

THEIR WORK LIKE SALVATION ARMY

"Crown and Cross" Rents
Quarters at North Thirteenth and F Streets.

TO ORGANIZE THURSDAY

WILL HOLD CHURCH SERVICES
AT WHICH NO COLLECTIONS
WILL BE TAKEN—TO PAY SICK
BENEFITS.

Birth to a new religious organization has been given in this city, which will be known as the Crown and Cross. A hall has been rented at the corner of North Thirteenth and F streets, which will serve as headquarters, while the formal debut of the organization will be made next Sunday, at which time services will be held both morning and evening. R. B. McGlade, a resident of this city, and flagman for the Pennsylvania railroad at Sixteenth street, is the father of the new body. Mr. McGlade served in the capacity of captain of the Salvation Army at Middletown, O., for four years prior to coming to Richmond, and will probably be selected to lead the work of the new band here. The work will be carried on similarly to that of the Salvation Army.

In speaking of the matter yesterday, Mr. McGlade said: "One of our by-laws is, that under no circumstances shall money boxes be pressed under the noses of our members and friends. We believe that this is what keeps a great number from the churches, where otherwise they would go. However, we will place small boxes in the stores of the city and subsidize free will offerings entirely. Another feature of our organization will be the sick benefits. Each member of the society will be required to pay \$1 per month into the general fund, and in case a member becomes sick, he or she will draw \$4 a week sick benefits."

On next Thursday night the members of the organization will meet in their hall and elect a captain, lieutenant and secretary. The pastor of the Methodist church of New Paris, O., will preach both morning and evening Sunday.

MAY TULLE IS UP AGAIN

Left the City with Perry Cheak, a Married Man—Both Plead Guilty and Are Fined.

Perry Cheak and Ida May Tulle, the latter a notorious police character, were defendants in the city court yesterday, accused of improper conduct, and upon pleas of guilty they were each fined in the sum of ten dollars and given ten days in jail. As soon as the sentence of Cheak expires he will be arrested for wife desertion. Mrs. Cheak was in the court room during the trial of the pair, and told a long story of neglect. The mother of the Tulle woman testified that her daughter had not been home for a week.

HAS A DIFFERENT VIEW

Prof. Lindley Would Accept Rockefeller's "Tainted Money" and Take "Taint" From it.

Prof. Lindley expresses himself as not being opposed to the acceptance of so-called "tainted money" in the way of donations for the building of the new dormitory and library at Earlham. He says that this brand of money is very useful in a good cause the same as any other kind of money.

Death of Harriet Dye.

Word reached here yesterday of the death of Mrs. Harriet Dye at Troy. She was 60 years of age. Mrs. Dye was well known in Richmond.

Catarrhal Gastritis

"For two years I was in a very bad condition. I was treated by a number of eminent physicians for chronic catarrhal gastritis and dilatation of the stomach, and obtained no relief. I grew gradually worse, my breathing was so difficult at times that I thought I would die. My heart was in very bad condition from poor circulation and pressure of the dilated stomach. I decided it was only a matter of a very short time with me. I was advised to try Dr. Miles' Nervine and Heart Cure, and before I had finished taking one bottle of the medicine, I felt like a new being. I took eight bottles of the medicine, and am entirely cured, for a matter of about \$8.00 in the face of two hundreds spent in the two years before without relief."

A. D. SLACK,
Master Mechanic of the I. & G. N. R. R., San Antonio, Texas.
Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money.
Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

JAIL FOR FIFTEEN DAYS WM. RICE PLEAD GUILTY

Erstwhile Salvation Army Worker
Told Court That he Regretted
Beating His Board Bill Just as Soon
as he Left the City.

William Rice, erstwhile active worker in the ranks of the Salvation Army will for the next fifteen days occupy a cell at the county jail for a violation of the lodging house law, the prosecuting witness being G. E. Jabusch, the owner of a hotel and restaurant. Rice originally entered a plea of not guilty, but yesterday morning when his case was called for a second time he threw himself on the mercy of the court, and admitted that he had made a sneak from Jabusch's place with his earthly belongings wrapped in a newspaper. He said, however, that immediately after he had boarded the car for Indianapolis he regretted his action, and determined to pay the amount of his bill as soon as he reached that city. Judge Converse made it \$5 and costs.

