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LEGAL CODE TO GOVERN NEW LEAGUE

Dominant Principle in Association of Nations Republicans Have in Mind International Court, Says Sullivan.

ARTICLE X IS DEAD

By MARK SULLIVAN
(Copyright, 1920, by The Palladium)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—Senator Harding has already begun the process of inviting responsible and well equipped leaders of thought from both parties to confer about the precise form which the American variation of the League of Nations should take and what should be the first step towards bringing it about.

That this should have been the first and only thing done by Senator Harding before ending his vacation indicated both his appreciation of the urgency of this problem and also his concern to live up strictly to his campaign obligations, frequently repeated in his speeches, to make this subject the first burden of his thought immediately after his election.

Aside from what Senator Harding is doing, other steps, less known to the public, are being taken by leaders in Europe, thought looking to the same end.

Article X regarded as dead.

Whatever the outcome of new deliberations about the League of Nations, the one certain thing is that Article X is dead.

Was Dividing Line

Article X was the point of the contest and the dividing line between the league that Wilson would have and the league that the Republicans would not have. The number of persons who stood with Wilson on the point being small, not many leaders in the Democratic party stood with him, and of these the major part did so as a matter of party discipline and loyalty to their leader rather than as a matter of conviction.

Not even many statesmen in Europe stood with Wilson on this point. This is a fact not widely understood in America. Article X was Wilson's own pet child, and he forced it on the European statesmen quite as much against their wills as he tried to force it on the American senate.

Stood By Itself.

Article X never really belonged in the League of Nations. Mr. Elihu Root was well within the truth when he said: in the only speech he delivered during the campaign, that Article X "was a provision standing by itself quite outside of the league for the preservation of peace and forming no part of the scheme, but creating independently of it a hard and fast alliance between the members of the league to preserve in perpetuity the territorial and political status quo. Article X was no part of the main scheme on the League of Nations. I go further and assert that Article X is inconsistent with the purpose and spirit of the league."

That this theory of Senator Root's about Article X is correct can be proved readily by a history of that particular section. It arose separately from the rest of the covenant, and was originally devised by President Wilson for a wholly different purpose. However, the genealogy of Article X can await a separate article. It is no longer important, anyhow; Article X is dead.

Underlying Principle Dead.

Assuming that the will of the Republican leaders is to prevail about the League of Nations and in the light of the result of the election, no one can doubt that the will of the Republican leaders is to prevail—not only is Article X dead, but that underlying principle of the league, which resided especially in Article X and appeared in several other articles is also dead.

The precise distinction between this principle which underlies the League of Nations and the contrasting principle which the Republican leaders want to substitute for it is not easy to make simple. It is very clear to lawyers, once it is brought to their attention—but it is less easy to make clear to the layman. It will be necessary to carry on a considerable campaign of education to make this distinction clear.

Briefly and very incompletely, the dominant principle in the association of nations which the Republicans have in mind is that there shall be a court which shall function, as every court does, under codified laws and under the restraints of precedents. The dominating institution in the association of nations which the Republicans have in mind will be this court.

Council Power Shorn.

The dominating institution in the League of Nations, as it now exists is the council and the assembly of the League. The intention of the Republican leaders is that council and assembly of the league shall be deprived of all real power; and, if they continue to exist at all, they will be restrained to a capacity which will be clearly and definitely advisory only.

Although the new plan contemplates taking power away from the council and the assembly of the league, it is by no means intended that the new association of nations shall be without power. In fact, the Republican plan proposes to give more real power to the new association of nations than the present league has, but that power will be restricted in two ways.

Power Is in Court.

In the first place, the power will be confined wholly as a court, which court shall not be free to act as it pleases, but must act as all courts must, according to international law. It is true that international law is nowhere codified now in the sense that legislative statutes are codified; but, nevertheless, there are principles of international law which are well understood by everyone familiar with the subject. It is part of the Repub-

War Hero Here



Gen. Robert E. Neville

General Neville, the man who succeeded Marshal Foch as commander of the French forces in northern France when Foch became generalissimo of the allied troops during the war, will act as France's official representative at the tercentenary celebration of the landing of the Pilgrims.

