

PERSHING'S RIDER IN TODAY'S RECORD OF SERVICE MEN

Roy William Parcells entered the service June 24, 1917, as private and was assigned to Company A, 163rd Regiment, 41st Division, Infantry; embarked from Hoboken, N. J., Dec. 14, 1917, and arrived Liverpool, England, Dec. 25, 1917; attached to Infantry Specials, School of Officers, as bayonet instructor for six months; motor dispatch rider from Gen. Pershing's headquarters, carrying dispatches between Beloeil Woods and Chateau Thierry; slightly gassed at Beloeil Woods; arrived back in United States July 14, 1919, Hoboken, N. J., and discharged July 27, 1919, Camp Sherman, Ohio; corporal; re-enlisted in Fourth Field Artillery, Battery E, Camp Stanley, Texas.

Urban Will Ganssophi entered the service Aug. 8, 1917, as private and was assigned to 92nd Aero Squadron, Regular Army; embarked from New York Oct. 13, 1917, and arrived in Liverpool, England, Oct. 30, 1917; attached to English Aerial Defense Corps 11 months, final aerial combat instruction 3 months; arrived back in United States Dec. 4, 1918, and discharged Dec. 23, 1918; sergeant, first class.

John William Beach entered the service June 26, 1918, and was assigned to Company C, Second Division, Camp Sherman, O.; discharged Dec. 7, 1918.

Homer Wayne Ramsey entered the service June 14, 1918, as hospital apprentice, second class, Company D, Sixth Regiment, Hospital Corps, Great Lakes Naval Training Station; discharged Feb. 10, 1919; II. A., first class.

Walter Francis Caskey entered the service May 24, 1918, and was assigned to Company C, 34th Engineers, Infantry, National Army; embarked from Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 16, 1918, and arrived at Liverpool, Eng., Aug. 28, 1918; trained in Bordeaux, France; sailed for United States July 5, 1919, and arrived Hoboken, July 20, 1919; discharged July 23, 1919.

Wounded by Machine Gun

Clarence Beatty entered the service June 26, 1918, as private and was assigned to Company L, 336th Regiment, 84th Division, Infantry, Regular Army; embarked from New York Sept. 9, 1918, and arrived in Liverpool, England, Sept. 21, 1918; battles, St. Mihiel, Villers-en-Haye sector, offensive Powieliens sector, Meuse-Argonne offensive; wounded in legs by machine gun bullets near Villers de Vant Nov. 2, 1918; sailed for United States, May 28, 1919, and arrived Boston, Mass., June 7, 1919; discharged June 19, 1919, Camp Taylor, Ky.; corporal.

Harold Clark Yager entered the service April 26, 1918, as private and was assigned to 13th Company, Second Regiment, 158th Depot Brigade, Camp Taylor, Ky.; discharged Jan. 11, 1919, Camp Taylor, Ky.; sergeant major, candidate officers' training school.

Don Cranor Clapp entered the service Nov. 28, 1917, and was assigned to Company C, 301st Regiment, Mechanical Repair Shop, Quartermaster Corps, Regular Army; later National Army; embarked from Hoboken, N. J., Jan. 4, 1918, and arrived St. Nazaire, France, Jan. 19, 1918; sailed for United States June 1, 1919; ar-

rived Hoboken, N. J., June 10, 1919; discharged June 20, 1919.

Richard Augustus Gatzel entered the service Sept. 23, 1918 and was assigned to Judge Advocate General's Division, G. H. Q. A. E. F. Regular army; embarked from Hoboken, N. J., Oct. 27, 1918 and arrived in Brest, France, Nov. 9, 1918; served in Judge Advocate General's Division in France; sailed for United States April 18, 1919 and arrived in Hoboken, N. J., April 29, 1919; discharged May 19, 1919, Camp Sherman, Ohio.

Clarence Henry Engelbert entered the service April 23, 1917 and was assigned to Ambulance Company No. 12, 1st Division, Medical Department, Regular Army; embarked from Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 13, 1917 and arrived in Liverpool, England, latter part of August and Sept. 1, 1917 arrived in La Havre, France; Battles: Cantigny, Soissons, St. Mihiel and Argonne; treatment in Base Hospital Center, Meves, France, acute cellulitis left heel; arrived back in United States Sept. 1, 1919, Hoboken, N. J., and discharged Sept. 25, 1919, Camp Taylor, Ky.

Russell Dewey McMinn entered the service Oct. 15, 1918, as private and was assigned to Company F, M. T. Corp., Warsaw, Indiana and Indianapolis; discharged Dec. 19, 1918.

Charles Thompson Wiley entered the service Nov. 28, 1917 and was commissioned captain, Director General of Military Railways, engineers, regular army; transferred to Headquarters, 37th Engineers May 21, 1918; embarked from Hoboken, N. J., June 30, 1918 and arrived at Cherbourg, France July 9, 1918; Battles: Aisne-Marne offensive, St. Mihiel, Meuse-Argonne, Army of Occupation; sailed for United States March 8, 1919 and arrived Norfolk, Va., March 20, 1919; discharged June 11, 1919.

