

Commercial and Financial News
Leased Wire Report. Edited by A. D. Cobb, Agricultural ReportFARMERS HOPE
FOR GOOD YEAR
IN STOCK LINEGrowers and Feeders Expect
Strong Demand and High
Prices to Follow Recent
Disturbance.

By A. D. COBB.

Growers and feeders of livestock are looking forward to 1915 as a year of plenty, marked by good prices and a strong demand for all classes of animals. Last year was a disappointment in many respects to the feeders, and the market was affected by one calamity after another, during the last few months of the year. Buyers became over-cautious on a market that seemed never to settle but broke at the first sign of large deliveries, or poor quality, and the feeder suffered the consequences.

The early part of the year marked a period of prosperity for the feeders, as the prices of both hogs and cattle were strong, and the market firm. During the spring, cattle touched the high mark, and ruled steady throughout the summer.

War Causes Break.

The first break came with the declaration of war in Europe, and the market went crazy. In the face of such an unprecedented event, the buyers and packers seemed at a loss just what to expect, so they started in to buy up everything in sight. Hogs went above the 11 cent mark, and the farmers who had stuff ready to sell wore broad smiles.

Quick retribution followed when the foot and mouth disease broke out, and for a period of time trade was practically suspended. Indianapolis was the only market that remained open to local trade, and the packers had it all their own way, as they have since the removal of the quarantine, and this time the farmers wore no smiles.

It will probably be some weeks yet before the fall crop of fat hogs is all moved, and not until some time later is it likely that the markets will resume a normal trend. Not only has the feeder been forced to take the price offered by the packer, but he had to hold his hogs for weeks after they were ready to go, feeding them high priced corn, and to add to the injustice of it all, many of these hogs were bought as feeders on the 10 cent market of August.

Farmers Anxious to Sell.

All of these unsettled conditions will probably have an important bearing on the trade for 1915. During a time of high prices such as prevailed in August and September, farmers are over anxious to sell and often sacrifice their breeding stock on the market. Nearly every day during August and early September, one could see a number of good brood sows at the Glen Miller yards. Cholera ravaged the country again in the fall, and this coupled with the foot and mouth scare caused other breeders to sell out. All this must mean that there is likely to be a shortage of breeding stock in the country this year and a short crop of pigs.

It is impossible to foretell what the influence of the European struggle will be, but the trade seems agreed that when shipping opens up, this country will be called upon to feed Europe. The packers are preparing for it, and the wise farmer is doing the same thing. With a short crop of pigs, and an open foreign market, the hog market should surpass all previous records next fall.

Means Empty Lots.

The cattle market presents another problem. There are probably more empty feed lots in the corn belt this winter than for many years past. The foot and mouth disease came just at the time when the feeders were ready to stock up, and because they could not get feeders or because they were afraid of getting the disease, many refused to buy this year. These empty feed lots mean two things. They mean that on many farms there is a supply of unfed corn, that will either be sold on the market, or fed out next year. What is of more importance to the agricultural interests of the country, is the fact that there will be no manure on these farms this

\$434,790 IS PAID
FARMERS IN WAYNE
BY BAAR & SHURLEYGlen Miller Stock Yards Ship
28,873 Head to Outside
Markets in Year 1914.

In the face of a period of general business depression, and tight money, the livestock business has more than held its own on the local market, and Wayne county farmers have found a ready outlet for their product through the Glen Miller yards. During the year 1914 the local firm paid out \$434,790 for cattle, hogs and sheep.

During the year 400 loads of livestock were shipped to the large markets, a total of \$6,873. The largest shipments were in January and December, while the low mark was set during March and April. In October, November and December, the shipments of cattle and sheep fell far below the average on account of the foot and mouth quarantine, and the hog receipts in November were about 1,800 head, but the average was maintained when the market opened strong in December with a delivery of 4,091 hogs.

Receipts Same.

The total receipts of livestock were almost identical with those of 1913, with a difference of only 77 head in favor of this year. The comparative receipts for the two years are as follows:

	1914	1913
Hogs	21,017	18,737
Sheep	1,486	2,113
Calves	2,280	2,588
Cattle	1,640	2,870
Total	26,873	26,296

Last year the following amounts were paid for the different classes of stock:

Hogs	\$15,255.00
Sheep	7,430.00
Calves	30,105.00
Cattle	82,000.00
Total	\$434,790.00

RICHMOND MARKETS

GLEN MILLER PRICES

HOGS.

Heavies	\$6.85
Heavy Workers	\$6.85
Light Workers	\$6.50
Pigs	\$5.75 and \$6.25
Cattle	
Best Steers	\$7.00
Good Cows	\$5.00 and \$6.00
Bulls	\$5.00 and \$5.00
Cannies	\$2.50 and \$3.50
Calves	\$8.50 for Saturday delivery.

GRAIN MARKET

(Corrected daily by Richmond Roller Mills. Phone 2019.)

Wheat paying \$1.15, oats paying 40¢, old corn paying 55, rye paying 75¢.

