

## The Richmond Palladium

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RICHMOND, INDIANA.

Rudolph G. Leeds, Editor  
J. F. Ringhoff, Business Manager  
Carl Bernhardt, Associate Editor  
W. R. Poundstone, News Editor

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guaranteed by the Association.

RICHMOND, INDIANA  
"PANIC PROOF CITY"

Has a population of 23,000 and  
is growing. It is the county  
seat of Wayne County, and the  
trading center of the rich agri-  
cultural community. It is lo-  
cated due east from Indianapolis  
63 miles and 10 miles from the  
state line.

Richmond is a city of homes  
and of industry. Primarily a  
manufacturing city, it is also the  
jobbing center of Eastern In-  
diana and enjoys the retail trade  
of the populous community for  
miles around.

Richmond is proud of its splen-  
did streets, well kept yards, its  
elegant sidewalks and beautiful  
shade trees. It has 3 national  
banks, 2 trust companies and 4  
building associations. It con-  
tains resources of over \$5,000,000.  
Number of factories 125; capital  
invested \$1,000,000; with an an-  
nual output of \$27,000,000, and a  
pay roll of \$3,500,000. The total  
pay roll for the city amounts to  
approximately \$5,300,000 annually.

There are five railroad com-  
panies radiating in eight differ-  
ent directions from the city. In-  
coming freight handled daily, 1-  
750,000 lbs.; outgoing freight  
handled daily, 750,000 lbs. Yard  
facilities, per day 1,700 cars.  
Number of passenger trains daily  
17. The annual post office  
receipts amount to \$300,000. Total  
assessed valuation of the city,  
\$15,000,000.

Richmond has two interurban  
railways. Three newspapers with  
a combined circulation of 12,000.  
Richmond is the greatest hard-  
ware jobbing center in the state  
and only second in general job-  
bing interests. It has a piano  
factory producing a high grade  
instrument every 15 minutes. It is  
the leader in the manufacture of  
traction engines, and produces  
more threshing machines, lawn  
mowers, roller skates, grain drills  
and burial caskets than any other  
city in the world.

The city's area is 2,640 acres;  
has a court house costing \$500,-  
000; 10 public schools and is the  
finest and most complete high  
school in the middle west. In  
construction: 3 parochial schools;  
Earlham college and the Indiana  
Business College; five splendid  
fire companies in fine hose  
houses; Glen Miller park, the  
largest and most beautiful park  
in Indiana; the home of Rich-  
mond's municipal electric light  
plant, under successful operation  
and a private electric light plant,  
insuring competition; the oldest  
public library in the state, except  
one and the second largest; water  
volumes; pure, refreshing water,  
unsurpassed; 65 miles of improv-  
ed streets; 40 miles of sewer; 25  
miles of cement curb and gutter  
combined; miles of cement  
walks, and many miles of brick  
walks. Thirty churches, includ-  
ing the Field Memorial church, a  
cost of \$250,000; Reid Memorial  
Hospital, one of the most modern  
in the state; Y. M. C. A. building,  
erected at a cost of \$100,000, one  
of the finest in the state. The  
amusement center of Eastern In-  
diana and Western Ohio.

No city of the size of Richmond  
holds as fine an annual exhibi-  
tion. The Richmond Fall Festi-  
val held each October is unique,  
no other city holds a similar ex-  
hibit. It is given in the interest  
of the city and financed by the  
business men.

Success awaiting anyone with  
enterprise in the Panic Proof  
City.

## This Is My 47th Birthday

GEORGE E. VINCENT.

