



## Organization of the next Congress.

The radicals have finally under the lead of Phillips, Tilton, Sumner and others of like views, perfected their scheme for the disfranchisement of the South in the next session of Congress. McPherson, the clerk of the last House, is to make out a list of members from the non-seceding States only, whose names will be called prior to the organization of the House, leaving the southern members out until after the committees are all appointed, and then only admitting such of them as will agree to assist in consummating the schemes of the radicals. This, it will be seen, is in direct conflict with President Johnson's plan of reconstruction, and a palpable view of the law applicable to the case. It is, in a word, as much a revolutionary and disorganizing spirit, as that evinced by the rebels in their attempt to break up the government by force of arms, and should call down upon the perpetrators the condemnation of all true men.

We suppose all the members will be required to take the test oath before they will be admitted to seats. For this there may have been some excuse during the existence of the rebellion, but certainly there is now no good reason why it should be required. There is probably very few men in the Southern States who could conscientiously swear that they had never voluntarily bore arms, or sided, in the prosecution of the rebellion, yet there are thousands of men who did bear arms, and render aid, who knew that the supremacy of the Federal government is established, accept the existing state of things and in good faith are desirous of doing all they can publicly and privately to restore the prosperity of the country.

Such men we think are preferable, as members of Congress, to those radicals who have always regarded the "old flag" as a "daunting lie," and "hates polluted rag" and who have ever spoken of the constitution of our common country as a "covenant with death, and a league with hell." Now that the war is over and the questions incident thereto permanently settled, we think it would be wisdom on the part of our rulers and of the people generally to ignore as much as possible all the animosities and bitterness of the past, and seek to cultivate those feelings of amity and friendly social and commercial intercourse without which the union of states is nothing less nor more than an iron-bound despotism, hateful alike to good men North and South. North and South alike have suffered much from the insane ravings of extreme men in their respective sections, and we have no desire to see the same causes produce again the same or similar effects. With the return of peace let good will and confidence again exist as in the early days of the republic.

## Good News.

The Franklin Democrat of a late date, under the above attractive caption thus discourses relative to the recent severance of His Excellency O. P. M.:

Our readers are aware that for some time past Gov. Morton has been suffering,

as rumor has it, from a serious injury received in one of his usual eight rides in a car.

It is said that he, in company with a weak brother of the Christian Commission, visited, on an errand of charity, one of those frail places that are always to be found in flourishing cities; and that the cabman at a late hour called for His Excellency, who in a hurry to leave, slipped from the high door step and either fractured, dislocated, or in some other way, seriously injured his running gear, so as to make it prudent for him to "hold up."

But there is now no danger of "the disease going up into the body," or of any long continued paralysis depriving the State of his dear services.

We are rejoiced to hear that he is not only convalescent but doing well, and would suggest that he appoint a day of thanksgiving and Praise to the Almighty for saving the people their great Governor, and that all loyal and well disposed persons lay aside their everyday jobs and manifest their gratitude by singing songs of praise, to doing charitable deeds, and eating good dinners.

Jeff Davis.—The telegraph keeps at work sending its stories about the trial of Davis. We publish them, and our readers can take them for what they are worth.

The Cabinet are said to be mostly in favor of his trial by a military commission, while the President favors his trial by a civil tribunal.

It is also said that Chief Justice Chase is not desirous of presiding at his trial. Some definite action will probably be arrived at in his case in a few days.

## The Elections.

The result of the elections on Tuesday is summed up by the Chicago Times of yesterday as follows:

The lightness of the vote cast throughout the country, at the elections yesterday, sufficiently indicates the little interest felt by the people in the result. Issues were slight and not sharply defined; and the republicans, having possession of the offices and wielding the influence thereby conferred, were enabled to bring out a stronger array than their opponents. A half vote determines nothing; and from the election yesterday we have no precedent to infer results in future. The apathy of the democracy was very distinctly marked, as may be observed in the city of New York, where they should have had nearly 40,000 majority and came off with little more than 20,000, or in Milwaukee, which gave Hobart but half the poll she should have done. It is plain that the democrats are not voting this year, except, perhaps, in Detroit, where an average vote was polled, and the democratic majority is about the same as at former elections. In other places, where a full vote was brought out, the democrats have gained, or at least held their own; while the party discipline of the republicans in localities where the vote was lightest, gave them the advantage.

In Minnesota and Wisconsin, the question of so amending the constitution as to permit negro suffrage was presented directly to the people, and, although the republican state tickets were successful, the case seems to have been decided adversely to the amendment by decided majorities.

