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GIVE GERMANY TILL MONDAY; COUNCIL FIRM

Tell German Delegates Immediate Steps Will Follow Country's Refusal of Fundamental Conditions.

TO WAIT FOR HARDING

(By Associated Press) LONDON, March 3.—Germany was today given until Monday noon to accept the fundamental conditions laid down by the supreme allied council at Paris. The German delegates were informed by the allied representatives today that if Germany does not accept these terms, the allies will take immediate steps.

The first will be the occupation by allied troops of the cities of Buisburg and Duesseldorf and the Ruhr region of Germany, which contains important mines and iron plants.

Second, each allied country will place such a tax on German merchandise as it may deem proper.

Third, a customs boundary along the Rhine, under allied control, will be established.

One Modification

The German delegation was informed that the only modification of the Paris reparation decisions permitted to Germany would be as regarded conditions of payment, such as a reduction of the period of annuities from 42 years to 30 years.

Germany's counter proposals, which were submitted to the allies on Tuesday, were not susceptible of examination, Premier Lloyd George told Dr. Walter Simons, head of the German delegation, in substance, after today's session of the conference had assembled at St. James' palace at noon.

Mr. Lloyd George said the attitude taken by the German empire regarding reparations was, in addition, a grave violation of the obligations of Germany toward the allies. He reminded the German representatives that their government had not fulfilled the treaty of Versailles relative to coal deliveries, disarmament, the payment of twenty billion marks in gold and the punishment of German officers and soldiers accused of crimes during the war.

Much Speculation.

There was much speculation today whether upon the announcement of allied decisions the Germans would produce an alternative scheme which they were credited with having in readiness. Two members of the German delegation had been quoted by interviewers as having made statements diametrically opposed relative to this hypothetical plan.

The Laborite Herald stated today a time limit was granted the Germans because Premier Lloyd George was unwilling to take irrevocable steps until the inauguration of President-elect Harding, who is expected to expand the new American administration's foreign policy in his address in Washington on Friday.

Here Turks Friday.

Turkish and Greek representatives will be heard by the allies on Friday. At that time Premier Kalogeropoulos, head of the Greek delegation to the near east conference, will, it is said, inform the allies that his government has been unable to accept the plan for an investigation of conditions in Thrace and Smyrna by an interallied commission. Djavid Bey, foreign minister of the Turkish government in Constantinople, arrived here yesterday.

BERLIN, March 3.—Banking circles today gave no indication of apprehension regarding future progress of the reparation conference in London, nor were there any apparent uneasiness in the Bourse. In both quarters there was a prevalent feeling that Germany's counter proposals were not fully understood by the entente leaders upon their first presentation by Dr. Simons.

Quotations on the Bourse were remarkably firm in the face of a flood of alarming reports from London and Paris, and there was a lively speculation in foreign exchange, the demand for American dollars predominating.

Criticize Manner.

The manner in which the German counter proposals were formulated came in for a measure of criticism, notwithstanding the fact that experts of the foreign, financial and economic departments had been engaged with the cabinet for a week or more before the German reply was drafted.

The claim was advanced in banking circles that an unbiased perusal of the German reply did not warrant hasty adverse judgments, such as were reported from London and Paris. It was declared the German proposals represented a liberal reparation settlement.

Deny Reports.

There was official denial today of reports that the German counter offers were represented as an equivalent of the 226,000,000,000 marks demanded in the Paris terms but that this sum, discounted, represented the present capital of 50,000,000,000 marks.