Dr. George Edgar Vincent, who at  
the end of this month is to succeed  
Dr. Cyrus Northrop as president of  
the university of Minnesota, was born  
in Rockford, Ill., March 21, 1864. He  
received his education at Yale uni-  
versity and after his graduation in 1885  
was engaged in newspaper work for a  
short time. He then spent a year in  
travel and on his return was made li-  
terary editor of the Chautauqua Press.  
In 1888 he became vice president of  
the Chautauqua Institution. He was  
fellow sociology in the university of  
Chicago from 1892 to 1894, assistant  
in sociology there in 1894-95; instruc-  
tor in 1895-96, and assistant professor  
from 1896 to 1900. In 1907 he was  
chosen president of the Chautauqua  
Institution and a short time later he  
was made dean of the faculties of  
arts, literature and science in the uni-  
versity of Chicago. Dr. Vincent has  
a national reputation as a writer and  
lecturer on sociological subjects. He  
is regarded as one of the most effec-  
tive orators in the country.

Charles J. Grayson accused F. K.  
Peterson of hypnotizing his hens so  
they wouldn't lay and haled him into  
court at Brockton, Mass. Peterson es-  
tablished his innocence.

## The Special Session

When congress opens on April 4th this congressional district will  
again look to Washington. There is no doubt of the fact that the people  
of this district are progressive. And progressiveness means only that  
they are willing to look dispassionately on the work of any branch of the  
government without regard to the party in power, and to make up their  
minds whether or not the accomplishment has been for the people or for  
the few who desire privileges greater than the everyday man enjoys.  
There is no confusing the fact any more that the people see the issue.

Time was when the realization of what was done broke years after the  
fact. With the growing intelligence of the people, with increasing  
sources of information, it is becoming possible for the people to be closely  
on the heels of those whose interests are not their interests.

This is well illustrated in the reception of the Dingley tariff and the  
reception of the Payne-Aldrich tariff. People now realize precisely what  
the Dingley tariff was. But they did not realize it at the time it was  
made, and yet conditions at the time of the Dingley tariff making fur-  
nished more excuse for it than the conditions surrounding the Payne-  
Aldrich tariff. What it took years to learn about the Dingley tariff the  
people realized in weeks after the conference committee decided the  
fate of the Payne-Aldrich tariff.

There are just two reasons why the people are now on the heels of the  
special interests and why they may hope sometime to catch up with them.  
The Republican progressives, sometimes called "insurgents" in the last  
congress asked questions. When all the questions were asked they some-  
times supplied the answers when no answer was forthcoming.

This simply means that they brought to bear on their work the most  
illuminating facts of inexhaustible research. The news was carried abroad  
through the columns of the free newspapers of the country day by day.  
Week by week such magazines as Collier's told the progress of the fight.  
And when the work was done those national magazines which are not  
subsidized completed this work by a thorough and dispassionate analysis  
of these schedules.

Hence it was no longer possible for politicians to "wave the flag"  
and "point with pride" and speak of "prosperity" and the "great Ameri-  
can people" as in other years. The people were not swayed by partisan-  
ship. Man after man went down in the primaries, and only here and  
there where conflicting local interest obscured the larger question did the  
people fail to register their protest. So it came about that the way is  
now paved for an intelligent handling of national work by the people  
themselves. It is a little harder to fool the people. No longer will they  
accept the explanation that all legislation is a matter of compromise as  
a cover for all the dirty work which may be forced through congress.

This district is represented ostensibly by a Democrat. He was swept  
into office as a rebuke to the reactionaries. Already he has given prom-  
ise not merely in words but action of his progressiveness. Men who know  
the national situation, looking over the list of Democrats now in con-  
gress have already picked him out as a "Democratic insurgent."

The Los Angeles Bulletin, a paper quick to praise and quick to blame  
because of its acute watch, public men and affairs has already spoken well  
of Finly Gray.

There will be work for Mr. Gray in this next congress, if he wants to  
be an insurgent. He will have the backing of the people of his whole dis-  
trict. Other districts not only in this state, but in others, will not only  
regard him with interest but with longing, if he fights a good fight.  
Hence it is, the people of this district are eager to see what will be his  
first steps in congress.

We hope it is true, as we have heard, that Mr. Gray has been con-  
sulting with the Republican Insurgents as well as the progressive mem-  
bers of his own party.

