

TWO CONGRESSMEN HAVING A DISPUTE

Tawney and Livingston Sum Up Congress' Expenditures in Different Ways.

BOTH PLAYING POLITICS

REPUBLICAN COUNTS THE ACTUAL EXPENDITURES BUT THE DEMOCRAT TALKS OF THE BONDS YET TO COME.

Washington, June 28.—Figures do not lie, but—Congressmen do juggle them to their purposes, as was shown today by the statements issued by Chairman Tawney, of the house committee on appropriations, and Representative Livingston, of Georgia, the ranking democratic member of that body, showing how much money the late session of congress has cost the country.

This is an annual spectacular performance on the part of these two members, the former seeking to minimize, and the latter to magnify the expenditures, each for partisan purposes.

Starting out with the identical set of figures, by the simple processes of addition and subtraction they have reached widely different answers to the problem of the cost of running the national government. In the end their figures are nearly \$200,000,000 apart. This apparent but not real difference is reached by reason of the fact that Mr. Tawney includes in his figures only the direct charge made upon the federal treasury occasioned by the actual appropriations made in appropriation bills of this year.

Includes Bills to Come.

Mr. Livingston includes not only actual charges upon the treasury, but authorizations which will become law next year and years following, charges upon the public treasury, but which will not have to be met during the coming fiscal year.

Both statements agree that the appropriations this year are \$1,027,133,446.44, but Mr. Tawney follows the rule of subtraction and thus fixes the expenditures at \$891,120,760 net, while Mr. Livingston's rule is that of addition, and he accordingly reaches the grand total of \$1,081,744,142 gross, or \$15,000,000 more than the appropriations of last year, including \$11,000,000 for the extra session, while Mr. Tawney's figures read \$28,000,000 less than last year's appropriations.

Taking the charge upon the treasury alone, Mr. Tawney shows there will thus be a surplus of about \$11,000,000 of receipts over expenditures, but in doing this he counts upon \$25,000,000 from the corporation tax, the constitutionality of which is now pending in the supreme court.

Deficit Would be \$14,000,000.

If it should be decided unconstitutional the deficit would be \$14,000,000 upon his showing to actual charge upon the treasury, to say nothing of contingent appropriations.

Always heretofore Mr. Tawney has been obliged to apologize for increasing expenditures, but this year he finds cause for rejoicing in reductions and he gives President Taft credit for improving economy upon congress.

Mr. Livingston, as he has been doing for more than a decade, harks back to the days of the Cleveland administration, when the total expenditures were less than a billion dollars per congress, whereas they are now a billion dollars a session, or double what they were during the last democratic administration.

These figures "Uncle Tom" has been religiously presenting to the country ever since the last democratic congress.

Mr. Tawney asserted that a summary of the constructive legislation of the first regular session of the sixty-first congress constitutes a record of accomplishment surpassing in importance any previous session in the history of congress.

Money for the Army.

Livingston denounced what he called a large increase on account of public expenditures, an increase of the public debt, "half a billion dollars spent for militarism and the treasury drained for army and navy."

Mr. Tawney declared there was a substantial reduction in current military expenses, while Mr. Livingston asserted that under the reclamation issue and naval appropriations "we have a policy that stands for interest bearing bonds issued against the humble homes of the settlers and the lavish handing out of millions upon tens of millions of dollars raised by onerous taxation to satisfy the greed of ship-builders and armor plate contractors, and to maintain a nation policy of pomp and splendor."

Mr. Tawney urged abrogation of the rule, instituted by a democratic house giving to eight different committees the power of preparing the money bills for each congress and the adoption of a new rule constituting one committee, large enough to be representative of every section, to have initial control over all appropriation bills.

There is no medicine so safe and at the same time so pleasant to take as Dr. Caldwell's Syro-Poplin, the positive cure for all diseases arising from stomach trouble. The price is very reasonable—50c and 75c.

A NEW TONG VICTIM

Another Chinaman Injured in Battle Yesterday, Died Early Today.

DISTRICT UNDER GUARD

(American News Service) New York, June 28.—The latest outbreak of rival clans in Chinatown claimed its second victim yesterday when Chu Foo, a member of the Four Brothers Society, died in the Hudson street hospital from a bullet wound in the head and back suffered Sunday afternoon when his faction and the On Leongs renewed their fight.

Sin Jing, a fruit merchant, died in Sunday's battle. Chu Pan is suffering from a severe wound, but will live to be tried for murder. Seven other Chinamen are under arrest, while the district occupied by the Chinese is like an armed camp today. Fifty additional policemen are on guard and only occasionally does a Chinaman appear on the street. When compelled by business to go out the dodge under cover as quickly as possible.

