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— and Sun-Telegram —

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## TWINKLES

**AN IMPORTANT DISTINCTION**  
"I thought there would be trouble  
when you discovered that those two  
poker players were in collusion."

"Yes," replied Three-Finger Sam.  
"It looked dangerous till they explained  
that they weren't cheating, but  
merely operating under a gentlemen's  
agreement."

**THE HIND LEG ARTIST**  
The katydid sounds forth again.  
The note it finds entrancing.  
It thinks that it is singing, when  
it's only bare-foot dancing.

**A QUESTION OF DEPTH**  
"Beauty," said the ready-made phil-  
osopher, "is only skin deep."

"I can't agree with you," said the  
positive man. "If beauty were mea-  
sured by that standard the rhinoceros  
would be one of the most charming  
animals."

**AN INNOCENT SURMISE**  
"What is this?" said the quiet man.  
"Why," replied the bashful person,  
"you ought to know what that is. It's  
a golf club."

"I thought from the marvelous stor-  
ies I have heard of your game that it  
might be one of those *Anapias* clubs  
we read of so frequently."

**QUALIFIED**  
"Wh, is it that so many men are  
frankly in favor of letting their wives  
vote and hold office?"

"Because of the unconquerable mas-  
culine," replied Miss Cayenne. "A man  
thinks that a woman who can man-  
age him is equal to any test of exec-  
utive ability."

**SELF-APPROVAL**  
I's kind o' glad I's only me  
A loafin' thoo the lazy day.  
Of co'se I'd mebbe like to be  
A butterly an' float away  
Among de blossom fine an' meet  
De breeze a-whisperin' "howsdy-  
do."

I speak dat life is mighty sweet  
Among de flowers de summer  
th'oo.

An' den ag'in I's favorin'  
To be a swallow swingin' light  
Across de sky, wif steady wing  
And not a care fum dawn till  
night.

An' yit I hate to strive an' stray  
So far. I speeks I'd rather be  
A loafin' th'r th'oo the lazy day.  
I's kind o' glad I's only me.

**Quer Looking Worms.**  
New Zealand, Australia, the Samo-  
as and the Solomon Islands, as well  
as portions of the Hawaiian group  
are the homes of various species of  
worms with thick, heavy bodies and  
with a well defined neck connecting  
the body with a head that is a star-  
ting remnant of that of the monkey.  
In the Sandwich Islands they are cal-  
led me-ta-ku-ki, which means "creepers  
with a child's head." An old New Zea-  
land legend says that at one time they  
were of immense proportions and  
threatened the extinction of all human  
life on the islands.

## This Is My 36th Birthday

**MAHARAJA OF NEPAL.**  
His Highness Maharaja-Dhijra Sur-  
ra Shamsher Jang, the ruler of  
Nepal, was born August 8, 1875, and  
receded his grandfather on May 17, 1911. The country over which he  
is an independent kingdom in the  
Himalayas situated between Tibet  
and British India. The government is  
in the hands of the prime minister to  
whom is delegated by the present  
ruler when he came of age. The area  
of Nepal is about 54,000 square miles,  
and its population is estimated at 5,  
000,000. The Gurkhas are the dom-  
inant race. The seat of government is  
Lambamdu in accordance with a trea-  
ty made some years ago, a British  
resident, with a small escort of Indian  
sepoy, lives at the capital, but  
he does not interfere with the internal  
affairs of the State. Hinduism of an  
every type is the religion of most of  
the inhabitants of Nepal, having grad-  
ually supplanted the Buddhism of the  
native inhabitants of the country.

## As to Being Fair--

The Palladium has been severely criticised by the stockholders and  
attorneys of the Richmond City Water Works for its stand on the ques-  
tion of a new contract, because it has endeavored to point out to the  
people the weak points and the jokers which the company incorporated  
in its proposal.

The most astonishing thing now, is that the company ever was bold  
enough to present such a proposition in good faith to the people of  
Richmond. Since the question of fairness has been raised we would like  
to ask the company officials if it would not have been better for them to  
have come before the city officials with a proposition that would be  
fair to all parties concerned?

The day has passed when franchises which are one sided can be  
railroaded through.

