

VICIOUS FIGHT AT LEBANON

Democrats Accuse Republicans and Free-for-all Follows.

HEADS CRACKED IN MELEE.

WAS ALLEGED THAT ANTI-BOOZE AGREEMENT HAD BEEN VIOLATED—TWO MEN ACCUSED ESCAPE ARREST.

Lebanon, Ind., Oct. 31.—The courthouse yard in Lebanon was the scene of a wild pre-election riot today. Revolvers were drawn, knives were flourished and there were a number of fist-fight encounters. The trouble grew out of the allegations of the Democratic leaders that the Republicans were violating the anti-boozing agreement, and that the Republican managers in Boone county had invented a new scheme for designating the ballots cast by those who, it was alleged, they intended to buy.

This morning the Democratic chairman called for a conference with the Republican workers at the sheriff's office. Eight or ten representatives of each party were present, and when the Democrats put the boozing question to the Republicans, the latter strenuously denied it.

Suspected Man Fled.

Before Judge Artman, candidate for re-election on the Republican ticket, and representatives of the two parties, the Democrats asked that certain of the Republicans be searched for evidence. The Republicans refused to permit this, and the Democrats threatened to call in the police. Two of the men under suspicion, Jack Lockhart and Charles W. Scott, bolted the meeting and succeeded in getting away. This brought on the riot. They were followed into the courthouse yard, but the pursuers were held up by friends of the two men.

Within a few minutes 200 men were on the scene and the wildest excitement prevailed. Heads were cracked, noses smashed and eyes were blacked, but it was over an hour before the police were able to disperse the crowd.

Among those in the thickest of the fight and who received injuries were R. T. Pinnell, James A. White and H. M. Coulter, all leading politicians.

COL. JOHN GOWDY REPLIES TO ATTACK MADE BY CAMPBELL

(Continued From Page One.)

result of a personal grievance. Col. Gowdy said Campbell formerly was a member of the republican party, but broke from the ranks on the monetary question, being an advocate of the free silver issue of Bryan. Campbell now has taken up the cause of democracy. At home his words have practically no weight as he is always held as a turn-coat. As to Campbell's declarations about the two Millers and Fred Cleverger, Col. Gowdy said he was surprised at their boldness. The Millers are the proprietors of the leading hotel of Rushville. A bar is operated in connection with the hotel, but the owners are not regarded in the light of "saloon men." They are prominent, reputable citizens, and to leave their names off a committee of such significance would appear as unwarranted, whom the nature of the occasion is considered. The Grand hotel, which is possessed by the Millers is the best known hostelry in Rushville.

Col. Gowdy asserted the claim that Fred Cleverger is a professional gambler and a widely known faro dealer was a surprise to him. He declared Cleverger's business at Rushville is considered that of a brick manufacturer. He has never been charged by his fellow citizens with being the common gambler such as Campbell represented.

Attack One of Series.

The colonel maintains that the attack made upon Watson in this city yesterday by Campbell was only one of a series that has been made throughout the state. Mr. Gowdy believes that any such stories emanating from the sources they do and of such partisan nature must be discounted. "Just say this for me," remarked Col. Gowdy, "Mr. Watson is supported by the best element there is in Rushville, and those persons talking against him do so for purely political effect."

There is more to the story, also. Campbell is the law partner of Frank Hall, democratic candidate for lieutenant governor. This gives added reason for his anti-Watson enmity. William L. Newbold is the democratic county chairman of Rush county and also deputy prosecuting attorney. The question arises naturally, if such law violations exist in Rushville, as Campbell declared and attributed to Watson and "his ring" why does not the democratic chairman out of his duty to the state enter prosecution?

Campbell stated Rushville is one of the most open towns in the state and

WILLIAM RANDOLPH SHOWS HOW STANDARD OIL COMPANY HAS FINGERS ON MEANS OF INFLUENCING GENERAL PUBLIC

New York, Oct. 31.—William Randolph Hearst again hurled a bomb into the camp of John D. Archbold and the Standard Oil company tonight in Carnegie hall, when he read letters proving to the public that great prices were paid by that corporation to newspapers, educators and lawmakers to control the United States. Hearst was heard by hundreds of people and his assertions were greeted by the wildest enthusiasm.

