

The Republican.

J. W. SIDERS, EDITOR.

THURSDAY, MAY 22d, 1879.

The *Inter-Ocean* sent to every subscriber last Friday a paper containing 196 pages, set solid and in nonpareil type. It was the Cook county tax list and was worth probably twenty thousand dollars to the publishers.

The people of Millersburg, Ky., judicial district gave the Democracy a big scare last weekend. The district is usually Democratic by from 5,000 to 8,000 majority, but the Republican candidate was only beaten a thousand and he carried four counties heretofore Democratic.

The Porter County *Videote* says: "Nobody wants soldiers at the polls except to suppress riot and mollify the temperaments of the boidy bulldozers, but when the Bourbon brigadiers bring ride rule into requisition at the ballot box, as the whole is greater than any of its component parts, so no power shall forbid the use of national troops."

The Democrats of the House last week succeeded in adjourning until Tuesday. This was done to avoid a vote on the appropriation bill, which the Republicans would have presented under a suspension of the rules. The vote on Monday of last week was so close that on this subject the Democrats were afraid to risk a session. Some of the Republicans, not thinking of the obj of that the Democrats had in adjourning, voted with them.

The friends of the silver bill are in doubt as to whether or not the bill can pass the House. The bill really provides that everybody who will deposit \$85 worth of bullion shall receive a certificate for one hundred dollars. This is a subsidy for the bullion owners of \$15 on every hundred. The Democracy are on the record in favor of the bill, but it is feared that some of those who are paired on political questions will return and vote against the bill and defeat it.

The Democrats promised to do wonderful things for the country as soon as they got a majority in both branches of Congress. They were going to make money plenty, increase the price of produce, and make everything anybody wanted to sell worth a great deal, and everything people wished to buy, very cheap. The result is before the country. They signalize their victory by awakening political agitation and attempting to repeal laws of vital importance, simply to keep in power leading rebels of the South.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* the leading Democratic paper of the South says: "The veto power is as conclusive as the legislative power. We can not constitutionally coerce it. We can only, by a two-thirds vote, set it aside. That two-thirds vote we lack. The Republicans are perfectly right in saying that a refusal to vote the appropriations is revolutionary. It is more. It is revolution. It is more. It is ruin. It is not to be thought of. Nobody is committed to it. Words spoken in debate, in heat, are to be considered as trifles."

A very singular freak occurred at Louisville, Ky., last Thursday. At about half past eleven o'clock it commenced raining, and while in the eastern part of the city it only sprinkled, there was a heavy shower in the central part, and between tenth and fifteenth street such a deluge as has never been seen in Louisville before. For a half hour the rain descended in such torrents that the water rose to the depth of three feet over the entire district, flooding everything movable, and inflicting a damage of about fifteen thousand dollars on that part of the city.

The trade of America is extending to all parts of the world. As evidence of this fact figures show that the exports of cotton goods from New York since the beginning of this year have reached 53,486 packages, which is an increase of 86 per cent. over the amount shipped in the same time last year, and more than ten times as much as the corresponding figures for 1872. The shipments from Boston during the same period have been 6,488 packages against 4,597 last year. The largest shipments from New York to any single port are to London, and the next largest to Africa, which has heretofore been regarded as a British market.

The Detroit *News*, an independent Democratic paper, gives the following as the sides of the shield as seen by politicians, in regard to the army appropriation bill: The Democratic position from the Republican standing point: "As the President has seen fit to veto the bill to permit fraud and violence at the polls, therefore the army should be deprived of its pay, the army must be disbanded." The other side of the shield, as seen by Democratic eyes: "Since the President has refused to accept an army unless he shall be permitted to use it to destroy a free ballot and control elections, let him go without it." The shield on the edge, as seen from the White House: "I never used the army at the polls, and don't ever intend to, as the law forbids it already. Therefore there is no need of this bill to prevent it. Besides it may be necessary for me to look after Congressional elections, and I don't propose to be forbidden that privilege."

There isn't a single space of five minutes during the business day, that the treasurer at Washington does not receive a telegram from some United States depository asking for a further shipment of four per cent. certificates. Thus far fourteen million have been issued. The total of forty millions is expected to be printed by June 1st, and if they are taken up at this same rate, the associated banks, which are to have all that is left after June 1st, won't get one.

An intelligent correspondent of the *Chicago Tribune*, who went South for the purpose of investigating the extent and effect of the Southern emigration movement, says: "The first effect of the exodus, so far as it has been carried on, has been to reduce rents and the price of provisions materially. The next effect has been to produce a combination of planters pledged to suppress bulldozing. The third effect has been to raise a general demand for the repeal of the vendor's lien law." It is at once apparent that the exodus is bringing Southern men to their senses faster than Congressional legislation ever has, and if the exodus should stop now the colored people who remain will be permanently situated.

