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*Telegraph
Secretary*

**RICHMOND, INDIANA
"PANIC PROOF CITY"**

Has a population of 22,324 and is growing. It is the county seat of Wayne County, and the trading center of a rich agricultural community, and is located due east from Indianapolis 69 miles and 4 miles from the state line.

Richmond is a city of homes and of industry. Primarily a manufacturing city, it is also the jobbing center of Eastern Indiana and enjoys the retail trade of the populous community for miles around.

Richmond is proud of its splendid streets, well kept yards, its cement sidewalks and beautiful shade trees. It has three national and four building associations with a combined resource of over \$8,000,000. Number of factories 125, capital \$1,000,000, with an annual output of \$27,000,000, and a pay roll of \$3,700,000. The total pay roll for the city is approximately \$8,000,000 annual.

There are five railroad companies radiating in eight different directions from the city. Incoming freight handled daily, 1,750,000 lbs., outgoing freight handled daily, 7,000,000 lbs., and 1,000,000 lbs. per day, 1,700 cars.

Number of passenger trains daily, 81. Number of freight trains daily, 10. The annual cost of receipts amount to \$80,000. Total assessed valuation of the city, \$15,000,000.

Richmond has two interurban railroads. Three newspapers with a combined circulation of 12,000. Richmond is the greatest hardware jobbing center in the state and one of the second largest jobbing interests. It has a piano factory producing a high grade piano every month, is a leader in the manufacture of traction engines, and produces many threshing machines, lawn mowers, road stakes, garden tools, drills and burial caskets, than any other city in the world.

The city's area is 2,840 acres; has 100 public schools and has the finest and most complete high school in the middle west; three public libraries, the Eastern Normal College and the Indiana Business College; five splendid fire companies in the business; Glen Miller park, the largest and most beautiful park in Indiana, the home of Richmond's annual electric light plant, under successful operation and a private electric light plant, including contributions to the public library in the state, except one and the second largest, 40,000 volumes; the largest and most up-to-date, unsurpassed, 65 miles of improved streets; 40 miles of sewers; 25 miles of cement curb and gutter; 1,000,000 feet of sidewalk; 100,000 feet of brick walks; and many miles of brick walks. Thirty churches, including the Roman Catholic, built at a cost of \$500,000. Richmond Hospital, one of the most modern in the state; Y. M. C. A. building, erected at a cost of \$100,000, one of the largest in the country. The amusement center of Eastern Indiana and Western Ohio.

No city of the size of Richmond has a more complete and up-to-date exhibit. The Richmond Fall Festival held each October is unique, no other city holds a similar affair. It is given in the interest of the city and financed by the business men.

Success awaiting anyone with enterprise in the Panic Proof City.

Mr. Taft

It was the same Mr. Taft.

Do you remember that day in 1908 when the Taft train came through Indiana and stopped while Mr. Taft made his speech. There was no cheering. Men looked into his eye and this country went Republican.

Men took the thing on his word that there was to be a clinching of the Roosevelt policies.

How well that expectation was fulfilled each man knows—but we have the last election to look back at, and we do not find, as evidence, that Mr. Taft fulfilled his expectation.

Mr. Taft would make an ideal bank president; he has a liking for "our kind of people;" he is used to and understands the needs and the wants of that sort of man.

But those who read what Mr. Taft has to say about the reciprocity measure will find nothing to stir them to action, nothing vibrant and vitally courageous.

Reciprocity from its very nature is progressive—no matter what the measure is. Anything which would help to break down the tariff wall is apt to be the best thing obtainable to force action on special privilege.

We are glad that Mr. Taft knocked in the head the old tariff bogey about the farmer and reciprocity. That is worth putting up to any and every farmer. We are not denying that many special interests are still profiting and may profit largely by reciprocity—but these same special interests are pretty well scared by the tendency.

That much good—splendid, masterly—and perhaps if we were not in an age that knows a Roosevelt and a La Follette we should find even Mr. Taft's legal brief inspiring.

But we believe that however valuable Mr. Taft's speech may be for filing purposes, that it is not the sort of thing to rouse men to action—to fill them with courage—to urge them on in the battle.

The people have tired of barren partisanship which has betrayed them. The people of this city and this country—yes, and this district, are not caring about partisanship—they want citizenship and really dominant leadership.

This we say with regret—because the time was in Indiana when a man like Roosevelt—or a man who wanted to clinch the Roosevelt policies, could come in and singly raise a multitude at shouting and clamoring for him, in their hearts and souls, and not alone with their voices.

