

THE PLYMOUTH DEMOCRAT.

A. C. THOMPSON, Editor.

PLYMOUTH, INDIANA.
THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 12.

Democratic Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HERSCHELL V. JOHNSON,

OF GEORGIA.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
THOMAS A. HENDRICKS, of Shelby.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
DAVID TURPIE, of White.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
WILLIAM H. SCHLATER, of Wayne.

FOR AUDITOR OF STATE,
JOSEPH RISTINE, of Vigo.

FOR TREASURER OF STATE,
NATHAN L. CUNNINGHAM, of Vigo.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
OSCAR B. HORD, of Decatur.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
SAMUEL L. RUGG, of Allen.

FOR CLERK SUPREME COURT,
CORNELIUS O'BRIEN, of Dearborn.

FOR REPORTER SUPREME COURT,
M. C. KERR, of Floyd.

FOR CONGRESS, 9TH DISTRICT,
CHARLES W. CATCATH, of LaPorte.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE OF STARK AND MARSHALL COUNTIES,
M. A. O. PACKARD,

FOR PROSECUTOR, 9TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
J. E. MCCARTHY, of Fulton.

FOR JUDGE COMMON PLEAS COURT,
DANIEL NOYES, of LaPorte.

FOR COMMON PLEAS PROSECUTOR,
R. L. FARNSWORTH, of St. Joseph.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR TREASURER,
JOHN M. SHOEMAKER,

FOR SHERIFF,
HENRY M. LOGAN,

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
J. M. KLINGER,

FOR CORONER,
STEPHEN SHARPE.

Having been away from home most of the time since our last issue—the Congressional Convention being held here yesterday, and being concerned in it, and going to LaPorte in the evening—these with many other things, all health included, have kept us from paying the attention to our paper this week that we should. We are now at home, where we expect to remain many weeks. The nominations are nearly all made now, and we shall contribute our mite toward electing them.

"STOP THREE"—The cry of MATTINGLY about the "Central Junta," and the nominations being "made before hand," is raised to divert the minds of the dissatisfied Republicans in the county from the fact that despite the manifest choice of the out townships, Centre township nominated Mr. FARNSWORTH for Sheriff, giving him a clean majority on the first ballot over all the other candidates and on the second ballot almost the entire vote, while the out townships balloted for the other candidates about as on the first ballot, but they were too weak and FARNSWORTH was nominated, to the manifest displeasure of many members of the Convention. Contrary to the assertion made by the editor, Mr. LOGAN was not the choice of Centre township, and the largest vote was given to Mr. How, while several of the out townships gave their entire vote for Mr. LOGAN. These are facts that the proceedings of both the Conventions show, and his cry of "Central Junta" reminds us of the thief on the stolen horse, hollering at the top of his voice, while he was making the most possible speed trying to escape justice—"stop thief!"

AN ANGRY THREAT—Since we have had charge of the DEMOCRAT we have taken occasion to refer to some of the leading men of the Republican party in this county in a manner that they neither admire nor fancy very much, and in hopes of putting a stop to it some of them have threatened us saying: "if you don't quit, MATTINGLY will give you a lesson." This is the reputation our neighbor enjoys among his political friends as an editor. This threat was made some weeks ago and we have been waiting for a specimen of what they threatened he would give us, and having given him time sufficient, we suppose he has, in the minds of his admirers, given us what they elegantly term "a lesson." We only add that if we were assured that there was no "lesson" "h—ll" than that which he has given us, we would not fear the future in the least, no matter how many sins we might commit. However, we must confess, although we have never formed any very distinct idea of the appearance of His Majesty, that there is, probably, a very great appearance in comparing him with the "old gentleman" who presides over the unfortunate who have reached the final destination of our neighbor.

Hurray for the "Old Gentleman." He is evidently working for a high position in the "future."

