

THE RICHMOND PALLADIUM

AND SUN-TELEGRAM.

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RICHMOND, IND., WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 23, 1908.

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FEDERATION LABOR LEADERS ARE SENTENCED TO PRISON

GOMPERS, ALSO
JOHN MITCHELL
AND MORRISON

Ruling Made by the Supreme
Court of District of Colum-
bia Today Received as a
Sensation.

VICTIMS SAY RULING
IS AN UNJUST ONE

Have Appealed Ruling to the
United States Supreme
Court and Given Bond—Re-
sult of Boycott Case.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 23.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment; First Vice President John Mitchell to nine months' imprisonment and Secretary Morrison to six months' imprisonment, in a decision made today by the supreme court of the District of Columbia. The court ruled the three labor leaders were guilty of contempt of court in the case growing out of the boycott on the Buck Stove and Range company by the American Federation of Labor. For years this company has been published in the "We Do Not Patronize List" of the American Federationist. The District of Columbia Supreme Court ordered the publication to discontinue placing the Buck company in its "unfair list." This action was not taken and the court held the three highest officers of the federation to be guilty of contempt of its order.

The defendants have appealed the case to the United States supreme court and were furnished bail as follows: Gompers, \$5,000; Mitchell, \$4,000; Morrison, \$3,000. Justice Wright in making the decision severely scored the action of the defendants in prosecuting the boycott in the first instance and was especially severe in denunciation of the editorials supporting the boycott and the speeches of Gompers and Mitchell. He said Gompers was the prime mover, but Mitchell as president of the Mine Workers Union was guilty in allowing further reference to the boycott in the Mine Workers Journal, and by his speeches was almost as equally guilty as Gompers. Great stress was laid on the sending out of ten thousand copies of the Federationist containing reference to the boycott after the injunction against it had been issued. Justice Wright summed up by declaring the defendants had set themselves up as a tribunal, higher than the lawful courts of the land and said the laboring men were victims of misguided leaders, as in this case.

The defendants were asked if they had anything to say. Gompers denied that the Federation of Labor had attempted to be higher than the courts, and that it was a struggle of the working people against agents of tyranny. "If men have to suffer for fighting battles of their fellow men, I am willing to suffer," said Gompers. Mitchell and Morrison endorsed the sentiment.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ENTERTAINS

Greensfork School Gives a
Program Tonight.

Greensfork, Ind., Dec. 23.—The Liberal U. B. Sunday School of Sugar Grove will give a Christmas entertainment and tree this evening at 7:15. The program consists of declamations, songs, dialogues and a tableau. Everybody is cordially invited.

PENNYS ENTERTAIN.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Penny entertained a number of their friends from Cambridge City at their home in this city last night. Their guests were: B. F. Miller, W. B. Harris, John Fair, Roy Capeland and Alexander Steele.

DAIRYMEN ARE INDIGNANT OVER MILK ORDINANCE

Say Many Features of the
Measure Are So Radical
That Adoption Means Their
Ruin.

EFFECTED DEALERS WILL
SOON HOLD A MEETING

Dairymen Contend That Pres-
ent Regulations Cause On-
ly Meagre Profits and Paint
Dark Outlook.

That many of the provisions in the proposed milk inspection ordinance, submitted to city council by Dr. Charles S. Bond, health officer, will force the milk men doing business in Richmond, to increase the price of milk from seven to ten, and probably, twelve cents per quart, was the general verdict of the dairymen, after they had read the provisions of the ordinance in the newspapers. From all indications there will be a revolt on the part of the dairymen and a meeting for consultation will be called soon. At that time the milk retailers of Richmond may decide definitely to increase the price of milk, which action they declare will take it out of the hands of hundreds of poor people, and milk will then become a luxury instead of a commodity.

Dairy men also say that they see behind the ordinance, a well concealed plot to drive the smaller dealers completely out of business, in favor of a larger dairy company.

They allege that the health officer at one time stated that there should be but one dealer in Richmond and that the present smaller dairymen should turn their milk over to him for distribution, instead of doing their own distributing. These charges are not considered seriously by many people, but at the same time it cannot be doubted but that they will assist materially in bringing about the decision of the dairymen to increase milk prices.

It is not entirely through a spirit of revenge that the increase will be made, it is declared by the milk dealers, but a move for self preservation. They say that with the present high prices of feed, the expense in meeting the state dairy department's regulations in conducting their dairies, and increased cost of delivery, are already responsible for but a meagre profit in the business, and with the expense which would be added if the city health officer's law was adopted, would make seven cent milk an impossibility. If

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JURORS IN HAINS CASE OUT FOR LITTLE AIRING



CONSPIRATORS WERE TRAPPED BY NEW DICTATOR

Discovery of Plot to Kill Juan
Vicente Gomez Leads to
The Downfall of the Revo-
lutionists.

