

FOREIGNERS ARE GIVEN THE BLAME

White Slave Traffic in This Country Not Fault of The Americans.

A REPORT TO CONGRESS

IT IS STATED EUROPE TEEMS WITH IMMORAL WOMEN WHO ARE ANXIOUS TO LIVE LIVES OF SHAME HERE.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The treaty ratified by the Senate March 1, 1905, providing for universal action of the powers toward the repression of the "White Slave" traffic, has been declared by Daniel J. Keefe, Commissioner General of Immigration, to be "practically worthless."

The failure of this convention to accomplish the good expected was explained in a report of the Commissioner General, which yesterday was transmitted to the Senate by President Taft in response to a Senate resolution. In summarizing an exhaustive report Mr. Keefe says:

"Practically no co-operation at present can be expected of the signatories as regards the enforcement of our immigration laws, with which some of the powers are found to be out of sympathy."

"The procurement of innocent women and girls for purposes of debauchery has seldom, if ever, come to the attention of the Bureau, and as it is the purpose of the treaty to prevent such procurement, the treaty's usefulness ends there."

"Even with the passage of new legislation with stringent provisions this Bureau, which has been designated by the Government in the repression of this traffic, will not be in position to enforce properly the same without specific financial provision."

Felt Europe's Pulse.
After the ratification of the treaty the Bureau of Immigration sent letters to the proper officials in foreign countries to ascertain the degree of co-operation to be expected of the signatory powers.

The net result of the replies was no co-operation could be looked for except in specific instances.

The reasons for this were many, among them being the lack of legal authority, but the principal one "seems to lie in the public attitude toward those women who make prostitution a business, the idea being that the Government has no right to interfere with those who follow such a life from choice."

An agent of the Bureau who visited England, Belgium, Austria, France, Germany, Russia and Romania reached the conclusion "that there is no such thing as an international organization—that is, a close corporation—having for its object the exploitation of women in various countries by means of the practice of prostitution."

Few Innocents Imported.
This agent reports that innocent women or girls are rarely imported into this country. The great bulk of the women come in as the mistresses of individuals, subsequently adopting or being forced into a life of shame.

Innocent victims, the report says, are selected by procurers in this country. Discussing conditions he found in Europe, the United States agent says the large cities "were found to be so infested with women of immoral tendencies, living in poverty and dire straits, that they were only too eager to embrace the opportunity of living comfortably in a life of shame in this country."

Consequently, procurers who desire to get fresh supplies of women for their resorts in the United States are not forced to reduce and debauch innocent women, when, with much less expense and danger, numbers of women can be found ready to accept their terms.

The crowding of immigrants in the congested districts of large cities is much less prevalent than is popularly supposed, and the common reports of bad living conditions among such immigrants is much overdrawn, according to the report prepared under the direction of E. A. Goldenweiser.

An Exhaustive Report.
It makes a volume of approximately 600 pages, is based on a study of over 10,000 households in some of the most congested districts of New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Cleveland, Buffalo and Milwaukee.

It shows that the population of congested districts is composed mostly of recent immigrants, one-third of the families canvassed having been in the United States less than five years, and two-thirds less than ten years.

In the cities covered it was found that there was an average of 134 persons per 100 sleeping rooms occupied, including kitchens, and an average of 232 persons per 100 sleeping rooms.

The number of persons per 100 rooms occupied in the different cities follows: Boston, 144; Philadelphia, 141; New York, and Cleveland, 139; Buffalo, 133; Chicago, 126; and Milwaukee, 135.

The growth of foreign colonies in large cities is attributed by the commission to immigrants generally joining their friends and relatives and remaining near them for a time at least, but a more general distribution of the older immigrants has been brought about by economic progress and a desire for better surroundings.