"CAN'T MAKE THE PEOPLE BELIEVE IT."—Some of the Republicans of this place are regretting that we are taking such an unpopular course in relation to Mr. FULLER and other leading Republicans of this place. They admit that what we say about the inconsistencies of this political trickster and religious hypocrite, is true, but they say we "can't make the people believe it." They have such full faith in him as a blarney and hypocrite that they think he can do just what he pleases and "the people" will regard him as a consistent politician, an honest man, and a saint. This opinion of theirs is not without a foundation, for, we say to his credit, if credit it is, that he can tell more falsehoods, make more misrepresentations, place himself in more ridiculous and inconsistent positions, shake hands with more men in a specified time than any man in the county—MATTINGLY not excepted—and keep on a fair face all the while. The Republicans hereabouts know this and they laugh over it to themselves, and they have such confidence in the power of that smooth, deceptive tongue, prating lips, brass face, ever ready shake of the hand, and seared little conscience of his, that they say "the people can't be made to believe" that he is the corrupt man they know and admit he is.

Knowing him to be the kind of an individual we represent him to be, we shall continue to hold up his conduct and inconsistencies to the gaze of the public, and if we do not succeed, we shall have a clear conscience, having done our duty.

Douglas carried Illinois for Van Buren and the Democracy in 1860. He will carry it again in 1860.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

The proceedings of the Congressional Convention will be found in this issue of the DEMOCRAT. We have delayed our publication a few hours in order to ascertain whether Hon. C. W. CATCATH would accept the nomination so heartily and unanimously tendered him.

The crowd in attendance was not large, though larger than we anticipated, owing to the busy season. Nearly all the counties were represented, and the very best of feeling prevailed.

The nomination of Mr. CATCATH inspired the entire crowd with zeal and enthusiasm, and with a hope of success. In times gone by he has overcome as large a majority as the Republicans now have in this district, and defeated a man of greater ability and one more popular than SCHUYLER COLFAX. If the proper exertion is made—and we firmly believe it will be—the "bloody ruin" will be redeemed from the reign of Black Republicanism—the large majority will be overcome and SCHUYLER COLFAX will be permitted to stay at home, where he will "rest from his labors"—peddling garden seeds, "franking" Republican documents and Patent Office Reports to his friends. Mr. Catcath had stated to several of his friends that he did not want, nor would not accept the nomination, yet he was, with the fear that he would decline, nominated by acclamation amidst the greatest enthusiasm. The committee appointed to wait on him, arrived at his residence last night at 11 o'clock, a part came from Valparaiso and a part from LaPorte. All in all, there was about 100. They first built a bonfire in front of his house, in the road, and when it was in full blast, blating some twenty feet in the air, the procession, headed by two bands, marched up to his house, sludily. His slumbers were broken by the bands playing a patriotic air in a most spirited manner. He soon made his appearance, thinking that some of his friends who were passing by had stopped to give him a serenade. When informed of their business, he urged many excuses why he should decline the nomination, prominent among which was, his poor health, which would not permit him to make a thorough canvass of the District.

Finally, after seeing old friends from almost every county in the District, who urged upon him the necessity of his accepting the nomination, he consented, and then he received three as rousing cheers as ever any man did from a crowd of the same size. After making a few remarks, and being assured by all present that he would receive their most energetic assistance, the crowd dispersed with numerous rounds of cheers for the Democracy and the nominee of the Ninth for Congress.

We have not seen nor heard of a single Democrat who is not only satisfied, but say he is the man, and their first choice, and that they will do all in their power to secure his election. Three cheers for Hon. C. W. Catcath! He has fought many hard battles, and has always won them most gloriously and triumphantly, and he will do again. With a hope of success, let us double our diligence.

The Competency Administration.

