

# THE RICHMOND PALLADIUM

VOL. XLVI., No. 72

Palladium, Est. 1831. Consolidated with Sun-Telegram, 1907.

RICHMOND, IND., WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEB. 2, 1921

SINGLE COPY 3 CENTS

## NEGOTIATIONS ON NEAR EAST ARE OPPOSED

King Constantine Says Direct Dealings Are Impossible—Not Averse to Conversations Between Delegates.

### WANTS RECOGNITION

(By Associated Press)

ATHENS, Feb. 2.—Direct negotiations for the settlement of the Near Eastern problems between the Greek and Turkish Nationalists are impossible, said King Constantine today. He indicated he was not averse to conversations between Greek representatives and delegates chosen by the Sultan's government, if such procedure was dictated by the interests of Greece.

Whether this attitude on the part of the Greek king would have any bearing on the Near East conference to be held in London late this month was not disclosed by Constantine, but he made it evident his government would refuse to recognize Mustapha Kemal Pasha, head of the Turkish Nationalists, or his delegates.

#### Not to Make Overtures

Constantine declared he would make no overtures to former Premier Venizelos, who is at present in France, stating M. Venizelos must take the initiative.

"While at Paris, Foreign Minister Storza of Italy suggested direct negotiations between Greece and Turkey for the settlement of their differences," said the king, "but such procedure would be out of the question at the present time. I do not recognize Mustapha Kemal as a person worthy to be dealt with. Why does Europe make all this fuss over an outlaw? Mustapha Kemal is only a big bluff; a big bubble, and we could blow him off the map as we would blow a fly off a table."

#### Must Protect People

"It seems wise after the London conference, for Greece to enter into negotiations with the responsible Turkish government in Constantinople, we will not hesitate to take that step, but any discussion must take cognizance of our right to hold Smyrna and Thrace. This is not an imperialistic policy. It is our national policy. We must protect our people outside the home land."

King Constantine said he did not care to comment on the results of the meeting of the supreme allied council in Paris, because his words might prejudice the case of Greece before the London conference.

#### Gounaris Minister.

He declared he felt sure that the decision at London would not hinge upon his occupancy of the Greek throne. M. Gounaris, minister of war, will go to London as one of the Greek delegates, as he is leader of the dominant political party and King Constantine asserted he did not see how the allies could refuse to accept the minister if he was the choice of the government and people.

The king declared he was the only one who could sign the credentials of the Greek delegates, but added he would not consider acceptance of his signature by the allies as tantamount of recognition of him. He said that if the allies wanted to recognize him openly, it was their place to send their ministers to him.

#### Denies Conclave.

The king said such thing as his brother, Prince George, meeting M. Venizelos in Nice, as has been reported by Athens newspapers, was quite impossible, as Prince George and the former premier were never good friends. Commenting upon conferences between M. Venizelos and Premier Lloyd George in Paris, the king said he hoped M. Venizelos would in the interests of Greece, and try to achieve the final consolidation and success of plans already begun by him.

Asked if reconciliation between himself and the former premier was possible in future, Constantine replied: "I have nothing to make up with M. Venizelos. The country has shown what it thought of him and me. It is his place to come to me if he desires to make peace."

#### Action Please.

The king expressed himself as being pleased with the action of parliament in electing M. Lombardo, choice of the Gounaris party, president of the body. He thought this would strengthen M. Gounaris, and that he might be the logical candidate for the next premier, although that question, the king added, rested largely with parliament.

Constantine said he had no information that the United States would soon recognize him but added he was naturally hopeful such action would be taken. He said he was glad to see that President-elect Harding had expressed friendly sentiments toward Greece in a communication to a Greek-American republican club.

Reports that the Greek army in Asia Minor had suffered a defeat in recent operations were denied by Constantine who said the Greeks had won a complete victory.

## GEN. PERSHING WARNS AGAINST PACIFISM

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—A warning against pacifism and unpreparedness was given the house naval committee today by General Pershing who appeared to discuss world disarmament.

While expressing approval of the proposal for a world disarmament conference, the former commander of the American Expeditionary forces said the United States should go ahead with its present navy and army programs until a definite agreement can be reached by at least the five great world powers.

## New Roumanian Minister Tells Country's Gratitude



Prince Antoine Bibesco and wife, daughter of Herbert H. Asquith.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2—"No country knows better than Roumania what the United States did during the war," says Prince Antoine Bibesco of Roumania, who recently arrived in the U. S. to take his post in Washington as minister from his country. His wife, daughter of Herbert H. Asquith, British statesman, accompanied him. The U. S. entered the war when Roumania was in its most critical stage," he adds. "Roumania feels particularly grateful to the U. S. because her territory has been doubled. For the first

## OFFICERS OF FLEET ARE BANQUETED BY PRESIDENT OF CHILE

(By Associated Press)

SANTIAGO, Chile, Feb. 2.—Admiral Hugh Rodman and the higher officers of the United States Pacific fleet, which is at anchor at Valparaiso, were guests of honor at a banquet given in this city last night by President Andrei of Chile. The function marked the close of a busy day of receptions and calls of ceremony by the American officers. During the dinner toasts to President Wilson and President-elect Harding were proposed, and there was an exchange of felicitations between government officials and the visitors.

