

EVERY ARRANGEMENT MADE FOR THE DEDICATION OF LOCAL Y. M. C. A. BUILDING

PROGRAM FOR GREAT EVENT IS ANNOUNCED

Dedication Services Will Be Held in New Edifice Tomorrow Afternoon—A Large Crowd Expected.

INSTITUTION A MODEL IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Dedicatory Address Will Be Delivered by Dr. Coulter of Purdue—Exercises to Be Held Throughout Week.

Richmond's Young Men's Christian Association building which has been in the progress of construction for a little over a year, when the preparation of plans and the tearing down of the properties on the present location is taken into consideration, will be opened to the public tomorrow afternoon about 4 o'clock, or immediately after the dedication services. It is believed that the fondest hopes of the citizens, especially the parents of young men who are to be benefited by the association, will be realized. The program for tomorrow is a most excellent one and is as follows:

Dedication Program.
 10:30 a. m.—Young Men's Day in the church.
 2:30 p. m.—Dedicatory program in the building, the services to be held on the first floor, including the gymnasium and the corridors.
 Music by High School orchestra.
 Invocation by Rev. T. M. Guld, presiding elder of the Richmond Methodist conference district.
 Hymn—"Come Thou Almighty King," by congregation.
 "Kipling's Recessional," by Apollo club.
 Soprano Obligato, by Mrs. F. W. Krueger.
 Scripture reading, by Rev. E. G. Howard, of the First English Lutheran church. Philippians first chapter, verses 3 to 11; also 27th, second chapter, fifteenth to sixteenth verses.
 Prayer of dedication, by Rev. T. J. Graham, of the First Presbyterian church.
 Hymn of dedication by the audience.
 Address, by Dr. Stanley Coulter, of Purdue University. Introduction by President R. L. Kelly of Earlham college.
 "Song of Pilgrims," by the Apollo club.
 Greetings by Young Men's Christian Association of the state by the state secretary, E. E. Stacy, of Indianapolis.
Announcements.
 Benediction, by Rev. H. Robert Smith, pastor of the First Baptist church. Building thrown open for inspection.

For Public Inspection.
 The entire lower floor will be thrown open to those who desire to attend the dedication. In doing this it is believed that sufficient room will be made to accommodate all who desire to attend. The rooms which will be included are the gymnasium, reading room, pool and billiard section, waiting and social rooms and the large corridor. It is probable that temporary benches will have to be placed to accommodate those in attendance. It has not been decided where to place the speakers in order that all may be heard, but it is probable that these will be in the corridor between the gymnasium and the offices.
 One of the most interesting features of the program will be the reading of the scripture lesson by Rev. Howard. The testament from which he will read the scripture was one given Mr. A. D. Craig of this city, by Sir George Williams, the Englishman, who was the founder of the Young Men's Christian Association. Mr. Craig was the Indiana delegate to the international convention meeting in London several years ago. Sir George marked in blue pencil the sections of the scripture which are to be read tomorrow and announced that they were to belong to Indiana boys.
 The program is the best that could be arranged and Secretary George L. Goodwin, who had entire charge, has been commended for his excellent selections. One of the features of the day's program not included in the dedicatory exercise is the morning services in the churches. Such services will be observed in all the evangelical churches.
 Tomorrow marks the opening of a week of festivities connected with the dedication. The last exercise will be held on Friday evening of next week. On other evenings of the week there

Y. M. C. A. Building Which Is To Be Dedicated Sunday



RICHMOND PROUD OF THIS EDIFICE.

A splendid program has been arranged for the dedication of the Y. M. C. A. building tomorrow afternoon. Richmond people are exceedingly proud of the new building for it is, without doubt, one of the handsomest, best arranged and equipped institutions of its kind in the United States.