FEAR SHORES MAY SINK INTO OCEAN

In Many Places Ocean Bed at
Kingston is Now Hundred
Feet Below Water.

MANY WHARVES ARE GONE

DISPATCHES SAY THAT THERE
WAS NO DAMAGE TO THE ISLAND
OUTSIDE THE CAPITAL
OF JAMAICA.

[Publishers' Press.]
New York, Jan. 17.—A report received here says that the shores of the harbor of Kingston are sinking, and that there is terror lest the city slip into the sea. The bed of the harbor is said to be sinking and the water in many places is 100 feet deep. Every wharf not destroyed before is said to be sunk into the sea or rendered worthless.

Definite advice as to the extent of the catastrophe at Kingston are still lacking. Conflicting reports indicate that the death list may be anywhere from 100 to 1,000. One dispatch reported that 210 bodies had been recovered and buried.

From the meager advice it is indicated that there is no immediate fear of a food famine, as fruit is plentiful and Jamaican towns can send aid. A dispatch from Holland Bay says that reports received from various parts of the island show that Kingston was the only place damaged by the earthquake. All the other towns of Jamaica are in good condition.

One report says the city was not destroyed, but that nearly every building in the place sustained some damage. When the first shock came many buildings collapsed, burying hundreds of persons in the debris. Of these some were killed, but a greater number injured and these were rescued. The flames spread rapidly, and there was nothing with which to fight the flames.

The fire raged until Tuesday morning, when luckily the wind changed, and the fire having nothing further to feed on burned itself out. All the buildings along Duke, Port Royal, King and East streets were wiped out by the flames.

A camp for refugees was located on the race grounds, and there several thousands of negroes are sheltered. Thousands of others are homeless and are camping in the surrounding country. The people had a premonition of the coming disaster in the shape of a violent windstorm. Their fears were aroused and many rushed from their homes. This undoubtedly saved many lives, as the people were still on the streets when the earthquake came.

The Myrtle Bank hotel, a favorite resort for Americans, is completely razed and the large dry goods houses of Nathan, Sherlock & Co. and all the other buildings in the vicinity have been consumed by the flames.

The steamers Port Langston and Admiral Simpson are safe in Kingston harbor. The Port Langston is being used as a hospital. Lighters did good work in rescuing people who were pushed overboard from wharves by half-maddened crowds seeking shelter from the flames. About 700 persons were saved in this way. The city hospital is overcrowded. The military hospital was destroyed by fire and 40 patients burned to death. Hardly a building is left standing in the entire city of Kingston and those not demolished are dangerously injured and uninhabitable. The post office and telegraph office are among the buildings destroyed.

Besides Sir James Ferguson, the most conspicuous white men killed were Captains Constantine and Young of the Royal Mail Steamship service. Other whites killed include Major Hardman, Dr. Gibbs Varley, Dr. Menier, Dr. Robertson and wife, Miss Lockett, B. Varley, J. W. M. Bradley and four children of a family named Livingstone.

Damron Wants to Come.

Smith Damron, the famous potter may have a place on the Chautauqua program this season, according to Secretary Scott, of the Commercial club.

TWELVE MAY BE BURIED IN RUINS

Walls of Donohue Printing
Company's Building Fall
with Fatal Effect.

BAD FIRE AT CHICAGO

FIREMEN MAKE FRENZIED EFFORT
TO FIND MISSING FELLOWS
WHILE TRYING TO
CHECK THE FLAMES.

[Publishers' Press.]
Chicago, Jan. 17.—Twelve men are believed to be buried under the walls of the Donohue Printing company's seven story printing plant in Dearborn street, which fell this afternoon, following the gutting of the building by a recent fire, completely demolishing the Eagle building, a three story structure adjoining.

The Eagle building was occupied by the Jacobs Tailoring company, the Duncan restaurant and the Eagle Printing company. Though it was undamaged by the fire which left only the walls of the Donohue building standing, the foundations were weakened by the flood of water and the structure was closed by the buildings department.