GOMEZ MAKES ARREST
OF ONE OF HIS ENEMIES

New Regime Is Quickly Found-
ed and Dispute With Neth-
erlands Brought to an Ab-
rupt End.

Caracas, Venezuela, December 23.—An accusation filed at the high federal court by a prominent lawyer charging President Castro, who is now in Berlin, with complicity in a plot on Saturday to assassinate Juan Vicente Gomez, acting president, has brought about unanimous opposition to the former dictator on the part of the people of Venezuela.

The plot to kill Gomez and Castro's knowledge of it was discovered from secret cables from Berlin intended for his agents here falling into the hands of his enemies. It showed Gomez the necessity for immediate action and the cabinet was forced to resign. The change in the ministry was not made known until after 1,500 soldiers who are loyal to Gomez, had been brought into the city from the interior.

Gomez now holds the whip hand and he will probably succeed Castro as president. He is arming and concentrating troops in the belief that soldiers in the interior who are still loyal to Castro, will fight. There have been no further outbreaks, but events are rapidly approaching a crisis that will eliminate Castro forever.

The bank of Venezuela has cabled its correspondents at Berlin and Paris canceling the unlimited letter of credit given to President Castro when he left Venezuela for Europe.

Story of the Plot.

There was a meeting Friday night of the plotters at the residence in Caracas of Garbiras Guzman, secretary-general in the last Castro cabinet, and who was placed in charge of President Castro's personal business in Venezuela when the president left for Germany. The conspirators decided upon a coup d'etat. They determined to assassinate Acting President Gomez, Jose De Jesus Paul, the foreign minister; General Leopoldo Baptista, and other prominent men; seize the administration of the country and with the army terrorize and over-awe the population. Torres-Cardenas, who was at one time minister of the interior under President Castro, and later his personal secretary, was the active leader of the conspiracy. He was entrusted with the carrying out of the plot. He had as lieutenants the commanders of three battalions. In spite of the precautions taken in intimidation of what was on foot reached the ears of Acting President Gomez. As soon as he had satisfied himself of the truth of the reports he took immediate steps to frustrate the attempt.

Early Saturday morning he went on foot alone to the barracks in Caracas, where a mutinous regiment, under the command of President Castro's brother, was quartered. With cool courage he entered the building, and placed the brother of the president under arrest. Vice President Gomez made it possible for him to carry out this dangerous maneuver successfully.

Caught Red-Handed.

Gomez then went to the Yellow House, the executive mansion, where

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THE WEATHER PROPHET.
INDIANA—Probably fair Thursday.

CASE REVEALS PLOT DAMAGING EVIDENCE IN.

Witness Says T. J. Hains Told
Of Being Prepared to
Defend Brother.

Flushing, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Testimony designed to corroborate stories of the killing of William E. Annis told in the trial of Thornton J. Hains was developed yesterday from several of the prosecution's witnesses. District Attorney Darrin told Justice Crane when court adjourned that the state would probably take a week to complete its case.

William Knapp, a Bayside Yacht Club member, was given a rigorous cross-examination after testifying that while sailing toward the dock after the impromptu boat race he heard shooting and saw Mrs. Annis run down the runway.

"I saw her move across the float," continued Knapp, "then she was stopped and went up the runway again. Some one took her by the arm. I could not see who stopped her because she was hidden by the jib of Annis's boat."

Mrs. Helene E. Annis testified yesterday that Thornton Hains turned her back with a revolver when she ran across toward her wounded husband.

Testimony Causes Sensation.
John C. Stephens, another fellow club member of Annis, caused a sensation when he testified that he heard the defendant say after the shooting: "I came to protect my brother and would have shot anybody who interfered."

Morrill L. Downs, of Flushing, a Bayside Yacht Club member, was the first witness. He was on the clubhouse piazza when the shooting took place. Immediately after he went to the float. Downs testified:

"The defendant had a revolver in his hand and it was cocked. Capt. Hains stepped forward. I put my hands on the defendant's shoulder, but he said: 'No, this is a matter for the police. I then said to him: 'Who are you?' and he said 'I am Capt. Hains, son of Gen. Hains of the Regular Army.'"

"Then the real Capt. Hains broke in and said: 'I am Capt. Hains and he is my brother.'"

"If then said this was a gentleman's club and we could not allow strangers to be armed. The defendant asked his brother if he should give the pistol up."

John C. Stephens of Flushing, a Bayside Yacht Club member, and eyewitness of the shooting testified. He was seated in his boat when the shooting commenced. He said there was one shot, an interval of eight or ten seconds, then several more shots.

