

VOLUME OF BUSINESS EXCEEDS THAT OF 1906

Dun's Trade Report Shows
Conditions Improved.

BETTER THAN LAST YEAR.

New York, Oct. 12.—R. G. Dunn & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, today says:

A larger volume of business is being transacted than at this time last year, although conditions in 1906 were most favorable, and there is now the handicap of almost prohibitive rates for commercial paper. Many contemplated undertakings await more normal financial conditions and securities have fallen to the lowest point since 1904, but general business throughout the country makes fairly good progress. In agricultural districts the marketing of crops at high prices makes the payments brisk, but at many Eastern centers there is complaint of delay in settlements. Several strikes are still retarding progress and some machinery is idle at woolen mills.

Consumers anticipate more attractive terms in pig iron and consequently defer orders, but most furnaces are still held up to the end of the year, so that few concessions are offered. It is evident that there is no fear of overproduction as the number of furnaces in blast increased Oct. 1.

Cotton mills continue well occupied, but the only new business reported is for spot or nearby delivery. Yet the mills make no concessions to stimulate trade and some are so backward in making shipments that cancellations are reported.

There is still much idle machinery at woolen mills, men's wear products being the most uncertain section.

CHICAGO GRAIN LETTER.

(By T. A. White's Special Wire.)
Chicago, Oct. 12.—December wheat made a new high record for the year today. Buying orders came freely into the pit this morning and found scant offerings. The price kept going up and up in the hopes of uncovering from long holding. Heavy frost started a boom in corn that was further aided by strength in wheat. Oats were higher today in sympathy with other grains.

MARKETS

Richmond.

PROVISIONS AT RETAIL.

(By Bee Hive Grocery.)

Eggs, per doz.	25c
Creamery butter, per lb.	35c
Country butter, per lb.	25c
New apples, per peck	40 to 60c
Cabbage, per head	10 to 15c
New potatoes, per bushel	90c
Oranges, per dozen	60c
Lemons, per dozen	30 to 40c
Bananas, per dozen	15 to 25c
Onions, per peck	50c
Leaf lettuce, per lb.	15c
Head lettuce, per head	10c
Shelled Pop Corn, 10c lb.	3 for 25c
Prunes, per lb.	10c to 20c
Maple, per gallon (pure)	\$1.40
New Honey, per lb.	27c
New Maple Sugar, per lb.	20c
Green Onions, per bunch	4 for 10c
Spanish Onions, per lb.	6c
Green Peppers, per dozen	10c
Radishes, per bunch	3 for 10c
Turnips, per lb.	10c to 15c
Parsnips, 2 lbs.	10c
Cauliflower, per head	15c
Green beans, per 4 lb. peck	10c
Horseradish, per bottle	10c
Lima Beans, per lb.	15c; 2 for 25c
Egg Plant, per lb.	15c
Navy Beans, per lb.	15c
Cocoanuts, each	10c
Dates, per lb.	10c
Apples, per lb.	25c
Carrots (new) per bunch	5c
Pears, per lb.	20c
Tokay Grapes, per lb.	15c
Bacon, per lb.	25c
Lard, per lb.	12 1/2c
Cured Ham, per lb.	16c
Boiled Ham, per lb.	14c
Mushrooms 75c per lb.	20c 3/4 lb.
Fresh tomatoes, per quarter pk.	10c
Granulated Sugar, 25 lbs.	\$1.35
Sugar, 19 lbs.	\$1.00
Watermelons	20 to 30c

CHEESE PRICES.

Neuschatel, each	40c
Imported Swiss, per lb.	40c
Brick, per lb.	22c
Edam, each	\$1.00
Pineapple, each	55c
Roquefort, per lb.	60c
Royal Luncheon, 10c 15c and 25c	
Swiss, per lb.	10c
Maple Leaf Cream, each	10c
Cambert (cans)	25c
Dutch (cans)	40c

RETAIL FISH MARKET.

(Quotations furnished by the Sandusky Fish Market.)	
White fish, per lb.	15c
Red snapper, per lb.	15c
Halibut, per lb.	15c
Cat fish, per lb.	15c
Pickeral, per lb.	15c
Trou, per lb.	15c
Perch, per lb.	10c 3 for 25c
Black bass, per lb.	25c
Mullets, per lb.	10c 3 for 25c
Herring	15c

MEATS AT RETAIL.

(Furnished by Long Bros.)