Ellis Hawley Duckett entered the service July 20, 1918, Great Lakes Training Station, Camp Logan, Hampton Roads, Va., discharged April 11, 1919, Camp Barry, fireman.

Elmer Glenwood Huntwork entered Political Announcements Primary Election, May 4th, 1920

CIRCUIT JUDGE

WILLIAM A. BOND
Republican Candidate
—for—

Judge of Wayne Circuit Court

ARTHUR C. LINDEMUTH
Republican Candidate
—for—

Judge of Wayne Circuit Court

CONGRESSMAN

RICHARD N. ELLIOTT
Republican candidate
—for—

Congressman Sixth District

SHERIFF

HARRY C. THORNBURGH
Candidate for
Sheriff of Wayne County
Subject to Republican Primary
May 4, 1920

CARL WADMAN
Candidate for
Sheriff of Wayne County
Subject to Republican Primary
May 4, 1920

CLAIR S. OLER

Candidate for
Sheriff of Wayne County
Subject to Republican Primary
May 4, 1920

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

PAUL A. BECKETT
Candidate for
Prosecuting Attorney
Wayne County

Subject to the Republican nomination

ARTHUR WILSDORF
Candidate for
Prosecuting Attorney
Wayne County

Subject to Republican Primary May 4, 1920

COUNTY COMMISSIONER

WILLIAM J. CURTIS
Candidate for
Wayne County Commissioner

Subject to the Republican Primary, May 4, 1920

COUNTY RECORDER

HARRY T. FISHER
Candidate for
Recorder of Wayne County

Subject to Republican Primary, May 4, 1920

the service October 5, 1917 and was assigned to Company C Engineers, Regular Army; embarked from New York June 11, 1918 and arrived in Liverpool, Eng., Nov. 8, 1918; trained in France; sailed for United States April 23, 1919, and arrived in Boston, Mass., May 3, 1919; discharged May 15, 1919.

Eugene B. Bowman entered the service March 7, 1918 as private and was assigned to U. S. General Hospital No. 1 New York City, Medical Corps, Regular Army, Camp Greenleaf, Ga.; discharged Aug. 16, 1919, M. H. Sergeant.

Gassed; Eyes Affected.

Paul Aloysius Noore entered the service May 24, 1918 and was assigned to Headquarters Company, 155th Regiment, 39th Division; embarked from Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 13, 1917 and arrived in Liverpool, England, latter part of August and Sept. 1, 1917 arrived in La Havre, France; Battles: Cantigny, Soissons, St. Mihiel and Argonne; treatment in Base Hospital Center, Meves, France, acute cellulitis left heel; arrived back in United States Sept. 1, 1919, Hoboken, N. J., and discharged Aug. 13, 1919.

Spent Time in Germany

Frank Ingram Hale entered the service May 17, 1918, and was assigned to Company B, 48th Regiment, Engineers, Regular Army; embarked from Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 1, 1918, and arrived in Brest, France, Aug. 12, 1918; served in Army of Occupation in Germany from Dec. 17, 1918, to May 27, 1919; sailed for United States June 17, 1919, and arrived at Hoboken, N. J., June 27, 1919; discharged July 7, 1919.

N. J., June 27, 1919; discharged July 7, 1919; sergeant.

Antonius Cooropakis entered the service Jan. 30, 1917, and was assigned to Company I, 148th Regiment, 37th Division, National Guard; embarked from Newport, News, Va., June 22, 1918, and arrived in Brest, France, July 5, 1918; battles, defenses Baccarat sector, Avocourt sector, Pannes sector, offensives Meuse-Argonne, Ypres-Lys; sailed for United States March 22, 1919, and arrived New York April 6, 1919; discharged April 25, 1919; mess sergeant.

Charles Grover Meyers entered the service May 18, 1918, and was assigned to Company H, 36th Regiment, 12th Division, Infantry, Regular Army, Camp Devens; discharged on March 23, 1919.

Henry W. Horn entered the service May 28, 1918, and was assigned to Medical Department, Seventh Division, A. C. Co. 22; embarked from Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 14, 1918, and arrived in Brest, France, Aug. 24, 1918; battles, occupation Puvanelle sector, west of Moselle, Oct. 10 to Nov. 9, 1918; occupation Puvanelle sector Nov. 9-11, 1918; sailed for United States June 18, 1919, and arrived at Hoboken, N. J., June 27, 1919.

Red Blood for Pale People!

A big supply of red blood corpuscles is what helps to make any man or woman have a healthy, pink complexion and cherry red lips. Resort to paint and powder are totally unnecessary and besides that, are harmful.

