

THE DEMOCRAT.

EDITED AND PUBLISHED BY
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D. E. VANVALKENBURGH, A. C. THOMPSON.

Thursday, January 26, 1860.

U. S. SENATOR.

The Indiana legislature finally elected Hon. D. D. Pratt, of Logansport, U. S. senator to fill the vacancy occasioned by the expiration of Hon. Thos. A. Hendricks' term.

Cumback, after being knocked down two or three times, finally took the hint and withdrew from the contest, but not until he had received a vote of censure and became satisfied that he could not receive the United States Senatorship.

He "asked for bread and they gave him a stone."

As soon as his time expires as lieutenant governor of the state he will be very apt to go back to the walks of private life.

Poor fellow, he overreached. He was mistaken in his man. Gov. Baker is probably an honorable gentleman, but having some ambition and knowing that he, himself, was in the regular line of promotion, and according to custom was entitled to the United States senatorship, he could not look on Cumback's proposition as being anything less than "indecent" and impudent.

THE Chicago Times says; again there come rumors from Washington that the senate will not vote for the house bill repealing the civil-tenure act, and will not consent to the modification of the act proposed by Senator Wilson. As General Grant has said he earnestly desired the repeal, and will doubtless employ all his influence to obtain it, the senate will hardly come in collision with him on this question. The democratic members will vote for repeal, because they believe the civil tenure act to be unconstitutional, and to have been passed merely to insult President Johnson and deprive him of his lawful authority.

The act was in fact an assertion that President Johnson was so weak or wicked that he could not be trusted with powers exercised by all of our former presidents. So it stands on the statute to-day; and to permit it to remain there is to say that the party in power is so distrustful of Grant that it will treat him on this question as it treated Johnson. This will be very likely to put Grant into an excellent humor. If there is to be harmony between the next president and congress the civil-tenure act must be out of the way before the fourth of March.

The governor of Kansas is a model of political prudence. In his message to the legislature of that state, he says: "All political restrictions based upon color or sex, cannot last much longer than they are desired, and cannot be removed much sooner than they should be."

It is perhaps within the bounds of safety to suggest that, probably, most people will not differ from his excellent view much longer than they feel inclined to, and will not agree with him much sooner than they desire to. It is also probable that their opinions, either way, will not last much longer than they shall undergo a change, and that they will not undergo a change much sooner than those who entertain them shall alter their minds.—*Chicago Times*.

WHEN it was proposed to hold an inauguration ball at Washington, it was found that a large number of negroes intended to patronize the entertainment.

The managers could not consistently exclude the Ethiopian element, and yet aristocratic radicalism turned up its nose in holy horror at the thought of a general commingling of colors. General Grant settled the difficulty by writing a letter disconcentrating the ball, whereupon the project was abandoned, to the great relief of white radicists, but to the ineffable disgust of fashionable darkeydom.—*Chicago Times*.

WRONG WORD.—The *Peru Republican* is giving a synopsis of the proceedings of the senate in relation to the proposition made by Cumback to Gov. Baker, says: "After much discussion the senate voted that the proposition made by Lieut. Governor Cumback, was 'improper,' thereby censuring his act."

The word the senate refused to strike out was "dishonorable." It is not worth while to put to fine a point on these little matters. Call things by their proper names.

GRANT AND CONGRESS.

It remains to be seen whether the present congress is going to be so short-sighted as to take issue with General Grant, by refusing to repeal the tenure of office bill, as he desires it to. We hope, of course, that it will, but knowing that nothing any democratic editor might say about it would have any influence upon that body, we give it as our opinion that they had better accede to his wishes.

Grant is now, undoubtedly, a radical at heart, and if properly handled will doubtless be relentless enough toward the south and its interests, to satisfy even Colfax, who is the meanest type of radicalism, but if they get him fairly set against them as Johnson has been for some time past, they will find him a very obstinate individual to get along with.

So far the senate has failed to even consider the proposed repeal of the tenure of office bill, and to the matter rests. Hoping for the best results we shall wait and see what disposition will be made of the matter before the fourth of March.

