

The Cure that Cures
Coughs,
Colds,
Grippe,
Whooping Cough, Asthma,
Bronchitis and Incipient
Consumption.

OTTO'S
CURE

The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures throat and lung diseases.
Sold by all druggists. 25¢/50¢

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MONDAY, APRIL 29, 1901.

Seeing Americans buying foreign bonds is a new sensation for old world financiers.

"Keep your hand on your pocket-book" this week. The light fingered gentry always follow the show.

The Cuban commissioners went home happy, convinced that the hal had not been told about Uncle Sam's good intentions toward Cuba.

An Indiana girl, Miss Josephine Holman, has captured Marconi, the wireless telegraphy wizard. Indiana is getting the e all along the line.

Judging from the number of people who sought the fields and woods yesterday the fact is appreciated that "God made the country and man made the towns."

Three circuses in three successive days is an unusual coincidence. They will make Richmond look lively this week. The weather indications are favorable, at least for tomorrow.

An army of American school teachers is following in the wake of our soldiers in the Philippines, and they will rapidly complete the regeneration of our Pacific wards. The school teacher is the best missionary that can be sent there now.

W. W. Marsh, a Cincinnati weather prophet of some reputation, predicts rough weather during the month of May. According to his prediction there will be severe storms all over the country between the 3d and the 8th, especially in the Mississippi valley including Indiana.

Indiana orators were largely in evidence at the Grant birthday anniversary celebration in the east. Senator Fairbanks delivered the speech of the day at Pittsburg and Charlie Landis was the most prominent orator at New York. Both speeches were largely copied and favorably commented on by the press.

A royal train carrying the President and party started from Washington today for the Pacific coast. The trip will occupy several weeks. Two more special trains will start for the same destination about the fourth of May, one carrying a party of congressmen and another a lot of Ohio officials and their friends. All these parties expect to be present at the launching of the battleship Ohio at San Francisco.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Prepared by Thos. W. Newkirk, abstractor of titles, office at court house.

George Cox and wife to Benjamin B. Myrick, part lots 63, 64, 2d and 3d in Grand Boulevard sub division to Richmond, \$1,000.

Clark Ketch and Ellen F. Ketch to Second National Bank, part of section 29 and 30, township 15, range 1 west, \$8,000.

Walter T. Carpenter to Alonzo Marshall, lot 38, Mendonhall and Price's addition to Richmond, \$3,000.

Charles G. Marshall to William J. Rose and wife, part of northeast quarter section 5, township 13, range west, \$1,164.

George W. Miller to Joseph O. Barber, the undivided one-seventh of lot 6 in Solomon Sturgis' addition to Richmond, \$100.

George W. Miller to Joseph O. Barber, lot number 6 city of Richmond, \$1,400.

William A. Roth and wife to E. A. Grubbs and J. S. Hazenridge, lots 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 in block 8, Cambridge, \$1,500.

Laura J. Richey to Daniel H. Seigler, lot 16 in Cambridge, east of river and south of road, \$800.

Andrew O. Nicholson to George I. Nicholson, part northeast quarter section 27, township 17, range 13 east, \$300.

George T. Melle and wife to Albert Melle, lot 2 laid out by Edward G. Vaughan, Richmond, \$1,500.

Mary A. Lamb to George I. Nicholson, part northeast quarter section 27, township 17, range 13 east, \$250.

Henry Mather et al. to Clark Ketch, a part of section 29 and 30, township 15, range 1 west, \$300.

Makes digestion and assimilation perfect. Makes new, red blood, flesh and bone. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35c. Ask your druggist.

I. C. Dan & Co., No. 8 north ninth street, for insurance. Ten of the best companies represented in the city.

THE STIRKS FAMILY.

Proud Aristocrats in the Realm of the Arena.

The famous Stirk family, one of the great features of the Wallace shows, does work that borders on the marvelous. In truth, some of their attainments are of such complex difficulty that it frequently passes with but little more notice from the public than their simpler displays solely because the audience can follow its intricate and perplexing paradox. It is not infrequently happens that when a particularly hazardous feat is accomplished the strongest and most pronounced applause will come from the entry wherein the other actors of the show may invariably be found ranged as spectators when "the Stirks are on."

