

THE PLYMOUTH DEMOCRAT.

J. C. OSBORNE, : : : Editor.

PLYMOUTH, INDIANA:

THURSDAY, OCT. 20, 1864

ROR PRESIDENT
GEN. GEORGE B. McCLELLAN,
OF NEW JERSEY.FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
GEORGE H. PENDLETON,
OF OHIO.

The Recent Elections.

At the time of going to press last week we had received but partial returns from the elections held in the States of Indiana, Ohio, and Pennsylvania. These were the one sided expositions of the Telegraph under the manipulations of abolitionists, and of course were far from reliable. We did suppose however that they were near enough the truth to blast with disappointment, all hope that these States could be carried for McClellan in November. Such however now seems not to be the case. This State has undoubtedly been carried by the most unblushing frauds. The vote at Indianapolis was as large as a legitimate vote would have been in a city of 80,000 inhabitants, while it is notorious that it does not contain more than 20,000 aside from the military, and other transient persons not entitled to vote there. The fraud at that precinct alone was not less than 6,000 votes. Then the rascality and partiality shown in furloughing soldiers home to vote, cheated the democracy out of at least 10,000 to 15,000 more. As a sample of the way the thing was done, we call attention to the letter published by us last week, from a portion of the 12th Ind. Battery, and also to the following extract from a letter written by a member of the 5th Indiana Battery, to the Ft. Wayne Sentinel:

Official Vote of Marshall County.		
Turpie, Colfax, Logan, Babbington.		
Union 95	97	
Center 186	197	
Green 61	69	
Bourbon 12	11	
Pecanoe 21	20	
German 115	117	
North 56	57	
Polk 29	19	
West 73	75	
Walnut 5	4	
592	611	
STATE TICKET GENERAL.		
State Ticket general, Dem	Rep.	Quincy, Schlarb
Union 95	95	
Center 185	190	
Green 62	62	
Bourbon 11	11	
Pecanoe 21	21	
German 115	107	
North 56	56	
Polk 29	20	
West 73	74	
Walnut 4	4	
617	615	
25	25	
dem. maj. 592	590	

Dawson's Ft. Wayne Times is suspended both Daily and Weekly. We regret this as we regarded the Times one of our very best exchanges. Fearless and out spoken, sometimes we thought wrong, but almost always right, the Times was true to its convictions of duty, and its suspension at this crisis, we fear will be attended with loss to the great party of which it was an able exponent, and prove an injury to the public. Mr. Dawson returns to his original Profession, the practice of law, which we hope he may find more pleasant and lucrative than conducting a Newspaper in these times of an inflated and ever varying currency.

Who said before the draft, that if he was drafted, he would regard it as an indication of Divine Providence pointing out the path of duty?

Ans. Rev. J. E. Chapin. Who said before the draft, that if drafted he would not accept a substitute?

Ans. Rev. J. E. Chapin. Who was drafted? Ans. Rev. J. E. Chapin.

Who sent a Substitute instead of going himself? Ans. Rev. J. E. Chapin.

We understand that another draft will have to be resorted to, to fill up the quotas of several townships, in this county. Center is we learn about '30 behind which will require about 60 more turns of the wheel of fate. A nice thing is the draft, the men take to it so cheerfully, every body who possibly can wants to go into the market to hire a substitute. Vive la conscription.

Election Returns.

The returns of the recent election in this State come in very slow. In all our exchanges received up to yesterday, we have but few official returns. In the scattered and uncertain condition of the returns, there is no chance to form an estimate of the probable majority of the Republican ticket, but it is evident that it will not be as large as was estimated. To obtain this majority the most outrageous frauds were perpetrated in different parts of the State. A complete and systematic was adopted for voting illegally, and for taking Democratic votes out of the ballot box and putting in Republican votes. In this township the Republican majority is 2,274 larger this year than the entire vote was two years ago. In order to show the immense frauds we give the vote in 1860, 1862, and 1864, in this township, all official, as follows:

1860—Lane	3,047
Hendricks	2,117
Total vote in 1860	5,164
1862—Peele	3,532
Athom	2,146
Total vote in 1862	5,498
1864—Moore	7,772
McDonald	1,985
Total vote in 1864	9,557

