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A PARDON FOR POWERS?

If reports are true a gigantic petition is being circulated in Kentucky to be eventually presented to the governor asking that Caleb Powers be given his liberty. Caleb Powers without a doubt has stood more punishment during his five trials than if he had been sentenced for life at the start. Five times has he been presented for trial hoping for the best only to see absolutely nothing accomplished owing to disagreements of the juries. And five times has he grimly returned to his cell to prepare anew his case for the next trial. Assuredly it looks as though he were entitled to take advantage of a favorable decision on the part of the governor should the petition now being circulated have enough influence upon the chief executive of Kentucky to persuade him to grant a pardon. Yet we doubt if it would be a wise thing for the governor to grant a pardon or for Powers to accept one. Powers is admired throughout the Union today for the game fight he has put up for his liberty and exoneration against overwhelming odds. Time and again he has fought a democratic administration of Kentucky bent upon obtaining his death by fair means or by foul means. All the power of a strong democratic machine has been exerted to crush him to no purpose. While he has never won a victory in the sense of gaining his liberty he has defeated that machine by the force of his arguments at his respective trials in bringing about disagreements of the juries. And now that a republican administration is in power in Kentucky chiefly through the effect of his repeated trials and the widespread feeling that he could not obtain justice from the courts of the state as long as the democratic party was in control, it would be the height of folly to jeopardize what has been gained so far through the hardest kind of a struggle by accepting a pardon as the easiest way out. We are Anglo-Saxons in this country and enjoy most the victory hard won. Powers is one of us and as such should not relish a pardon, but should keep up his game fight to obtain his liberty through due process of the law. Resting under the charge he is, he should never be satisfied with a pardon as the finale of his efforts for freedom against great odds. What he should seek is a complete exoneration at the hands of a jury and under present conditions he should be able to procure a jury that would hear and weigh his case impartially.



Florence, Italy, Jan. 8.—Maxim Gorky the Russian novelist and emancipator, will probably never again see the country for whose freedom he has labored all his life.

Gorky is a sufferer from rapid consumption and the disease is said to be making such headway that the physi-

Why I Lost
My JobHOLDS EMPLOYER'S
LIABILITY LAW VOID

Supreme Court Decides Measure Goes Beyond Interstate Regulations.

FOUR JUSTICES DISSENT.

Washington, Jan. 8.—That the congressional act known as the "employers' liability law" is not in accordance with the constitution of the United States because it goes beyond the bounds permitted in the regulation of interstate commerce was the conclusion reached by the supreme court of the United States in deciding two damage cases coming to the court from the federal courts of Kentucky and Tennessee, which were brought under the provision of the law. The decision was announced by Justice White, the court standing five for and four against the law. Even among the five who voted not to sustain the statute there were different shades of opinion. Much interest was manifested in the result of the court's deliberations.

BROTHERHOODS TO
MEET IN CONFERENCE

Will Meet With Y. M. C. A. Officials.

A meeting will be held at the Masonic temple Friday evening at eight o'clock where representatives from the various brotherhoods of the city churches will meet in conference with the Y. M. C. A. officials. Secretary Goodwin, of the Y. M. C. A., recently spoke to the ministers of the city on the necessity of a greater cooperation between the Y. M. C. A. and the churches of the city.

CURIOS PRESENTED
COUNTY COMMISSIONERSGranville Williams Collected
Them in Civil War.

A collection of curios, Indian relics and shells, which composed a large miscellaneous collection, has been presented by Granville Williams, a well known blacksmith, to the county commissioners. The collection has been placed in the commissioners' room. The collection is large for a private one, and was accumulated by Mr. Williams while a soldier stationed on the coast during the Civil war.

CIGAR MAKERS TO
INSTALL OFFICERSWill Meet Tonight in Union
Hall.

According to Herault, during the siege of Paris by Henry IV, a famine raged and bread sold at a crown a pound. When this was consumed the people, maddened with hunger, exhumed the dried bones from a charnel house and from these bones made a kind of bread.

4 pieces regular \$1.50 Wool
Dress Goods in black, sale
price \$1.18, at Knollenberg's
Dress Goods Department.