The Republican has abused every Democratic officer in the county, from 1858 to the present time, and claimed for the Republican officers elected honesty and competency, and especially their Auditor. During the time Mr. McDonald was Auditor, they used to make a great fuss about the condensed and unsatisfactory reports he published annually, and now they are satisfied with a Report not more than half as long as those they used to grumble at as being too short, and that is so condensed that no person can, by reading it over, form a correct idea of the financial affairs of the county. And they now try to cover up blunders made by their competent official that, had they the power, they would damn a Democrat for calling him an "embezzler" and a "defaulter." Mattingly has become magnanimous, and takes all the blunders committed by Fuller upon himself, when any one who knows anything about Fuller's bungling, blundering manner of doing business is satisfied that his Exhibit as it appeared first in the Republican, was according to copy, and it would be difficult for Mattingly to make any one believe, after having two weeks to set it up in, that the proof was not read by copy. If it was not read by copy, then he is entirely indifferent as to whether the people shall know anything about the state of their finances—disregards the intent of the law in having the annual Exhibit published; and, if the proof was read by copy, then we hope for the old gentleman's sake he will never say anything more about anybody else drinking "something stronger" than Lager. Notwithstanding his hard face, he must be rather humiliating, after having provoked as much as he has about inaccuracies and blunders, to admit, for the "good of the Republican party," that he had committed the greatest batch of blunders that have ever appeared in print in this community.

A few weeks ago we referred to the Report as being what we have above stated it was, in point of calculation, and in this week we ask a few questions for Mr. Fuller to answer, or, about some things that we wish an explanation of. In his last Report, (for he has gotten out two—the second being corrected in many places, but still erroneous), he says:

"Total receipts from all sources, \$11,399.82." In another place he says, "County tax, 11,399.82." From the Report everybody must understand that the 11,399.82 was collected from the duplicate, and this being the case, we ask what has become of the county's part of the \$1,000 paid by ex-Treasurer Vinnebeck's securities, which we understand was about \$700? also the jury fees, \$4,50 being charged for each jury trial and collected for the benefit of the county; and, what became of the docket fees in the Common Pleas Court, which is taxed for the benefit of the county, also? If these items, which will amount to about \$1,000, have been accounted for, where were they lumped in? and will not Mr. Fuller get out another Exhibit? If these things are not accounted for, where have they gone to?

But there is one thing more that he ought to explain, and it would certainly justify him in getting out another "Exhibit." He says:

"Grand total collected, \$29,140.86."

In order to get this, he goes on and shows how much was School, State, County, Sinking Fund, Road Township and Special School Tax, but he still lacks \$885.75 of the amount. In order to make it balance he adds "Treasurer's fees for collection of the above taxes," \$885.75, and that leaving all the "Grand Total." Now we want to know if the county collected that amount as a part of its revenue, or was it paid out? We should have thought that for the Auditor's "Exhibit" that was an item of county expenses to be credited instead of receipts to be charged. For our own satisfaction as well as that of many others, we ask an explanation, or that Fuller get out another "Exhibit." Oh! the "competency" Oh! the "retrenchment" and "reform!"

The key of the Bastille—presented to Washington by Lafayette, is still in the mansion at Mount Vernon, just as it was placed there by Washington himself.

Democratic Convention for the Ninth Congressional District.

Pursuant to a call of the Central Committee, the Democracy of the Ninth Congressional District, met in Convention in the Seminary Grove, in Plymouth, on Wednesday, July 11th, 1860, at 11 o'clock a. m.

A. E. Drapier on behalf of the Central Committee called the Convention to order by nominating S. A. HALL, of Cass, as President of the Convention.

The President stated the object of the meeting to be the nomination of a candidate for Congress. On motion, the Democratic Editors of the District were chosen Secretaries of the Convention. On motion of J. A. Graham, Vice Presidents were appointed by the delegates from each county. On motion of J. C. Walker, of LaPorte, a committee of one from each county was appointed by the Chair to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the Convention, as follows:

Miami, J. B. Fulwiler; Cass, S. A. Hall; Lake, Job D. Bunnell; Porter, T. A. E. Campbell; LaPorte, J. C. Walker; St. Joseph, A. E. Drapier; Marshall, Wm. Hugs; Starke, J. S. Bender; Fulton, E. A. Banks.