This tribute to their genius from their fellow performers is as unusual as it is spontaneous, and testifies to their superiority more eloquently than any eulogy possibly could.

When an act can hold the attention of actors as that of the Stirks does, it may indeed be said to be truly great. At Richmond on Tuesday, April 30.

Gentry's Show.

The baby elephants, members of the famous Gentry Dog and Pony Show this season, are said to be the brightest specimens of their sort ever exhibited. In fact, it is said, they are capable of going as their performers without one word of command from the ringmaster. Their part of the program lasts nearly fifteen minutes, and comprises some of the most difficult acts ever attempted by dumb animals. In addition to their brightens they are the most docile specimens ever seen. Very fond of children and as playful as cats. They play many jokes upon the dog and pony members of the company, such as stealing their feed, pulling the dogs' tails, and things of that sort. They were imported direct from India by Prof. Gentry and nursed on bottles at his farm in Indiana, until they were strong enough to go on the road with the show.

Thursday, May 2.

Street Railway Talk.

From one on the inside of the deal we are told that the intention of the new owners would be to put in new tracks and make first class equipment and so on as it could be done without stopping traffic, the intention being to make the road first class in every respect. At the same time it is so hard to get steel now, some orders being placed even so far ahead as next January, it may not be possible to do much at this summer. New cars and better service will however be supplied. Mr. Murdoch will be here in a few days and will remain for four days looking over the plant and property and anyone going will be sure to get their money's worth. The managers are a set of polite and courteous gentlemen, treating all who come to their show with consideration. Wilmington, N. C., Daily Record, October 5. In Richmond May 1st.

CAILLES GOT AWAY

New Leader of Filipino Insurgents Barely Misses Capture.

Manila, April 28.—Captain Wilson Chase, with a detachment of the 21st infantry, on April 28 surprised the camp of the insurgent General Cailles at Dugut-Dugut, situated nine miles northeast of Cavinti, in the province of Laguna. Cailles was at his camp at the time of the American attack, but managed to escape. Captain Chase's force captured his adjutant general, five others of his staff officers, 14 men, 20 rifles, a large amount of ammunition and stores, and all the papers and personal effects of the Filipino general. The insurgent Major Veto was killed during the engagement, as were Corporal McGill and Private Tiggs, both belonging to Company A of the 21st. Several columns of the American troops continue vigorously to pursue General Cailles.

General Cailles recently offered a reward of \$1000 for the head of Captain Edward N. Jones, Jr., of the Eighth infantry. For more than a year past Cailles has commanded the insurgent forces operating to the east of Bay Lake, not far from Manila. He is said to be a French half caste. He has a reputation for vindictiveness and cruelty, and is one of the two or three Filipino leaders still in the field who have clearly ignored the observance of honorable warfare. The society of Mando-Ducata, whose practice it was

HOLE IN THE LUNGS

There are thousands of men and women, as well as ever, with holes in their lungs: consumption stopped.

Consumption stopped is consumption cured. What does it do?

Some change in the way of life and Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil.

With the emulsion, give some attention to circumstances: change from a dark damp close room to a sunny dry airy one; from city to country; from hard to an easy life; indoors to out.

A hole in the lungs once healed is no worse than a too tight waist or waistcoat.

Take the emulsion, and give it a chance to heal the wound.

Well and you will be in the line. SCOTT & BOWNE, 90 West Street, New York.

to assassinate and bury alive those of their countrymen who accepted American sovereignty whenever the latter fell into their hands, operated with the cognizance, if not the support of General Cailles. If Cailles were captured it is doubtful if he could claim immunity for past actions under the terms of the amnesty. In January of this year Cailles offered a reward of \$100 apiece for the heads of all Americans brought to him.

Sleeping Car Quarantined.

Columbus, O., April 28.—John Cameron, colored porter on the Pullman sleeping car attached to the C. & A. C. train scheduled to leave here at 12:40 Sunday morning, was found to have a well developed case of small pox, and was removed to the pesthouse in this city. There were three passengers on the car. Secretary Probst of the state board of health gave the railroad company permission to take the car only to Cleveland on condition that the passengers be locked in and quarantined on arrival at their homes in Cleveland. He also ordered the car fumigated. The sick porter lives in Cleveland.