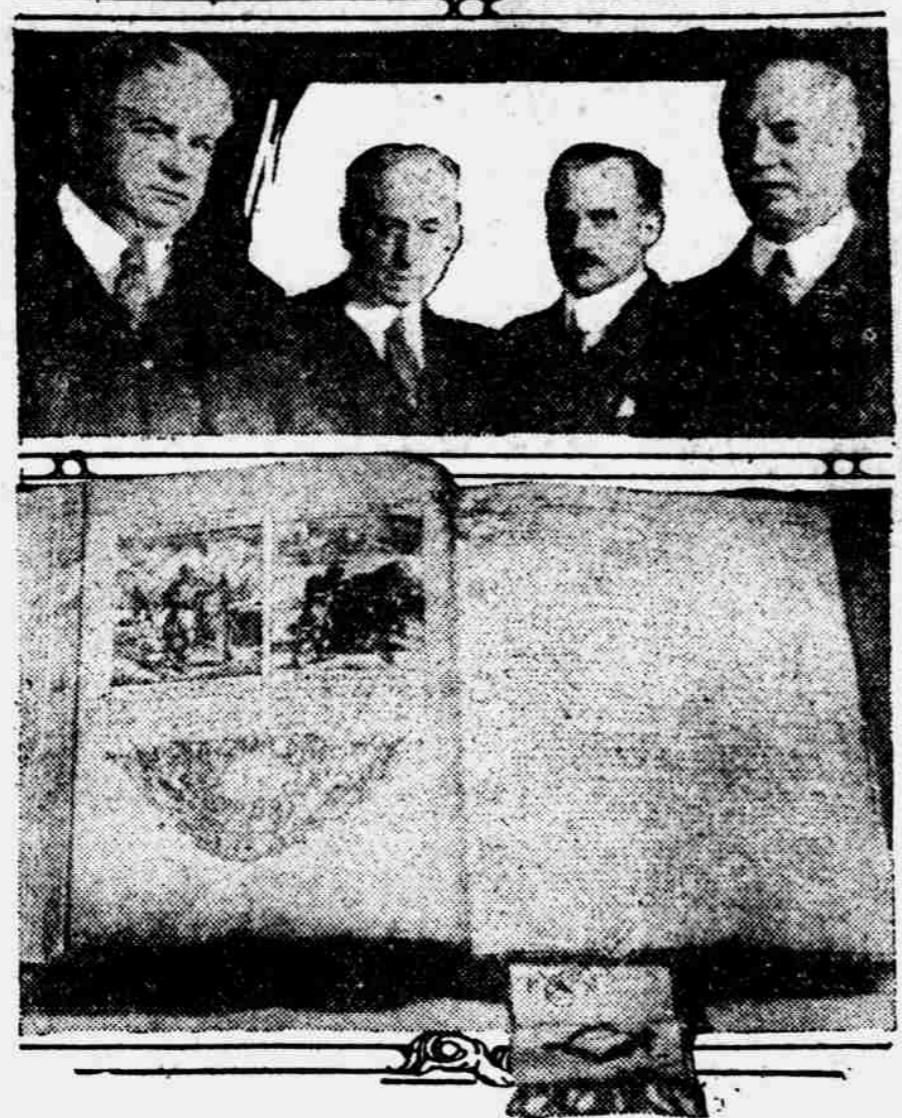
The latter sum was made a part of the present German offer, it was said.

Carl Bergmann, financial expert with the German representatives in London has pointed out that 50,000,000,000 gold marks paid in 30 years would be the sum Germany was willing to acknowledge as her reparation obligation.

Short Period.

It was said the total represented more than one half of the 42 billions demanded in the Paris program, but was payable in a considerably shorter period. Germany's ability to pay this total was largely dependent upon the revival of her export activities, and as this revival was likely to be slow,

Must Guard Inaugural Bible With Their Lives



The photographs show, above, left to right, George D. Montgomery, past master of the Masons; Adolph Geering, past master; present Master Nordendorf of St. John's Lodge, and John J. Morrow, past master. Below, the historic Bible opened at Genesis 49 and 50, the portion over which Harding will take oath of office.

Local Man Seeks Federal Place; Tom Marshall Says His Farewell

PALLADIUM NEWS BUREAU

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Very few Indiana people are in Washington to witness the inauguration of President Harding. The capital is thronged but for the most part they are people who live near the city.

In former years thousands of people from Indiana and other middle western states have flocked to Washington to attend inaugurations, but the inauguration of Mr. Harding has carried no appeal to Indiana folk, mainly due to two facts, it is thought, the extreme simplicity of tomorrow's ceremonies and excessive railroad fares.