On motion of E. A. Banks, resolved that the Secretary of this Convention report the representation of the several counties, taking as a basis the Democratic vote in 1858, giving to each county one vote for each 100 votes and one for each fraction of 50.

On motion of J. B. Fulwiler, the Convention adjourned until one o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention met pursuant to adjournment. Mr. Graham on the Committee of apportionment reported the following, which was concurred in:

Counties.	Votes in Convention.	Votes in 1858.
Benton,	2	205
Cass,	15	1509
Fulton,	9	909
Jasper,	2	530
Lake,	9	924
LaPorte,	22	1126
Marshall,	11	1126
Miami,	15	1546
Pulaski,	6	561
Porter,	11	1032
Starke,	2	185
St. Joseph,	16	1634
White,	8	774

Mr. Drapier from the Committee on resolutions reported the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That we, the representatives of the Democracy of the Ninth Congressional District, approve the platform of principles adopted by the Democratic National Convention, and endorse the nomination of Douglas and Johnson as the standard-bearers of the National Democratic party, and as such we will give him a cordial support.

On motion of J. B. Fulwiler, of Miami, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we can not close our eyes to the fact that there are elements of discord and dissension, the offspring of sectional fanaticism, in the North and the South, which threaten speedily to rend in pieces the fair fabric of our Union, and that they are only held in subordination by the conservative power of the National Democratic party.

Resolved, That to take from our creed the doctrine of non-intervention by Congress, anywhere and everywhere, with regard to domestic slavery, would be to take from it its power to save; would be to open the flood-gates of selfish ambition and sectional strife, and to overwhelm us in national ruin.

On motion of J. C. Walker, the Convention proceeded to nominate a candidate for Congress.

J. B. Fravel proposed the name of Hon. C. W. Catcath as candidate.

J. L. Rock proposed S. I. Anthony, of Porter, as candidate.

James Brooke announced the name of C. H. Reeve as candidate.

Dr. E. A. Banks proposed Dr. J. A. Adrian as candidate.

Messrs B. W. Newkirk and J. B. Fravel having addressed the Convention, and all other names being withdrawn, on motion of John A. Graham, of Miami, Hon. Charles W. Catcath, of LaPorte, was nominated by acclamation as the Democratic candidate for Congress from this District.

On motion of D. E. Banks, of Fulton, the following was adopted by acclamation—

Resolved, That we recognize in the nominee of this Convention, Hon. CHARLES W. CATCATH, a gentleman in every respect worthy the support of the Democracy of this District, and we pledge to him an energetic support.

Three enthusiastic cheers were then given for the nominee: three for Douglas and Johnson; and three for the National Democratic party of the Union.

After music by the band, J. B. Fulwiler proposed three additional cheers for Hon. CHARLES W. CATCATH as the friend of the settlers upon the public lands.

On motion of T. A. E. Campbell, of Porter, a committee of one from each county was selected by the several delegations, to wait upon Mr. Catcath and inform him of his nomination, which consists of the following—Cass, S. A. Hall; Fulton, H. W. Mann; Jasper, David Snyder; Lake, A. C. Stanton; LaPorte, J. B. Fravel; Marshall, R. C. Shurtley; Miami, J. A. Graham; Pulaski, F. B. Thomas; Porter, O. Dunham; Starke, L. D. Glazebrook; St. Joseph, J. Brownfield; White, David Turpie.

On motion of J. B. Fulwiler,

Resolved, That the Democratic Editors of the District be, and they are hereby appointed the Democratic Central Committee.

On motion of Samuel Wilson, of Cass,

Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be published in the Indiana Volksblatt, State Sentinel, and in the Democratic papers of the District.

On motion the Convention adjourned sine die, with three enthusiastic cheers for Douglas, Johnson, Hendricks, Turpie, and Catcath.

S. A. HALL, President.

PAUL BERRY, MIAMI;
SAMUEL WILSON, CASS;
A. C. STANTON, LAKE;
P. HALL, PORTER;
B. M. NEWKIRK, LAPORE;
JOHN SMITH, ST. JOSEPH;
W. M. PATTERSON, MARSH;
JAMES DAVIS, FULTON;
A. W. PORTER, STARKE.