Honesty should be the exclusive property of one party. This is  
room for a difference of opinion on matters of policy and expediency but  
there is little room for argument on the big questions of honesty, such as  
came up in the last tariff discussion.

If he talks with the honest and sincere men who have sacrificed  
their own advancement, their own pleasure and convenience in the at-  
tempt to really represent the people of their own districts, Mr. Gray will  
not only be in good company, but he will be backed up by the intelligent  
people of this district who showed themselves last fall in the majority.

TOTAL STRANGER IS  
GIVEN MAN'S BLOOD

Detroit, Mich., March 21.—To save  
the life of a man who he had never  
seen before John Wyser, a motorman,  
allowed nearly half of his blood to be  
pumped from his body into the veins  
of W. L. Fanson, of Abernathy, Sask.,  
Canada.

Fanson, suffering from pernicious  
anaemia, came to Detroit, and his con-  
dition was found to be extremely se-  
rious. Transfusion of blood was neces-  
sary to save his life and a search was  
made for some one who would volun-  
teer to give to quarts of his blood.

A volunteer was finally located in  
John Wyser, 30 years old, weighing

230 pounds. He consented without a  
thought of compensation other than  
gratitude.

He went to Harper hospital where  
the two men met for the first time.

## THE COST OF LIVING.

The real cost of living is not reckoned  
in dollars and cents—it's paid for  
in physical energy and the compensa-  
tion is in physical and mental com-  
fort. Many women do not enjoy life  
because they are overworked. Con-  
sequently, labor-saving devices are  
the most welcomed of all inventions.

Prominent in this class is Hewitt's  
white Easy Task soap,—for kitchen  
and laundry use. It does half the  
work itself, kills the germs, does not  
harm the hands or fabrics, and makes  
an easy task of household drudgery.

## "THIS DATE IN HISTORY"

- MARCH 21.
- 1685—John Sebastian Bach, the famous composer, born at Eisenach, Ger-  
many. Died at Leipzig, July 28, 1750.
  - 1755—William Bull, colonial governor of South Carolina, died at Sreldon,  
S. C. Born in 1683.
  - 1775—Raising of "The Congress" Flag in New York.
  - 1801—Kingdom of Etruria created by Napoleon.
  - 1805—Washington college, Washington, Pa., established.
  - 1806—Benito Juarez, Mexican patriot, born. Died July 18, 1872.
  - 1843—Robert Southey, English poet laureate, died. Born Aug. 12, 1774.
  - 1851—Peter H. Burnett inaugurated first governor of California at San  
Jose.
  - 1871—Marriage of the Marquis of Lorne, now the Duke of Argyll and Prin-  
cess Louise, daughter of the late Queen Victoria.
  - 1881—Act passed extending the boundaries of Manitoba.
  - 1910—Italian cabinet resigned because of the failure of ship subsidy  
measure.

## The Lightest Doughnuts

—You Ever Ate

Perfectly raised, wholesome and delicious if you will use

**Rumford**  
THE WHOLESOME  
BAKING POWDER

For producing food of most delicious flavor and perfect lightness  
and wholesomeness, there is no baking powder in the world to  
equal RUMFORD—it is

**The Best of the High-grade Baking Powders**

**No Alum.**

Rheumatic Pains Used to  
Keep Her Awake Nights

It's bad enough to suffer pain dur-  
ing the day, but when one is kept  
awake nights on account of it, the suf-  
fering is doubly hard to bear. Mrs.  
Grace Covey of Eaton Rapids, Mich.,  
says:

"It seems so nice to go to bed at  
night without pain. I suffered every  
night so I couldn't lie down. I had to  
sit up and rub my limbs. Now I can  
go to bed and sleep without a pain. I  
am getting along fine. Stand on my  
feet all day in the woolen mills, and  
two months ago I couldn't walk with-  
out a cane. I thank 'Cemo' for this  
wonderful change in my condition."