Police Captain Hodges declared today that it was only by a miracle that more persons did not lose their lives in Sunday's conflict as narrow Pell street was crowded with hundreds of persons, including sight-seeing visitors. The On Leongs seized the opportunity offered by a celebration of the Four Brothers Society over the acquittal of Chu Hen on a charge of murder to make a raid which had apparently been planned for some time in advance. More than sixty shots were fired in the brief conflict and then both factions took to flight before the police.

DEMAND FOR LABOR

And the Available Harvest Hands Are Now Organizing a Union.

THEY ASK FOR BIG WAGES

(American News Service) Spokane, Wash., June 28.—Taking advantage of the shortage of harvest laborers in the Pacific Northwest, where the grain crop this season is estimated at more than 100,000,000 bushels, several organizers, not affiliated with any of the recognized labor bodies, are working in eastern Washington and Oregon to form a Farm Hands' Union, the purpose being to raise the minimum wage of laborers to \$3.50 for a day of eight hours. The scale for sack-sewers and forkers is fixed at \$3 a day, while the pay of machine men will be increased from \$6.50 to \$7 to from \$10 to \$12 a day.

Efforts are being made by ranchers and orchardists to bring men into the country from eastern, central and southern states, and in addition to these it is likely that students from a dozen or more colleges in various parts of the country can be enlisted to assist in harvesting the grain, grass and fruit crops.

Several attempts have been made in Washington and Oregon to organize farm laborers, but so far they have not been successful. However, the farmers admit that if an organization could be formed they would have to pay almost any price demanded by the men.

Frank Trader, who appears to be the head of the organizers, says it is proposed to form a local union in every grain district in Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Montana. He declares that the present scale, ranging from \$2.50 to \$7 a day, is not high enough "especially," he adds, "at a time when the farmers will be glad to pay more rather than leave their crops in the field. Fifty cents is the initiation fee and we will have enough members at the start to see the thing through. Our members won't work with those not identified with the organization."

HUNT STOLEN HORSE

Chief of Police Gorman today mailed to police departments throughout eastern Indiana and Western Ohio, cards bearing a description of a horse and phaeton hired in Richmond yesterday by a stranger, and which have not been seen since. The outfit belongs to the L. N. Cox livery barn, North Seventh street, and was obtained by an unknown man at about nine in the morning on the pretense of taking a short drive into the country. The master was reported to the police last night.

The description on the cards is that of a gray mare, and of a phaeton with black running gear and black trimmings. The man was of medium size and about twenty-three years old, and was clad in a striped brown suit.

Military Death Rate. The average annual death rate among all the armies of the world is nine in each thousand.

\$50 REWARD.

Watch stolen on May 5 from Theodore Hurst of Washington township. Gold hunting case watch. No. of case, 1,222,431. No. of works, 1,311,618. Mr. Hurst will give \$50 for the return of the watch to I. A. Gorman, Chief of Police, Richmond.

DOWNPOUR MADE A HIT WITH FARMERS

Agriculturists Say They Could Almost See Corn Growing Yesterday.

WAS BENEFIT TO WHEAT

SOME WHEAT WILL PROBABLY BE CUT IN THIS COUNTY THE LATTER PART OF THE WEEK—TOMATOES BENEFITED.

Wayne county farmers knocked off from their work in the fields yesterday and came to town to buy muzzles for their horses. They say this warm rain is making the corn grow so rapidly that it will be so tall the horses will be eating it unless muzzled at the next plowing.

No farmer is kicking on the present downpour. Every one of them can figure it out in dollars and cents just what it is going to be worth to him. A good many farmers had begun to get a little discouraged over the outlook for the corn crop. The comparative light rainfall of the last few weeks, coupled with the threat of a midsummer drought, had set some of them guessing. Their faces brightened amazingly today. Some of them feel that the rain that has fallen in the last twenty-four hours has practically made the 1910 corn crop for Wayne county. Tomato growers, too, are feeling good. Growing crops of all kinds will be very greatly benefited by the rain. It is great stuff for the gardens and a help that counts for the orchards and berry patches.

It is probable that there will be some wheat cut in Wayne county this week. Farmers say that if the present rain be followed by a few days of sunshine, the wheat crop will ripen with great rapidity. Many fields are already showing golden. These, if the weather favors, will be ready for the binder by Friday or Saturday. Next week, however, probably will be the big week in the wheat harvest of the country.

Meadows are rapidly nearing the time they will be ready for the mower. They are looking fairly good, considering the lack of sufficient rainfall in the earlier part of the summer. They will not be as heavy as in some years that have gone before, but it is thought their yield will be of excellent quality, the fields being much freer from white-top and other growths than they are usually.