RECONSTRUCTED.—The Whitley County Republican, whose publication was suspended some weeks ago, for want of support, has been reconstructed, and comes to us now bearing the name of *The Whitley Commercial*, with J. W. Baker, editor. The Commercial makes quite a respectable appearance and will doubtless merit a better support than it will receive.

PLANK ROAD PLAID.—The *National Union*, of South Bend, says that A. Stover of that county has had three trials with the plank road company on the charge of attempting to defraud the plank road company. He simply refused to pay toll, on the ground that the road was not in proper repair. The first jury disagreed, four being for defendant, and two for plaintiff. The second result was like unto the first, except that five were for the defendant and one for the plaintiff. The third verdict was unanimous for Stover, the jury finding no cause for action.

We are glad to see that some one has had the spirit to refuse to be swindled longer by the plank road company. It has for years been a nuisance to the traveling public and it should be either repaired or abated.

S. A. HALL, for some twenty-five years editor of the *Logansport Pharos*, has recently retired from the management of that paper, and is succeeded by Rufus Magee, Esq., formerly of Winona, a practical printer, sound democrat and ready writer. We hope the *Pharos* will be as successful, in every respect, in the future as it has been in the past.

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Amalgamation.

From the Cleveland Plaindealer.

A strange couple came up from Erie on the Lake Shore road, Saturday evening, exciting the disgust and intense curiosity of every passenger in the car. It comprised a sooty, greasy negro, and a pretty white girl, whom he had married the day before at Erie. The girl evidently felt a good deal of shame at her situation, for she kept herself doubly veiled and looked out of the window all the time. Her "Othello," however, was all passionate tenderness and attention. We have learned the antecedents of the pair, which we lay before our readers: On Thursday, a tall, gaunt, very black negro, about 40 years of age, registered at the Morton house, Erie, as "William Lindsey and wife, Ohio." He requested the landlord to give him the best room in the house, as his wife would arrive on the next train and join him. His wife however, not putting in an appearance by next morning, he went to Oberlin after her. It happened that the girl—Carrie Brown by name—was on her way to Erie, to join her lover (ugh!) and the train that he was on passed hers. Arriving at Erie and learning the state of affairs, Carrie remained in the depot till evening, when Lindsey returned from Oberlin. They then went to the hotel and asked to be shown to his room. The landlord asked the negro if the lady with him was his wife, and was answered in the affirmative. The landlord then interrogated the lady, who was a beautiful young Irish girl. She said they were not yet married, but that they had come for the purpose of being married. The two were then told that they must produce a certificate of marriage before they could occupy a room together, whereupon they called upon the Rev. Mr. Nutting, of Erie, and were married. The girl said she came from Boston, Mass.; that she had been living in the family of Prof. Allen, of Oberlin, and attending school; that she met this man, her present husband. He says he is a Wesleyan Methodist preacher. Prof. Allen knew of her leaving to marry the negro, and was in favor of her marriage. They left Erie on Saturday morning for Oberlin. The bride is a very pretty girl, and was well dressed. She says her parents live in Boston. She has been in Oberlin since October last. The negro wore a tall stovepipe hat, and carried a cotton umbrella in his hand.

Oiden Congressional Fun.

Mansfield T. Walworth, in his political researches, brings to light the following pieces of congressional fun. When the question of the emblems and devices for our national arms was before the old congress, a member from the south warmly opposed the eagle as a monarchical bird. The king of birds could not be a suitable representative of a country whose institutions were founded in hostility to kings. Judge Thatcher, in reply, proposed the goose, which he said was a most humble and republican bird, and would in other respects prove advantageous, inasmuch as the goslings would be convenient to put on the ten cent pieces. The laughter which followed was more than the southerner could bear. Construing his good humored irony into an insult, he sent a challenge. Thatcher returned it to the bearer, observing that he would not accept it. "What! will you be branded as a coward?" "Yes, sir, if he pleases. I always was a coward, and he knew it, or he never would have sent a challenge to me." The joke was too good to be resisted, even by the angry party. It occasioned infinite mirth in congressional circles, and the former cordial intercourse between the parties was restored.

Eathquake Shock.