Would it not have been better for the company to have presented a  
proposition without "jokers," one in which the city's rights as well as the  
company's are safeguarded, and then for them to have stated that  
when the city was ready to make a contract, the company was ready to  
open its books and give them the facts and figures showing the amount  
of money invested, the amount expended on extensions and improve-  
ments and the amount paid in dividends during its existence?

Would it not have been better for them to have stated that all they  
wanted was a fair return on the money they had invested, and that  
wanted was a fair return on the city in ascertaining the facts  
that would lead to a satisfactory contract?

This sort of action on the part of the company would have convinced  
the people that they were acting in good faith. Instead of following  
this procedure, the company has brought a proposition to the city which  
is clearly one-sided, and have placed a valuation on their holdings which  
is far beyond what the plant is worth.

**WE ASK THE COMPANY:**—ARE YOU SURPRISED THAT THE  
PEOPLE REBEL AND FIGHT FOR THEIR RIGHTS? ARE YOU SUR-  
PRISED THAT THE PEOPLE LOSE FAITH IN PUBLIC SERVICE  
CORPORATIONS?

The people are reasonable when they understand the facts, and are  
treated fairly.

When it comes to fairness, the people will decide!

## Farm, Orchard and Garden

DAKOTA LANDS OPEN TO SET-  
TLEMENT.

As a result of executive proclamation  
recently issued there have been  
thrown open to homestead entry about  
150,000 acres of land in the Fort Berthold  
Indian reservation in McLean and  
Dakota, and 466,562 acres of land in the  
Pine Ridge and Rosebud Indian  
reservations in Minto and Bennett  
counties, in the central part of South  
Dakota. The usual rules of home-  
stead entry will hold in case of these  
lands, except that in addition to the  
usual filing fees the homesteader will  
have to pay the appraised value of the  
land, which will vary from \$1.50 to \$6  
per acre, depending upon the quality  
of the land entered is first or second class  
agricultural land or grazing land. All  
persons desiring to register for the  
Fort Berthold lands must go either to  
Bismarck, Minto, Ryder, Garrison or  
Plaza, N. D., or on after Aug. 14 and not  
later than Sept. 21, 1911, and there  
swear to their applications. Those  
wishing to register for Pine Ridge or  
Rosebud lands must go to either  
Chamberlain, Dallas, Gregory or Rapid  
City, S. D., or on after Oct. 2 and not  
later than Oct. 21, 1911, and there  
swear to their applications. Weather  
reports at the Berthold reservation  
covering the past five years show ex-  
treme summer temperatures ranging  
from 102 degrees to 107 degrees and  
extreme winter temperatures ranging  
from 22 degrees to 43 degrees below  
zero. The largest rainfall during any  
one of the five years was 19.66 inches,  
the heaviest precipitation being in the  
months of May and June. The minimum  
annual rainfall was 9.51 inches, the  
average for the five years being  
14.79 inches. Observations made in  
the vicinity of the Pine Ridge and  
Rosebud tracts show maximum sum-  
mer temperature ranging from 101  
degrees to 104 degrees, while the ex-  
treme winter temperatures ranged from  
17 degrees to 25 degrees below zero.  
The minimum annual rainfall here  
was 16.67 inches, the maximum 33.59  
inches, while the average for the  
five year period was 23.72 inches.  
Readers who may be contemplating  
making entry on either of these tracts  
would do well to address the general  
land office, department of the interior,  
Washington, for the information circular  
which has been prepared relative to  
them. This not only indicates those  
who may make entry, but gives in detail  
the conditions under which entry  
may be made.