JOHN A. GRAHAM, MIAMI;
J. J. DAVIS, FULTON;
A. C. THOMPSON, MARSHALL;
A. E. DRAPIER, ST. JOSEPH;
H. HUGES, LAPORE;
J. S. WELLS, LAPORE;
J. L. ROCK, PORTER;
S. R. BRYANT, PORTER;
JOE P. SMITH, LAKE.

Secretaries.

NOMINATION FOR JOINT REPRESENTATIVE.—At a meeting of the delegations at the Kendallville Convention, from the counties of Elkhart and Lagrange, says the Goshen Democrat, Mr. John P. McDewitt of Haw Patch, Lagrange county, was unanimously nominated for Joint Representative. The selection is a good one. Mr. McDewitt is an enterprising and enlightened citizen, who would do honor to any constituency which might select him as their Representative.

There is a married couple in England whose united ages amount to 188 years—Evan Jones, aged 96, and Lettie Jones, aged 92. They have been 72 years married, and have been members of the Welsh Calvinistic church 66 years.

Brevities.

The "Japan knees" celebration at LaPorte on the Fourth, was a novel, ridiculous, funny, and in some parts of the programme, indecent performance.

Our visit to LaPorte was a most pleasant one, and we made many agreeable, and we hope, lasting acquaintances. We called on the editors of the Herald, Times and Union. Mr. Powell, of the Herald is a very social gentleman. Mr. Higgins, of the Times is a young man of good attainments and we hope, has a bright future before him. He is now the candidate for the Senate from the district composed of the counties of LaPorte and Starke.

We called upon Mr. Milligan of the Union, but he was busy, and we exchanged only a few words with him. He is evidently a man that attends to his own business.

Mr. Mugg of the Northern Indianian called on us last evening during our absence. Sorry we were not at home. Call again.

As we anticipated, several mistakes appeared in our editorials last week. We see our neighbor Mattingly has read proof—much obliged.

Our neighbor can see what is the origin of the "h—ll" editor this week. The phrase is not our own. He is indebted to his friends for it.

Three drunk "Lincoln men" are now under our window, shaking hands and hugging each other. Wish they were near Mattingly's sanctum instead of ours.

Several communications are crowded out of this issue.

The Senators whose terms expire in 1861, and whose places are to be filled by the next legislatures of their States, are Fitzpatrick of Alabama, Johnson of Arkansas, Gwin of California, Foster of Connecticut, Yule of Florida, Iverson of Georgia, Trumbull of Illinois, Fitch of Indiana, Harlan of Iowa, Crittenden of Kentucky, Sillid of Louisiana, Pearce of Maryland, Greene of Missouri, Clark of New Hampshire, Seward of New York, Clingman of North Carolina, Fugh of Ohio, Lane of Oregon, Bigler of Pennsylvania, Hammond of South Carolina, Collamer of Vermont, and Durkee of Wisconsin—14 Democrats and 7 Republicans, and 1 American.

A trial of speed at setting type took place in the office of the Wilmington (N. C.) Herald for a silver rule. One of the compositors set 1452 emain the hour, and another set 1373 ems. The proof of the former took so long to correct that the prize was awarded to the latter, a young compositor named Herbert C. Armstrong.

The Albany Journal says Breckinridge is the most unexceptionable living specimen of "Young America."—Boston Post.

Breckinridge is so unexceptionable to the Black Republicans generally, that they are fringing saloons in honor of his becoming like Lincoln—a disunion candidate.

New Wheat.—The first load of new wheat was brought to town yesterday, and purchased by Mr. Tuttle. The grain looks well, and it weighs sixty two pounds to the bushel. The price paid for it was 90 cents. So says the Indiana State Sentinel.

SEN STROKE.—The Lafayette Courier says a couple of laborers employed on the farm of John Royal, near Dayton, in this county, were sun struck in the harvest field on Tuesday, and have since died.