The brig Minnie Able, New Bedford, from Buenos Ayres, reports that Dec. 16, in Lat. 5 north, Long. 37:40, when under full sail, she was struck by a heavy cross sea from the north-east and southeast, which caused the vessel to roll fearfully, and carrying away her fore and main top masts, with the sail blocks and rigging attached. A light breeze was blowing at the time, and after cutting away the rigging she kept on her course. The officer heard a low, rumbling noise for a couple of hours previously, and supposed the heavy sea was caused by the shock of an earthquake.

A new velocipede has been invented in Portland, Me. It has three wheels, but a fourth is to be added. The motion is communicated either with the hands or feet, or with both, and the vehicle is capable of being attached to a horse and drawn like an ordinary buggy. The steering apparatus is managed by the knees of the rider. There are several other differences.

In whatever place he may be found, he is never otherwise than a persistent, intrusive, and unendurable nuisance to all.

CELESTIAL FROLICS.

The sun had put his night-cap on, And covered over his head, When countless stars appeared amid The curtains round his bed.

The moon arose, most motherly, And cast a soft glow over all, How all the stars shone while her sovereign was asleep.

She saw them wink their silvery eyes, As if in roguish play;

Though silent all, to her they seemed As if they'd much to say.

So, lest their frolics should disturb The sleeping king of light,

She closed them in a solid eye Could keep them all in sight.

The stars blushed, stole softly back,

And hid in d-mare and pinion,

Until the moon began to nod,

Her eyes be coming dim.

Then sleepy she sought her home,

The stars were scattered, and she knew where?

But as she went, the playful stars

Connnected their twinkling glare.

And when the moon was fairly gone,

The imp's 'tis silvery eyes

Had so much fun it woke the sun,

And he began to rise.

He rose in glory!—from his eyes

Sprang forth a new-born day;

Before the brightness all the stars

Ran hastily.

THE BOY OF THE PERIOD.

A Dirty, Lawless, Lying, Con-

scientious, Unbearable

Barbarian and Vul-

sarance.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between the

underlined in the brewery business, under the

firm name of Schroeter & Mager, was this day

disolved by mutual consent. The business will

be conducted by Schroeter, who will be re-

lieve the firm are payable, and who will like-

wise settle all claims against the same.

AUGUST 1860.

LEO MAGER.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will hold a public examination at the court house next Saturday.

T. MCDONALD, School Examiner.

DISMISSED.

The partnership heretofore existing between the

underlined in the brewery business, under the

firm name of Schroeter & Mager, was this day

disolved by mutual consent. The business will

be conducted by Schroeter, who will be re-

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AUGUST 1860.

LEO MAGER.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned has been appointed adminis-

trator of the estate of Peter E. Klinger, late of

Marshall, Indiana. Deed sale is

supposed to be solvent.

JOHN G. OSBORNE.

C. C. & L. R. T. TIME TABLE.

To take effect on Monday, December

21, 1860, at 5:45 A. M.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the

office of the Clerk of the Marshall circuit

court, to satisfy a decree in judgment in favor of Milton Morehouse and George Couse, Joseph S. Baker, and Peter L. Rungay, Jr. I have levied on the following described real estate, as the property of the defendant, George Couse, to wit: Commencing at Sharley's, north-east corner, thence on Center street, one hundred and three (103) feet, thence south eighteen (18) rods on Heller street, thence west one hundred and three (103) feet, thence north eighteen (18) rods to the place of beginning, and will offer the same for sale, at the time and place above mentioned, at the rate of twenty-five cents per acre, or less, or as may be agreed upon by the parties.

21 DAVID HOW, Sheriff, M. C.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the

office of the Clerk of the Marshall circuit

court, to satisfy a decree in judgment in favor of Bernard Thompson and Andrew Trentman and against Alexandra Joyce and Byron W. Moorehouse as plaintiff and Isaac J. Barlow and Harvey Kile as replevin bail, I have levied on the property of Harvey Kile replevin bail, the following real estate to wit:

The South east quarter of the South west quarter of section ten (10) in Township thirty-three (33) North of range three (3) east containing forty acres more or less.

A. C. & L. R. T. TIME TABLE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1860.

Between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. as the law directs to the highest bidder for cash without regard to appraisal laws, subject to redemption.

DAVID HOW, Sheriff, M. C.

SURVEY NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the under-

signed, Surveyor in and for the county of