This fraud is so apparent that no sensible Republican will defend it. The entire election board in this city was Republican. Although Democrats petitioned for a division of the board, none but Republicans were put on it. The result is apparent. By these wholesale frauds, the honest voter has been swindled out of his franchise, and defrauded of his right to select his rulers in a constitutional manner. The ballot, the dearest privilege of an American, is a farce and a fraud, as practiced by the present corrupt leaders, and will so continue, unless the people awake in time and assert their right. On an honest vote, with ballot-boxes unstuffied, the Democrats have elected their State ticket by 20,000 majority. An honest vote must be had in November. With it Indiana is certain for McClellan. Courage, Democrats! There is no cause for alarm. Go to work vigorously, and the abolition majority will create no surprise. It was determined before hand that the election should not be a fair one, that Morton and the whole nest of unwholesome supporters who support the tyrannical usurpation at Washington should succeed, no matter at what cost, or what extent of perjury, fraud or military terrorism. With a fair vote, Indiana is soundly democratic to day, at least 10,000.

The returns from Ohio show large democratic gains in that State, and indicate a reasonable prospect of democratic success in November. Pennsylvania instead of going republican by 20,000 as at first stated, gives the democracy about 5,000 majority on the home vote, and will be certain for McClellan in November.

The Constitutional vote in Maryland, is very close, notwithstanding the military usurpations and illegal intermeddling with their election by that Prince of upstarts Lew Wallace.

On a careful survey of the whole field we are constrained to say to our readers, there is no cause for discouragement, except the disposition of those in power, manifested at the recent elections, to secure success, by any and every means, no matter how dishonorable or degrading.

In conclusion we commend to our readers the following excellent advice which we clip from the Logansport Pharos:

The October elections are over, and the Pharos goes to press before the result is fully known in the States voting yesterday. The duty of October has been well discharged by the sterling Democracy of Cass, and it now becomes their duty to close up their ranks for the final struggle in November, for Liberty and Union.

Let those who worked well for the State election, work with greater zeal and determination to promote success in November. Let Democrats who may have been lukewarm (if such there were but we have not heard of one) arise to the vast and important work of changing our national rulers. Such change is necessary to save the country from the disastrous results of Lincoln's mad slave-freeing policy.

Let those who would save the nation from bankruptcy, go to work.

The Terrible Responsibility. We envy not those who have taken the responsibility of being leaders in the effort to force Lincoln upon the country for another term, if, unfortunately, such a scourge as his success should be visited upon the land. His first election opened one of Pandora's boxes of evils. His second would be followed by the opening of another box infinitely worse. It contains civil war, indefinitely prolonged and aggravated, together with national bankruptcy, beggary, ruin and starvation. The impending "crash" would not long be delayed after his reelection, and when it came how bitterly would the people feel toward the authors of their miseries and calamities! How they would reproach them for their deception and false counsels. Then they will see, and feel the heavy responsibility they have incurred before God and man in bringing about a continuation of this dreadful reign.—Cincinnati

Enquirer.

Violated Confidence.

It is now well known that business correspondence, whether by mail or telegraph, between this Province and the United States, is open to the inspection of federal spies, and that all secrecy or business security is at an end. Spies are in the telegraph offices, post offices and hotels, spies swarm everywhere at the other side of the lines. Letters to a Halifax gentleman, stopping at a hotel in Boston, have been opened by a spy stationed in that establishment for that and similar purposes. A telegram from Canada to a merchant in this city a short time ago, was sent to Washington and published in the papers there, before it was delivered to its owner here. And it is known that business messages sent to business men in the States have been treated in a way quite as bad. It will not be only a very humiliating thing, but a very disgraceful and disastrous thing to boot, if the authorities permit this interference with business correspondence to be continued. What has become of the oath of secrecy in the telegraph office? And what has become of the sharehoders of the Nova Scotia Telegraph Company? If they have no power to protect the interests of merchants intrusting important business dispatches to their lines, and cannot guarantee the safe and secret transmission of such correspondence, then it is time the public was made aware of the fact.—Halifax Citizen.

For the Sentinel.

The State vs. the Presidential Election.

The State election is over, and however disastrously it may have resulted to our cause, it should incite every Democrat to renewed exertions for the success of McClellan in November. Local causes contributed largely to our defeat, which will have no bearing upon the Presidential canvass.

Arbitrary and unjustifiable arrests of prominent Democrats whose influence was feared by our desperate opponents; the violence perpetrated at previous elections upon unoffending Democrats; the military terrorism which exists in certain parts of the State; the stigma cast upon the Democracy by the alleged treasonous organization known as the Sons of Liberty; have had the effect intended, and influenced many conservative men who otherwise would have cast their votes on the side of truth and justice. But even these were not sufficient, as the unblushing frauds and wholesale perjury perpetrated in this city so plainly testifies. Think of a vote of 10,000 in a population of 30,000!