Admiral Rodman, with his staff, arrived here yesterday noon in time to attend a luncheon given by the North American Society of Chile. Joseph H. Shea, American ambassador, introduced Admiral Rodman as the "bearer of a message of friendship to Chile." Admiral Rodman, after expressing appreciation of the reception extended the Pacific fleet and its personnel, said he "spoke on high authority in asserting it was hoped that Chilean warships would visit North American waters, where they would be received with hospitality such as was shown the Pacific fleet at Valparaiso."

LIMA, Peru, Feb. 2.—President Leguia of Peru, accompanied by the minister of marine, called upon Admiral Henry B. Wilson, commander of the United States Atlantic fleet, here today. This was a return of the call made by Admiral Wilson yesterday. Shortly after noon the minister of marine was host to Admiral Wilson and his staff.

During the afternoon the program of entertainment included a bull fight and a reception at the National club. In the evening Admiral Wilson was to be guest of honor at a banquet given by Lieut. Commander Paul Fitzsimons, member of the United States naval mission to Peru, and his wife, who formerly was Elsie French Vandebilt. Later the higher officers of the fleet planned to attend a ball given by the ministry of foreign affairs at Union club.

## POLITICAL STRUGGLE DEVELOPS IN FIUME

(By Associated Press)

TRIESTE, Feb. 2.—A bitter political struggle is developing in Fiume, eight parties having placed themselves in the field for the constitutional assembly elections. These include the old adherents of annexation, the Nationalists, autonomists, croats, Socialists and communists. The elections are to be held about the middle of March.

The various annexationist groups are expected to form a coalition, but the strength of the autonomists is conceded to be the most formidable.

Business at the port of Fiume still at a standstill and the city is burdened with a large debt. The present provisional government is making efforts to have Italy reestablish the city's credit.

## CLOTURE FOR TARIFF BILL IS DEFEATED

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The Republican attempt to enforce cloture for the consideration of the emergency tariff bill was defeated today in the senate.

The vote was 36 for the adoption of cloture to 35 against, far less than the necessary two-thirds majority.

The cloture petition was supported by 7 Republicans and nine Democrats, and was opposed by seven Republicans and 28 Democrats. Many of the members were paired.

Proponents of the bill promised to fight for its passage even with the rejection of cloture, while others had announced that the cloture vote would be the signal for a movement to set aside the tariff measure in favor of appropriation bills. One solution suggested was to lay aside the tariff bill from time to time for consideration of the money bills, and to believe my opinion will have some weight."

## JOHNSON PROPOSES A SIBERIAN PROBE

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Investigation of the participation of Americans, either civilians or members of the military or naval establishments in the governmental affairs of the republics of Nicaragua, Haiti, and Santo Domingo is proposed in a resolution by Senator Johnson, Republican, of California, ordered favorably reported today by the senate foreign relations committee.

The committee also ordered a favorable report on another resolution by Senator Johnson, proposing an investigation into the sending of United States soldiers to Siberia, their activities and accomplishments if any; and also the condition and situation of citizens of the United States and the interests of citizens of the United States in Siberia.

Senator Johnson asked immediate consideration for his resolutions in the senate, but they went over on objections of Senator Hitchcock.

"I have not talked with the director of the highway commission," said the governor, "but I believe this road should go through Lincoln City, and I believe my opinion will have some weight."

## M'Cray Wants Highway by Lincoln's Mother's Grave

(By Associated Press)

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 2.—Governor McCray declared today that he favored the re-routing of the proposed Evansville-French Lick market highway so that it would pass through Lincoln City, past the burial ground of the mother of Abraham Lincoln.

"I have not talked with the director of the highway commission," said the governor, "but I believe this road should go through Lincoln City, and I believe my opinion will have some weight."

## RICHMOND CITIZENS TO ATTEND HEARING ON HOME RULE BILL

Representatives of the several civic organizations of Richmond will be present at the hearing on the home rule bill before the house committee of the state legislature in the house chamber Thursday evening in Indianapolis. At least eight people will attend and others are expected to be present who have not announced themselves to the committee in charge here.

Byram Robbins has been selected as the spokesman for the local delegation, and he will present the reasons why Richmond desires this kind of a measure to be passed. Other people who will attend are Benjamin Johnson, Jr., T. B. Jenkins, Lee Dykeman, Miss Ruth James, Mrs. Byram Robbins, Verne Pentecost and Fred Lemon.

#### Expect Conference

Efforts to arrange a conference with Governor McCray have been made and it is expected that he will meet the local delegation Thursday afternoon for an exchange of ideas. The governor is thought to be in favor of the proposed measure, according to letters received by local people from him.