The men supposed to be buried under the ruins are four workmen assigned by the Consolidated Automatic Fire Alarm company to look for lost wires and eight who were engaged in strengthening the weakened foundation. Thus far no names are obtainable.

Escaping gas set fire to the debris and the fire department is fighting the flames and at the same time making a fringed search in the heap of ruins for the missing men.

BAILEY RECEIVED A GREAT OVATION

Appeared Before the Texas
House of Representatives
in Explanation Role.

STOOD LIMELIGHT WELL

IF APPLAUSE WAS A CRITERION,
THEN THE STANDARD OIL SENATOR
SATISFIED HIS CONSTITUENCY.

Dallas, Tex., Jan. 17.—U. S. Senator J. W. Bailey was in the limelight very strong today and seemed to stand the glare all right. By unanimous vote of the house of representatives at Austin he was invited to explain to that branch of the legislature the Waters-Pierce and other papers left by Attorney General Davidson yesterday. Then the opposition tried for a test vote, evidently as a "pulse-feeler" of house sentiment, by offering a resolution that Mr. Bailey be required to demand an investigation before he be permitted to appear before the house. This was defeated by the close vote of 65 to 60, with 8 members, most of them Bailey supporters absent from the hall. But it helped to demonstrate that Bailey has a majority of the house as well as the senate on any proposition involving his political welfare.

When Senator Bailey appeared in the hall of the house of representatives, he was given a tremendous ovation. The galleries were packed and their occupants seemed to be unanimous in their cheers for the junior senator which continued for nearly five minutes. Senator Bailey retired with Speaker Love for 20 minutes to the speakers room. After fully examining each document left by Attorney General Davidson, he appeared at the bar of the house and carefully made his explanations. He pointed out what he declared were inconsistencies, contradictions and absurdities in connection with some of the conclusions reached by his enemies. He denounced as false any charge that he had ever served the Waters-Pierce Oil company or any trust. He admitted, as he has heretofore that he had had business relations with H. Clay Pierce as an individual but the matters in controversy all occurred months after the re-admission of the Waters-Pierce Oil company into Texas, he declared, and had no connection with that affair. Bailey denounced J. P. Gruett in scathing language, also some of his political opponents. He showed where many of the Davidson documents had been altered by the use of different colored inks and by different hand writings and asserted some had been "doctored" with the intent of injuring him politically. Senator Bailey was frequently applauded and there was another favorable demonstration when he left the hall of the house of representatives.

Additional Society.

Mrs. Olive E. Dunham entertained a small party of friends at her home 122 Ft. Wayne avenue last night. Music afforded the evening's entertainment. A luncheon was served.

Following the regular choir rehearsal at the First M. E. church tonight, a social session will be held in the church parlors. Refreshments will be served.

Artificial gas, the 20th Century fuel.

FACTS IN FEW LINES

Europe's beet sugar crop for 1906-07 is estimated at 6,473,000 metric tons. A carved war god recently discovered in a Colorado cave is believed to be more than a thousand years old.

The Russian empire holds the record of having under its sway sixty-five separate and distinct racial groups. The culture can travel 150 miles an hour. It is a question whether it or the English kestrel is the swiftest bird. Sir Humphry Davy said it was as reasonable to talk of ventilating London with windmills as to light the big city with gas.

Coal mining in the province of Shanghai, China, is steadily increasing. Last year one district produced 136,900 tons, or 100,000 tons more than the year before.

Two ostriches which escaped from a colonial exhibition at Paris joined in the promenade in the Champs Elysees, Paris. They were captured by the police after a chase.

The reduction works at Canso, N. S., handled 1,300 tons of dogfish last year and produced therefrom 9,000 gallons of fish oil, besides 200 tons of fish scrap, which makes a good fertilizer.

In order best to influence the British government, a meeting of Hindoos opposed to the partition of Bengal decided the other day to observe the anniversary of "partition day" by "fasting, praying and bathing in the Ganges."

The activity in shipbuilding in England is now greatly reducing the number of unemployed in the shipbuilding industries. A year ago there were above 11 per cent unemployed. Now, by a board of trade report, it is shown that the unemployed are brought down to about 5 per cent.