will be some special exercises at the building.
 The public cannot help but be well pleased with the building's interior style and arrangement, which will be inspected by the public tomorrow afternoon for the first time. An endeavor to make everything home like was the effort of the committee in charge of the construction and equipment.
Will Take Front Rank.
 The building will take front rank as one of the city's most beautiful buildings, not because of spiral effects for it has none, but because of its symmetry. The building will face on North Eighth street. The North A street side extends for more than 100 feet to the property of St. Mary's school. The west end is somewhat narrower than the front because of an "L" effect. The south side is indented in this manner.
 The building is four stories high and has a flat roof. The North and East sides of the building are constructed out of a grayish white brick, very hard and serviceable. The west and south sides are the common red brick. The building is trimmed in white stone. On the Eighth street and A street sides a wide cement walk is laid.
Interior Arrangement.
 The front entrance is midway on the Eighth street side and is constructed of stone. Over it and projecting out over the side walk is a steel and glass constructed canopy. After passing through two massive oak doors into the outer corridor, which is trimmed in marble four feet high, one again passes through two swinging oak doors into the corridors. Attention is first attracted to the ceiling arrangement. This section, including the large corridor, the billiard and pool section, the social and waiting section and the business offices, is entirely open. The only manner by which it may be detected that the rooms are divided into sections is the arrangement of the furniture, the columns and the different style of floors. The floors of the corridor proper are tile, arranged in special design. Those of the other rooms of this open space are hard pine. Another effect which shows that the space is divided is the tinting of the walls and ceiling. That in the corridor and pool and social and waiting room sections the walls are decorated in imitation of tan leather.
 The ceiling is sectional, broken in regular blocks and mission in style. It is hand decorated. The color of the ceiling is uniform throughout.
Unique Chandeliers.
 There are several chandeliers hung in this space. The style of these chandeliers is Dutch. They are suspended from the ceiling by brass chains. There are a different number of arms to the chandeliers varying from three to six arms.
 The hall is well lighted by windows of large dimensions on the north and east. In the northeast corner of this space is an enclosed place known as the "Spa," where Dutch lunches will be served. The Dutch effect is carried throughout. The walls are especially beautiful with their quaint scenes. In this room will be placed four round tables, each accommodating four persons. Lunches will be served three times a day. Just back of the spa is the kitchen. It contains a small gas range and several cupboards. The connection between the kitchen and the lunch room is a large window. There is a dumb waiter

TO CLOSE JAN. 13

Ohio Attorney General Announces Ruling on Preble County Saloons.

TEN SALOONS AFFECTED.

Eldorado, O., Dec. 26.—County Auditor R. J. Plummer has received a communication from the attorney general of the state conveying the information that the saloons of Preble county will have to close their doors Wednesday, January 13, to comply with the Rose county option law under which the county was voted "dry" December 14. Ten saloons will have to discontinue business.

FEW OFFENDERS.

Christmas in Richmond is always quiet so far as the number of arrests are concerned and yesterday was no exception, there being but few law violators arrested.

SEEKS AID FOR POOR CHILDREN

President Calls White House Conference to Consider Dependents.

HOME IS BEST ASYLUM.

IN HIS RESPONSE TO CHARITY WORKERS' APPEAL, ROOSEVELT ISSUES VERY INTERESTING AND POINTED LETTER.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 26.—"The best way to care for dependent children is in the family home," says President Roosevelt in a letter just made public calling a conference to be held in this city on Jan. 25 next for the discussion of the problem.

With approximately 150,000 youngsters coming within the classification of dependents in the United States the question has awakened prominent interest throughout the country.

The conference was suggested in a letter submitted to the president by Secretary Homer Folke of the New York State Charities Aid association; Supt. Hastings H. Hart of the Illinois Children's Aid society, who is also chairman of the "study of child placing" Russell Sage foundation; Judge Julian W. Mack of the United States circuit court at Chicago and many others.

The president sent this letter to about 100 prominent men. The establishment of a "bureau to gather information as to dependent children and other subjects" will be considered.

Letter of the President.

The president in his letter says: "I am confident that you will be impressed with the great importance of the subject touched on in this letter, and the desirability that there should be the fullest discussion of the propositions, a memorandum of which I inclose. Surely nothing ought to interest our people more than the care of the children who are destitute and neglected, but not delinquent."

"Personally, I earnestly believe that the best way in which to care for dependent children is in the family home. In Massachusetts many orphan asylums have been discontinued, and thousands of the children who formerly have gone to the orphan asylums are now kept in private homes, either on board with payment from the public or private treasuries, or in adopted homes provided by the generosity of foster parents."

"I am, accordingly, inviting a number of men and women, a list of whom I will announce to a conference to be held in Washington Jan. 25 and 26. The conference will open by my receiving the members at the White House Jan. 25, at 2:30 p. m."

What Charity Workers Write.

The letter of the charity workers suggesting the conference says: "The state has dealt generously with her troublesome children, but what is she doing for those who make no trouble, but are simply unfortunate? Destitute children certainly deserve as much consideration and help as those who, by reason of some alleged delinquency, enforce the attention of the state and become objects of its care, but only a few states have defined responsibility for this class of children."

Their care and protection is left in many localities to the fidelity of voluntary agencies without requiring proper standards of method or efficiency and without definite responsibilities to the state or the community.

"There were in orphan asylums and kindred institutions on Dec. 31, 1904, not less than 98,901 children. In addition to these there were probably some 50,000 dependent children in family homes, under supervision."