WIRZ.—A telegram from Washington says the President has not taken up the papers on the Witz case. Judge Holt has prepared a very elaborate brief of all the evidence. It is not at all likely that the President will change the verdict of the commission. They found him guilty of all the charges and specifications, and he will probably be hung within a week.

Since writing the above the telegraph announces the Presidents approval in the findings and sentence of the Court, and that Witz will be executed on Friday next. He received the news of his approaching death with composure.

THE FENIAN MOVEMENT is creating quite an excitement just now both in Europe and America. It is said that the British government has in its employ in this country a large number of spies upon the movements of the Fenians who report the result of their observations as often as requisite. We are not among those who have any great amount of faith in the ultimate success of the Fenians, nevertheless, we can but sympathize with all their reasonable efforts to free their own "green isle" from the domination of England, and give again to the Irish people that liberty which intelligent Irishmen have always so highly and dearly loved. Not so, our liberty loving neighbor, hear him.

The soldiers, not relishing such shabby treatment from those who had always heretofore made such great protestations of friendship and sympathy, called another convention and put a ticket of their own in the field. For doing this the Tribune and Journal have been busily engaged for some time past in threatening the soldiers with everlasting political contempt if they did not at once cut loose from their "sympathizers," the democrats, and fall into line under the command of the drill-masters of the republican party at Chicago.

One among twenty nominations! Oh, how the republicans of Chicago do love the returned soldiers!

Jeff Thompson tells the editor of the Louisville Journal that the only persons in the South who wish to do any more fighting are those that didn't do any when they had a chance.

This is "just the case" with the Abolitionists of the North. During the progress of the war, they were too cowardly to fight, and served their country by *stealing*. They let others do the *fighting*, whilst they remained at home to *undo* what was being done by those in arms for the Union; and they now declare that the rebels cannot be trusted! These are the cowardly Union shirkers who wish to inaugurate a war of races, by attempting to give the negro the right of the elective franchise. —*LaPorte Democrat*.

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Montgomery Blair, who was in the Cabinet with Seward at the time of the attack upon Fort Sumter, thus arraigns him:

"I impeach William H. Seward of participation in the conspiracy to throw our people into the unfortunate condition in which they are now placed. The surrender of Fort Sumter was the turning point in the rebellion. The holding it was peace—the abandonment of it was war."

The suppression of the rebellion there was its suppression everywhere. Mr. Seward agreed to surrender the fort. He persuaded Mr. Lincoln to protect the parapets for six or seven weeks after he came into power. When Mr. Lincoln overruled Seward and determined to reinforce Fort Sumter, Mr. Seward sent word to the rebels of the fact by Mr. Harvey, our now Minister to Portugal. He procured the rebels—which was ordered to reinforce the fort—to be sent to another place, without the President's knowledge. The fort was surrendered, and the rebellion broke out all over the South."

They have two hearseas, and are ready at all times to attend funerals in town and country, and they keep constantly on hand a complete set:

BURIAL CASES OF ALL SIZES.

The public are solicited to give them a call, and examine their stock of furniture before purchasing elsewhere.

Plymouth, July 20, '65—n465.

## Internal Revenue tax.

We see it stated in late telegraph dispatches from Washington that Secretary McCullough will recommend the substitution of a tax on sales, for the present cumbersome machinery known as income tax. In some respects this would be an improvement on the present system, but in others it would be very far from equitable. The great difficulty under the present system, is the constant temptation to the commission of fraud, and the expense of assessment and collection of the revenue.

These are however no greater than are to be expected in every system of special taxation. The true plan, it seems to us, would be first, a universal poll tax; second, an ad valorem tax on the property of the country, not excepting bonds and treasury notes. By this plan all would share alike in proportion to their wealth in sustaining the burdens of the government, and there would be no cause for dissatisfaction between different localities, or even different classes in the same locality.

Gen. Wade Hampton, the last Southern to yield to the fortunes of war, and who declined to be a candidate, has been overwhelmingly elected Governor of South Carolina. He has not yet been "pardoned" by the President.

We stated a couple of weeks ago that Hon. James L. Orr had been elected Governor of that State. Subsequent intelligence, however, confirms the truth of the above statement.

The following shows the political complexion of the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Ohio, at the coming session:

Senate—Republicans 25, Democrats 12. Republican majority 13.

House—Republicans 68, Democrats 37. Republican majority 31. This gives the opposition a majority on joint ballot of 44.