Chuck roast, per lb.	10c
Fresh pork, per lb.	12 1/2c
Pork chops, per lb.	15c
Lard, per lb. (under 5 lb lots)	12c
Lard per lb. (over 5 lb lots)	11c
Bacon, per lb.	10c to 18c
Pork roast, per lb.	15c
Veal per lb.	15c to 20c
Fresh side pork, per lb.	12 1/2c
Smoked ham (whole)	18c
Beef to boil, per lb.	7c to 10c
Porterhouse steak, per lb.	10c

Smoked ham, sliced, per lb. 25c
Fresh pan or link sausage, per lb. 12 1/2c

FIELD SEEDS.

(Paid by John H. Runge & Co.)
(Wholesale Prices, Re-cleaned Rates.)
Clover Seed, Little Red, per cu.
Clover Seed, Big English, 7.00
Timothy Seed 2.10 to 2.20

RETAIL COAL PRICES.

Anthracite	7.50
Jackson	5.25
Pocahontas	5.00
Winifred	4.50
Pittsburg	4.50
Hocking Valley	4.25
Nut and Slack	\$3.00
Coke	6.00
Tennessee	5.00
Kanawha	4.50

PRICES FOR POULTRY.

(Paid by Bee Hive Grocery.)
—Dressed—
Young chickens, per lb. 18c
Old chickens, per lb. 15c
Turkeys, per lb. 18c
Ducks, per lb. 13c

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

(Prices paid by Bee Hive Grocery.)
Country Butter, per lb. 31c
Country butter, per lb. 29c to 22c
Eggs, per dozen 20c

WAGON MARKET.

(Paid by Omer Whelan.)
New Timothy, loose 12.00
New Timothy (baled) 14.00
Mixed Timothy (new) 13.00
New Straw 12.00
Corn 60c
Mixed Oats 12c
White Oats 12c
New Clover hay, loose 10.00
New Clover hay, baled 12.00

GRAIN MARKET.

(By Richmond Roller Mills.)
Wheat, per bushel 95c to \$1.00
Corn 60c
Rye 85c
Oats 45c
Middlings 24.00

RICHMOND LIVE STOCK.

(Prices paid by Long Bros.)
Hogs, 200 lbs. top, heavy 6.50
Cows, per lb. 25c to 35c
Heifers, per lb. 25c to 35c
Sheep, per lb. 45c to 50c
Choice butcher steers, per lb. 5 to 6c
Calves 4.50 to 6.50
Spring lambs, per lb. 5 to 6c

CATTLE.

(Paid by Richmond Abattoir.)
Choice butcher steers 4.50 to 5.00
Bulls 3.00 to 3.25
Cows, common to good 3.00 to 3.50
Calves 6.50 to 7.00

HOGS.

Hogs, heavy select packers 6.00 to 6.25
Hogs, 350 pounds, common and 5.75 to 6.00
Rough 5.75 to 6.00
Hogs, 200 to 250 lb. av. 6.40 to 6.50

WOOL MARKET.

Indiana Wool, per lb. 20 to 27c
Western Wool, per lb. 18 to 20c

Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Oct. 12—

STEERS.

Good to choice, 1,300 lbs and upward 6.25 to 7.00
Common to medium, 1,300 lbs. and upward 6.00 to 6.50
Good to choice, 1,150 to 1,250 lbs. 6.00 to 6.50
Common to medium, 1,150 lbs. 5.25 to 5.50
Good to choice, 900 to 1,100 lbs. 5.00 to 5.75
Common to medium, 900 to 1,000 lbs. 4.25 to 5.10
Extra choice feeding steers 900 to 1,000 lbs. 4.50 to 5.00
Good feeding steers 800 to 1,000 lbs. 4.00 to 4.50
Medium feeding steers, 700 to 900 lbs. 3.50 to 4.00
Common to best stockers, 3.00 to 4.00

HEIFERS.

Good to choice heifers 4.25 to 5.25
Fair to medium heifers 3.75 to 4.00
Common to fair light heifers 3.00 to 3.50

COWS.

Good to choice cows 3.75 to 4.35
Fair to medium cows 3.40 to 3.65
Canners and cutters 1.50 to 3.40
Good to choice cows and calves 3.00 to 5.00
Common to medium cows and calves 2.00 to 3.00

BULLS.

Good to prime bulls 3.75 to 4.40
Fair to medium 3.25 to 3.50
Common 2.50 to 3.15

CAVES.

Common to best veals 4.00 to 7.75
Fair to good heavy 3.00 to 6.50

HOGS.

Best heavies, 215 lbs and upward 6.75 to 6.95
Medium and mixed 6.65 to 6.90
Good to choice lights, 160 to 180 lbs 6.75 to 6.95
Common to good lights 130 to 160 lbs 6.50 to 6.70
Best pigs 5.75 to 6.25
Light pigs 5.75 to 6.25
Rough 5.50 to 6.00
Bulk of sales 6.70 to 6.90

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Common to medium 4.00 to 6.25
Good to choice 6.25 to 7.00
Lambs 6.00 to 6.70
Common to medium clipped lambs 4.25 to 6.00
Good to choice yearlings 5.00 to 5.25
Good to choice sheep 4.25 to 4.75
Breeding ewes 3.00 to 5.25

East Buffalo.