They Pegged the Hole. Lord Coleridge was once the victim of the varsity men at Oxford. He was addressing a large audience there when he used the phrase: "We must remember not merely the beauty of the individual colleges, but the beauty of Oxford as a whole. And what a whole it is!"

"Hear, hear!" yelled the varsity men. "Yes, what a hole!" they groaned. "What a beastly hole!"

Then it dawned upon Lord Coleridge that this was a thing he would rather have expressed otherwise.—London Times.

A remarkable feature about the physics of reigning European monarchs is that they are nearly all shorter than their consorts. King George V is several inches shorter than Queen Mary. The German Empress is a trifle taller than the Kaiser, who always insists on the empress sitting down when they are photographed together. Czar Nicholas II looks quite small by the side of the czarina. Alfonso of Spain is a head shorter than Queen Victoria Eugenie, and the King of Italy hardly reaches to the shoulder of Queen Helena. The Queen of Denmark too is a good deal taller than her husband. Exceptions to the rule are the King of Norway and the new King of the Belgians. The latter is six feet two inches in height and the tallest King in Europe.—M. A. P.

Pennsylvania LINES Chicago \$3 Excursion SUNDAY

July 3rd—Leave Richmond 2 a. m.

EMORY'S.

The Great and Only Mill Remnant Sale, begins Friday, July 1st, at 8 a. m.

Store closed all day Thursday, June 30. Don't fail to be here when the doors open Friday.

Rail Road Store

HELD A CONVENTION

Socialists Met Sunday at Milton and Monday They Met in Richmond.

NOMINATE A CONGRESSMAN

The adoption of a platform closely following the state and national policies of the party, and the nomination of William L. Perkins, of Milton, for a seat in Congress, were the principal acts of the Sixth District Socialist Convention, which closed in this city yesterday afternoon. Delegates from all the counties in the District were here to attend the gathering.

The first sessions of the convention, when the resolutions committee reported, were held at Milton on Sunday. Adjournment was then taken and the delegates came to Richmond, to meet on Monday at the "Socialists' Hall," 173 Fort Wayne Avenue, where the other business of the convention was transacted.

Perkins, the Congressional nominee, is a druggist at Milton, and has been actively identified with the party in this county and district for many years. O. A. Lank, of Richmond, was re-elected district chairman, and J. C. Ball, also of this city, was made district secretary. Clinton Holder, as Richmond organizer, will have charge of the campaign in this section.

Concerning Canals. Those new canals which Mars brings into fame—Tis fortunate they are away up there. New Orleans makes no exposition claim And San Francisco doesn't seem to care.

Had Ho or Hadn't He? Freddie—I have an idea! Teddie—Really? How did you get it? Freddie—I haven't an idea.—Smart Set.

EMORY

Is coming to Richmond with his magic green ticket, which means mill cost. WAIT FOR HIM. Sale Begins Friday, July 1st, at 8 a. m.

Rail Road Store

HOLES LAW IS GOOD

Train Crew Statute Held Constitutional by Federal Judge in Iowa.

LIMITS TIME FOR LABOR

Washington, D. C., June 28.—United States District Judge Page Morris, holding court in Iowa, has decided that the federal law regulating the hours of service of train crews on interstate railroads was constitutional.

The attorneys for the defendant—The Illinois Central railroad—attacked the constitutionality of the law on thirteen different grounds. Their principal reliance, however, was upon the decision of the United States supreme court in the employers' liability cases.

Text of Court Decision.

In its statement, the commission says:

"In the interpretation of the hours of service act, which limits the service of the train crew to sixteen hours in any twenty-four hours period, the court held that the performance by the engineer of duties required by the rules of the company in preparation for a trip during the half hour previous to the scheduled time for the departure of a train from an initial terminal, made such engineer 'on duty' during such half hour, and that this

time must be included in the time of permitted service."

The case was a test case, the statement concludes. It was the first decision by any court upon the constitutionality of the law and the first judicial interpretation of its provisions.

Injunction is Dismissed.

In accordance with the agreement reached between railroad presidents and President Taft, United States District Attorney Charles H. Houts today, at St. Louis, asked for the dismissal on the injunction suit brought in the United States circuit court by the gov-

ernment against railroads composing the Western trunk line committee to restrain the proposed increase in freight rates.

Judge Dyer who signed the restraining order at Hannibal, ordered the suit dismissed on District Attorney Houts' motion.

If any of the garden flowers or berry bushes should be attacked by mildew the matter may be remedied by spraying the leaves with flowers of sulphur, preferably when the dew is on, so that the powder will stick.

Say It!

If your doctor says this is all right, then say it over and over again.

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