When Mrs. Covey began using "Cemo"  
she was practically helpless. In a  
week she was able to walk without  
cane or crutch. She has urged many  
others to try "Cemo." On three oc-  
casions she has sent lists of rheuma-  
tics to the Cemo Company, 206 Jef-  
ferson street, Chicago. Thousands of  
cured persons are helping along the  
good work in the same way; this is  
one of the reasons for the enormous  
sales of this world-famous remedy.

"Cemo" is sold in this city by Clem  
Thistlethwaite, 415 No. 8th St., Rich-  
mond, Ind.

Heart to Heart  
Talks.

By EDWIN A. NYE.

Copyright, 1908, by Edwin A. Nye

## TRUE PICTURES.

Yonder goes an old woman with a  
monstrous load on her head.

It is easy to fill out the picture. Her  
home is some two room tenement  
where she has piled a needle all day  
long and far into the night working  
on the garments she is carrying. Per-  
haps a little child who should be in  
school has drawn basting threads and  
helped.

Possibly the woman has made \$3 in  
a week's work.

In another place hundreds of girls  
issue from a garment factory. For ten  
hours they have speeded machines un-  
der the infamous "pacing system."  
They have worked in an insanitary  
shop, subject to fines for trivial faults,  
and suffered indignities at the hands  
of a conscienceless foreman.

Note the pallor of the faces.

Some of them, young in years, are  
old in appearance and broken in health.  
You have read the newspaper sto-  
ries about the white slave traffic and  
the startling bulletins of the city  
board of health concerning tubercu-  
losis.

Do you wonder?

As a companion picture to these go  
to the "bargain sale" in the basement  
of some department store and watch  
women struggle with one another to  
get to the counter where the garments  
of the sweaters are being sold.

You cannot blame the women? No.  
Many of them are themselves poor and  
under the compulsion. But the pity of  
it!

Another picture:

Conditions are so intolerable the gar-  
ment workers strike. For months they  
live on the verge of starvation. And  
the manufacturers refuse to "sign any  
contract that recognizes the principle  
of collective bargaining."

What does that mean?

That it is easy enough to break  
down one girl when you "bargain"  
with her alone. It is different when  
you bargain with her union.

The remedy?

It is in the hands of American wom-  
en. Let them refuse to buy the  
stuff of those who will not recognize  
the right of the workers to bargain  
collectively.

Are our women heartless?

Or do they understand?

When will they put a stop to the  
ruin of body and soul made possible  
by the wrongs done to their helpless  
sisters?

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

your druggist will refund money if  
PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any  
case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Pro-  
truding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

REAL ESTATE  
TRANSFERS

Dudley D. Ramsey to Wm. A. Bond,  
March 6, 1911. \$5,000. Pa. N. W. ¼  
sec. 5-13-1.

A. T. Chapin to Jonas Gaar, March  
17, 1911. \$3,000. Pt. Lot 588. Eliz.  
Starks add. Richmond.

Lydia S. Taber to Jesse A. Weich-  
man, March 17, 1911. \$100. Lots 7,  
8, 9, W. F. Manley sub. Richmond.

Pascal Porter to Eva A. Mawhood,  
March 10, 1911. \$1,700. Pt. Lot 2, H.  
H. Fetta's add. Richmond.

Jesse A. Weichman to L. L. Carrington,  
Mich. 18, 1911. \$300; lot 7, W. F.  
Manley sub. Richmond.

Sam'l O. Parker to Earl G. Green,  
March 10, 1911. \$650; Pt. Frac. Sec.  
6-14-14.

Howard C. Marine to Isaac R. Wil-  
lams, March 18, 1911. \$1,950. Pt. N. E.  
¼ Sec. 14-17-14.

Mary H. Krauskoff to Otto Lamb,  
March 16, 1910. Pt. S. E. ¼ sec 24-  
13-2.