**A BOSS FLY TRAP.**  
A friend, who is a grocer and has a  
big problem on his hands in a very  
real sense, has devised a trap for de-  
stroying the pests wholesale. It is so  
simple a device that we give a brief  
description of it for the benefit of  
those who have the same problem to  
contend with. Our friend has simply  
adopted the principle of the little wire  
screen cage trap, which has an inverted  
conical inlet for the flies extending  
upward from the base, where a bait  
of sweetened water or other stuff is  
put to draw the flies. Applying this  
principle, he has taken a common  
sugar barrel, replaced the top with a  
cover of wire screen, sawed a hole  
twelve inches in diameter in the center  
of the bottom and into this inserted  
a cone made of wire screen, having  
a diameter at the base equal to the  
hole in the barrel and an aperture at  
the smaller end about three-quarters  
of an inch across. When thus fixed  
and made fly tight, except for the inlet,  
the barrel should be placed on some  
support which will raise it from the  
ground a few inches so that a bait  
of some kind can be placed beneath  
to draw the first flies. When a goodly  
number of flies have been trapped  
their very buzzing will attract other  
flies from all directions. Our friend  
tells us that he emptied one of these  
traps ten times within a day or two  
recently, and he estimates that he de-  
stroyed three solid pecks of flies in  
that time. He holds the trap over a  
blaze of kerosene, and that fixes 'em.  
He further says that when he dumps  
the flies into the alley the neighbors'  
chickens eat them up clean. Here  
would seem to be a tip-top method of  
getting rid of an insufferable summer  
pest and at the same time furnishing  
the poultry with needed insect food.  
Such a trap would be a blessing, not  
only to grocers, but to housewives in  
town and country.

**BOYS WILL BE BOYS.**  
"Now, I'll get a lickin,'" said a lit-  
tle fellow the other day. "Just look at  
the dirt I got on my waist." "Gee!"  
exclaimed his companion, "my mother  
wouldn't lick me for that." She says  
it makes boys mean to lick 'em for  
every little thing, and she don't mind  
washin' a bit when she uses Hewitt's  
Easy Task soap. It does hal the  
work itself and makes things awful-  
dly.

At all grocers—five cents a cake.

**STOCK FOODS.**  
A stock food the writer saw adver-  
tised in a pretty reputable agricultural  
paper the other day claimed to "double  
the milk and butter when fed to milk  
cows and to fatten hogs and beef cattle  
in forty days less time than usually  
required." There are just two  
classes of elements which entitle them to  
any consideration at all—namely,  
ground alfalfa and grains in some  
form and, on the other hand, tonics  
such as salt, spices and roots. The  
real food content can be bought vastly  
cheaper when not disguised under a  
fancy name and wrapper, and the same  
is true of most of the tonic ele-  
ments of such prepared foods. In a  
series of feeding experiments made by  
one agricultural college recently it was  
found that a pen of fattening pigs that  
were given rations of some of the leading  
stock foods did not make as rapid  
gains as did those that were not given  
any at all and no more of other foods.  
In view of such a showing, it is safe  
to brand such claims as the above as  
both pure and simple, and the feeder  
who bites at such a bait is also simple.

**TWO IMPORTANT CONDITIONS.**  
Two points are important in the suc-  
cessful canning of vegetables, such as  
peas and corn—the thorough steriliz-  
ing of the product in the can by boil-  
ing in the sealed containers in a boiler  
with rack beneath cans for about  
three hours, and second, having cov-  
ers that are absolutely air tight. Many  
a housewife has worked hard  
over a hot fire to put up these vege-  
tables only to find in a few days that  
the cans were fermenting (bacteria  
working) and all her work gone for  
naught. This condition is due to one  
of the two things referred to—failure  
to properly kill all bacterial life by  
boiling or leaky covers which admit  
bacteria after the cans had cooled.  
In the putting up of corn, if one does  
not wish to run the risk of canning,  
an excellent method is cooking the  
corn on the cob for about twenty min-  
utes, cutting from cob, then mixing  
salt with the corn at the rate of one  
part to four of corn and packing in  
open stone jars, covering with cloth  
and plate, as one would salted cucum-  
ber pickles. Such pickled corn has to  
be freshened, but the tenderness and  
flavor are preserved very well in the  
process.

## WHAT OTHERS SAY

## Hooligans in Parliament

From the New York World.

