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### DEMAND ALL STATE OFFICES

DEMOCRATS PLAN CONTESTS  
OF ALL REPUBLICAN STATE  
OFFICERS.

State Chairman Jackson Asserts  
Fight Will Be Made Before Leg-  
islature Convenes.

That the Democrats will contest the election of all the Republicans state officials who have received communications from Governor Hanly on the showing of the election return compiled at the office of the secretary of state and canvassed before the Governor was the statement of Stokes Jackson, Democratic state chairman, while in the city of Indianapolis Sunday. Up to the present time it has been understood that only the election of those officials who received the smaller majorities would be contested, but Mr. Jackson thinks that the Democrats will be able to show enough illegal voting and inaccuracies in the count to prove their contentions that they are entitled to all of the offices.

Just what bearing the suits now pending in Marion county will have on the contests to go before the next Legislature Mr. Jackson could not say. The contests will not be filed with the Legislature until after the speakership race has been decided. The selection of speaker is the first thing to come up with the organization of the House. The situation in Lake county, where the Democrats assert that 2,000 foreigners were naturalized and voted illegally by the Republicans, will be one of the pivots upon which the Democratic contest will hinge.

Bernard Korbly, Democratic chairman in the Seventh District, who is looking after the action brought in Marion County, with Attorney Henry Seyfried and others, will conduct the contests before the Legislature. He will be assisted by Bert New of North Vernon, Democratic candidate for reporter of the Supreme Court, and others of the Democratic state candidates, who are engaged in the legal profession.

The Democrats will have twenty days after the session opens, it is said, in which to file their contests. The investigation will be conducted by a joint committee consisting of 7 Democrats elected in the House and 7 men elected in the Senate. As there is a Republican majority in the Senate the Republicans expect to elect seven Republicans to represent them on the joint committee. If this is done the committee will be equally divided, politically, and warm times are promised.

The Republicans are preparing for the contests, the state organization being assisted by Attorney General James Bingham and George W. Crandall, ex-congressman from the Eighth district, and also, it is said, by ex-Gov. Winfield T. Durbin and ex-senator Perry Newby of Knightstown. Since the final canvass of the vote the Democrats have had a force of accountants at work tabulating the vote in their state headquarters in the Knights of Pythias Building.

The report of the legislative committee will be final. The sessions will be conducted in much the same manner as a court of inquiry, evidence being introduced by both sides. Arguments will probably be made by the attorneys. The committee will organize immediately after it is formed. The first clash will come with the selection of a chairman to preside.

#### SHOT BY GANG.

Brakeman Fatally Shot and Detective Hurt at South Bend—Battle on Railway Tracks.

D. L. Dryberger, thirty-five years old, a brakeman on the Lake Shore railroad, was shot and fatally injured in an encounter with a gang of nine desperate men on the Lake Shore tracks at South Bend, Wednesday. H. G. Golay, a detective for the road, had a narrow escape from death, one bullet piercing his revolver holster and another going through his coat. In addition his head is badly bruised and swollen from the effects of a blackjack in the hands of one of the men.

Golay first noticed two of the men standing in Taylor street. Thinking their actions suspicious, he accosted them, and had started to search one when the other drew a revolver. He grabbed the weapon, drew his own at the same time, and each fired several shots, none of which took effect.

At the first shot, seven men who had been hiding in the shadows, emerged and joined the melee, all using revolvers. One of the number came behind Golay and felled him with a blackjack.

The men then started to run just as Dryberger appeared on the scene. He was commanded to halt by the retreating desperados, who took several shots at him as they fled, one of these lodged just below the heart.

Capture Policeman's Assaulter. Carl Takacs a Hungarian, has confessed to the shooting of Patrolman Harry Jennings at South Bend Sunday morning. Takacs was captured in a round-up Tuesday, is 19 years of age and confesses to the shooting.

QUIT TEMPERANCE FIGHT.

Are Discouraged Over Attitude of Politicians in Sullivan County—Many Names Withdrawn.