All On Account of a Dog.

Birmingham, Ala., April 28.—A dog was the cause of bloody fights last night below Oxford, in which four persons participated. J. W. House and son Gus and W. N. Johnson and his 14-year-old son. Both the Houses and the elder Johnson were shot with Winchester rifles and one was dangerously wounded. The older House had killed a dog of Johnson's. Johnson pursued House and shot him twice through the stomach. Gus House, seeing the trouble, seized a gun and shot the elder Johnson and was immediately shot by the 14-year-old son of Johnson, who escaped injury.

Cincinnati Woman's Plan.

Cincinnati, April 28.—Mrs. Richard Grater, the wife of a house painter, on being unable to keep her husband from a saloon on Ludlow avenue, went to the place Sunday with one of her calculating buckets and a whitewash brush. She calculated him from head to foot in the saloon. He returned to the saloon after he had accompanied her home and changed clothes. She followed him again and the next time calculated the saloon keeper and his bar and its fixtures, and gave notice that she would repeat the performance to anyone selling liquor to her husband.

Doubtful Assets.

Westerly, R. I., April 28.—The Mechanics Savings bank of this town did not open for business this morning. Late Sunday afternoon the following notice was issued: "The trustees of the Mechanics Savings bank, owing to the doubtful value of some of the bank's assets, have decided that it is for the best interest of the depositors that the bank go into liquidation, and action has already been taken looking to this result. Pending the granting of the authority, no money will be received or paid out."

Another Province Pacified.

Nicaragua, Province of South Camarines, Luzon, April 28.—This turbulent region is now nearly pacified. The Philippine commission has traveled 20 miles to this point, having established provincial government for North Camarines and South Camarines. The commissioners have been greeted with banners inscribed with "Long Live the Commission" and "Out with the Friars."

A Partial Rescue.

Aurora, Mo., April 28.—Life, light and air broke in on the five entombed miners early Sunday morning. Two were rescued alive, one was found dead, and the other two are supposed to be lifeless. Faint taps on the iron rails announced that two others are still alive.

Horrid Deed of Cannibals.

Sydney, N. S. W., April 28.—Herr Merck, a German millionaire, who was cruising in his yacht, and Herr Caro, his private secretary, were captured and murdered by natives of the island of New Britain, off the northeast coast of Papua. Herr Caro's body was eaten.

A DREADFUL HOLOCAUST

An Entire Family Perished in an Incendiary Blaze at Houston.

Houston, Tex., April 28.—In fire which destroyed a lively stable and three residences at an early hour Sunday morning five persons were burned to death, Job Copping, a florist, his wife and three children. A negro has been arrested on the charge of having started the fire to get revenge on his employer for having discharged him. In the ruins were found the bodies of the victims, among them being an infant who had been born yesterday. Copping during the progress of the fire its body was found with its mother's. Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Hopper jumped from the burning building and both were badly injured, perhaps fatally. The fire started in a lively stable in which several families lived, and was a mass of flames when the firemen arrived. A crippled widow, Mrs. Thompson, escaped from the building and says she saw the Copping family run back into their room from the hallway, and that was the last seen of them alive.

IT PRESAGES PEACE

New Labor Organization at Chicago Opposed to Sympathetic Strike.

Chicago, April 28.—Arbitration of all disputes and opposition to sympathetic strikes are the foundation principles of a new central labor body, to be known as the Chicago Building Trades League, which was organized here Sunday night. The new organization is backed by 15 of the 18 strong trades in the building industry, representing 15,000 workmen.

An effort by officers of the National Building Trades council to get control of the meeting and organize the new body as a branch of the National, met defeat. A referendum vote will now be taken on the question as to whether the new central body will affiliate with the national organization. As last night's action is in accordance with the agreements recently made with contractors, it presages peace in local labor circles for some time to come.

TEISE TELEGRAMS

This year shows a very active tendency toward the institution of telegraph enterprises.

A Douglas field, known to telegraphers throughout the country as the "father of the telegraph," is dead at New York.