The British constitution is in a bad  
way. There is no one worthy to de-  
fend it but the little band of tory row-  
dies who howled down Mr. Asquith in  
the house of commons. The prime  
minister is a "traitor," a "hound," and a  
"scoundrel." The government has  
"sold out" to the country's enemies.  
In their own party the blue-blooded  
Hugh Cecil and his gang of distur-  
bers are plotting to depose from lead-  
ership Mr. Balfour and Lord Lans-  
downe and substitute strong men like  
themselves. It was an amazing  
scene the house of commons witnessed.  
Nothing like it has ever before  
been tolerated at Westminster. Mem-  
bers have been suspended for far less  
insulting remarks that were addressed  
to Mr. Asquith over and over again  
from the tory side. The dis-  
graceful outbreak had been deliberate-  
ly planned and was encouraged by  
men in the front ranks of the party,  
who would be certain to figure in any  
tory cabinet. Even Mr. Balfour found  
occasion to excuse it. Mr. Asquith will  
survive the incident. He will be  
stronger for it, for decent opinion in  
England cannot be outraged by such  
political tactics. The veto of the  
house of lords will be abolished if not  
with the peers' consent, by the creation  
of new peers. This exhibition of  
blackguardism must be harmful to  
the tory cause.

## TEXAS DEFEATS PROHIBITION

From the Philadelphia Ledger.

Strange things happen in Texas, but  
the most curious is the wonderful  
prohibition campaign that has just  
come to an end with the defeat of  
state-wide prohibition by about 5,000  
votes in a total poll of about 455,000,  
the second largest vote ever cast in the  
commonwealth. The vote on Saturday  
last was on the proposal to adopt an  
amendment to the constitution providing  
for statewide prohibition. One of the most curious features of the decision was that constitutional, state-wide prohibition was  
defeated by the votes of those who  
lived in counties now "dry" under local  
option. It is even contended that  
the votes which really defeated prohibi-  
tion were cast by men living in "dry"  
counties who had themselves supported  
state-wide prohibition would be  
ineffective.

## IT WILL NOT BE.

From the Rochester Herald.

The admirable way in which street  
traffic is handled by the police is  
the first thing that arrests the attention  
of the visitor to New York. It  
would be a pity to have that system  
interfered with by gang politics.

## THE CAMPHOR LANGUAGE.

Used in Johore Because of a Malay  
Superstition.

In Johore, on the Malay peninsula,  
there is employed one of the strangest  
languages in the world, used for a  
most curious purpose. This tongue is  
called Pantang Kapor or "camphor  
language," and is a medium employed  
by natives and others engaged in gather-  
ing the product of the Malayan cam-  
phor tree, but only when they are at  
work.

It is a superstition of these natives  
that should they use the language of  
the district, the Malay or the aborigine  
Jakan, they would be unable to obtain  
their camphor.

The Malay natives firmly believe  
that each species of tree has a spirit or  
guardian angel that presides over its  
affairs, this spirit being known by the  
name of Bisan. This divinity's resting  
place is near the tree. Then, too, the  
spirit of the camphor tree is held to be  
extremely jealous of the precious gum  
so that it becomes necessary to prop-  
tiate her, inasmuch as she would  
should she learn that hunters were in  
quest of it, endeavor to interpose ob-  
stacles to their mission. According  
to the natives speak in a tongue that the  
tree spirit may not understand. It was  
for this purpose that the mysterious  
"camphor language" was invented, and  
it consists of an odd mixture of Jakun  
and Malay words that have been cu-  
riously altered and reversed.—Harper's  
Weekly.

WE HAVE A PREPARATION THAT WILL DO THIS.

The first application will stop the  
itching and give prompt relief to an  
irritated, itching or inflamed skin.  
If you are a sufferer from skin or  
scalp eruption in any form, try one bot-  
tles of this clean scientific preparation;  
we are confident you will be pleased  
with the results from the use of this  
standard preparation for eczema.

Good for infants as well as grown  
persons. Leo H. Fife's Drug Store.

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Highest market price paid for live  
poultry. Schwengman's Meat Market,  
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WANT THE CHILDREN SMILE

when you treat them to a glass of our  
lemon soda, root beer or other soft  
drinks. It will be as good as a party  
to them. Have a few bottles in the  
house to reward them when they are  
good; and they'll always be good if  
they know such a treat is in store for  
them. Shall we send you a case?

Fosler Bottling Works

Mfrs. of Ginger Ale, Orange Cider,  
Soda Water and Bromo-Hygeia.

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A STREET FLUSHER  
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