The ministers of Curry township, Sullivan county, the leaders in the movement that placed Sullivan county in the "dry" column, have practically withdrawn from the temperance work and the worst split over temperance questions ever known in the county is imminent. Petitions that were circulated a few days ago for a county local option election have been withdrawn and the two men who have, more than any other men, resisted the whisky power—the Rev. E. Sidebottom, of Shelburn, and the Rev. A. M. Couchman of Farmersburg—have notified Walter F. Wood, prosecuting attorney, they are out of it, as far as temperance leadership goes.

In that county the party feeling has been high since the election. Feeling keenly the defeat of James E. Watson, many Republicans who worked hard on the temperance proposition before the election have announced, in the last few days, that they would withdraw from the remonstrances that had been signed. Enough names have been taken from the remonstrance lists, in the last few days, to reduce the majorities to barely enough to hold.

Because of this discouraging situation, the ministers who have been the strongest leaders in the fight to keep Curry township "dry" have notified Mr. Wood they have quit active work along those lines.

### THOSE PLUMS THE GOVERNOR

WOULD HAND OUT TO THE  
HUNGRY HOARD OF SEEK-  
ERS.

Republicans Will Have Much to Say  
as to New Laws to be Passed

It begins to look as though Governor-elect Marshall and the Republican state officials will not dwell in peace and harmony at the capital during the next two years. The Republicans are planning to cut down Marshall's patronage as much as possible. Auditor Billheimer says he has discovered a statute authorizing the governor, auditor and secretary of state to appoint the state house custodian and state house engineer—two good positions. Inasmuch as the auditor and secretary of state are Republican, Marshall would not have much voice in making the appointments of those places. The Republicans will control the printing board because all the members except Marshall will be Republicans. Unless the Democrats are successful two years hence, the Republicans will control the state board throughout Marshall's administration and the hungry applicants for the state oil inspector held by Sid Conger will have to be patient for two years, as he has that long to serve. The tenure of the office is fixed by statute and is four years. Conger may appoint his own deputies who may serve until his term expires unless they are removed for cause. Governor Hanly has named ten men for vacancies on all of the institutional boards for the next year. At present the superintendents of all the institutions for the insane with one exception are Democrats. The warden of the state prison and the superintendent of the state reformatory are Republicans, appointed by boards made up of two Republicans and two Democrats. The patronage at Marshall's disposal now is very limited, but there are scores of applicants for places. Marshall insists that he went through the campaign without making a promise of a job to any one.

#### Imported Food Stuffs.

The Agricultural Department and the Treasury Department have disagreed over regulations governing the admission into this country of imported foodstuffs. Importers of foods declare that their business is being interfered with by the pure food law.

The Treasury Department proposed the following regulations: (1) In all cases where foods or drugs are held up because of alleged misbranding or adulteration, the controversy should be left to be settled between the head of the local food laboratory and the collector of the port, provided that a similar case had been settled in the past and a precedent thereby established. (2) In every case where papers bearing upon a question affecting any consignment of foods or drugs were to be transmitted to the Treasury people by the board of food and drug inspection, the question of whether the goods are adulterated or misbranded, and why. (3) In every case where a consignment of food or drugs was to be subjected to inspection and examination, the consignment should be released and allowed to go into consumption without giving of bond by the importer pending the accomplishment of the analysis by the food laboratory. In the event that analysis showed that the goods were adulterated or misbranded, then future similar consignments were to be held up, provided that such consignments had started subsequent to the time when notice of the alleged fraudulent or illegal character of the goods had been given to the importer.

#### Wants to Right Wrong.

Because his conscience hurts him, Frank Spera a former resident of Akron, Ind., has caused to be inserted in various newspapers the following announcement:

"I want to make restitution and beg pardon of the people through the newspapers. When I was in the butcher business in Akron, I mixed tallow with lard and sold it to my customers. I ask all these people in Jesus' name to forgive me of that offense; and if there are any who are not satisfied with just forgiving me, if they will send me a statement of the amount that they think they were wronged, honestly, between God and man, I will make all wrongs right."

#### KILLS WIFE WITH OLD RIFLE

Sad Accident Occurred Near Town of

Twelve Mile—Husband Was

Carrying Gun.