General Neville received a hearty welcome on his arrival. He spent Tuesday visiting points of interest in Washington. Chief among them was the tomb of Washington.

PRICE FIXING BY FARMERS IS PREDICTED

Establishment of Nation-wide Selling Organization for Farm Products Unless Conditions Change, Seen.

WANT INCREASED PAY

(By Associated Press)
BOSTON, Nov. 10.—The establishment of a "nation-wide selling organization which shall fix the price of farm products," if the farmer does not receive "the same pay for the same hours work that others receive," was predicted today by Sherman J. Lowell, of Fredonia, N. Y., master of the National Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry, in opening the annual convention of the grange.

"We are willing to have a fair understanding of values, the farmers receiving the same pay for the same hours work that others receive—no more, no less—but we feel that this is the last call," he said. "If no attention is paid to this now by bankers, manufacturers, railroads and labor organizations, and if the government continues to use its great power to import raw materials free of duty to reduce costs, then the grange will be the first to help organize the nation-wide selling organization which shall fix the price of farm products.

No Threat Made

"There is no threat in this; we will have been driven to it in self-defense to preserve our agriculture. This condition is repugnant to us all. We desire no class regulation or class divisions; we desire to labor for humanity and to be able to keep the earth fertile, always bringing forth its harvest sufficient to feed the increasing millions of our people. It is no small task, however, and it can only be safely done by a proper appreciation of this task by our urban population."

Mr. Lowell rejoiced that labor has been able to secure a much higher rate of wage, but added: "We little expected that they would turn and (Continued on Page Twelve)

These Women Will Lead Society at Capital If Their Husbands Enter Cabinet



The group shows, left to right, above: Mrs. Frank O. Lowden, Mrs. Gifford Pinchot, Mrs. Charles E. Hughes, seated. Below: Mrs. Miles Poindexter, Mrs. Herbert Hoover and Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip.

By EDITH E. MORIARTY

There has been much speculation as to the men Senator Harding will select for his cabinet. It is generally thought that certain men who were named as presidential possibilities previous to the nomination of Senator Harding will be given preference. If this is so there will be a group of women, once mentioned as possible "first ladies of the land" who will take their places in Washington society as "wives of cabinet members" in a lofty position not to be scorned.

Most of the women who have been suggested so far as possible cabinet hostesses are familiar in capital society and well known either through their own activities or those of their husbands.

Mrs. Miles Poindexter, wife of the Republican senator from Spokane, Wash., and Mrs. Frank O. Lowden, wife of the governor of Illinois, were both mentioned as possible "first ladies" a few months ago. They have both spent several seasons in Washington society while their husbands

were in congress.

Mrs. Gifford Pinchot, wife of the state forester of Pennsylvania, has also spent several seasons in Washington while her husband served on national committees.

Frank Vanderlip, whose husband is head of the American Red Cross, has been as active as her husband in politics, perhaps more so, for she has been prominent in state affairs in New York as chairman of the League of Women Voters. Mrs. Herbert Hoover was also mentioned as a "first lady" some months ago. She is noted for the aid she has given her husband in some of his research work.

Mrs. Charles E. Hughes, of course, has long been well known and universally liked hostess in Washington, as wife of Justice Hughes of the supreme court. Her social position will be little changed by the selection of her husband as a cabinet member.

"Third, Flume to be a state entirely independent, without any control by the league of nations.

"Fourth, annexation of the islands of Lusin-Piccolo and Cherso to Italy."

"Fifth, the annexation of Zara to Italy."

"Sixth, the annexation of several of the Jugo-Slav islands to Italy, for strategical reasons.

"Seventh, guaranteed for the protection of the Italian minorities in Dalmatia remaining under Serbian rule."

"Eighth, demilitarization of some of the Dalmatian positions which will be allotted to Serbia."