Four years ago one-way fare from Richmond, Ind., to Washington, including Pullman accommodations, was a little less than \$20, whereas the cost is now approximately \$33.

Leaders Drift In.

Quite a few Indiana Republican leaders have been drifting into Washington since the first of the week, but with them witnessing the

PRESIDENT WILSON WILL PRACTICE LAW

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, March 3.—President Wilson formally announced today that he "would resume the practice of law" in partnership with Bainbridge Colby, the retiring secretary of state. The firm will maintain offices in New York and Washington. The announcement was made at the White house in the following statement:

"President Wilson made the announcement that at the conclusion of his term of office he would resume the practice of law forming a partnership with the secretary of state, Bainbridge Colby. The firm will have offices in New York and Washington."

BUREAU OF MINES TO CONTROL EXPLOSIVES

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The bureau of mines reported today to a wartime measure giving it control over all importations of explosives, to stop the Germans from sending this country with homemade detonators used for commercial purposes.

The bureau requested the customs officials to hold up all shipments of detonators, it was announced and to send samples to laboratories of the bureau for tests. Detonators used by farmers and other non-experts usually for such purposes as ditch digging and stump-blowing were sent here by German manufacturers are of such low grade as to constitute a serious danger, it was said.

Weather Forecast

MOORE'S SPECIAL FORECAST

Fair. Below Freezing Tonight.

Cold weather will continue with temperatures several degrees below freezing in Richmond and vicinity. Generally fair during the next 36 hours.

For Indiana: By the United States Weather Bureau. Fair tonight and Friday; colder tonight; freezing temperatures.

Temperatures for Yesterday.

Maximum 59

Minimum 38

Today 34

Weather Conditions—Cloudy and unsettled weather continues over the central and western states this morning but the weather is clearing over the Great Lakes. Zero weather in northern Minnesota and several degrees below zero in Manitoba and portions of Canada. Heavy rains at Indianapolis yesterday, 1.09 inches in less than 24 hours time. Hot weather in the far southwestern states; 90 degrees at Phoenix, Arizona, and 82 at Fresno, California.

(Continued on Page Sixteen)

TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITAL BILL UP TO M'CRAY

Measure Providing Institution for Wayne County Passed
—Gift of \$50,000 Bonds Can Be Accepted.

SOLONS RUSH THE WORK

Word was received from Senator McConaughy Thursday that house bill 177 legalizing a \$50,000 annuity for the tuberculosis hospital for this county had been passed Wednesday afternoon. The bill now awaits the signature of Governor McConaughy.

Bonds Offered.

Some time ago, Wayne county was offered \$50,000 worth of government bonds, for the erection of a hospital of this type, provided the county would pay the donors the regular rate of interest on their gift until their death, and also that the county would raise an equal sum to go with the gift.

Because there was some doubt as to the legality of the county's action in such a case, a special bill was drafted by Attorney Denver C. Harlan of this city, and it was this bill which was passed Wednesday without a dissenting vote or an amendment. Although it is designed to apply to the case of Wayne county in particular, it is effective all over the state.

May Start Work.

"Work on the new hospital can now start at once," said Attorney Harlan Thursday. "The passing of this bill makes it possible for the county authorities to make their plans for the new building, advertise for bids and get the construction work under way."

The site of the proposed hospital is on farmland a few miles south of Richmond, where 25 acres was given the county some time ago. Thus at a cost of \$50,000 the county is to become the owner of a 250-acre farm valued at approximately that amount, and a hospital building worth \$100,000.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 3.—

Under bill orders the state legislature today started a drive to clean house before adjournment next Monday night. Leaders were certain, however, that some of the proposed legislation was doomed to the discard and the house steering committee gave priority in house consideration to 24 bills.

A legislative jam was threatening the house but the senate was resting easy, though leaders feared to pass bills from the house might tie the house in long sessions for the rest of the session.

No senate bills were in the steering committee's preferred list but some were expected to be added later.