Frederick Kinney, a young farmer of Jewell county, Kan., has been missing since the middle of March, and it is feared he has been kidnapped.

REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Senator Fairbanks Tells of an Achievement Without Historic Parallel.

TWO FITTING FACTS ARE NOTED

Text of an Address Delivered at Pittsburg By Indiana's Senior Senator in Celebration of the Anniversary of the Birthday of Gen. U. S. Grant.

Responding to the toast, "The Republican Party," at the banquet of the American Club, at Pittsburg, Saturday evening, April 27, in celebration of the anniversary of the birth of Gen. U. S. Grant, the Hon. Charles W. Fairbanks, United States Senator from Indiana, made the following address:

The Republican party has its birth in a quickened national conscience and was irrevocably dedicated to the cause of human freedom and national solidarity. Lincoln and his immortal associates laid deep and well its foundations. Patriots all! Men of commanding genius and of heroic mold; without them the matchless story of this puissant people could not be written.

The Republican party is forever associated with the history of the Republic for the last half of the century which has just closed. Its story of achievement is without historic parallel. Its victories won in the cause of human liberty, in behalf of industrial development, and its efforts for the advancement of the country in the

questions immediately at hand do not leave repose. Many of them will continue to be vital, living questions far into the future.

Our continued supremacy must depend upon the skill and the success with which we meet the rapidly increasing and inexorable demands of the years before us. Under Republican administration, American influence has been greatly enlarged. We are anxious in touch with the powers that be; we must deal with them. We must cultivate a sense of international justice, giving always what we would demand, exacting only that which we would concede. Or, to use the words of Grant: "We should deal with nations as equitable law requires individuals to deal with each other."

Respecting "the rights of all nations, demanding equal respect for our own," we should not forget that if we would command a just measure of the world's commerce, we must win and hold the world's respect by exalted international precept and practice.

We have an abiding sense of security against alien assault. We have no fear that our institutions will be imperiled from abroad; we must see to it that they are secure from peril within. We must see that right and might dwell as in perpetual wedlock. The nation is in no danger, no matter how numerous its population and great its material resources, if the people are constantly pervaded with a sense of justice, and parties which control the government are actuated alone by exalted motives.

We should not forget that Republican advances have been made against persistent and formidable opposition, and that its future supremacy will be sharply contested. It won undying renown, not only for its abolition of accursed institutions of human slavery, but for its payment of the national debt and the preservation of the integrity of the currency. Grant's title to the respect and admiration of posterity does not rest upon the incomparable achievements of his sword. His resolute defeat of the repudiationists and inflationists and his urgent insistence upon an ultimate return to specie payment, after the delirium of the Civil War, entitle him to perpetual remembrance and the Republican party to undying gratitude.

The Republican party has withstood the numerous severe assaults that have been made to corrupt and overthrow its monetary system. It will not abandon the contest, for sound money is the necessary foundation of commercial success. Good government is the basis of a sound money. The dollar current is essentially a Republican dollar, and it must be preserved without taint or tarnish. We must not forget that there are those who still proclaim their opposition to it upon the theory that it is opposed to sound monetary laws, and that it is in contravention of good morals; that the war against it is to be continued, there can be no doubt. This, indeed, must be so if the professions of those who have hitherto opposed it have been made in good faith, and if they have the courage of their convictions.

The contest for the mastery between sound money and cheap money is an old one, and is not at an end. The development and expansion of our industries justify the wisdom of one of the leading Republican policies. There is to be found nowhere better object lessons of their efficacy than in this magnificent Republican commonwealth.

Much of the tremendous industrial development which we witness on every hand about us, is due to protection, which was one of the early cardinal principles of the Republican party and to which it has adhered unflinchingly. It should not be forgotten that while we are committed to the principle of protection, we are bound to schedules. Schedules will be revised as time and experience shall dictate and with a due regard always to the interests of our own labor and capital.

The Republican party will continue to be the faithful guardian of both labor and capital—the two mighty pillars upon which rests our social and political fabric. Whoever would pull down either must pull down the other. The party which does not comprehend this is deficient in statesmanship and is unfit to govern. Without harmony between labor and capital there can be no peace, no prosperity, and no progress. It should be remembered that each has rights which the other should respect, and that they should dwell together in amity. We should seek to inculcate a sense of justice among men, so that capital shall deal fairly with labor, and labor with equal fairness with capital. The opportunities of both were never better nor greater than they are to-day. The Republican party holds itself as the true friend of each.