It is stated the Italian minimum terms were presented on the request of the Jugo-Slav delegation.

The Jugo-Slavs were said to consider the Italian terms excessive, but they received their reply until the claims had been further examined.

FUND WASTE SHOWN BY FORMER MEMBERS OF SHIPPING BOARD

(By Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Individuals and corporations of no financial standing and no experience in maritime affairs have been allocated United States shipping board vessels for operation. J. F. Richardson testified here today when the Walsh congressional committee resumed its investigation of alleged irregularities in shipping board affairs.

Richardson, who is secretary and statistician to the Walsh committee, and who in this capacity conducted an investigation of facts regarding the board's operating methods, declared that irresponsible individuals were favored while established steamship companies complained of inability to secure any tonnage whatever from the government.

Such allocation the witness asserted, has been performed at will by a "director of operations," under the shipping board, who "commandeered" vessels from established transport lines and reallocated them to private companies. Ships, he said, had been turned over to companies in which relatives of men connected with the shipping board were financially interested.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—Charges that the activities of the shipping board have resulted in an enormous waste of government funds are contained in a report submitted to the house committee on shipping board operations by two former employees of the board, A. M. Fisher and J. F. Richardson, who for more than a year have conducted an investigation for the committee.

General Nivelle will be entertained at dinner this evening by General Colardet, chief of the French military mission. The guests will include Secretaries Baker and Daniels, and General Pershing.

The French officer will leave Washington tomorrow for New York.

General Nivelle Visits Naval Academy Today

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—General Nivelle, member of the supreme war council, who came to the United States to officially represent France at the tercentenary of the landing of the Pilgrims, planned to visit the Naval academy at Annapolis today as the guest of Secretary Daniels. The arrangements had been made for the general to review the midshipmen.

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The report released for publication today by the committee of which Representative Walsh, Republican, Massachusetts, is chairman, states that the investigators found evidence of corruption on the part of officials and employees of the shipping board emergency fleet corporation and of the use of political and other influence in the negotiating of contracts for construction and allocation of vessels.

The investigators grouped their ob-

servations under seven general heads representing various phases of the shipping board's activities. They de-

clared that improperly drawn con-

tracts had cost the government a large sum, that some divisions of the board had failed to cooperate efficiently and that others had failed completely to function properly.

Charges Padded Payrolls

The report charged that payrolls

had been padded by some of the firms

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Weather Forecast

Moore's Special Forecast.

Cold, chilly weather will continue

todight and Thursday.

A storm has developed over

the southern states during the past

24 hours.

ARMISTICE DAY FORECAST

Armistice Day will be cold and chilly

and the condition of the weather de-

pends on the movement of the south-

ern storm. If the storm moves a few

hundred miles north, as it has started

to do, snow or cold rains will result.

Otherwise the weather will continue

about as at present.

NEW SPORT TAKEN UP BY PRESIDENT ELECT

(By Associated Press)

POINT ISABEL, Texas, Nov. 10.—President-elect Harding deserted golf for tarpon fishing again today, canceling a tentative appointment at the Brownsville Country club in order to remain on the water all day. Yester-

day's try at tarpon angling made him a staunch devotee of the sport and his friends predicted that during the remainder of his vacation he would give very little time to any other form of recreation.

Tomorrow Mr. Harding is to speak at Brownsville at an armistice day celebration and he may go into the city early to try out the country club lines. So far he has not prepared any manuscript for the occasion but expects to dictate at least a part of his speech tonight.

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ington tomorrow for New York.

Chicago Saloon Keepers Held Under Indictment

(By Associated Press)

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—"Mike De Pike" Heitler, roadhouse and saloon keeper, and Robert Perlman, a saloon keeper, surrendered to Federal authorities to day and were held in bonds of \$15,000 each under indictments charging violation of the Volstead act. Heitler, who figured prominently in recent investigation of the Chicago "whisky ring," was accused by other saloon keepers of selling \$200,000 worth of whisky to them and then sending men to steal it back.

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