Three-grain hypo-nuclein tablets, if used regularly for several months, seem to create a greatly added number of millions to the red and white corpuscles of the blood, and not only improve the color, but add increased flesh to the thin and frail body.

Get Hood's Sarsaparilla today, and for a cathartic, nothing better than Hood's Pills, in small doses a gentle laxative; larger, an active cathartic.

—Advertisement.

To Banish Night-Made Wrinkles in Morning

When one gets up in the morning after a troublesome, sleepless night, haggard and worn, with the tell-tale lines and wrinkles, and dark circles under the eyes, here's the thing to quickly make one normal looking and presentable. Bathe the face in a simple lotion made by dissolving an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint of witch hazel. Almost immediately there is a wonderful transformation. One effect is to tighten the skin and obliterate the wrinkles and lines, likewise puffiness under the eyes. The face looks—and feels—bright and refreshed, as though insomnia's victim had just awoken from a beauty sleep.

Any druggist can supply saxolite and with hazel, of course, and any woman can easily make this harmless and splendid facial rejuvenator.—Advertisement.

Newport News, Va., June 30, 1919; discharged June 9, 1919.

Raymond Eli Markley entered the service May 24, 1918 and was assigned to 48th Company, Infantry, 159th Brigade, Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky.; hospital treatment—operation—discharged April 23, 1919, Camp Taylor, Ky.

Samuel Brady Hatchet entered the service August 23, 1918 as private and was assigned to 509th Pioneer Infantry, Co. 71, 18 Bn., 163rd Depot Brigade; embarked from Camp Upton, N. Y., Sept. 23, 1918 and arrived St. Nazaire, Oct. 6, 1918; trained in France—Savenay, St. Nazaire and De Mucon, arches broken—received treatment in Savenay; sailed for United States, June 12, 1919, and arrived Newport News, Va., June 23, 1919; discharged June 28, 1919.

STOP ITCHING ECZEMA

Penetrating Antiseptic Zemo Will Help You

Never mind how often you have tried and failed, you can stop burning, itching eczema quickly by applying Zemo. Furnished by any druggist for 35c. Extra large bottle, \$1.00. Healing begins the moment Zemo is applied. In a short time usually every trace of eczema, tetter, pimples, rash, blackheads and similar skin diseases will be removed.

For clearing the skin and making it vigorously healthy, always use Zemo, the penetrating antiseptic liquid. It is not a greasy salve and it doesn't stain. When others fail it is the one dependable treatment for skin troubles of all kinds. The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

FT. WAYNE AVENUE RESIDENT SAYS "THE VERY FIRST DOSE OF PEPGEN HELPED MY STOMACH"

Of course, the first dose of Pepgen will not overcome a severe and aggravated case of nervous dyspepsia, but many people have testified that the first dose relieved them. It keeps the human engine moving smoothly and efficiently.

Mrs. August Miller, 28 Ft. Wayne Ave., Richmond, says: "The very first dose of Pepgen helped me of indigestion, dyspepsia, belching and bloating from gas, sourness and soreness of the stomach, inactive liver, biliousness, dizziness, kidney troubles, loss of appetite, sleeplessness, nervousness, irritability, falling off of weight, foul breath, catarrhal conditions of the mucous membranes—these ailments Pepgen was designed to relieve, and thousands have testified that Pepgen relieved them, made them feel well and strong again, fit once more for a day's work and a night's sleep. Pepgen can be obtained from any first-class drug store anywhere.—Advertisement.



How much should I give to make this a better world?

The Interchurch World Movement represents the united program of thirty great denominations. They have surveyed their whole task; no business could have done it better.

They have budgeted their needs; no business could have a more scientific budget. They have united to prevent the possibility of waste and duplication. At least a million dollars will be saved by the fact that thirty individual campaigns are joined in one united effort.

And they come to the men and women who love America—to you—this week, asking you to use them as the channel through which a certain definite part of your income can be applied to make this better world.

Only you can determine what part of your income that should be. The chart printed here is intended merely as a suggestion; it represents a scale of giving of 6^{1/2}—or less.

Six per cent of your earning power; 15/16ths of your life for your own family needs, and 1/16th for your fellow men—is that more than you ought to give?

It's a good time right now to answer that question. We're passing through the world just once; how much better is the world going to be because you passed through?

A CHART FOR GIVERS

Graduated according to amount of income and number in the family. How does your giving check up with the chart?

Number in Family	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
Income	Weekly Pledge to Your Church					
\$ 700	.10					
800	.20					
900	.30					
1000	.40					
1200	.60					
1500	.90					
1800	1.15					
2100	1.60					
2500	2.10					
3000	2.65					
3500	3.20					
4000	3.80					
4500	4.35					
5000	4.95					
6000	6.10					
7000	7.25					
8000	8.40					
9000	9.55					
10000	10.70					
	10.30					