Those celebrated astrologers, who attribute every thing that happens on this mundane sphere to the influence of the stars, might earn a name and fame, by telling the parents of marriageable daughters what influence is causing their girls to act so differently from the girls of olden times. Two or three young ladies of education and more than ordinary accomplishments have eloped with their father's coachmen quite recently, and now the educated and accomplished daughter of a wealthy Pittsburgh business man, and niece of an ex-Chief Justice of Pennsylvania, has eloped with a negro as ignorant as he was ugly. The astrologers should tell us if the girls are under the influence of malefic planets.

The Indianapolis *Journal* charges that the trustees of the benevolent institutions have violated their oath of office in the appointment of Wm. Glenn, a dentist of Muncie, Ind., as Superintendent of the institution for the education of the deaf and dumb. The law says, that persons appointed to superintend "shall be skilled and qualified by education and practice to take charge of the institution for which he is appointed," and the *Journal* says the trustees knew that Glenn was not qualified either by "education" or "practice" to perform the duties of the position, and that Governor Hendricks and other leading Democrats of the State have instigated and aided this infamous appointment, simply to reward Glenn for his services in the Democratic party.

The Indiana *Temperance Convention*. The Indiana Blue-ribbon temperance convention at Indianapolis last week passed off quietly. The Committee chosen to draft resolutions tending to unite all the temperance organizations of the State, reported the following which were adopted.

Resolved. That no sectarian or partisan lines shall be drawn, and we welcome all men of whatever creed or political faith to our ranks; and further.

Resolved. That the ribbon temperance movement originated in earnest efforts for personal reformation, grounds:

Resolved. That we are opposed to the use of the ribbon movement for political purposes, either for or against any political party, and to disapprove the call made or a temperance convention to nominate candidates for political offices as unworthy and premature.

Resolved. That while we desire stringent laws for the suppression of the evils of intemperance, and will rejoice in the total prohibition of the liquor traffic, we demand that all questions of nominations or other political action be submitted to the free choice of all temperance people.

The following report of the committee on the basis of organization was concurred in:

1. That it is not practicable to dissolve existing temperance organizations, or secure one which shall supersede them all, and make no recommendation to that effect.

2. We recommend that this union perfect its organization and conduct its work in a more effective way, not as the helper of all temperance bodies.

3. We recommend that the executive committee of all the State temperance organizations hold a joint meeting, on call of the president of this union, and agree on a plan of operation for concentration and expression of temperance sentiments and work.

4. We recommend that this co-operative executive meeting call a mass meeting against a section which is laboring still further to cripple the Federal Government in the interest of the ne'er-do-well.

The Mishawaka *Enterprise* says:

The fire at Notre Dame promises to be a blessing in disguise. Aid and sympathy is extended not only from this country, but the old world as well, and the institution promises to rise in grander form than before, and become better known and farther advertised than any similar institution in America.

The Valparaiso *Messenger* says two young ladies found a package the other day near the railroad track in that city, and upon removing the wrapper found the dead body of a boy-baby. The proper authorities were notified, and investigation established the fact, that the child was born alive and thrown from the mail train and probably killed by the fall. Who the murderer is, yet remains a dark mystery, but efforts are being made to bring the fiend to justice.

According to the late and bad news California finds herself loaded down with a constitution which is undoubtedly the worst one ever inflicted upon any State in the American Union. That it has been adopted is due principally to the fanatical Chinese agitation. Thousands of people who knew the new instrument was full of blunders and worse, voted for it because of its proscriptive Chinese articles. In their rage they have aimed blow at the Chinaman and hit themselves. Before they have recovered from the injury inflicted upon themselves they will find out that John has not been burned half so much as they have.—*New York Tribune*.

The Hebrew *Leader* says that within four weeks no less than five American Jewesses, who have earned some distinction in this country as vocalists, will leave for Europe to perfect themselves in their profession.

The Chicago *Times* of the 8th inst. took decided Republican ground in favor of enforcing the election laws with troops where necessary, urging that the treasury notes have not been withdrawn from circulation; the treasury simply holds itself prepared to redeem its notes when presented. Thus the effect of resumption has been to add gold and silver coins to the greenbacks and bank notes previously in circulation—in other

words, largely to inflate the currency, and thus to intensify that cheapness of money to which we have already referred. Over and above these several causes, there is an incipient revival of enterprise. The last two harvests have been the most plentiful ever known in America, and in consequence, the export of grain has been unprecedented. At the same time there has been an immense exportation of cattle, meat, butter, cheese, and other produce. The wealth of the country has thus largely increased, and has permitted corresponding savings. It is inevitable that in such circumstances there should be an awakening of speculation. But the lesson taught during the past six years is too severe and too recent to be quite forgotten; the defaults of railways, State and municipalities, and the bankruptcies of manufacturers and credit institutions, have been too numerous to allow the resulting discredit to pass away so soon. As a matter of course, therefore, speculation is at first ventures upon only where credit is above suspicion.

