10,000 of their members were out. Settlement of some strikes on the 44-hour basis have been reported by subordinate unions, according to J. W. Hays, secretary-treasurer of the international organization.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Wage reductions of \$4.35 a week for each of the four major printing crafts in Chicago was announced today by an arbitration board, four members of which were chosen by the employers, four by the others, and a ninth selected as an arbiter by the others.

Government Bonds Are Taxable in Measure Before Congress

RICHMOND PALLADIUM AND SUN-TELEGRAM, RICHMOND, IND., WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1921.

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Opponents of the McFadden resolution advance the argument that if the government continues to float bonds bearing low rates of interest, between four and one-half and five per cent, it promotes the issuance of non-taxable bonds.

Those who support the McFadden resolution call attention to the fact that the supreme court in its decision on the farm loan law sustained the right of congress to declare private obligations instrumentalities of the federal government and tax exempt, which, it is argued, opens the way to make tax exempt all evidences of indebtedness, including city loans, railway and public utility securities. Proponents of the McFadden bill contend that there is no logical place to draw the line between which securities shall be tax-exempt, which not, asserting that the only way to prevent all securities being tax-exempt is to put a stop to the issue of any more tax-exempt securities.

Favor Taxation.

In his inaugural address this year, Governor Allen, of Kansas, said:

"In federal taxation, the introduction of the numerous tax-exemption securities has created the most effective system of tax-dodging wealthy investors have ever employed. It has withdrawn large investment funds from private enterprises, robbing these endeavors of financial strength by making it more difficult for them to obtain capital. It has increased interest rates, which in turn increased costs of manufacture and affected the cost of living."

Those who are seeking to prevent further issuance of tax-exempt securities refer to such bonds as "tax tuberculosis." Practically without exception they are advocates of the income tax system, which they say is the only equitable method of taxing everybody in accordance with his ability to pay.

Charge Tax Evasion.

Supporters of the McFadden resolution state that the country has failed to derive the full benefits of the income tax system because of the great flood of tax-exempt securities.

Department of Justice Reviews Palmer Ruling

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Hearings looking to a review of former Attorney General Palmer's opinion holding shipment of liquor from one foreign country to another via this country to be in violation of the prohibition laws were to be held today by the department of justice.

Guy D. Goff, assistant to the attorney general has been assigned to hear arguments for complaining shippers. Representatives of the treasury and the anti-saloon league are also expected to attend the hearings.

Organized Polish Forces in Silesian Occupation

(By Associated Press)

UPPER SILESIA, May 4.—Organized Polish forces, estimated at 20,000 have occupied all of upper Silesia, south of a line running from Kosel to Tarnowitz with the exception of a few large towns, and are moving northward according to information supplied a member of the inter-allied representation here.

Dalton Jury Disagrees; Some Would Acquit Youth

(By Associated Press)

DETROIT, May 4.—A prediction that within 10 years kindergarten teaching in the United States will have been revolutionized and that practically all children between two and one-half and five years will be receiving special training, was made today at the annual convention of the International Kindergarten union by Miss Elizabeth Cleveland, supervisor of girls' activities of the Detroit board of education.

Miss Cleveland announced the experiment is to be tried here next year. The plan is to put children between these ages in an "under kindergarten," where they will be fed and clothed, properly and "scientifically raised."

If the plan is successful, it will lead eventually to establishment of a day nursery in every block in large cities. These nurseries are to be managed by a different mother from the block each day."

Music is play is one of the fundamental ideas of modern kindergarten teaching. Miss Mary K. Brigid, educational representative of the bureau of education, Washington, D. C., said in an address, Miss Frances M. Berry, of Baltimore, another speaker, said jazz and fox trot music has no place in the kindergarten.

Says State Has Failed in Bond Theft Case

(By Associated Press)

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 4.—Admitting that the state "had failed with its strongest case" Sam O. Bates, city attorney, today filed motions in criminal court asking that charges of receiving stolen property against W. L. Huntley, Jr., H. Diggs Nolen, R. E. Priddy, Maurice Joseph, James M. Vardaman, and John E. McCall, Memphis men, for the alleged marketing here of Liberty bonds, which the state charged were stolen in a Brooklyn hold-up last November, be either dismissed or nolle prossed.

Congress to Investigate Agricultural Conditions

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, May 4.—A re-drafted resolution providing for investigation by a joint congressional commission into agricultural conditions was agreed on today at a hearing before the house rules committee. Representative Strong, Republican, Kansas, and Senator Lenroot, Republican, Wisconsin, joint authors of the original resolution, accepted the amended measures providing for appointment of five members of each house on the commission, which would report in 90 days.

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(By Associated Press)

DETROIT, May 4.—The jury in the case of William Dalton, 16 year old bank clerk, who stole \$72,000 worth of Liberty bonds from the Northern Trust company, recently disagreed and was discharged today after it had been deliberated for nearly 24 hours. About half of the jurors were understood to have been in favor of acquitting the self-confessed bond thief.

Miss Cleveland announced the experiment is to be tried here next year. The plan is to put children between these ages in an "under kindergarten," where they will be fed and clothed, properly and "scientifically raised."

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