East Buffalo, Oct. 12.—Hogs receipts 6,000; yorkers and medium \$7.15 to \$7.30; mixed \$7.25 to \$7.30; heavies \$7.15 to \$7.25; pigs \$6.90 to \$7.40. Top lambs \$7.50. Cattle market steady. Sheep and lamb receipts, 5,000.

Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 12.—Cattle light:

choice \$8.15 to \$8.30; prime \$5.80 to \$6.10; good \$5.50 to \$5.75. Sheep light. Prime \$5.00 to \$5.25; mixed \$4.75 to \$5.00; Hogs slow. Prime \$7.15 to \$7.30; heavy mixed \$7.25; medium \$7.30 to \$7.40; yorkers \$7.30 to \$7.40; light yorkers \$6.75 to \$6.85; pigs \$6.00 to \$6.25.

Chicago.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Chicago, Oct. 12—

Wheat.

Dec. 104 1/2 106 1/4
Jan. 110 1/2 111 1/2
July 102 1/2 103 1/2

Corn.

Dec. 61 1/4 63 1/4
May (1908) 61 1/2 63 1/2
July 61 1/4 63 1/4

Oats.

Dec. 54 1/2 55 1/2
May (1908) 56 1/2 57 1/2
July 50 1/2 51 1/2

Pork.

Dec. 14.80
Jan. 15.85 16.00
May 16.20 16.35

Lard.

Jan. 9.06 9.07
Nov. 9.20 9.27
May 9.22 9.25

Ribs.

Oct. 8.05 8.07
Jan. 8.10 8.22
May 8.37 8.47

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—Hog receipts 14,000.

Light 6.30 to 6.50
Heavy 6.05 to 6.30
Mixed 6.25 to 6.50
Rough 6.05 to 6.30
Sheep receipts 2,000; yearlings \$5.50 to \$6.25; lambs \$5 to \$7.25; cattle receipts 1,000; calves \$4 to \$7.35.

New York.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

(By Meyer & Kiser Special Wire in dianapolis.)
New York, Oct. 12—

Amal. Copper 54 1/2 52 1/2
C. M. & St. P. 114 1/4 114 1/4
Pennsylvania 117 116 1/4
Union Pac. 122 119 1/4
Reading 87 84 1/4
U. S. Steel pfd. 84 1/4 83 1/4
U. S. Steel com. 24 1/4 23 1/4
Southern Pac. 77 1/2 75 1/2
Atchafson 82 1/2 81 1/2

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Oct. 12.—Hogs, slow, lower; butchers and shippers \$7.00 to \$7.15; common \$6.85 to \$6.25. Cattle steady. Fair to good shippers \$5.00 to \$5.25; common \$2.00 to \$3.00. Sheep steady; \$2.25 to \$5.00; lambs slow; \$4.00 to \$7.25.

IS LITTLE CALL FOR ARBOR DAY LOCALLY

It Is Announced for the 25th Of October.

EXERCISES MAY BE HELD.

Richmond schools have received a communication from State Superintendent Fassett A. Cotton calling the attention of the teachers to the celebration of Arbor day, October 25. Mr. Cotton makes the assertion that it is very important that the day be observed in the schools, but it is hardly probable that the Richmond schools will pay any particular attention to the state superintendent's instructions as there is little need for the planting of trees and shrubbery on the public school grounds of Richmond.

QUAKER CENTENNIAL IS BEING OBSERVED

Interesting Program Is on at West Milton.

LOCAL PERSONS SPOKE.

Many local friends are attending the centennial observance of the founding of West ranch quarterly meeting which is being held at West Milton, Ohio. Friends from many sections of Ohio and Indiana are also in attendance. The meeting is recognized as the mother of many quarterly meetings in this section. The exercises have been very interesting and much friends' history making was recalled in the address made Friday and today. The local people on the program were Eli Jay, Allen Jay, Nathan Frame, Elbert Russell and Esther Frame.

Milk In Turkey.

In Turkey there is a great consumption of the milk of the buffalo, the common cow, the goat and the ewe, but it is hardly ever used in a natural state. After slow cooling the milk is treated with a ferment taken from the previous day's supply. In a few hours a curd forms which is called yaghour. The preparation is preferred to milk, and it has a pleasant, clean, acid taste and is, of course, nutritious.

The Mohammedan Oath.