Albert Skinner accidentally shot his wife at their home near Twelve Mile Wednesday morning. Mr. Skinner was about the place looking after his chores, when he saw a rabbit. He hurried into the house and loaded his old rifle. As he was about to pass out at the door, the gun in some way was accidentally discharged and the load struck Mrs. Skinner in the back. She at the time was making pies in the kitchen. The lady lived but two hours. She leaves a husband and two children. The accident is a sad blow to her family.

#### Friends of the Federal pure food law have reason to fear that it is in danger of being greatly weakened by "regulations" of various kinds.

The pressure from manufacturers of foodstuffs for relief from this or that provision of the law is great. In some quarters there is discouragement because the President apparently, is not deeply interested in the pure food

### PROPOSED FOR NEXT CONGRESS

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE WILL  
KEEP UP FIGHT FOR NA-  
TIONAL LEGISLATION.

Pure Food Law Said to be in Danger  
Child Labor Also Will be Con-  
sidered.

The National Anti-Saloon League will renew its efforts to obtain from Congress legislation that will enable the States, in the exercise of their police powers, to control interstate traffic in intoxicating liquors. It is not building up any false hopes, because it has seen the opponents of such legislation triumph time and again, but it means to continue the fight until it gets what it wants. The whisky influence is a good deal stronger in Congress than most persons suppose it to be. The National Brewers' Association and the National Wholesale Liquor Dealers' Association, which are sometimes found at loggerheads in States, always work together when this old proposition of giving States the right to control interstate shipments of liquor within their borders comes up. Under the circumstances it is not strange to hear that the liquor interests in Indiana are anxious to send a man to the Senate to succeed Senator Hennaway.

**Status of Littlefield Bill.**  
It will be recalled that the House committee on the judiciary refused to report the so-called Littlefield bill (the bill for a law giving States authority to deal with interstate shipments of intoxicating liquors) by holding that it was unconstitutional. Even a delegation from the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, headed by Governor Hanly, which visited the speaker, was unable to obtain a favorable report on the bill. So the legislative status of the bill in the House is this: It is pending before the judiciary committee, along with a decision by the committee that such legislation would be unconstitutional.

The outlook in the Senate is more favorable. The judiciary committee of that body also held the bill, as introduced, unconstitutional, but Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania, pointed out how a constitutional bill could be drawn, and at the request of the committee he wrote such a bill which was favorably reported and is now on the Senate calendar. This means that it can be voted on at any time. Under the circumstances it would seem that the House committee will again be the storm center during the coming session and during future sessions, if there shall not be action taken at the short session. The demand for such legislation is increasing year by year as the area of dry territory increases. Realizing this to be the fact the liquor interests are alert to see that their influence in the legislative body does not decrease.

#### Beverage Child Labor Law.

Senator Beveridge's child labor bill will be reported by the Senate committee on education and labor early in December. Just before the adjournment of the last session of Congress the committee gave a promise that the bill would be acted on during the early weeks of the short session. This means that the battle is now confined, in the recent election, inevitably became bound up with the temperance issue itself.

"To the charge that the league in Indiana has become partisan we wish to say that, while we endorsed the candidate of one party for governor, yet, in two congressional districts (and one of these officially), and also in a number of legislative districts, the league endorsed the candidates of the opposite political party."

In another editorial the officers of the league discuss the lessons derived from the national election as follows:

"If the recent election results prove

anything they prove that the saloon question is not a national party issue. The vote of the national party which made the temperance question the main issue was so small as to have failed to be a factor of any material importance. The numerous great fights, however, which were waged in a score of states with the temperance question as the leading issue, in the efforts to elect anti-saloon executives and legislators belonging to various political parties, demonstrate once more in a most emphatic way that the temperance question is a very great national moral issue which is receiving the attention of men in all parties and which will continue to be a great nonpartisan political question until it is settled in the right way."

"The right method of solving the saloon problem has at last been found; men who have come to study the question carefully, and men who have come to observe conditions as they are, are united in the belief that no church denomination which takes up the temperance issue to use in a fight against other churches can hope to win. It has also been fully demonstrated that no one political party which takes up the temperance issue as a sole issue upon which to fight the temperance and moral elements of all other parties can hope to win."