The Preston (England) free library committee has decided to distribute hundreds of pictures among the elementary schools of the town, with the object of teaching them history. The pictures deal with the poetry, legends and history of the country and the great events of the world.

A group of several engineers and capitalists, headed by William O. Weber of Boston, believe they have revolutionized the industrial system by a new device utilizing the power of the tides so as to manufacture compressed air. A plant is about to be erected at South Thomaston, Me., to demonstrate the value of this invention.

The spotlessly pure marbles of the island of Paros, Greece, are mined by an English company. Many of the celebrated statues left by the ancient world were sculptured from the marbles of the Parian mines. The green marbles of Tinos and the red of Mali are likewise controlled by foreign capital.

An ingenious inventor has just patented a folding bed that can be carried on a motor car. The bed opens trellis fashion and when shut holds a mattress and pneumatic pillows. When open it can be used also as a table, and when shut it can be made to serve as a front seat for a motor car.

Ireland obtains credit for being the first country to register a national trademark. The design reproduces an antique Irish ornament with the words "Dianta e Elrinn," meaning "made in Ireland." It is applicable to anything produced or manufactured in the country.

Memorials to animals are fairly common, but there is one in England existing inside a church. This is the effigy of a cow displayed in Durham cathedral. Tradition asserts that it was placed there in order to keep in remembrance the facts relating to the burial within the sacred edifice of the remains of St. Cuthbert.

The smallest newspaper printed in Maine is the North Wayne Star, published twice a month for the past two or three years by two young boys calling themselves the Pine Tree Printing company. The pages are only 4 1/2 by 6 inches, but there are twelve of them, and they are always filled with interesting local news, articles of general interest and a few advertisements.

In commemoration of the rare foresight and wisdom and the indomitable courage which led William H. Seward, then secretary of state, to induce an unwilling congress to purchase Alaska for his country the citizens of Seattle will erect a monument to commemorate the act which has endeared the grand old statesman to the people of the northwest. It is planned to complete the monument in time for the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition, which is to be held in the summer of 1909.

MEETING OF TUESDAY CLUB AT NEW PARIS

New Paris, Jan. 17, (Spl.)—The Tuesday club met at the home of Mrs. Bevington on Tuesday evening. The members present were Misses Carrie Reid, Nell McNeill, and Mesdames M. H. Ponce, Grant Colby, James Reinheimer, A. B. Reid and the hostess Mrs. Bevington. At roll call all responded with current events. Mrs. A. B. Reid read an interesting paper on "Life in Japan," appearing in the native dress of that oriental country. Mrs. Grant Colby also read a paper on "Japanese Art," it being also instructive. The club meets next with Miss Edwina Morrow of Campbelltown on February 9. It will be a musical evening.

Entertained "Black Cats."

New Paris, O., Jan. 17, (Spl.)—Dr. and Mrs. Bevington entertained the Black Cat club on Wednesday evening. Progressive euchre was played at nine tables. Luncheon was served by the hostess. Those present were: Messrs. Add Mesdames S. C. Richie, W. P. Mills, Chas. Wilcox, George Smith, Lurion Reed, Ed. Reed, Charley Hawley, Leslie Reed, Misses Mary Cronin of Xenia, Edith Reid, Henrietta Wilcox, Carrie Reed, Jennie Sullivan, Nell McNeill, Irene Mills, Mrs. Arch Raney, Lee Thurston, Lute Henmon, Harry Hahn and Albert Hawley.

See how what you have never done looks in print and get a dollar for doing it. Win the news "tip" prize.

Artificial gas, the 20th Century fuel.

PRaises COLORED WRITER NOW DEAD

Fred Douglas Given Credit for
Being Proudest Product of
Negro Race.

SO SAYS WALTER DENNIS

WELL KNOWN MEMBER OF CRISPUS ATTUCKS LEAGUE TALKS
TO STUDENTS AT HIGH
SCHOOL ON NEGRO PROBLEM.