The Washington correspondent of the *Inter-Ocean* thus describes the passage between Senators Conkling and Voorhees, on Friday: "Voorhees waked up Conkling, who laid the tall vegetable of the Wabash out cold. Voorhees attempted to own Conkling applied to Tammany Hall in a late speech. Conkling let him go on, and appeared as though he was entirely discomfited by Voorhees' vigorous attack. This encouraged him, and he went further, charging that, with its boasted eminence, the Empire State, under Republican rule, could not protect itself, but had to call upon the Federal power. Conkling let Voorhees go just as far as he could, and did not interrupt or otherwise interfere with him, but when the tall Sycamore had finished and taken his seat, Conkling arose and, in a ten-minute speech, gave Voorhees a drubbing that he will never forget. Conkling showed considerable feeling, and spoke with unusual force, and, after he had destroyed Voorhees, went over the history of election frauds in New York in such a way that the Democrats are regretting that Voorhees brought the subject up. After he concluded there was a silence of some moments, in expectancy that Voorhees would reply, but he merely yielded to Kerner, saying that he would reply at some other time. But it is safe to say that he will not fool around Conkling any more."

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The report concludes as follows:

Two important facts remain to be stated,

1. A very serious embarrassment to the enforcement of the laws of the United States has resulted from the institutions of numerous unjust criminal prosecutions in the State Courts against officers of the U. S. by violators of the internal revenue laws and their friends.

2. We recommend that this union perfect its organization and conduct its work in a more effective way, not as the helper of all temperance bodies.

3. We recommend that the executive committee of all the State temperance organizations hold a joint meeting, on call of the president of this union, and agree on a plan of operation for concentration and expression of temperance sentiments and work.

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Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, May 16th, 1879. Senator Windom has taken up the cudgels dropped by Conkling Blaine, Edmunds and others last week, and is vigorously laying them on the smattering backs of the rebels this week. His speech on Monday was a scathing review of their disloyal designs, and an exposure of their shambles. He showed by indisputable evidence that the north and the Republican party had done all they could to avert the war, even offering to protect the "rights" of slavery in the name of peace. But it was all in vain, as the men whom the Confederates call "Union secessionists" were determined to go out of the Union or rule it. He ridiculed the idea of any true union sentiment among men who still hold that they did right in going with their States instead of with the Union, and clearly demonstrated that the political legislation the Democrats are attempting to appropriate bills is but another name for State rights rebellion. It was a device to accomplish what war had failed to give the enemies of the nation. Senator Windom's speech is pronounced as one of the best yet delivered in the Senate, and that is saying a good deal, for never was debate carried on so ably as this has been by the many eminent Republican Senators.

Yesterday Wade Hampton attempted to deny and explain away assertions of Senator Windom that he (Hampton) had boldly declared that the mission of the Democratic party was to nullify the constitutional amendments made necessary by the war. Senator Windom caught him severely. He read from a printed speech of Hampton these words: "That was my plank in the platform. I wanted nothing else, for when the great Democratic party had pledged themselves to that, when they had declared that these acts (the amendments) were unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void. I was willing to wait in patience until that party would be triumphant and apply the remedy in their own good time." This was a very plain endorsement of a certain revolutionary Democratic platform, and all Hampton could say was that he "couldn't recollect," but he might have endorsed the language without going to the extent they seemed to imply. This was so humiliating a position for the hero of fraud and violence that his Democratic friends got very nervous and he got very red in the face under their frowns. Mr. Windom said triumphantly "this is all I want," and took his seat amid the smiles and plaudits of all who enjoyed the discomfiture of his Confederate antagonist.

A tramp was engaged in selling shoes in Peru, Tuesday, and when the marshal endeavored to interview him at the door of the court house, he abandoned his goods, swam the Wabash, and escaped. On the same day a box of shoes was found on the flat that had recently been occupied by a family of questionable reputation.

Some unknown person, out of pure malice, pried open a switch on the C. and L. railroad, at Grum's Point, in St. Joseph county, last Wednesday night, and ditched the west-bound passenger train. Fortunately no one was hurt and but little damage was done beyond the delay occasioned.

Mrs. Mary Hubler, widow of the late Major Henry Hubler, of this city, has received the largest sum so far, paid to any one in this state under the arrears of pensions act, the amount being \$3,109.10. This will enable Mother Hubler to spend her declining years quite comfortably.—*Waukesha Republic*.

The Elkhart *Union* says the races to come off at that place on the 28th, 29th, and 30th of this month promises to be the largest ever held in Northern Indiana. A large number of entries have already been made from nearly every state in the Union, among which are some of the most noted horses in the country.

A violent hailstorm visited Cleverton township, Elkhart county, Monday night of last week, and it is said that Charles French brought into the city of Elkhart a hailstone that measures twenty-six inches in diameter and eighteen inches in diameter.

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