#### Report in Detail.

The report states that in those counties of the state 25 saloons went out of business and 16 men were prevented from going into the business. Failure was met in three townships of all the counties, Penn in St. Joseph, Jackson in Newton, and North in Marshall.

In the district there are 185 townships and out of this number 148 are dry and 47 wet. There are four whole counties in the district that have no saloons. In Newton, Elkhart and Marshall there are saloons in two places in each county, Cass, Jasper and Porter counties have one saloon each.

Out of the 15 counties the report states 11 will vote dry on a county election which leaves only four to which the battle is now confined, St. Joseph, Elkhart, Laporte and Lake.

Mr. Hicks further states in his report that there is a chance of the whole district going dry when the question is put up to the people.

In the recent campaign the report also says, that there were 12 representatives elected who were endorsed by the league; four endorsed by the league were defeated and three of the four did not ask for the assistance of the league. Four senators were elected who were endorsed and two were defeated.

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campaign as he once was. Dr. H. W. Wiley, chief chemist of the Agricultural Department, and a member of the food and drug board, is the one man who was steadily refused to yield to the pressure from persons who complain of the law. It will be interesting to see what the attitude of the new administration is toward the whole subject.

### CHICAGO WOMEN MAY VOTE.

Committee Engaged in Formulating  
New Charter Are in Favor of  
Granting Suffrage.

It is possible that Chicago will have equal suffrage for the sexes.

The committee that is engaged in formulating a new charter has decided in favor of it by a vote of six to four and it will go to the charter committee and thence to the legislature if approved. It is possible the measure will be killed in the convention but if not it will go to the legislature with sufficient prestige to make its defeat difficult. If it becomes a law women will have the privilege of voting at all municipal elections for officers and all questions of policy relating to municipal affairs.

#### Unraveling a Mystery.

Early Saturday morning the post-office inspectors together with some South Bend detectives were at work on a clue which they hope to clear up the big postoffice robbery of the Sunday before, and lead to the arrest of a man they want. It is said a local man may be arrested for participation in the affair.

### REPORT FOR THIS DISTRICT

REV. HICKS WILL TELL OF  
ANTI-SALOON WORK  
DONE.

Says That Marshall County Will  
Dry Up With Special  
Election.

The Rev. George E. Hicks of the South Bend district of the Anti-Saloon league, will make his report of the work done in this part of the state at a meeting of the league trustees in Indianapolis Tuesday.

The fiscal year of the league ended October 31 and the report covers the work done up to that time in the counties of St. Joseph, Elkhart, Fulton, Starke, Laporte, Puskar, Porter, Jasper, Lake, Newton, Kosciusko, Cass, Marshall and White.

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### LIQUOR NOT A PARTY ISSUE

DECLARES TEMPERANCE IS-  
SUE SHOULD BE TAKEN  
OUT OF POLITICS.

Anti-Saloon League in Official Organ  
Denies Charge That League Has  
Become Partisan Organization.

That the temperance issue should be taken out of politics is the argument advanced by the Indiana Anti-Saloon league in last week's issue of its official organ, the American Issue. The question is discussed in a statement published by the league, in which a denial is entered of certain charges that the league has become a partisan organization. The charges are denounced as false and without basis.

The statement in the issue reviews the temperance question as it figured in the recent campaign, and then says:

"We do not desire to criticize the leaders of either of the great political parties because this was made a party question by them. We believe that we owe the existence of our county option law today to the fact that one of these parties declared for its adoption, even though it took a number of votes from the other party to insure its passage.

"The result of the election confirms our previous judgment and position that it is wise to keep this question out of party politics. While temperance people will unite to secure the passage of a law demanded by the good citizens of the state, it is a mistake to make the success of the movement dependent upon the outcome of many other issues, such as in the recent election, inevitably became bound up with the temperance issue itself.

"To the charge that the league in Indiana has become partisan we wish to say that while we endorsed the candidate of one party for governor, yet, in two congressional districts (and one of these officially), and also in a number of legislative districts, the league endorsed the candidates of the opposite political party."

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