Three Times a Day.
Him—You're really sweet enough to eat!
Her—Well, I do.—Exchange.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" that is Laxative Bromo Quinine on box. 25c

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

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SHONTZ FINDS THAT HIS LINES ARE POOR



President Theodore P. Shontz of the Interborough Railroad system in New York which has for one of its divisions the subway. Although at the head of the system for a long time and often declaring that no improvement was necessary, Mr. Shontz was vividly and forcibly reminded the other day of the exact conditions. He took a ride during the rush hours for the first time during his administration. He was nearly squeezed to death and declared he is glad he escaped with his life. He thinks now that if every railroad president in the United States would ride upon his road during troublesome times he would earn his salary better by observing the crying needs of the corporation.

RECORD FOR MONTH

Sixty-three Arrests Made by The Local Police in January.

WAS A VERY BUSY PERIOD

During the month of January the police made 63 arrests. Almost half of this number were slated for intoxication and a curious incident in connection with the record last month is the fact that there were only three arrests for assault and battery. Practically every month the assault and battery charge ranks second to drunks in number of arrests. However, those who felt their angry passions rise last month were perhaps fewer, it is said, than for any previous month covering a period of over a year. The charges on which arrests were made were more numerous during January than usual. On Saturday, January 26, the police established a unique record for one day, by making ten arrests and securing a conviction in every case.

In December only 51 violators were made to answer to the law. Notwithstanding the fact that there were twelve more arrests in January than during the previous month, there were six less pinched for drunk. It has been suggested that perhaps the water wagon, which was boarded by many New Year's day is responsible for the difference. The number of arrests and their specific charges last month was as follows: Drunk, 17; hold for superintendent, 8; vagrancy, 2; malicious trespass and larceny, 1; wife desertion, 1; begging, 3; insane, 3; giving liquor to minor, 1; assault and battery, 3; peddling without a license, 2; larceny, 3; selling liquor without a license, 1; forgery, 1; burglary, 2; runaway boy, 1.

EATON PLAYS HERE

The item bowling team of the City League went to Eaton last evening and defeated the representative team of that place in two out of three games and in total pins scored, Elkensberg, for Eaton, made 210 and 216 in the first and second games respectively.

Runge, for the Items, made 201 in his third game. The Eaton team plays here tonight and an interesting contest seems assured. The team scores last evening were: Eaton—790, 900, 787. Items—857, 843 and 909.

Belgium's Parliament.
In the Belgian parliament there is an age minimum of twenty-five for deputies and forty for senators.

CUT ASSESSMENTS FOR CANDIDATES

County Central Committee Believes That This Can Be Accomplished.

DRAWING FOR WEDNESDAY

AT THAT TIME OFFICE SEEKERS WILL GET PLACES ON BALLOTS TO MAKE ELECTION RULES STRINGENT.

The executive committee of the republican county central committee will meet this evening in the office of Secretary John E. Peltz, over 622 1/2 Main street, and decide on the assessments of the candidates and work out campaign expenditures.

The primary will cost in the neighborhood of \$1,500 according to the expenditures made in previous primary elections, and those in charge see little reason why this figure will not answer for next Monday's event. Changes made by the last legislature will increase some expenses and, it is believed, decrease others. It may also be necessary to pay more for meals.

Ought to Please 'Em.
So far as the candidates are concerned, the assessments will be smaller than they were two and four years ago. Because there are more in the races is the principal reason for this. There are fifteen in the clerk's and sheriff's contests, while in the other races, there are a number of entries.

The candidates will meet tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock at the court house and draw for places, which their names will occupy on the ballots. The candidates will also pay their assessments at this time.

At the session of the committee late yesterday afternoon, several routine matters were considered. The rules are the same as those governing elections of this nature before. C. E. Wiley, chairman of the board stated that he had not selected the advisory committee to confer with the executive committee, but that his selections would probably be made within a day or so.

Will Meet Tonight.
At this evening's meeting of the executive committee probably the most important matter will be to make rules which will prevent foreigners and others, who have not the power of franchise, from casting votes. It is essential that this matter receive careful attention, as there are about 1,000 foreigners in this county who are working on the Pennsylvania construction work.