FEED QUOTATIONS

Timothy hay, paying \$19.
Rye straw, paying \$7.
Wheat straw, paying \$6.
Oats straw, paying \$7.
Oats, paying 50¢.
Ne wcorn, paying 65¢.
Red clover seed, paying \$7.50 to \$8.
Timothy seed, paying \$3.25 bushel.
Bran selling \$28 ton.
Middlings, selling \$30 ton.
Salt, \$1.40 barrel.
Clover hay, \$15.

PRODUCE

(Corrected daily by Ed Cooper. Old chickens dressed, paying 18¢; selling 25¢. Young chicks dressed, paying 18¢, selling 25¢. Country butter, paying 25 to 30¢;

year, and the fertility of the land will suffer accordingly.

The growers have a good supply of cattle on hand, and the feeder has feed for them for another season, and the prospects are for a good supply throughout the year, with prices maintaining a fair level but not breaking any records.

Try Mrs. Austin's Bag Pancake, sure to please you. All grocers. 29-7

CHICKENS DELIGHT
CITY SAYS WOMEN

Richmond certainly likes its chickens.

A clever farmer's wife, Mrs. Mary F. Eubank, realized this fact and shrewdly profited by it.

Today she informed Marketmaster George McKinley that during the past year she alone sold 2,600 chickens at the local market. She did not state what dividend she had declared on her chicken industry but it is estimated that her profit was about 25 cents per chicken, which would make her year's earnings \$1,550.

Mrs. Eubank has also found the egg business very profitable and states that she sold last year on an average of sixty dozen eggs each Saturday. There is also a good profit in eggs so it is reasonable to believe that her profits from her poultry industry were well over \$2,000 last year.

Other farmers have found the chicken business at the local market very profitable, but Mrs. Eubank outsold all of them. Marketmaster McKinley estimates that 20,000 chickens were sold at the market in 1914.

MANY DISORDERS COME

FROM THE LIVER
Are You Just at Odds With Yourself?
Do You Regulate Living?

Are you sometimes at odds with yourself and with the world? Do you wonder what ails you? True you may be eating regularly and sleeping well. Yet something is the matter! Constipation, Headache, Nervousness and Billious Spells indicate a Sluggish Liver. The tried remedy is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Only 25¢ at your Druggist.

Buckley's Arnica Salve for Skin Eruptions.—Adv.

RITCHIE IS QUIET
SINCE TITLE GONE

Willie Ritchie, who has not displayed any inclination to continue as a boxer since he lost his title to Fredie Welsh in London last July.

SELLING 30¢ to 35¢.
EGGS, PAYING 35¢; SELLING 40¢.
COUNTRY LARD PAYING 11¢; SELLING 15¢.
CREAMERY BUTTER, PAYING 38¢.

Delicate Girls and Women
are too often dosed with drugs
when their blood is really starved. They need that blood-strength which comes from medicinal nourishment. No drugs can make blood.
SCOTT'S EMULSION is a highly concentrated blood-food and every drop yields returns in strengthening both body and brain.
If you are frail, languid, delicate or nervous, take Scott's Emulsion after meals for one month. No Alcohol.

SCOTT'S BIRMINGHAM LTD.

HINDENBURG'S DRIVE
ON WARSAW FAILSBY FRANCIS LAVELLE MURRAY,
Staff Correspondent The International News Service.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 1.—All danger of a German attack upon Warsaw, the chief objective of Field Marshal von Hindenburg, is now past, it was officially announced today in the following statement:

"Late dispatches from the sphere of hostilities in Poland make it plain that Warsaw is no longer in danger of attack, thanks to the strategy of Grand Duke Nicholas, and the valor of our troops."

"The fall of Przemysl in Galicia is expected soon, as prisoners taken in sorties declare that both food and ammunition are very scarce in that city."

The Bourse Gazette says that food in Przemysl has been so scarce that the Austrians are carrying food for that city in aeroplanes. A biplane was captured by the Russians in that district having large quantities of food-stuff.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

"Our losses have been heavy, due to the accuracy of the German artillery, but the German casualties have been much heavier. At some points the attacks amounted to no less than a slaughter of the German soldiers. In the district about Bollnow where the Germans attempted to assume the of

fensive against our lines, the field is covered with corpses that have been there since the fighting last Sunday and Monday. Attempts of the Russians to bury their dead at night resulted in activity on the part of the German artillery, and the Russians performing this sanitary service were driven from the field.

"North of the Vistula and in East Prussia we are increasing our pressure."

"The fall of Przemysl in Galicia is expected soon, as prisoners taken in sorties declare that both food and ammunition are very scarce in that city."

The Bourse Gazette says that food in Przemysl has been so scarce that the Austrians are carrying food for that city in aeroplanes. A biplane was captured by the Russians in that district having large quantities of food-stuff.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.

In the southern theatre of war another battle is in progress between Samkharisch and the Armenian boundary.

Two companies of Caucasian troops made a bayonet assault against one section of the Turkish line, and in the hand-to-hand fighting which followed the Turks lost thousands in slain, including a general. The Russians captured 1,300 privates and more than twenty officers.