Walter Dennis spoke to the members of the senior history class yesterday in connection with their recent study of negroes in the south. Mr. Dennis is a member of the Crispus Attucks league of this city that was founded on January 23rd, 1906. The object of the league is to promote moral, intellectual and industrial condition of the negroes of this community.

They meet at the different churches on the third Sunday of every month and have very interesting services that are attended by the better class of the negroes of the city. Their motto is loyalty to the best interests of our community.

The league which is headed by Geo. Conrad as president now numbers twenty and is now endeavoring to push the better men forward. He says the whites ordinarily do not see the better class of negroes and if they did they would understand then that the negro race is not all bad. Mr. Dennis said when asked who he thought was the greatest man of their race that he thought without doubt Frederick Douglas was, as he had to work up from the ground while Booker T. Washington had many advantages offered him at the start.

FOOT VERY TROUBLESOME

County Treasurer is Again Confined
to His Home on Account of Injured Member.

County Treasurer Myrick, who has for some time past been troubled with a sprained foot, and who recently attempted to resume the duties of his office is again confined to his home. His injury is giving him great pain.

POWER OF SCHOOL BOARDS AT STAKE

(Continued From Page One.)

olution was referred to the senate committee on elections. In full it is as follows:

"Be it Resolved by the senate, the house concurring, that the sixty-fifth general assembly of the state of Indiana, favors the adoption of an amendment to the constitution which shall provide for the election of United States senators by popular vote and joins with other states of the union in requesting that a convention be called for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States as provided for in Article 5 of said constitution, which amendment shall provide for a change in the present method of electing United States senators, so that they can be chosen in each state by a direct vote of the people."

"Be it further Resolved, That the legislatures of the several states in the union be requested to join with that of Indiana in such movement to bring about the proposed change, and "Be it further Resolved, That a copy of this concurrent resolution and application to Congress for the calling of the convention be sent to the secretary of state of the United States, a similar copy to the president of the United States, speaker of the house of representatives and to the governor of each state in the union."

Senator Kirkman proposed a resolution today that President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America, be invited to visit and address the senate. The resolution was adopted, and Senator Kirkman was made chairman of a committee of three to formally invite the big labor leader to visit the legislative halls.

Both houses did much routine business today, but there was nothing of great importance transacted. Things are shaping up, however, so that early next week some of the big measures in both house and senate will be ready for consideration on third reading. The first two weeks of the general assembly achieves nothing in the way of legislation, but the ground work for business is laid and thereafter the question of enacting bills into laws is taken up. There seems to be no question that the entire session will be a busy one and the committees will have more measures of importance to consider than in many years.

GAUNT FAMINE IS NOW FACING THE CITY OF KINGSTON

(Continued from Page One.)

the disaster took place as the result of the collapse of the government of offices, is greatly embarrassing those in charge.

Many Dead Under Buildings.

That the fire was permitted to work

Don't neglect your cough

Statistics show that in New York City alone over 200 people die every week from consumption.

And most of these consumptives might be living now if they had not neglected the warning cough.

You know how quickly Scott's Emulsion enables you to throw off a cough or cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.

Classified Ads.

WANTED.
WANTED—To exchange lot close in and cash for property, \$1,000 to \$1,500. Address J. W., 229 North 10th street, City. 18-2t

WANTED—Girl at 200 South Fourteenth street. German preferred. 18-2t

WANTED—A good wash woman at 50 South Thirteenth street. 18-2t

WANTED—By young colored boy 19 years of age, a position as houseman. Reliable and experienced. Can give references. Call at 402 South Sixth street. 18-3t

WANTED—At once, night watchman. Richmond, Ind., Mfg. Co. 16-1t

WANTED—Your carpets and rugs to clean after Feb. 1. Richmond House Cleaning Co. Phone: Home 1278; Bell 496-W. 17-14

WANTED—Good girl to do housework. No washing. 38 North 7th street. 15-3t

WANTED—A girl for housework, 345 Southwest 3rd street. 15-3t

WANTED—A good girl. Phone 1078. 16-3t

WANTED—At once, several men, under 35, sound, to prepare for entrance exams, for railway mail service. Excellent opportunity. Particulars free, 263 Interstate Bldg., Cedar Rapids, Ia. 10-8t