Half way down the list of 24 bills to get the right of way in the house was Representative Barker's measure to create a new central board of five trustees for Indiana and Purdue universities and the state normal school to supplant the present individual boards.

Leaders would not predict what would happen to this measure. Others on the preferred list were regarded by leaders as less important, many being of local application only.

Leaders Drift In.

A steamer it is said, has been at Punta Arenas taking on troops and munitions, and it is believed the Costa Ricans planned to land these forces on the eastern shore of Bocas Point, a projection of land which marks the Pacific end of the boundary between Panama and Costa Rica.

Forces Threatened.

Should this maneuver be carried out, the Panamanian forces, which recently captured Costa Rican units occupying Coto, to the northeast, would be in danger of being cut off from their base of supplies. Chief significance of such a move on the part of Costa Rica, however, would appear to center around the fact that it would involve the United States since the shore east of Bocas Point was given to Panama under the arbitration ruling of Chief Justice White, which was handed down in 1914.

It has been understood here that the United States department of state has been resting upon the interpretation of treaties obligating the United States to protect the territorial integrity of Panama.

Another Possibility.

Another possibility that the United States may become involved is found in reports that Costa Rica is reinforcing her garrisons at the Atlantic end of the frontier. The United Fruit company owns extensive banana plantations, and has railroads extending southerly from Puerto Limon into Panama.

It has been learned this corporation will be almost certain to request the protection of United States troops if such a move on the part of Costa Rica, however, would appear to center around the fact that it would involve the United States since the shore east of Bocas Point was given to Panama under the arbitration ruling of Chief Justice White, which was handed down in 1914.

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Report Demonstrations.

Travelers arriving here from Costa Rica report anti-American demonstrations in San Jose, Puerto Limon, Cartago, and Heredia on Feb. 27 and Feb. 28. A strict censorship has been established here and little is known of the movements of Panama volunteer forces, but it is learned a shipment of rifles is expected from Peru in a few days and that they will be used for arming newly recruited forces. The capture of another Costa Rican vessel, with 100 men on board, was officially expected there.

STRIKE IN ARGENTINA

Buenos Aires, March 3.—A general strike effective at midnight tonight has been called by workers of the provinces of Cordoba as a protest against measures taken by the provincial government against workers' unions. The situation in Cordoba City is admitted to be serious, and trouble is expected there.

Why Richmond is the Best Place in Which to Live

Each day a Palladium reporter will interview persons at random to find out why they like to live here.

A Richmond citizen Thursday said:

"A journey through the outskirts of Richmond will bring home to many people the advantages of living in a city of this size, as compared with the larger centers, such as Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, and the like. Richmond has no slum district. Tenements are a minimum.

"It is in these outlying sections that Richmond is bringing up a class of citizens that will prove a credit to the city. Despite the fact that they are on the outskirts of the town, there is an opportunity for them to mix with the civic activities of the city, and in this way grow to realize their responsibility as an American citizen."

Glass Tank Bursts; Plant is Destroyed

(By Associated Press)

BARNESVILLE, O., March 3.—When tank filled with molten glass burst early today, fire started which destroyed the Kearns-Gorsuch Glass plant here with a loss estimated at \$700,000. A warehouse filled with finished ware was also destroyed. The plant employed 400 persons. Last Friday the Roby Cigar factory was destroyed by fire with a loss of \$200,000.

ASKS HARDING TO AID ERIN.