The installation of officers for the Cigar Makers' union will take place at a meeting to be held tonight at the Union hall.

We have added a number of Ladies' Tailored Suits to our Special Bargain line at \$9.48, \$11.48 and \$15.48. Great value. Knollenberg's Store.

Boston Store

The Clearance Sale
Of Cloaks and Suits

This Season's

Very Latest Styles....

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits $\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ off.Ladies' Black Cloth Coats $\frac{1}{3}$ off.Ladies' Colored Cloth Coats $\frac{1}{3}$ off.Ladies' Rain Coats 1.5 to $\frac{1}{2}$ off.

Ladies' Carecul Coats Big Reduction.

Ladies' Velvet Coats Big Reduction.

Ladies' Fur Coats Big Reduction.

Children's Coats All Reduced.

Only One Price.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

H. C. HASEMEIER CO.

POLITICAL
ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

LEE J. REYNOLDS—Candidate for Representative from Wayne County, subject to the Republican Nomination.

WALTER S. RATLIFF—Candidate for State Representative, subject to the Republican Nomination.

COUNTY TREASURER.

ALBERT R. ALBERTSON of Clay township, candidate for Treasurer of Wayne County, subject to the Republican Nomination.

BENJAMIN F. PARSONS, of Wayne township, is a candidate for County Recorder, subject to the Republican Nomination.

COUNTY RECORDER.

WILL ROBBINS of Abington Township, candidate for County Recorder, subject to the Republican Nomination.

BENJAMIN F. PARSONS, of Wayne township, is a candidate for County Recorder, subject to the Republican Nomination.

COUNTY CORONER.

DR. A. L. BRAMKAMP, Candidate for Coroner Wayne County, subject to the Republican Nomination.

COUNTY RECORDER.

JOHN C. KING of Center Township, is a candidate for County Recorder, subject to the Republican Nomination.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

ROBERT N. BEESON, of Harrison township, is a candidate for County Commissioner to represent the Western District, subject to the Republican nominating election to be held in February.

BARNEY H. LINDNER—Candidate for Commissioner of the Middle District, Clay Township, Wayne County, subject to the Republican nomination.

RICHARD A. DAVENPORT of Boston township, is a candidate for county commissioner of Wayne county, Eastern District, subject to the Republican nomination.

TOWNSHIP ASSESSOR.

TOM J. GOLDING—Candidate for Township Assessor, Wayne Township, Wayne County, Subject to the Republican Nomination.

CHARLES E. POTTER—Candidate for Township Assessor of Wayne Township, Wayne County, subject to the Republican nomination.

CHARLES H. BULLA—Candidate for Township Assessor of Wayne Township, Wayne County, subject to the Republican nomination.

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE.

CHARLES L. WETTIG—Candidate for

office of Township Trustee, Wayne Township, Wayne County, subject to Republican nomination.

THOMAS B. MARTIN—Candidate for Township Trustee of Wayne Township, Wayne County, subject to the Republican Nomination.

JAMES H. HOWARTH—Candidate for Township Trustee, Wayne Township, subject to the Republican Nomination.

ARTIFICIAL LIGHT.

The Most Brilliant Illumination Is Not Always the Best.

A writer in an engineering magazine offers some disconcerting information on the subject of illumination, disconcerting because the reader will probably find that he has been innocently enough, following a course of procedure there described as injurious. For instance, in the case of eye strain he may have felt that even the dim light by which he worked was too strong, and so turned down the light, thus increasing the difficulty, or, what is more likely to be the case, when the strain has been caused by too brilliant illumination he fancies that what is needed is stronger light and so increases it.

Overstrain from too bright a light is said to manifest itself by an itching sensation in the eyeballs, with the tendency to rub the eyes for relief. The proper course, then, is to see that the light is more perfectly diffused or softened and that it falls in the right direction. After these precautions have been taken it is worth while to try a smaller quantity of light, this trial to continue long enough in time for the eyes to become fully adjusted to the change. The value of illumination is not to be judged by the apparent brightness of the lights when looked at directly—the brighter the light the better—but by the effect on the object to be looked at, and the most desirable effect, so far as the eyes are concerned, is not always produced by too brilliant illumination he fancies that what is needed is stronger light and so increases it.

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