ROYALIST CRANK MAKES ASSAULT ON M. FALLIERES

During the Fight, French President Breaks His Cane On His Assailant and Makes Stout Defense.

ATTACK WAS MADE ON A PUBLIC STREET

Executive, With Assistance Of His Secretary and Military Attache, Effect Capture of Crank.

Paris, Dec. 26.—A sensational attack on President Fallieres by Jean Mattis, an alleged royalist, threw the city into wild excitement yesterday. Although the president escaped without any other injury than a scratch on the ear in the scuffle with his assailant, many wild rumors concerning the affair were set afloat, all of them magnifying the seriousness of the injury.

The attack was made near the Rue de l'Etoile while the president was taking an early morning stroll, accompanied by M. Ramondou, his secretary and Colonel Lasson, one of the military attaches at the Elysee.

Mattis, who apparently had been awaiting the appearance of the president, sprang upon him suddenly from behind, throwing his arms about his neck and trying to throw him to the ground.

The president grappled with his assailant and broke his cane in the struggle.

Finally Overpowered.

Colonel Lasson and M. Ramondou dragged the man away and turned him over to two government detectives who had been following the party in order to guard the president from any possible attack just such as occurred.

The man while being handcuffed exclaimed: "I simply wanted to pull the president's beard. I am not armed." This was found to be true when he was searched.

Mattis gave his age as 24, occupation waiter. Medals and stamps bearing the imprint of the head of the Duke d'Orleans were found in his pockets, and also a cord of membership in the Royalist order, the Patrie Francaise.

A search of Mattis' rooms revealed a large amount of Royalist literature, showing that he was in close touch with several of the Royalist leaders, but so far nothing has been discovered to show that the attack was the result of a prearranged plot. The man talked in a rambling way about "having done his duty in behalf of France."

Of late the Royalist organs have been charging the government with responsibility for all sorts of crimes, using the Stiehl and the Fallieres-Austresse affairs as illustrations. It is thought that the reading of some of these inflammatory articles may have induced Mattis to make his attack on M. Fallieres.

Hated by Anarchists.

An anarchist of the name of Cillivo was arrested in Marseilles on August 21, 1906, on the charge of plotting to assassinate M. Fallieres. At that time a number of bombs and other explosives were discovered in Cillivo's home.

In September of the following year threatening letters were received by him as he was leaving for Marseilles to unveil a statue, but the activity of the police prevented any attempt to carry out the threats. All along the route through which President Fallieres rode in the streets of Marseilles houses sheltered detectives and gendarmes and the plans of the Anarchists were foiled. Six men were arrested on suspicion of having plotted his death. Since that time no public mention of any plots against his life has been made.

Mr. White, the American ambassador, and other members of the diplomatic corps and of the cabinet and a number of high officials called at the Elysee Palace today to express their indignation at the insult offered President Fallieres.

SPRECKLES IS DEAD

Pneumonia Claims the Millionaire Sugar King This Morning.

SON RACES WITH DEATH.

San Francisco, Dec. 26.—Claus Spreckles, sugar magnate and millionaire, aged eighty years, died at five o'clock this morning of pneumonia. He had been sick since Tuesday. His two sons and two granddaughters were present. Rudolph Spreckles reached his father's bedside a few hours before the end came, in response to a wireless message, which intercepted him on a steamship bound for Honolulu.

CRANK ATTACKS PRES. FALLIERES



PRESIDENT OF FRANCE.

WILL RATLIFF VOTE TO REPEAL OPTION LAW?

Stated That Wayne's Representative Will Lineup With Democrats if Such Effort Is Undertaken.

HIS ATTITUDE BEING WATCHED BY VOTERS

Joint Representative Gardner Favors the County Option Measure and Will Endeavor To Have It Retained.

Wayne county's representative in the Indiana legislature, which convenes in Indianapolis January 7, will probably both stand out against any attempt to repeal of the county local option law, although there is some doubt, so far as Walter S. Ratliff is concerned. A. M. Gardner, joint representative from Wayne and Fayette counties, this morning, stated that he stood for the retention of the statute and would oppose any repeal.

Ratliff's Stand Questioned.

Ratliff, on the other hand, seems to be an uncertain member and there is much speculation as to whether or no he will attempt to bolt the instructions of his party leaders, it being well known that it was party pressure and not that of the civic league, deceased the ministerial association or any other set of reformers in Wayne county which was responsible for his sudden flop when the bill was up for passage in the special session. Ratliff declared stoutly that he would never vote for the county local option bill, and it was not thought that he would since he had always been termed a liberal, so far as temperance legislation was concerned. But strange to say, Ratliff did change and it has been openly asserted that his acrobatic stunt of flopping was the direct result of a little caucus in which State Chairman Goodrich and a number of party workers were the prosecutors and Ratliff the defendant.