Lenora S. Elliott to Caroline Smith  
Feb. 18, 1910; lot 8, J. H. & L. Rosts  
add Richmond.

Henry Temme to Emory F. Carver,  
Nov. 30, 1910. \$2,300. Lot 4, W. Wig-  
gans add Richmond.

Some Japanese inns furnish fresh  
tooth brushes every morning free to  
each guest.

## BEST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been  
used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS  
of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE  
TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT  
SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS,  
ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and  
is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. It is ab-  
solutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs.  
Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other  
kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

A Physician's Report on  
Tuberculosis Medicine

"Have used Eckman's Alternative in  
several cases of tubercular glands of  
the neck, with excellent results every  
time. In one case it cost me \$50, for  
the girl was put on it only until she  
could arrange to be operated, and in a  
short time an operation was not  
needed. I suppose your records are  
just as fine as of old. You know my  
faith in it."

Eckman's Alternative is effective in  
other forms. Read what Mrs. Garvin  
says:—  
Gentlemen: "I have gained twenty-  
two pounds since last February and  
my baby is in the best of health. She is  
now four months old. I have been  
waiting since she was born to see how  
I would get along. I am now doing all  
my work, have been ever since she  
was four weeks old, and am steadily  
gaining. I do not cough or raise any  
thing at all. I believe my lung trouble  
is cured."

(Signed Affidavit) Mrs. M. H. Garvin.  
Note—Mrs. Garvin is the mother of  
several children.  
Eckman's Alternative cures Bron-  
chitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, Throat and  
Lung Affections. For sale by A. G.  
Loren and Company, and other leading  
druggists. Ask for booklet of cured  
cases and write to Eckman Laboratory,  
Philadelphia, Pa. for additional evi-  
dence.

## Politics and Politicians

Walter L. Fisher new secretary of  
interior begins actual work this week.  
Germany accuses Gen. Leonard  
Wood of persuading President Taft to  
send troops to the Mexican border in  
order to give him a chance to "show  
off."

Washington is threatened with a  
scandal because of the way senatorial  
"lame ducks" are said to be holding  
on to their former rooms in the senate  
office building. Ex-Senator Aldrich is  
named as the chief offender.

Considerable comment has been  
heard in Washington because Senator  
La Follette in the next congress, will  
be the only Republican to sit on the  
Democratic side. There will be only  
one vacancy left on the Republican  
side, but Senator La Follette does not  
care for an end seat against the wall.

Last year the government of the Un-  
ited States paid nearly \$12,000,000  
for the transportation of its public  
service on official business. The mat-  
ter is now under consideration by the  
economy commission, which has called  
upon the treasury department to  
furnish it with the vouchers of trans-  
portation so that a minute analysis  
might be made of them.

Recurring to one of the most  
important subjects now being discus-  
sed by politicians of all parties, ma-  
jority rule, many Democrats do not  
forget that at their national conven-  
tion in Kansas City from 1900, where  
Bryan was nominated for the second  
time, the committee on resolutions  
was recommittees to the free silver  
ratio at 16 to 1 issue by a majority of  
1 vote, that of Prince David of the Ha-  
waiian islands, a non-electoral vote be-  
ing given territories.

It is reported from Washington that  
so suspicious are the Democratic  
members of the house committee on  
ways and means of each other, that  
they are watching the home papers of  
each member of the new committee,  
for the purpose of finding out who is  
"leaking" on the news of the executive  
sessions of that body, which is outlin-  
ing plans for a revision of the tariff  
and selecting the Democratic members  
of the new house committees in the  
next congress. News concerning the  
work of that body is now being got  
by the most devious methods. The  
committee as a whole is composed of  
some of the best friends the newspa-  
per men have in Washington, and  
like the executive sessions of the  
senate, the progress of the committee  
is appearing in the daily newspapers.