CORK, March 3.—The American

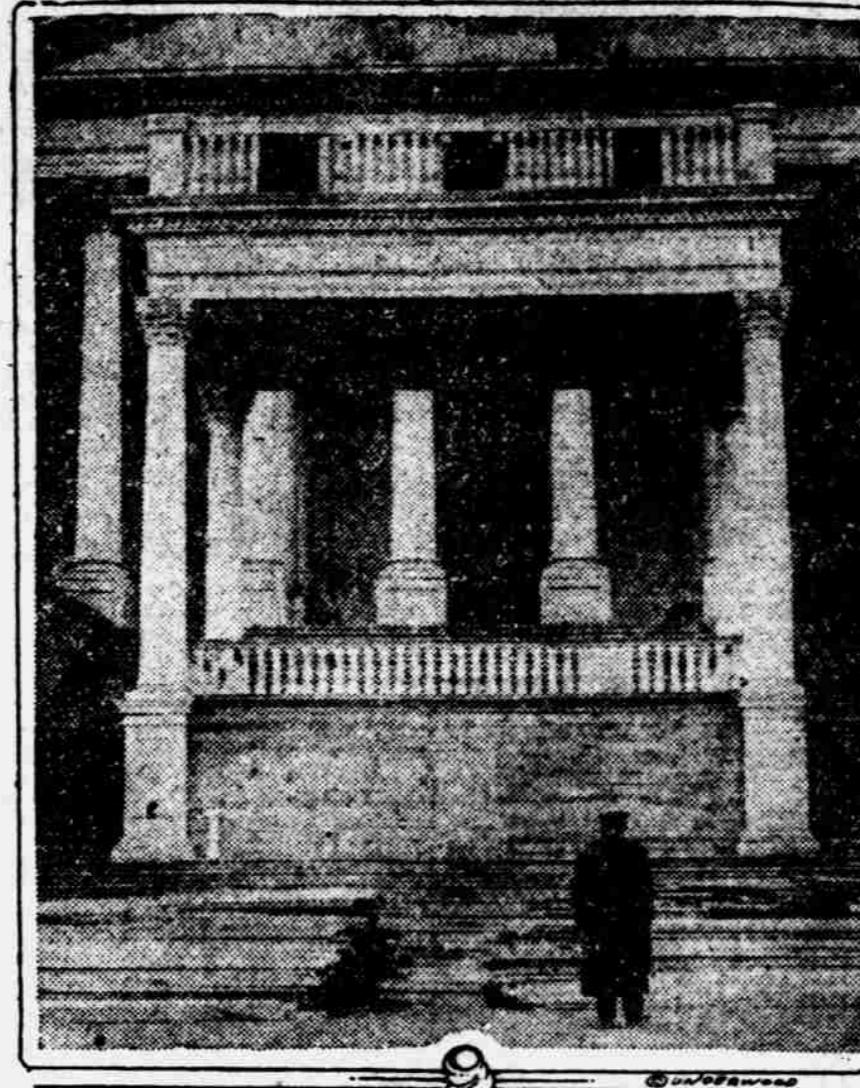
Quaker committee has sent a cable to

President-elect Harding appealing to

him to use his influence for Irish

relief.

Harding's New "Front Porch"



This photograph shows the "front porch" Harding will use for his inauguration. Officially it is called the inaugural stand and after several weeks of untiring efforts this so-called "front porch" was finally completed.

Many additional features which are comparatively new were installed to give the public the greatest possible aid in hearing and viewing the ceremonies at the capitol.

Sanction Rail Strike For 16 Brotherhoods

(By Associated Press)

CHICAGO, March 3.—Sanction for 16 railroad brotherhoods and unions to call strike of employees of the Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic Railroad was despatched to local representatives of the unions, following a midnight conference of heads of the organizations here, it was announced.

NAVAL APPROPRIATION PASSAGE ABANDONED BY SEN. POINDEXTER

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Hope of passing the naval appropriation bill at this session, was abandoned today by Senator Poindexter, Republican, of Washington, who has been in charge of it and the senate proceeded to other business.

The army appropriation bill, one of the three big supply measures of the total of 13 yet remaining to be passed, having broken through the senate last night when that body approved a compromise with the house fixing the army strength next year at 156,000, appeared certain of final passage.

The house which originally fixed the strength at 150,000 which was raised by the senate to 175,000 was expected to approve the compromise figure without delay. The sundry civil budget, however, still was held up by the senate and house deadlock over the \$10,000,000 appropriation for the Wilson dam at Muscle Shoals, Ala.

Bonus To Die.

That the soldier bonus bill would be

included among the measures to die with this congress was made practical by certain yesterday when Senator Thomas,