But those who went to the station in the cool morning of the fall of 1908 to hear the candidate will remember the honest eye and the smiling face—and the utter inability to get down to any basis of doing business with the every day fellow.

It is the same Mr. Taft.

In Indianapolis Kealing sat at the same board with Taft—the same Kealing who has betrayed his party and who has been up for ousting from the very Marion Club under whose tables he stuck his legs under. That was the influence that took Taft away from Marion for the Fourth and the same influence which took Mr. Taft away from the Marion Club.

That was the same influence that dominated the corridors—the man that politicians from up and down state went to "see."

The fault has not usually been that Mr. Taft's speeches have been wrong. We shall wait to see how much heart his visit has put into the old broken down machinery of reaction in Indiana before we entirely overlook his visit in the contemplation of his speech.

In the mean time we hope that nobody mistakes his visit as other than political or him as other than the same Mr. Taft.

LAUGHTER AND TEARS.

A Comedy Scene in Which Grief Played a Leading Part.

"Stage fright is not one of the emotions which get across the footlights," writes Miss Alice Crawford. "Audiences are for the most part as serenely unconscious of it as they are of other individual sentiments in the actors having no relation to the incidents of the play.

"I shall never forget an instance of this curious insensibility of the crowd. Once when I was touring one of the most charming and popular girls of the company died after only a few days' illness. She was one of those sweet, tranquil natures and had endeared herself to us all. Her death in lodgings in the small provincial town had an element of real tragedy in it.

"The news that she was dead reached the theater in the evening just as two of the actors and I were about to go on for a scene of broad comedy. We went on the stage with tears in our eyes, and I can still see the face of one of those comedians with the great tears glistening on the paint. He was dreadfully affected. Try as he would, he could not control his voice, and the tears kept choking him as he rattled off his lines.

"The audience were convulsed every time his voice broke, and it made me cry more than ever to see the grief shaking him as he grinned and chaffed through his tears. Yet that comedy scene never went so well before. The audience never guessed."—Exchange.

Chinese Tea Seed Oil.

Tea seed oil is the name applied to oil expressed from the seed of the Camellia sasanqua. This is not the tea tree (Camellia thea), nor can its leaves be used. It grows principally in Honan, but is found wherever the wood oil tree grows. The seeds are gathered in October, and the extracted oil usually reaches the market in Hankow about the middle of winter. It is used by the Chinese as a cooking oil.

"THIS DATE IN HISTORY"

JULY 5.

1607—Hudson started upon an exploration of the coast of Greenland.

1758—Fifteen thousand New England troops embarked upon Lake Champlain for Canada.

1777—Americans abandoned Fort Ticonderoga.

1801—Admiral David G. Farragut born near Knoxville, Tenn. Died at Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 14, 1870.

1809—French defeated the Austrians in the great battle at Wagram, a village near Vienna.

1812—Gen. William Hull took command of the American troops at Detroit.

1846—California declared its independence from Mexico.

1856—Charles Mayne Young, noted actor who declined an engagement for \$60,000 in the United States, died in London. Born there in 1777.

1864—President Lincoln issued a proclamation declaring Kentucky under martial law.

1801—Prince Von Hohenlohe, Imperial Chancellor of Germany, died. Born March 31, 1819.

1910—Jared Y. Sanders elected United States senator from Louisiana.

DERMA VIVA, the Ideal Face Powder

Makes face, hands, arms and neck as white as milk and does not show or rub off. Pimples, Blackheads, Freckles, Moth or Liver Spots cured in a few days. Have handled this preparation for years and recommend it. Price 50c.

LEO H. FIHE.

ADAMS DRUG STORE.

FORUM OF THE PEOPLE

Articles Contributed for This Column Must Not Be in Excess of 400 Words. The Identity of All Contributors Must Be Known to the Editor. Articles Will Be Printed in the Order Received.

Editor Palladium & Sun-Telegram:

When touched, the tobacco worm squirms frantically and emits a black villainous excretion, although he is armed with a wicked looking horn, his neurons or nerve cells are so narcotized with his food that he has not the sense to use it. This excretion is very poisonous, the growing tobacco plants must be wormed early and often; the wormer usually wears heavy gloves for it happens to have a slight abrasion on his hands blood poisoning almost surely results.

Your correspondent hides his "quid" behind the noble Y. M. C. A.—"The devil is sick, the devil a saint would be," &c.