At any rate "the law" was laid down to Ratliff, and the newspapers were once more given good copy, Ratliff having made another one of his flops at the critical stage of the game.

"Will this pressure again rule Ratliff's action in the coming session of legislative solons?" This is the question that is being considered pro and con more than either of the probable measures that will be submitted by Wayne county's legislators.

To Vote Against Repeal.

Some of those who claim to be "on the inside" of everything say that Ratliff will surely vote against any repeal, but there are others who say that Ratliff will take a stand with the democrats, casting his vote for change in the present statute if the democratic caucus decides to change the present law.

Both Representative Ratliff and Representative Gardner will leave next week for Indianapolis. Mr. Gardner goes Wednesday night and his headquarters will probably be at the Hotel English. It is probable that Mrs. Ratliff will accompany her husband.

Both Mr. Gardner and Mr. Ratliff have several bills in mind which they will draw up and submit during the coming session.

THE WEATHER PROPHET

INDIANA AND OHIO—Fair and cold or tonight; Sunday cloudy.

U. S. DEPUTIES' TORCH FIRES MINERS' HOTEL

Government Officers Call Up on Barricaded Kentuckians To Surrender, But Rifle Volley Was Their Answer.

DEFENDERS ARE FINALLY FORCED TO TAKE FLIGHT

Leave Burning Building Under Heavy Fire, Carrying Wounded on Their Backs—Two Known to Be Dead.

The Dead.

John Mullins, United States marshal, Richmond, Ky.

Richard Ross, miner.

The Wounded.

Marshal Tate, Somerset, Ky.

Marshal Ryan, Somerset, Ky.

Several miners, whose names were not given, were also wounded in the melee.

Stearns, Ky., Dec. 26.—Christmas day in this little mining town was a day of fire and bloodshed, marked by a terrific battle between local miners and Deputy United States Marshals, in which one of the latter was instantly killed and some of the former were wounded and possibly several of them cremated in the ruins of the McFarra Hotel here.

After the battle and the burning of the hotel by the deputy marshals, the miners, who had been besieged in the hotel, escaped, and are now at large in the wild country about here, and the last heard from them was a threat from the leader, Berry Simpson, to return here, distribute whiskey to the 500 or more miners and burn the town. The few inhabitants not in sympathy with the spirit of today's tragic scenes are terrorized, and pray, as the night advances, that help will come to prevent the threat of Simpson being carried out.

Outgrowth of a Strike.

The trouble is the outgrowth of a strike in the mines of the Stearns Coal and Lumber company, which constitutes one of the largest industries of Whitley county.

It is asserted that, following the original strike, some of the men returned to work, and with these and imported men, the mines were operated. The miners, it is said, are members of the United Mine Workers of America and soon J. O. Tunstall, an organizer from that organization, appeared to induce those not already out, to strike.

The company then, through J. N. Sharp and E. L. Stephenson, of Williamsburg, appealed to the United States courts, and Judge Cochran, at Saywell, Ky., issued an injunction restraining the striking miners and their sympathizers from interfering with the men at work in the mines or the property of the company.

It is said that this injunction was disregarded in that Tunstall and his associates were interfering with the operation of the mines at Stearns, Barthell and Worley and 12 miles of railroad connecting these points, all in Whitley county.

Berry Simpson, who also was proprietor of the McFarra hotel, is credited with being the leader of the striking miners.

Leaders of the Disturbers.

It is said that he and Tunstall worked together, having as their active assistants Jesse Simpson and Harvey Simpson, sons of Berry Simpson; Eliza Slavin, Oliver Slavin, George Stanley and Reuben West.

The allegation was made that the interference of these men was of sufficient force to reduce the output of the mines from 900 to 300 tons of coal a day.

As no attention was paid to the injunction, Judge Cochran ordered the arrest of the seven men, and directed United States Marshal Sharp, at Covington, to have the men brought before him.

Deputy United States Marshal Masling, of Somerset, was ordered to make the arrest, and Deputy Marshal Mullins, of Richmond, was detailed to assist him.

Determined to Fight.

The coming of the officers was known to them, and they had decided to resist arrest.

The officers went to the hotel, and, as they approached, were halted just outside the two-story frame structure, and told they must not attempt to arrest the men. The officers were told to give up without a fight.

They had closed and barricaded the doors and shutters, and had made portoles in the latter through which to fire on the officers.

When the officers were apprised of this state of affairs they sent a preliminary order to the men to surrender, as it was their intention to arrest the miners at all hazards.

The demand was no sooner communicated to the besieged than the muzzle

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