In all probability Senators Albert B.  
Cummins and Robert M. La Follette  
will become members of the commit-  
tee of finance in the next congress.  
Both are men of high ability and in-  
formation with respect to tariff mat-  
ters, but in view of the rocky road  
Senator La Follette has traveled in  
the senate, the news that he has a  
chance for membership on the com-  
mittee has caused no end of comment.  
How much of a part Mr. La Follette  
will take in the coming session of con-  
gress remains to be demonstrated. He  
is not in the best of health and his  
friends fear he will be unable to make  
the long speeches that marked his  
early days in the upper house.

Behia Blanca, Argentina, is the  
greatest wheat shipping city of South  
America.

"The Only Thing  
That Will Relieve  
Neuralgia."

The piercing pains of Neuralgia,  
which often follows a bad cold or  
La Grippe, are frequently almost un-  
bearable and few medicines afford  
any relief to the sufferer.

"I am a rural mail carrier and  
have been a user of the Dr. Miles  
medicines for years.  
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills  
can't be beaten. They are the  
only thing I have found that will  
relieve my neuralgia and I have tried  
most everything, besides medicine  
from the doctor. I am willing to  
tell anyone what the Anti-Pain  
Pills did for me."

CHARLES HILDEBRANDT,  
Box 205, Woodville, Ohio.

If you, like Mr. Hildebrandt,  
"have tried most everything" in  
vain, why not do as he did, fight  
your aches and pains with Dr.  
Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. Let the  
pills bear the brunt of the battle.  
No matter how stubborn the con-  
test, they will come out victorious.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

stand on their record, which is a  
long list of cures extending back a  
generation.

Druggists everywhere sell them. If  
first package fails to benefit, your druggist  
will return your money.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

FACES JAIL; BANKER  
BUYS STOLEN STAMPS

Wichita, Kas., March 21.—L. S.  
Natzger formerly president of the  
Fourth National bank of Wichita, was  
found guilty by a jury in the federal  
court here for buying and selling stol-  
en postage stamps. The offense is  
punishable by a maximum sentence of  
five years in prison and a fine of  
\$5,000.

Natzger purchased the stamps from  
Frank S. Burt, formerly chief of po-  
lice here. The stamps had been stol-  
en from Kansas post offices and were  
sold to Burt by John Callahan of Wich-  
ita, who is under sentence for robbing  
the Milan, (Kas.) postoffice and has  
also been convicted of buying and sell-  
ing stolen postage stamps.

The former banker's defense was  
that he did not know the stamps had  
been stolen. He admitted purchasing  
them at a discount.

Burt recently pled guilty to buying  
and selling stolen stamps, waiving  
trial. Four counts were lodged  
against Natzger. The count upon  
which he was convicted was that of  
purchasing \$350 worth of stamps from  
Burt and selling them to a physician  
for \$440. Other counts charged Natzger  
with buying the stamps with the  
intention of converting them to his  
own use.

Because his latest play, the Confes-  
sion," has brought a death threat  
from a man in Montreal, playwright  
Hal Reid has obtained permission to  
carry a revolver.

Local Firm Will Continue  
Valuable Agency

The Fibe Drug Co. of this city have  
just closed a deal whereby they will  
continue to be agents for ZEMO—the  
well known remedy for Eczema, Dan-  
druff, and all diseases of the skin and  
scalp.

The extraordinary leap that this  
clean liquid external treatment for  
skin affections has made into public  
favor in the last few years proves its  
wonderful curative properties and  
makes it indeed a valuable addition to  
the fine stock of remedial agents car-  
ried by the Fibe Drug Co.

They have a limited supply of sam-  
ples One of which will be given free  
to any skin sufferer who wishes to test  
the merit of the medicine. A booklet  
"How To Preserve The Skin," will also  
be given to those interested.

TO AVOID  
SICKNESS

You must keep the stom-  
ach and liver in an active  
condition, the bowels free  
from constipation and the  
blood pure. For this work

HOSTETTER'S  
STOMACH  
BITTERS</