"My friends—Last Monday Mr. Archbold attacked me quite severely for my lack of etiquette in reading his private letters to the people's public servants. Mr. Archbold did not consider it outrageous for him to send secret certificates of deposit which he received, the one for \$50,000, was sent to him in order to secure control of a leading newspaper in Ohio. That is not my statement. It is his and is in all probability true.

"Mr. Archbold became almost angry and used near strong language and I was compelled to reply to him. I reproved Mr. Archbold very gently and for his own good, I gave him excellent advice. I told him not to lie, for if he did I had the documents to convict him. Mr. Archbold did not take my kind and well meant advice. He would go ahead, he did lie and here I have the documents to convict him. Mr. Archbold gave out the following statement and published it in all the papers. He said: I am very sure that until Hearst read the letters neither Judge Morrison nor Judge Henderson had any knowledge of my having written Gov. Stone in their behalf.

"Judge Morrison also declared that he had not seen him in years, and said Judge Morrison, 'It is inexplicable that the Standard Oil man should have taken so deep an interest in my welfare.'

Reads More Letters.

"In the light of the latter I am about to read the explanation seems simple enough. Mr. Archbold apparently took so deep an interest in the matter of the appointment of Mr. Morrison to a judgeship because Mr. Morrison certainly knew of Mr. Archbold's activity in his behalf, because Mr. Archbold wrote Mr. Morrison telling him about it. You will see plainly from the first paragraph that this letter which Mr. Archbold wrote when in reply to a letter which Mr. Morrison wrote. Here is Mr. Archbold's letter:

"26 Broadway, New York, Aug. 3, 1899. "Hon. Thomas A. Morrison, Smithport, Pa.—My Dear Sir:—I am only in receipt of your favor of August 1 and it has given me great pleasure to write Senator Quay and Penrose expressing my earnest desire that it may prove possible and consonant for them to support you for the supreme judgeship.

"Very truly yours,
JOHN D. ARCHBOLD."

I have looked up the subscription price of the Southern Farm Magazine and I find that it is fifty cents a year, so that Mr. Archbold's \$5,000 was either a subsidy or a subscription for 10,000 years, as Mr. Archbold says, the \$5,000 "a subscription for another year," we may conclude not only that it was a subsidy but that it followed a previous subsidy of a similar kind and amount.

The Standard Oil Company not only endeavors to influence public sentiment through magazines and newspapers, but it subsidizes teachers and lecturers to "Educate" the public in the interest of the Standard Oil. The following letter is an example in:

"Educators" Used.
To Professor Geo. Gunton, 41 Union Square, City:

"My Dear Professor:—Respecting to your favor it gives me pleasure to enclose you herewith certificate of deposit to your favor, \$5,000 as an additional contribution to that agreed upon and to aid you in your most excellent work. I most earnestly hope that the way we open for enlarged scope as you anticipate.

"Very truly yours,
JOHN D. ARCHBOLD."

"We have seen therefore that the Standard Oil company endeavors to influence magazines, newspapers, lecturers and every medium of publicity for their political and financial purposes. I will not read a letter which indicates a still wider and more comparative plan and one of even greater damages to the free press and the free speech which are the cornerstones of our republic.

Sibley Shown Up.
The letter is from the Standard Oil company's congressional spy Joseph C. Sibley. It is written on the letter paper of congress and is headed:

"Joseph C. Sibley, Chairman Committee on Manufacturers, House of Representatives, U. S.

Washington, March 7, 1895.

"My Dear Mr. Archbold, the illness of a member of my family has prevented my coming to New York. Senator B. was to have gone over with me. I think he will go anyway, as he has business there. I had a conversation with an important "Official" yesterday and he told me there was but one thing to do and that was to start a "back fire" an efficient literary bureau is needed not for a day or a crisis but a permanent and healthy control of The Associated Press and Kindred avenues it will cost money, but will be the cheapest in the end and can be made self supporting.