## THE PLYMOUTH WEEKLY DEMOCRAT.

## NUMBER 10.

## B. PAUL.

IS AGAIN IN THE MARKET WITH AN ENTIRE

## BOOTS AND SHOES.



## NEW STOCK OF CUSTOM MADE

OUR ASSORTMENT IS FULL AND COMPLETE OF

## Ladies', Men's, Misses, Boys, Youth's AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS &amp; SHOES

OF all kinds and descriptions. Our Stock was bought at reduced prices, and will be sold at Small Profits. We also MAKE BOOTS &amp; SHOES TO ORDER, and think we can please all who may favor us with their custom. Our Stock is such

That no one can fail to be suited who may give us a call.

17 Store on the South side of Hewitt and Woodward's Block, at the Sign of the Big Boot.

## B. PAUL.

Plymouth, Indiana, July 27, '65—n471y.

## Cabinet Ware-Rooms.

## ALLEMAN &amp; BRO.

(SUCCESSIONS TO JONATHAN WRIGHT &amp; CO.)

## MANUFACTURERS

AND DEALERS IN

## FURNITURE,

South of Rice &amp; Bro's Store, Michigan Street,

PLYMOUTH, INDIANA.

## H. B. DICKSON, HENRY WOODBURY

## THE IRON AGE

Has come again; at least the

## IRON

has at H. B. DICKSON &amp; CO'S HARDWARE

STORE, IN THE SOUTH ROOM OF THE

NEW BRICK BLOCK, PLYMOUTH, IND.

Where it can at all times be SEEN and

BOUGHT in almost any shape, size, quantity and

quality from an

## AMERICAN COOKING STOVE

to a COFFEE HEATER, or from a crow bar to a paper of 4oz tacks. They have

## STOVES

Of every kind; Elevated Ovens, Square, Parlor Sheet Iron, Box, fancy or plain, with complete

## TRIMMINGS

to match. SHELF GOODS of every description. House Trimmings, DOOR and WINDOW hangings; Glass and Sash; Carpenters' tools.

## NAILS

By the Keg or Pound; Mallets, Log and Dog Chains; the best Axes in the West.

## TIL, Brass, and Hollow Ware

Of all kinds.

## PLOWS, SHOVELS.

and all manner of Agricultural utensils, including Forks that load and unload hay by horse power.

## CUTLERY, FISH HOOKS &amp; LINES,

ROPE, WIRE, BELTING

## AND COW BELLS,

## IRON AND STEEL IN BARS,

## ROLLS, SHEETS

## AND BUNCHES

etc., &amp;c.

In fact every thing that any one ever thought of buying in a Hardware Store, and a thousand things besides, with

## NEW STOCK

constantly arriving, which they propose selling

## CHEAPER

than the same can be bought at any other place this side of Pittsburgh.

All kinds of tin, sheet iron, copper and brass

ware made and repaired on reasonable terms and short notice.

## Residence Lots.

The undersigned has a few large sized residence lots, eligibly located, which he will sell for cash.

\$1,00 per acre for Red and White Oak houses.

\$1,25 per acre for Red Oak, Ash, Elm and Maple.

Heading bolts and \$22.00 per thousand for Hickory Hoop Poles, delivered on the side tracks, convenient for load &amp; go on cars, the shovels to be of good quality and to be piled and insp. ready w/ [10 ft. 7 ft.]

HURLBUT BROS. &amp; CO.

## ALSO AT

Faywood, Bonham and Etta Green, we will pay

\$1,00 per acre for Red and White Oak houses.

\$1,25 per acre for Red Oak, Ash, Elm and Maple.

Heading bolts and \$22.00 per thousand for Hickory Hoop Poles, delivered on the side tracks, convenient for load &amp; go on cars, the shovels to be of good quality and to be piled and insp. ready w/ [10 ft. 7 ft.]

HURLBUT BROS. &amp; CO.

## C. H. RICE &amp; CO.

The plaintiff in the above entitled cause by his attorney, has filed in my office his complaint against the defendant, and it appearing by the return of the Sheriff of Marshall County on a writ of garnishment, that the defendant, Christopher Kerr, is a citizen of Indiana, State of Indiana, she is therefore hereby notified of the pendency of said complaint against her, and unless she appear, answer or demur thereto at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of said county, to be held at the town of Plymouth on the 2d Monday of February, 1866, said complaint and the matters and things therein contained and alleged will be heard and determined in her absence.

JOHN C. CUSHMAN, Clerk.

C. H. RICE &amp; CO.

vs. Christopher Kerr.

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