The standing rule is that the inspectors shall be the party to determine on the voting qualifications of all voters. It is probable that this rule will be amended, making it even more effective by compelling all foreigners to bring their naturalization papers with them to the polls. The voting of patients at Eastern Indiana hospital and inmates of the poor farm will also be up for consideration.

A BIG WAR STARTED

German-American Alliance Intends to Take Fall Out of Tariff.

(American News Service)

Cleveland, O., Feb. 1.—A national war on the present tariff laws by the German-American Alliance, enrolling a membership of 2,500,000 in the United States, has been launched here. A mass meeting of 25,000 Germans in Cleveland will be called as soon as arrangements can be made for the use of Central Armory, the largest auditorium in the city. The delegates were called together by the executive committee of the alliance in Cleveland.

Resolutions were adopted appealing to the Germans of the country to unite in a war on the tariff issue. The high cost of living is placed on the tariff and not on any trust or organization directly within the United States.

The resolutions set forth that the delegates at the meeting have, with their separate organizations, gone over the present industrial situation in all its phases for months. Their investigations show, the resolutions say, that while the packers and other dealers in food products have a monopoly on their trade and are probably combining to govern trade, the real cause of the high prices is the tariff.

A RUSSIAN MURDER

(American News Service)
St. Petersburg, Feb. 1.—Count Tschuk, a blood relative of Emperor Nicholas, his wife and five children have been murdered at Zaritzyn by a son of the Count by a former marriage. It is said that the slayer escaped after his crime and is now being hunted by a detachment of Cossacks.

RIVER TIBRE RISES

(American News Service)
Rome, Feb. 1.—The river Tibre is slowly rising and already low-lying country around the city has been covered. Several factories have been compelled to close and porably 500 men are idle.

Scores of families have fled from the flooded district and camps of refugees have been formed on higher ground.

Single-Blessedness a Failure

Resident of Greenwood Ave. Has Become Convinced of This Fact and Is Now Advertising for a Wife.

WANTED—Wife, aged 30 to 35, between now and spring; please address Henry Ewry, Greenwood Ave., 31-11 31-11

The above advertisement was inserted in the "want ad" columns of the Palladium last night.

As usual Mr. Ewry is "pleased with the results."

From statements made by Mr. Ewry while at the Palladium office yesterday matrimony is as much a business proposition as farming or anything else one might suggest—and speaking of farming, any woman, within the required age limit, who possesses a farm will meet with favor in the eyes of the would-be groom. He hankers for a happy home on some rural route.

If any applicant is burdened with money, she will not be ignored by Mr. Ewry, although a heavy bank roll is not a requisite, for Mr. Ewry modestly admitted that he had enough currency to support himself and a partner in a domestic sketch.

Mr. Ewry is firm in his belief that his bride should not be under thirty years of age or over thirty-five years. The woman who makes the ideal wife

is the woman who is in the prime of her life, Mr. Ewry is convinced. It can also be stated here, for the benefit of applicants, that Mr. Ewry would not object to a mate whose face is easy to look at.

At the Palladium office yesterday the Greenwood avenue man stated that he engaged in work which in the warmer months, keeps him out of doors the greater part of the day. This, and the fact that he is a bachelor has hindered him in performing his household duties. In fact he has found it difficult to keep things ship-shape.

This is not as it should be. (All fair-minded bachelors will not contest this assertion.)

Therefore, looking at the question confronting him in a square, broad-minded manner, Mr. Ewry could find but one remedy—matrimony. Being a man of prompt decision he promptly set forth to seek the remedy, and his steps led him to the Palladium office. No doubt by this time he has many remedies to choose from.

Mr. Ewry's reasons for advertising for a wife was the fact that he has not long resided in this vicinity, so his acquaintanceship among the gentle sex is extremely limited.

A BIG DELEGATION BACK TO HER HOME

Of Earlham Students Will Attend the State Oratorical Contest.