WANTED—200 wood choppers for chopping 4 ft. hard wood at \$1.15 per cord. Steady work during the year. Board \$3.50 per week. Good men make \$2.50 per day. Take Grand Rapids & Indiana Railway to Simons or Westwood, Michigan. Antrim Iron Co., Mancelona, Mich. 14-tf

FOR SALE.
Richmond property a specialty
Porterfield, Kelly Block. Phone 329 17

FOR SALE—Single comb, brown Lehigh horn cockerels. Wittman-Morris pullet lines, none better. O. C. Hoover, Hagerstown, Ind. 17-7t

FOR SALE—1200 shares of Tina H. Gold Mining Co., stock. Mines located in Curry County, Oregon. Address J. O. Weinstrom, Millers, Nevada. 12-20t.

its will unchecked, was due, of course, largely to the panic that followed the shock, but the destruction of the fire brigade headquarters on Sutton street, also crippled the regular fire brigade. Orange and West streets are a mass of ruins and it is believed that under the demolished buildings along these thoroughfares are many dead bodies.

The soldiers who are searching the debris, are now working along these two latter thoroughfares, but owing to the fact that charred timbers and slate work fill the streets, while standing walls threaten to topple at any time, they are making but little progress.

Natives Refuse to Work.
All of the tents that could be secured, have been erected in a square about the parade ground and the homeless women and children are being housed and the men doing the best they can in the open. Another temporary camp for survivors has been established at St. Andrews, six miles inland from the city, and there the Europeans are being cared for. There is but little flour and practically no bread on hand and the chief item of food at present is fruit, especially bananas.

The natives are refusing to work and the governor is considering the proposition of declaring martial law in the island. If the American and British marines are landed from the warships, he will be in a better position to do so.

Railway System Disabled.
The electric railway system, probably the best in any of the West Indian islands, is absolutely out of commission and the double power houses have been destroyed. The Royal Mail steamboat company's wharf is the only one undamaged, it being saved by the force of volunteer firemen headed by the superintendent, Captain Sargent.

A large number of the lunatics who escaped when the big insane asylum was destroyed, have been captured and are now under guard in an old church on the outskirts of the city.

There have been a number of cases of looting on the part of the negroes reported, and it is declared that several have been shot dead by the troops.

Governor in Charge of Cables.
The governor has taken charge of such of the cable lines as are in operation, and this is making it very hard for press correspondents to get facts through. The local agent of the American Red Cross society has

received authority from its president, the secretary of war, Mr. Taft, to do what he can to relieve suffering and he has sent to Santiago Cuba, to purchase all of the food stuffs and medical supplies procurable there and rush them to the island on a chartered steamship.

A company of native soldiers under the command of white officers are doing guard duty about the treasury building, which is the only important structure left standing on Harbor street. Another detachment is watching the ruins of the government offices, the post office, the customs house and the banks of the city. As the result of this precaution only private establishments have suffered by the looting.

Hard to Secure Good Water.

Because of the wrecking of the water works, water is very hard to get and such as is obtainable is hardly fit to drink. This gives rise to the fear that an epidemic among the survivors may result and orders have been issued by the governor to have everyone boil the water before using it.

By seven o'clock tonight the fire in the city was practically extinguished although the coal and rubbish along the wharves is still burning, and will burn until it burns itself out.

Up to 11 o'clock this morning 359 bodies had been taken from the ruins and buried. Nearly 500 of those in the temporary hospitals are in a serious condition, but as fast as they can be got into a condition to travel, they are being sent in improvised ambulances to Spanish town.

Weather Clear and Fine.

The weather is clear and fine and if it does not storm within the next few days, it will be possible to arrange to house all of the survivors. Although the governor is offering treble wages for workmen, he is having a hard task getting enough men to make any sort of headway on the ruins.

The populace as a whole display no desire to return to their ruined houses and are content to occupy shelter places in the parks and parade grounds and wait for "something to turn up."

Inasmuch as there are no provisions available to be purchased, the governor tonight sent an urgent despatch to the colonial office in London asking them to hurry supplies to him.