The next four years is more than previous epoch, to determine the future of the country. No man values public opinion or fears it so much as Roosevelt. No man seeks popularity so much as he. Mild reproof or criticism of his policy would nearly paralyze him. Today he hears only the chorus of a rabble and he thinks it is public sentiment. I don't know whether the industrial corporations and the transportation companies have enough at stake to justify a union of forces for concerted action. It seems to me necessary.

Sincerely yours,
SIBLEY."

Bailey Implicated.
The Senator B. mentioned in this letter is of course our old friend Joe Bailey of Texas. Without doubt as

organization and the completeness of their plan of campaign is astonishing. If the Standard Oil company shall succeed in securing control of the officials of the people's government, the machinery of justice and the channels of publicity, they certainly will have the people entirely at their mercy to be ruled and robbed as the Standard Oil company sees fit.

You will remember that Senator Foraker declared that one of the secret certificates of deposit which he received, the one for \$50,000, was sent to him in order to secure control of a leading newspaper in Ohio. That is not my statement. It is his and is in all probability true.

"26 Broadway, Oct. 10, 1902.

"Mr. H. H. Edmonds, Baltimore, Md.:

"Dear Sir:—Responding to yours of the ninth it gives me pleasure to enclose you herewith certificate of deposit to your favor for \$3,000 covering a year's subscription to the Manufacturer's Record.

"Truly yours,
JOHN D. ARCHBOLD."

I have looked up the subscription price of the Manufacturer's Record and I find that it is \$4 a year. Consequently Mr. Archbold was either subsidizing the Manufacturer's Record or he was subscribing for 750 years. There is no mention of any advertising done by the Manufacturer's Record or any legitimate newspaper business performed.

The Standard Oil Company is a liberal subscriber of this sort and the object of these subscriptions is to induce these publications to influence public sentiment in favor of Standard Oil as the following letter will show:

"26 Broadway, Dec. 18, 1901.

"Mr. Thomas G. Rasty, care Buck & Pratt, Room 1203, 27 North William Street, City.

"Dear Mr. Grasty:—I have your favor of yesterday and beg to return herewith the telegram from Mr. Edmonds to you. We are willing to continue the subscription of \$5,000 to the Southern Farm Magazine for another year, payments to be made the same as they have been this year. We do not doubt but that the influence of your publications throughout the South is of the most helpful character. With good wishes, I am,

"Very truly yours,
JOHN D. ARCHBOLD."

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THINKS DEMOCRATS SENT OUT LETTERS

Timothy Nicholson Sees Their Work in Forged Messages.

DECEPTION IS A FAILURE.

TEMPERANCE PEOPLE CANNOT HELP BUT SEE SCHEME—MARSHALL WOULD BE DOMINATED BY BREWERY INTERESTS.

The Palladium is in receipt of a communication from Timothy Nicholson, the well known member of the Friends' church, who repudiates his signature to the letter circulated about the city purporting to be signed by him. An account of this letter and its fraudulent authorship was printed in the Palladium of last evening.

Mr. Nicholson says: "My attention was called to a card or letter signed by me and two ministers of our city, falsely representing me as a minister, and urging all who secured a copy to vote for James E. Watson, and charging Thomas R. Marshall with indulging in intoxicating liquors. I think I make no mistake in charging that the enemy hath done this." Brewery and saloon tactics in the interest of Thomas R. Marshall. Temperance republicans and temperance democrats are too intelligent to be deceived or influenced by such clap-trap, and all brewers and saloonists and gamblers are already for Marshall of whose personal habits I know nothing. But he was nominated by the last named class and if elected it will be by their influence and money. I think they will completely dominate him and however noble may be his desires or impulses he will be compelled to do their bidding. Hence I desire the election of Watson, who will be surrounded and influenced by a much better class of citizens."

WINTER TERM

is now open but others are expecting to enter during the next few days, so why not join this class and enter with equal advantage. If you do not understand our terms, phone or address

RICHMOND BUSINESS COLLEGE
L. B. CAMPBELL, Res. Mgr.

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