Advices from Cuba state that ten or twelve American vessels had landed upwards of 500 Africans within six weeks.

Burlington, Iowa, July 6.

LINCH LAW IN IOWA.—A letter from Fairfield, Iowa, to the Hawkeye states that John Kephart, the murderer of Mrs. Jane Willis and her two children, was lynched yesterday. About 250 men from the vicinity of Batavia, where the victims were found, organized on horseback and came into Fairfield at 10 o'clock in the morning and rode to the court house and jail, where the murderer was confined, and surrounded it. The citizens rapidly assembled. The county judge and several citizens addressed and urged them to let the law take its course. This was of no avail. They said they had come for Kephart and would have him, and they had erected his scaffold and dug his grave. They then took a scuffling and battered down the doors to his cell and carried him quietly to the place where the crime was committed and there hung him.

MAINE TO BE REDEEMED. The news from Maine is most cheering. At the late Democratic State Convention in Portland, consisting of seven hundred and fifty delegates, the nomination of Douglas and Johnson was ratified with entire unanimity and amid the greatest enthusiasm. The Portland correspondent of the Boston Herald says:

The delegates from all parts of the State bring encouraging news of Democratic conversions. They say that the watchwords, "Douglas" and "Popular Sovereignty," have revived the hopes while they have strengthened the hands of the party and it seems as if the old times were come again. Voters are coming back in flocks, full of joy to find themselves able again to be Democrats. Those members of the Northern press who have deserted the National standard, are denounced by the party in terms more earnest than polite, from the seacoast to the backwoods.

MISSOURI.—The Democratic candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor in Missouri have both declared that they are for Douglas and Johnson. Senator Green and the 226 Danites of St. Louis, have declared their intention to defeat the nominees of the party. Mr. Green is evidently prepared to bid adieu to the U. S. Senate.

Indianapolis, July 5.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—A fire last night entirely destroyed the clothing store of Lator Bros. Loss \$5,000; insured for \$4,000. The hardware store of J. B. Willson, adjoining, was injured by fire and water to the amount of \$500.

RE-NOMINATED.—The Democracy of the Fifth Congressional district of Indiana, in convention last Thursday, nominated for re-election to Congress Hon. Wm G. Holman, the present incumbent. But two ballots were had, the second being unanimous.

We are assured by a Bell and Everett man, from Louisiana, that that State is certain for Douglas, as the masses of the people are for him, while such men as Soule, Wickliffe, Parham, Colman, and others of equal strength are giving him their earnest support.—Louisville Democrat.

A man named Joe Smith was instantly killed Saturday by a blow received in an affray near the Palmer house.

Douglas's Dispatches to Baltimore.

The following dispatches of Mr. Douglas to the Baltimore Convention during its sitting will be of interest, as showing the patriotic spirit and deep devotion of Mr. Douglas to the country and the Democratic party:

(PRIVATE.)

WASHINGTON June 20, 11 P. M.