It is a gratifying result of Republican policies that our commerce is extending into and beyond the seas, not by the sword, but by peaceful methods. We are fast possessing the world's markets without destroying our own.

The Republican party will, in a statesmanlike way, undertake the further extension of our commerce and the further enlargement of the field of opportunity in the interest of American labor and capital. The field of largest promise at the moment is in and beyond the Pacific. "The Pacific," that vast amphitheater in the words of Garfield, "in which shall sit in majesty and power the two Americas, Asia, Africa and the chief colonies of Europe. In that august assemblage of nations the United States will be 'easily chief' if she fill worthily the measure of her high destiny."

The events of the last few years have cast new and unexpected duties upon us. They are not free from difficulties, but they lie easily within our capacity. We shall deal with them without evasion, frankly, courageously. For the new peoples who have come to us we must have a care. Our arms have delivered them from imperial rule; they know not the virtues of liberty, nor the beneficent ways of Republican government. But they will come in good time to bless the Republic for its priceless gift of freedom and civilization.

The Republican party believes in the maintenance of order and the faithful enforcement of the laws. It believes in the utmost ability in public place and in the condign punishment of those who betray public trust. It stands for economy in public expenditures; believes in preserving and violating the freedom and integrity of the ballot, and in practicing as well as preaching the moral doctrines of



SENATOR CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS.

numberless ways of peace, challenge the admiration of the world.

It was indeed fitting that the old century should close with the Republican party triumphant, and that the new century, full of tremendous promise and possibilities, should be inaugurated with the Republican party in undisputed ascendancy; not a decrepit party, not a mere political remnant, but a party in the very flush of power, radiant with hope and high purpose bearing a new commission from the American people.

The life of the Republican party in our vast territory, our mighty commerce, our great cities, splendid as they are, is not our chief glory. Our broad charity and the spirit of universal brotherhood which pervades the people are our principal evidences of true national grandeur.

The men and the hour have always met. The Republican party has given to history some of its greatest names—names which will be an inspiration to those who shall follow us long after we are forgotten. Its first great contribution was the noblest, the noblest and most majestic figures among men, Abraham Lincoln.

Our next was he whose memory we are proud to honor. The man of iron in the heat of battle, and the very incarnation of justice and mercy in the hour of victory, Ulysses S. Grant.

Immortal triumvirate! Washington, Lincoln and Grant. Grant did not succeed to this high and exalted fellowship by accident, but by force and merit of his genius.

Next, we gave to the world Ruford B. Hayes; modest, strong, conservative, but with a grand and wholesome doctrine which we should not forget: "That he serves his party best who serves his country best."

Later came Garfield, who arose to the full measure of a statesman; our second martyred President.

We take pride in the record of Arthur, who succeeded to the Presidency under sad and tragic circumstances, and met completely the exactions of his high office.

We recall with affectionate pride, one whose death we now mourn, Benjamin Harrison. Able, courageous, upright in purpose and deed. He bequeathed to us the rich legacy of a successful administration.

It is with pleasure that we mention in this presence, which gave its early and potential support to his cause, our last great contribution to the list of illustrious American statesmen, President McKinley. Succeeding to the Presidency at a time when we faced exceptionally difficult problems, he has met every demand upon the high level of national duty and national honor. He has enlarged the sphere of human liberty, and filled with prosperity and joy every home within the limits of the Republic.

Other names come unbidden to our lips: Seward and Chase, Stevens and Chandler, Blaine and Logan, Morton and Sherman—but we can not prolong the list. They gave to Republicanism and to country the benefit of their most exalted statesmanship, and their imperishable lustre to our history.

For almost forty years, Republican laws and policies have been in force. They have been tested; we know what they have accomplished. They have met well the necessities of the past, and we believe that they will meet well the requirements of the future.