The home rule bill which was introduced in the house during the past week by Representative Knapp, from Hagerstown, Wayne county's representative, has been referred to the committee on cities and towns. Representative Miltzenberger, of Muncie, is chairman of this committee and Mr. Knapp is a member. The majority of the committee are said to favor the measure, according to Mr. Knapp.

#### Time Divided

A hearing was arranged for by the committee so that they would be able to hear both sides of the question and measure the agitation for the bill. The time will be equally divided between those for and those opposed to the bill, Representative Knapp states.

Several other cities of the state are expected to have representatives at the meeting. The only concerted action that the cities favoring the measure have made is to announce they will have representations at the meeting, it is stated.

## WILSON ATTENDS PLAY; HAS NO ILL-EFFECTS

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—So far as had been learned at the white house today President Wilson was suffering no ill-effects from his attendance at the theater last night, his first since the illness which interrupted his *League of Nations* speaking tour in September, 1919.

With Mrs. Wilson and his brother-in-law, John Randolph Bolling, the president witnessed a performance of *John Drinkwater's "Abraham Lincoln"*, surprising a large audience when he appeared in a lower box shortly before the curtain rose. A round of applause and cheering greeted the president when recognized by the audience, which rose in unison and stood until he was seated.

The flood of light on the president's box gave the assembled hundreds their first clear view of the man whose whitened hair and more deeply lined countenance bore evidence of the effect of the long illness from which he now said to be making rapid recovery.

President Wilson, using a cane, made his entrance into the box on the arm of his brother-in-law, who also aided him in rising and leaving the theater after the performance. The president used one of the rear stage doors on entering and leaving the theater, disappointing a throng which had gathered at the front entrance to see him leave after the performance.

#### Report to Council.

Mr. Rupe's report to the council follows:

To the Common Council of the City of Richmond:

I am pleased to submit to you the annual report of Reid Memorial Hospital for the year 1920. I desire on behalf of the Board of Trustees and management, to express our very cordial thanks for the kindly interest in the hospital manifested by your valuable assistance during the past year.

Total disbursements for the year just ended were \$55,875.74, leaving a balance on hand Jan. 1, 1921, of \$48,24. The report shows that 141 absolute charity cases were cared for at an expenditure of \$3.55 a day for each person, and that as ward patient are cared for at \$2 per day, and that it costs \$3.55 a day for each that the hospital has lost \$1.55 on each of the 566 ward patients during the year.

#### Report to Council.

Mr. Rupe's report to the council follows:

To the Common Council of the City of Richmond:

I am pleased to submit to you the annual report of Reid Memorial Hospital for the year 1920. I desire on behalf of the Board of Trustees and management, to express our very cordial thanks for the kindly interest in the hospital manifested by your valuable assistance during the past year.

#### Report to Council.

Mr. Rupe's report to the council follows:

To the Common Council of the City of Richmond:

I am pleased to submit to you the annual report of Reid Memorial Hospital for the year 1920. I desire on behalf of the Board of Trustees and management, to express our very cordial thanks for the kindly interest in the hospital manifested by your valuable assistance during the past year.

#### Report to Council.

Mr. Rupe's report to the council follows:

To the Common Council of the City of Richmond:

I am pleased to submit to you the annual report of Reid Memorial Hospital for the year 1920. I desire on behalf of the Board of Trustees and management, to express our very cordial thanks for the kindly interest in the hospital manifested by your valuable assistance during the past year.

#### Report to Council.

Mr. Rupe's report to the council follows:

To the Common Council of the City of Richmond:

I am pleased to submit to you the annual report of Reid Memorial Hospital for the year 1920. I desire on behalf of the Board of Trustees and management, to express our very cordial thanks for the kindly interest in the hospital manifested by your valuable assistance during the past year.

#### Report to Council.

Mr. Rupe's report to the council follows:

To the Common Council of the City of Richmond:

I am pleased to submit to you the annual report of Reid Memorial Hospital for the year 1920. I desire on behalf of the Board of Trustees and management, to express our very cordial thanks for the kindly interest in the hospital manifested by your valuable assistance during the past year.

#### Report to Council.

Mr. Rupe's report to the council follows:

To the Common Council of the City of Richmond:

I am pleased to submit to you the annual report of Reid Memorial Hospital for the year 1920. I desire on behalf of the Board of Trustees and management, to express our very cordial thanks for the kindly interest in the hospital manifested by your valuable assistance during the past year.

#### Report to Council.

Mr. Rupe's report to the council follows:

To the Common Council of the City of Richmond:

I am pleased to submit to you the annual report of Reid Memorial Hospital for the year 1920. I desire on behalf of the Board of Trustees and management, to express our very cordial thanks for the kindly interest in the hospital manifested by your valuable assistance during the past year.

#### Report to Council.

Mr. Rupe's report to the council follows:

To the Common Council of the City of Richmond:

I am pleased to submit to you the annual report of Reid Memorial Hospital for the year 1920. I desire on behalf of the Board of Trustees and management, to express our very cordial thanks for the kindly interest in the hospital manifested by your valuable assistance during the past year.

#### Report