MY DEAR SIR: I learn there is imminent danger that the Democratic party will be demoralized, if not destroyed, by the breaking up of the Convention. Such a result would inevitably expose the country to the perils of sectional strife between the Northern and Southern partisans of Congressional intervention upon the subject of slavery in the Territories. I firmly and conscientiously believe that there is no safety for the country, no hope for the preservation of the Union, except by a faithful and rigid adherence to the doctrines of non-intervention by Congress with slavery in the Territories. Intervention means disunion. There is no difference in principle between Northern and Southern intervention. The one intervenes for slavery, and the other against slavery, but each appeals to the passions and prejudices of the whole country and the right of self government by the people of the Territories; hence the doctrine of non-intervention must be maintained at all hazards; and while I can never sacrifice the principle, even to attain the Presidency, I will cheerfully and joyfully sacrifice myself to maintain the principle. If, therefore, you and my other friends, who have stood by me with such heroic firmness at Charleston and Baltimore, shall be of the opinion that the principle can be preserved, and the unity and ascendancy of the Democratic party maintained, and the country saved from the perils of Northern abolitionism and Southern disunion, by withdrawing my name and uniting upon some other non-intervention, Union loving Democrat, I beseech you to pursue that course. Do not understand me as wishing to dictate to my friends. I have implicit confidence in your and their patriotism, judgment, and discretion. Whatever you may do in the premises will meet my hearty approval; but I conjure you to look with an eye single to the safety and welfare of the country, and without the slightest regard to individual interests or aggrandizement. My interests will be best promoted, and my ambition gratified and motives vindicated, by that course on the part of my friends which will be most effectual in saving the country from being ruled or ruined by a sectional party. The action of the Charleston Convention, in sustaining me by so large a majority on the platform, and designating me as the first chosen of the party for the Presidency, is all the personal triumph I desire. This letter is prompted by the same motives which induced my dispatch four years ago, withdrawing my name from the Cincinnati Convention. With this knowledge of my opinions and wishes, you and other friends must act upon your own convictions of duty.

Very truly your friend,

[Signed] S. A. DOUGLAS.

To Hon. Wm. A. Richardson, Baltimore.

WASHINGTON, June 22—91 A. M.

To Dean Richmond, Chairman of Delegation, Baltimore: The steadiness with which New York has sustained me will justify a word of counsel. The safety of the cause is the paramount duty of every Democrat. The unity of the party and the maintenance of its principles inviolate are more important than the election or defeat of any individual. If my enemies are determined to divide and destroy the Democratic party, and, perhaps, the country, rather than see me elected, and if the unity of the party can be preserved, and its time-honored principles maintained, and its ascendancy perpetuated by dropping my name and uniting upon some other reliable non-intervention and Union-loving Democrat, I beseech you, in consultation with our friends, to pursue that course which will save the party and the country, without regard to my individual interests. I mean all this letter implies. Consult freely and act boldly for the right.

[Signed] S. A. DOUGLAS.

FAYETTEVILLE ARK., Thursday July 5.

By the Overland Mail, we learn that the official and reported returned from twelve counties in Oregon, give the Democratic candidates for Congress 1,332 votes. The counties yet to be heard from are Wasco, Polk, Curry, Coos, Columbia, Clatsop and Tillamook, which last year cast 752 Democratic and 600 Republican votes.

Material changes have taken place this year, in counties heard from, some showing Republican gains on last year, and others material Republican losses; consequently both parties are hopeful of securing the member of Congress.

Such a Legislature, Republican and Anti-Lecompton Democratic, has been elected, as will insure the defeat of Gen. Lane, and Delazon Smith for re-election to the U. S. Senate. Heretofore strongly Democratic, and the residence of Delazon Smith, has elected four members of the Legislature hostile to Lane and Smith. Douglas county gave the Democratic Congressional Candidate 136 majority, but elected two Republican Representatives to the Legislature.

MASSACHUSETTS.—The Greenfield Democrat and Lawrence Sentinel, two papers that started out for Breckinridge and Disunion, have hauled down that flag and run up the banner of the Democratic nominees, Douglas and Johnson. The editor of the Sentinel, though a federal officeholder says that he cannot and will not repudiate regular nominations or defy the popular sentiment in his county.

The Memphis Appeal hoists the Democratic flag—Douglas and Johnson. It delayed in the hope the Seceders would see their folly, but feeling sure of being right, it goes ahead with them for the regular nominees.

STRAWS.—On the last trip of the steamboat Superior to Cincinnati, a vote was taken with the following result: Douglas, 129; Bell, 87; Breckinridge, 35; Lincoln, 21. Lou. Dem.

Later from Pike's Peak.

St. Joseph, July 4.

By the Pike's Peak express which arrived here last night, we have the following advices:

Denver City, June 26.—Hadley, who was arrested for the murder of J. B. Cord last Thursday, was tried on Saturday and found guilty of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to be hung the Monday following.

A