Of all the many forms of taking the oath used in the courts perhaps the most picturesque is that which the Mohammedan is required to take. It is a silent ceremony. The son of Islam places his right hand flat upon the Koran and puts the other on his forehead; then he brings his forehead down to and in contact with the book. He then raises himself and looks up steadily for some seconds. The officer of the court should then—though he sometimes forgets this—ask the Mohammedan, "And you intend to speak the truth?" and the answer is, "I am." In India the ceremony has been abolished in favor of an affirmation.

The Happy Family.

Mrs. Scarrington (in the midst of her reading)—Here is an item which says that full grown rhinoceroses cost \$12,000 apiece. Mr. Scarrington (only a Elyah)—And isn't it a pity that we can't wear them on our hats?—Smart Set.

His Smile.

Old Hums (sitting for his photograph)—What are you asking me to look pleasant for? Blame it, ain't I smiling? Photographer—Yes, sir; that's why I am asking you to try to look pleasant.—Chicago Tribune.

We are best of all led to men's principles by what they do.—Butler.

Have you trouble of any kind arising from a disordered stomach? Do to your druggist and get a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which is positively guaranteed to cure you and keep you well.

More Thorough.

Bobby had gone to Canada to visit his English aunt and was trying to be on his best behavior all the time, but at luncheon, when his aunt asked him if he would like some curried chicken, he was speechless with surprise.

Lincoln's Great Oration.

Lincoln's Gettysburg speech derives its power from the following facts: Its brevity—everything is concise and right to the point, so that the reader receives the fullest effect at once; its absolute sincerity, creating the impression that the speaker is aiming not at effect, but at the honest unfolding of his soul's commingled joy and sorrow, sympathy and hope; its perfection of style, its words being just such as were needed properly to express the idea, simple, yet powerful, going straight to the mark like well aimed cannon balls.—New York American.

BIRD SUPERSTITIONS.

Queer Beliefs That Were Held by the Ancient Mariners.

Birds as inhabitants of the air were naturally chosen by the ancients as oracles and augurs of future happenings. The sensitiveness to atmospheric changes shown by many birds aided in establishing these notions. The real indications often furnished by sea birds of a coming storm or calm were doubtless magnified by the anxious, superstitious sailor.

The custom of hanging the sea swallow so that the bill may point to the wind arose from the old time custom of suspending the bird by the feet, expecting it would renew its feathers as it flew.

Divination by the flight of birds was a favorite method in the old times. Sailors watched their flight for indications of prosperous voyages and favoring winds. As they were thought to fly through the air to heaven, they easily became messengers of the will of the gods.

The albatross is believed by Jack tar to sleep on the winds. It was at one time thought that the petrel hatched its eggs under its wings. Once hatched, it was at one time kept in chests to keep away moths.

The fishhawk was esteemed a bringer of good luck; it boded good or evil as its cry was to the right or left.

There was an old superstition that gulls were never seen bleeding. Shooting stars were then supposed to be the half digested food of winter gulls.

CLEOPATRA.

The Story of Her Death From the Bite of an Asp.

It is admitted that Cleopatra killed herself to avoid being exhibited at Rome in the triumph of Octavius, who had made war upon her and Antony because the latter had divorced his (Octavius) sister on the queen's account. But did she die from a snake's bite? It is better to think not. "If her death had been caused by any serpent, the small viper would rather have been chosen than the large asp, but the story is disproved by her having decked herself in the royal ornaments and being found dead without any marks or suspicion of poison on her body."

Death from a serpent's bite could not have been mistaken, and her vanity would not have allowed her to choose one which would have disfigured her in so frightful a manner.

Other poisons were well understood and easy of access, and no boy would have ventured to carry an asp in a basket of figs, some of which he even offered to the guards as he passed, and even Plutarch shows that the story of the asp was doubtful. Nor is the statue carried in Augustus' triumph, which had an asp upon it, any proof of his belief in it, since the snake was the emblem of Egyptian royalty. The statue (or the crown) of Cleopatra could not have been without one, and this was probably the origin of the whole story.

Deaf Dogs Are Rare.

People have been known to excuse watch dogs for dereliction of duty on the ground that the dogs might be hard of hearing. This excuse ought not to go. A veterinary surgeon of Cleveland remarked that in his thirty-five years' experience he had never heard of a deaf dog. His remark led to inquiries among two or three other veterinarians and not one had ever heard of a dog that couldn't hear. When a watch dog or any other dog doesn't hear a man that is prowling about the house it is because it doesn't want to hear. Horses are frequently treated by veterinarians for deafness, and even cats are hard of hearing occasionally, but deaf dogs seem to be unknown in Cleveland at least.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

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