The relative proportion of voters to the population, according to the last census, is an average of one to eight; but the overreaching villainies of the abolitionists have made it one to three! Is there no remedy for these outrageous frauds?

If the people will submit to be swindled out of their dearest rights, they are no longer worthy the name of freemen! Rally then, once more, under the glorious banner of the old Union in November, and let the ballot speak in trumpet tones of the vindication of the people from the despotic sway of our tyrannical oppressors. Elect George B. McClellan and restore the purity of election, the inviolability of human rights, the freedom of press an individuals and lastly but not least, the integrity and indissolvability of the Union.

DEMOCRAT.

Chicago Tribune, Dec. 1st, 1860, says:

"Not a few of the republican journals of the interior are working themselves up to the belief which they are endeavoring to impress upon their readers, that the seceded states, be they few or many, will be whipped back into the Union. We caution all such, that in language of that sort they are adding new fuel to the flame which is already blazing too fiercely; and that the probabilities now are that the result will prove them to be false prophets. No man knows what public policy may demand of the incoming administration; but the drift of opinion seems to be that, if peaceable secession is possible, the retiring states will be assisted to go that this needless and bitter controversy may be brought to an end. If the Union is to be dissolved a bloodless separation is by all means to be coveted.

A few militia in the fort resisted, but finally surrendered, and were paroled on the spot.

The citizens were released without any parole.

The rebels left during the night, and a Federal infantry force arrived there this morning.

The rebels robbed the stores of several thousand dollars' worth of clothing, boots and shoes, and burned the water station, but did no other injury to the railroad. The rolling stock had all been sent to Tippecanoe.

Price is reported moving on Lexington.

Bill Anderson has cut the North Missouri Rail road High Hill, also is reported to have visited New L'ormore. Anderson says his only orders are to raise hell in North Missouri.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Accounts from the Army of the Potowmack continue to represent all quiet along the lines, with exception of occasional picket firing.

Secretary Fessenden and other prominent persons have left Washington for the Army of the Potowmack.

The remains of Chief Justice Taney, were accompanied to the railroad train, to be interred in Frederick, Maryland, for interment.

CHATTANOOGA, Oct. 15.—Maj. General Schofield arrived here to day and assumed general direction of affairs.

The enemy are reported in force at Dalton. Col. Johnson, 44th United States colored troops, was making a determined defense.

Chattanooga is strongly fortified, and amply supplied with troops, enough to make a

prudent and successful defense.

Sherman is close on Hood's rear, and undoubtedly will make it a hornet's nest before him.

The Vote of Pennsylvania.

The following dispatch is said to be authentic and reliable:

PHILADELPHIA, October 12, 1864.

To the Editors of the Enquirer:

The home vote of Pennsylvania gives us from six to ten thousand majority sure.

C. L. WARD.

From Rev. J. H. Turner, Pastor of the Rockbridge Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson's Dear Sirs—Having frequently used your German Bitter for many years, I have been told that it has been of great service.

I believe that in most cases of general debility of the system it is the safest and most valuable remedy of which I have any knowledge.

Yours respectfully, J. H. TURNER,

No. 726 N. Nineteenth street.

From the Rev. Thos. Winter, Pastor of the Roxbury Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson's Dear Sirs—I feel it due to your excellent preparation, Hoofland's German Bitter, to add my testimony to the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for years at times been troubled with great disorder in my head and nervous system. I was advised by a friend to try a bottle of your German Bitter. I did so, and my health has been greatly relieved. I confidently recommend the article where I meet with cases similar to my own, and have been assured by many of their good effects.

Respectfully yours, T. WINTON,

Roxborough Pa.

From Rev. J. S. Hoffman, of the German Bitter.

Dr. Jackson's Dear Sirs—Having frequently used your German Bitter in my family for many years and have never used any medicine that did me as much good as Hoofland's Bitter. I am very much improved in health, after having taken five bottles.

Yours with respect, J. S. HERMAN.

PRICES.

Large size (holding hardly done quantity.)

\$1.00 per bottle—half—\$0.50

Small size—75 cents per bottle—half—\$0.40

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON," is on the WRAPPER of each bottle.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

I shall continue to buy

Exactly as Represented,

SQUARE TIMBER.

For which the highest prices will be paid in Cash or Trade.

Also all kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Remember the OLD CORNER, South of the Edwards House.

M. H. RICE.

Plymouth, April 28, 1864.—v. 9. 39th.

Robert McFarland—