QUAKERS ARE SATISFIED SHE COURTED AN ARREST

Tickets were placed on sale at Earlham College yesterday for the annual oratorical contest which will be held at Indianapolis, Friday. The Earlham delegate, H. P. Comstock, has secured four hundred tickets for the Earlham delegation. This is about three times the number the Quakers usually engage. The program for the contest is now in the hands of the printer. Levi T. Pennington, the Earlham contestant, is the best speaker on the program. This is looked upon as a good place. The judges too, have been selected, and are the following: On manuscript, Prof. C. M. Balliday, University of Illinois; Prof. Paul Reinsch, University of Wisconsin; and Prof. Arthur E. Phillips of Chicago. The judges on delivery are the following: John B. Elam, Indianapolis; Prof. G. W. Knight, Ohio State University; and Charles R. Williams, Indianapolis. The program is as follows:

Presiding Officer—Geo. L. Moffet, President Butler.
Selection—Indianapolis Orpheum Quartette.

"The Nation's Greatest Evil," Hinkle C. Hays, Washash.

"The Diplomacy of Democracy," D. Semer Robinson, Butler.

"Our Nation Tomorrow," Fred C. Mills, Hanover.

"Class Rule and Popular Sovereignty," Alva Roscoe Gophart, De Pauw.

Selection—Indianapolis Orpheum.

"The Problem of the World's Peace," Ralph S. Dobbins, Franklin.

"Reason Versus Force," Francis F. Neeninger, Notre Dame.

"The Evolution of World Peace," Levi T. Pennington, Earlham.

Selection—Indianapolis Orpheum Quartette.

Judges on Manuscript—Prof. C. M. Balliday, University of Illinois; Prof. Paul Reinsch, University of Wisconsin; Prof. Arthur E. Phillips, Phillips School of Oratory, Chicago.

Judges on delivery—John B. Elam, Indianapolis; Prof. G. W. Knight, Ohio State University; Chas. R. Williams, Editor Indianapolis News.

APPOINT DR. BUSSE

Is Elected Today as Superintendent of the New Insane Hospital.

A CAMPFIELD COMPROMISE

(American News Service)
Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 1.—Dr. E. P. Busse of Evansville, was elected superintendent of the Southeastern Hospital for the Insane at Madison by the trustees at a meeting at the Denison hotel today. There were thirteen applicants for the position. Besides Chairman Inman, Trustees Sweet, Pleasants and Cravens were present. The trustees conferred with the governor this afternoon.

Attorneys for the Aetna Indemnity company of Hartford, Conn., paid the treasurer of state sixty-five thousand dollars today as a compromise of the suit brought by Governor Hanly against the Campbell Construction company for alleged breach of contract. With this money the commission will erect two large cottages on the grounds.

OPEN COOPER CASE

(American News Service)
Nashville, Feb. 1.—A brilliant array of counsel began today in the Supreme Court, in an effort to have sentences set aside of D. B. and Robin J. Cooper, who were convicted of murdering United States Senator Carmack. More than 20 specific errors in evidence are claimed.

Californiavia New Orleans

At this season of the year, a most delightful route. no snow, ice or freezing weather, and the very best service through Houston, San Antonio, El Paso, New Mexico and Arizona to Los Angeles and San Francisco. Electric block signal insures safety.

The Southern Pacific Co., Sunset Express, daily, has oil-burning locomotives—no dust or smoke—and is equipped with solid vestibule Pullman drawing-room sleepers, combination library, buffet and observation cars, chair cars and dining cars.

Also ask for literature on Louisiana lands.

For all information, address

W. H. CONNOR, Agt. Cincinnati, O.

Find Clew to Long Lost Birds

Ohio Representative Tells a Story About Turkeys, Missed 42 Years Ago, and Thereby Gets Information.

Columbus, O., Feb. 1.—That "Murder will out" has been proved conclusively to Representative Phillips.

member of the House of Representatives from Geauga county, who recently met with an experience that staggered him.