Narcomania.

This most prevalent and popular disease in the world today is known to modern medicine as an uncontrolled and uncontrollable use of habit-forming drugs.

It is a disease per se belonging to that great and rapidly increasing class of nervous and mental diseases, the insanities, known to physicians as neuro-psychoses. Dorland's Medical Dictionary defines it as follows:—"Gr. stupor; madness") 1. An insane desire for narcotics. 2. alcohol insanity. Narcomania. One who is affected with narcomania.

The great trinity of the phutonic realm, the greater black plague, afflicting the world today is, alcohol-tobacco-opium; these are kindred narcotics, especially tobacco and alcohol, they go hand in hand, boon companions in the devil's service. In series of observations extending over 35 years, the writer has met or known of but three persons afflicted with alcoholic narcomania who were not inveterate users of tobacco. Of course there are a good many persons who use tobacco that do not use alcohols, and some who use alcohols that do not use tobacco, but the world over, there is an exceedingly small percentage who use tobacco that do not use some or all forms of alcoholise also.

The History of Tobacco.

Botanically speaking, tobacco is a

tramp, a harmless weed, is a primitive of no country on the globe. Consequently, historians differ widely as to its nativity, the genus nicotina to-baccum is today grown in nearly every country in the world. Some claim America as its native home; Humboldt in the 17th century found tobacco cultivated by the natives of Mexico.

The early Spanish explorers found it also a cultivated plant in the islands of the Caribbean ocean. A Spanish grandee introduced in Spain. The generic name nicotina is after Jean Nicot who as French ambassador to Portugal in 1560 introduced tobacco in France. It soon became popular as a valuable medicinal plant, but was later condemned by the best medical authorities as a very dangerous, unhealing drug. Notwithstanding the doctors condemned it as a virulent poison, its popularity spread rapidly over Europe as a luxury. The early and sparingly settled American colonies found such a ready market in Europe, that stringent laws had to be enacted limiting the amount raised, as the land was threatened with a famine. The priesthood of Europe condemned its use in several terms, excommunication was the penalty for using it in church. In Russia the penalty for using it was cutting off the nose. In England King James I, of Bible revision fame, levied a tax which had been 2 penny, of 6 shillings 2 penny a pound; in doing so he proclaimed, "smoking is loathsome

It was the penalty for using it in church.

Mount Pleasant, Tenn.—"Cardui is all

you claim for it, and more," writes Mrs. M. E. Rail, of this place.

"I was a great sufferer for 2 years and was very weak, but I learned about Cardui, and decided to try it. Now I am in perfect health.

"My daughter, when changing into womanhood, got in very bad health. I gave her Cardui and now she enjoys good health.

"Cardui is worth its weight in gold. I recommend it for young and old."

Being composed exclusively of harmless vegetable ingredients, with a mild and gentle medicinal action, Cardui is the best medicine for weak, sick girls and women.

It has no harsh, powerful, near-poisonous action, like some of the strong minerals and drugs, but helps nature to perform a cure in a natural easy way.

Try Cardui.

N. B.—Write to Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chatanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64 page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper, on request.

**MAKE YOUR OWN
LOGOS**

SPRING TONIC

Save money as well as
toning up your system

Lightning's Affinity For Oak. Electricity in the clouds, like its companion lower down, loves to seek the earth, the great reservoir of all electricity, and it finds the most available way to do so, choosing always the best conductor, conspicuous among which are the much magnified lightning rods, the high trees or the elevated steeples.

It has its choice of trees as well as other things and will leap over half an acre of trees to find a oak, for which it appears to have a special attraction, and it will pass a high point to find a building that has metal about it.

That is why you need a spring medicine and why you should take one that acts upon the stomach.

Logos Stomach Tonic fixes you up in a jiffy, because it begins immediately by toning up the stomach where the food is changed to fuel and nourishment for the entire body. Besides being a tonic, this medicine is an excellent remedy for indigestion and all stomach disorders.

For your spring medicine this year use the Logos plan. Logos Stomach Tonic Extract (concentrated), enough port wine to make a full pint. Thus you can make the genuine Logos Stomach Tonic in your own home while giving your system just the tonic it needs.

Logos Stomach Tonic is quickly effective because it works immediately upon the causes of spring fever, the stomach. Every winter your stomach is overworked by an excess of meats and canned goods. When spring comes around the strain begins to tell, making you listless and lazy.

That is why you need a spring medicine and why you should take one that acts upon the stomach.

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