Naturally increased power brings enlarged responsibility. The problems of the century which is unfolding will tax the genius and courage and patriotism of the Republican party. The

Declaration of Independence. The Republican party has been a faith-keeping and pledge-redeeming party. Its platform has been faithfully written into the laws of the country, and have been enforced in public administration. It should be always careful in promise and quick and resolute in fulfillment. So long as it keeps faith with the people, the people will keep faith with it.

No one has wisdom profound enough to foretell the Republican party's future. We must read its future in its mighty past and earnest present. We shall find its truthful prophecy in its incomparable achievements. It is united, harmonious, its leaders are not engaged in crinism and recrimination. No one has suggested a committee upon reorganization, nor that it should enter upon a revision of its great doctrine. It will continue to be the advocate of human liberty, the opponent of sectional, race or class spirit, for it believes in the conservation of the interests of all sections, races and peoples within the limits of our country. Those who appeal to section against section, race against race, class against class, are the arch-enemies of freedom.

We face an era of unusual promise in our history. We enter upon a future in which will be required a party level-headed and self-controlled; a party which has unbending faith in the virtue and patriotism of the American people, and which knows that the Great Republic will endure when crowns and empires have faded away.

The Republican party enters the twentieth century with high hope and undaunted courage; resolved to give the best it has and all it has to promote good administration and to write a new record of splendid national achievement. It will hold fast to its splendid traditions and uphold the enduring principles of human liberty and the equality of all before the law—and thereby establish its claim to the continued confidence and support of the American people.

CANT HANDLE TRAFFIC.

Railroads Overwhelmed With the Great Volume of Business.

According to dispatches from the South, so tremendous is the freight tonnage which is being delivered to the Louisville & Nashville railroad in the manufacturing district of which Birmingham is the center that it is impossible to secure sufficient cars with which to handle the traffic.

Ever since national prosperity was ushered in by the enactment of the Dingley law the railroads of the country have been making heroic efforts to provide the necessary freight and passenger traffic. The newspapers during the last four years have been full of paragraphs headed "More Equipment," and giving lists of the new cars, new locomotives and new equipment generally which were being ordered by the railroads of the country.

In spite of all their efforts, though, it seems that they cannot keep up with the rush of prosperity which protection to American industries has brought about. On thing which is faster than the modern American railway car is the demand for them, and that is the progress of prosperity in this country under the Dingley law. The railroads are unable to supply the needs of the country and the country is due.

\$5,000 will be paid to any one producing as good a spring tonic as Rocky Mountain Tea. A family blessing. 35c. Ask your druggist.

NO USE ---

trying to talk down our merit, its impossible, you will be overwhelmed and silenced by the multitude of our appreciative customer, you will meet them every hand. Never criticize until you can do so from experience. Give us a trial and then if you think we deserve criticism go ahead. We advance most any amount of money on most any kind of security in a way that we know from experience cannot help but please our customers.

Business strictly confidential.

RICHMOND LOAN CO.

Room 5, Colonial Building.
Home Phone, 445.

W. H. HARRIS'

WORLD-FAMOUS

Nickel-Plate Shows.

The events of the last few years have cast new and unexpected duties upon us. They are not free from difficulties, but they lie easily within our capacity. We shall deal with them without evasion, frankly, courageously. For the new peoples who have come to us we must have a care. Our arms have delivered them from imperial rule; they know not the virtues of liberty, nor the beneficent ways of Republican government. But they will come in good time to bless the Republic for its priceless gift of freedom and civilization.

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THE LARGEST POPULAR PRICE SHOW IN THE WORLD.

Performing Lions and Elephants. Educated Horses and Ponies. Featrics, Daring Gymnasts.

2 Performances Daily, at 2 & 8 p.m.
Doors open one hour earlier.

N. E. & 20th St.

ONE DAY ONLY

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JUDGED BY APPEARANCES

You cannot afford to wear slip clothing, every day we wear men from the custom to the ready-made idea.

Equally proper clothes for very much less money is the magnet.

Take suits for instance — our collection embraces everything worth seeing from a good all wool, 18 oz. Black City at \$10 to a luxurious Frence Worsteds at \$18 to \$22. Leave the fit to us, and it shall be perfect. Small alterations made when necessary. What more does the big increase in price get you from your tailors?

See Our Young's Note, 93.

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