The witness said when the defendant later handed over his revolver, Capt. Hains said: "We have finished our business. There will be no more shooting."

"GIFTS FOR KING"
An Attractive Program at the
Second Presbyterian
Church.

Social Thursday Evening

"Gifts for the King" is the title of the attractive Christmas exercises to be given at the Second Presbyterian church, North Nineteenth street, by the Sunday school, Thursday evening. The music is bright and stirring and together with the special recitations and class songs from the different departments will furnish an entertainment superior to any given heretofore. Besides these features some present will be given to every student of the school. All are cordially invited to attend. Special programs have been prepared and will be passed around among those in attendance. The programs also include the musical numbers to be rendered by the choir and the classes.

VIGOROUS WILL BE THE CONTEST OF DEMOCRATS

Now That Plans for the War
Fund Are Completed Con-
testants Will Fight to the
Bitter End.

DISTRICT CHAIRMEN ARE
TO SOLICIT THE MONEY

Reported That Beveridge Will
Select Charles W. Miller to
Succeed Kealing as U. S.
District Attorney.

Palladium Bureau,
Indianapolis, Dec. 23.

Indianapolis, Dec. 23.—After all, it looks like the democrats propose to make a vigorous contest for the state offices which they claim they were hornswoogled out of by the republicans at the November election. The fact that Burt New, candidate for reporter of the supreme court, who got cold feet on the contest proposition a few days ago, has returned to the fold makes the contest assume a really formidable aspect. Then the further fact that the democratic state committee has taken up the fight and thus receives the candidates themselves of the exposure of the contest makes it certain that the democrats will go as far as they can in the matter.

Nine members of the state committee attended the meeting at which it was decided to push the contest. The district chairmen who attended this meeting were Alvin Padgett, Second district; Mark Storen, third; George Pleasant, fourth; Peter Foley, fifth; Bernard Korbly, seventh; John Osborne, sixth; Lew Ellingham, eighth; Edward G. Hoffman, twelfth; S. N. Stevens, thirteenth.

The First Tenth and Eleventh districts were not represented. J. Kirby Risk, of Lafayette, chairman of the Tenth, was out of the state.

Plan Raise Funds.

It was decided at this meeting to have each district chairman raise money in his district for use in conducting the contest and they all said they would see to it that their districts came through with the necessary.

Fremont Goodwine, who was in the city last night, took occasion to tell what he believed to be the cause of his defeat for lieutenant governor, and his story involves some carelessness on the part of the republican state headquarters during the campaign. Goodwine, it will be remembered, was the special target of the old soldiers of the state, who opposed him because they said that at the session of the legislature two years ago Goodwine killed the bill to appropriate money for the preservation of the old battle flags of the Indiana regiments. These tattered emblems of the war are now in the State Museum at the state house and a bill was introduced at the last session to appropriate money for the installation of glass cases in which to place the flags and from which they should never be removed. The old soldiers believed that this bill would have passed but for the opposition of Goodwine, who was a senator. Goodwine denied the blame in the matter but the old soldiers made it an issue in the campaign against him.

Record Explained.

Goodwine says he had some circulars printed shortly before the election setting forth his position in the flag matter and explaining his record. These circulars, he said, he left at the republican state headquarters with instructions to have them mailed out over the state. He left the city, and when he returned a day or two before the election he found the circulars had not been mailed.

"If those circulars had been sent out," he said, "I believe I would have been elected. But they were not, and I do not know who is to blame for it." It is said to be a fact that the old soldiers did soak Goodwine hard throughout the state.

Plum for Miller.

Charles W. Miller, of Goshen, former attorney general of Indiana and candidate against H. A. Barnhart, of Rochester, for congress from the Thirtieth district, at the last election is being talked of as likely to be picked by Senator Beveridge for the position of United States district attorney to succeed Joseph B. Kealing. This office will be vacant in 1909 and Senator Beveridge will have the naming of the man who is to get it. It is known that Beveridge thinks as much of Miller as of any man alive and that he has great faith in his ability as a lawyer. During the campaign when Beveridge made his special train trip over the state the week before the election he lost no opportunity while speaking in the Thirtieth district to say nice things about Miller. He urged the people to elect him, and they didn't lack much of doing it. There is a belief here that Miller will get the job.

But nobody seems to know anything about who will succeed Harry Pettit

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Palladium's Circulation

5,453

Item's Circulation

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On October 28 the circulation of the Palladium and the circulation of the Item was investigated by the Association of American Advertisers. The Palladium prints herewith its circulation for the year ending September 30, 1908. Has anyone heard the Item mention its circulation?