When Mr. Phillips was a boy money was not so plentiful for youngsters as it is now—nor for grown folks either for that matter—and two or three pennies, or a nickel, was a considerable sum of money for him and his brother to have for their very own.

But one year he and his brother came into possession of a turkey gobble and two hens, and they managed to raise thirty-two young ones, making thirty-five in all. Thanksgiving turkeys that year sold for \$1 apiece, regardless of weight, and the two boys were looking forward to the possession of \$16 apiece with more anticipation than they would look to the receipt of .50 now.

But two days before Thanksgiving the turkeys failed to come home to roost. The boys started out to hunt them the next day and found where they had roosted for the night, but never did they get any further trace of them. The turkeys disappeared as though the earth had swallowed them, and the boys were never able to get even a clew to what had become of them.

That was forty-two years ago. Mr. Phillips was telling the story of his missing turkeys in the presence of four or five men, it having been recalled by a discussion of the high price of turkeys this year. One of the men happened to have lived on a farm in the immediate neighborhood of the farm on which the Phillips boys lived.

"I think I know what became of your turkeys," he said.

"What?" demanded Mr. Phillips, almost jumping from his chair.

"I think I know what became of your turkeys," the man repeated. "I know a man who lived in the direction those turkeys started who sold more turkeys that year than he raised. I saw some turkeys being driven from the direction of his farm."

"Who was he?" Mr. Phillips asked.

But the man intimated that he did not care to give the name in the presence of other people, and Mr. Phillips has not seen him since. But it looks now as though, after forty-two years, he will find what became of the missing turkeys which caused such great disappointment to him and his brother when they were boys.

A SETTLEMENT MADE TRIED BOLD THEFT

Bishop Chartard and Father Mattingly Pay \$250 to Miss Mueller.

CITY STILL A DEFENDANT

Bishop Francis Chartard of the Indianapolis diocese of the Roman Catholic church and Rev. Father Mattingly, pastor of St. Mary's Catholic church who were made co-defendants in the \$3,000 damage suit of Miss Martha Mueller for personal injuries, sustained a year ago this month by a brick wall of the old Hibberd property falling upon her, have settled with Miss Mueller for \$250.

The suit in so far as Bishop Chartard and the Rev. Mattingly are concerned has been dismissed, but the suit still holds against the city of Richmond and Maurice V. Carroll, a contractor. The city is held liable because the streets were not roped in, while Maurice Carroll had charge of the razing of the Hibberd property. Miss Mueller, with a party of three others, were walking on a street when one section of the wall fell over and was pushed over. She was buried under the debris and sustained many, but not serious injuries.

KIDNAP SMALL GIRL

Chicago, Feb. 1.—Detectives from the Hudson Avenue station today are searching the city for Clara Rowan, 14 years old, missing from her home, No. 1466 Clybourn avenue, who is believed to be the victim of a kidnapping plot. The little girl is unusually pretty and has not been seen by her relatives or parents since yesterday, when she left early in the morning to go to school.

The basis for the kidnapping plot was furnished by her father, Frank Rowan, who believes that the girl was forcibly taken away.

A strange man who had been noticed by neighbors loitering in the vicinity is also being sought.

The mother of the girl lives in Indianapolis, Ind., having separated from the father.

WILL GO TO TOLEDO

(American News Service)
Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—Delegates of miners, representing the four bituminous competitive field states, will leave this evening in two special cars over the C. H. & D. for Toledo to begin a conference with operators concerned in the new wage agreement. International executive officers will accompany them.

Two Points of View.

To a woman in love little things seem big, and to a man in love big things seem little.

No Cough

Have not coughed once all day? Yet you may cough tomorrow! Better be prepared for it when it comes. Ask your doctor about keeping Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the house. Then when the hard cold or cough first appears you have a Do as he says. He knows. E. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. doctor's medicine right at hand.

SKATING COLISEUM...

Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Morning, Afternoon and Evening Ladies Admitted Free