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The Best.**THE PEOPLE'S PILOT.**

BY F. D. CRAIG, (Lessee.)

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**Seeking His Fortune**

In the country. The city boy who is the hero of our new serial story

In the Heart of the Hills

Reverses the usual order and goes to the hills of New Hampshire to make his fortune in a country store. You will find the story of his experiences very interesting. You may Read it in this Paper.

The Republican party will oppose the admission of any new Western States.

Linn, Populist Candidate for Governor of Minnesota, runs 0,000 ahead of Bryan.

The Caucasian, published at Raleigh, N. C., is reported to be in the hands of the sheriff.

"The Silver Knight" has announced Don Cameron as its residential candidate for 1900.

The Alabama Senate has passed a bill permitting women to practice law in that state. It is hotly contested.

Master Workman Sovereign was re-elected to his position of honor and trust at the recent meeting of the Knights of Labor.

Official returns from South Dakota show Bryan electors by 191 majority. The Populists elected Governor and Congressmen.

The National Grange which recently held a ten days session at Washington, recommended seven amendments to the Interstate Commerce Law.

The Washington Legislative Assembly will be made up of one Republican and fifteen Populist Senators: thirteen Republican and sixty-two Populist Representatives.

An extra session of Congress is now an assured fact and it is given out from Canton that no financial legislation will be considered. The tariff is to have right of way. The Dingley Bill will not be again brought up.

The bankers, laboring under the delusion that they are the government, have been conferring as to what had best be done with the greenbacks. The majority favor their retirement.

The Rossville, Ind., Journal suggests an immediate meeting of the National Chairmen of the People's, Democratic, and Silver Parties to arrange for a call on the most liberal terms for a conference to decide on future co-operation.

Woman Suffrage was defeated by 15,000 majority in California. An editor out there says: "Many of the men who voted 'No' on that question did not know enough to scratch out the rest of the ballots." Suffrage was carried in Idaho.

President Cleveland is at work on his Annual message. Prominent features of that document are announced to be, the Venezuela Question, recommendation of the retirement of the Greenbacks and Sherman notes, and the issuing of long term bonds.

The Iowa Homestead, an agricultural paper, discloses offers made to its management from republican headquarters during the recent campaign. This paper was one of a large number that received similar offers. Some accepted and became advocates of "sound money."

Senator Allen of Nebraska, is in the Indian Territory investigating the troubles between the half-breed and full blood Osages. Charges against Freeman, the Indian Agent were preferred in the Interior Department but he was exonerated. The matter was afterward carried to the Senate.

George Pullman has reduced all the wages of his employees fifteen per cent. Many men employed at the great car works have been living in other towns where rents are lower but all workman will be required in future to reside in Pullman and pay rent designated.

The treasurer of the Republican National Committee reports a surplus of \$85,000 which is to be used to establish permanent headquarters. Steps are also being taken to make the Republican National Committee a permanent body and plans for more complete and minute organization than has yet been possible is assured.

Congressman Howard, of Alabama, according to press telegrams, has announced his intention of supporting any and all high tariff measures. Jerry Simpson is out with a similar declaration. The reason assigned by both is that the evils of the Gold basis can be best demonstrated by combining it with high tariff.

Mark Hanna, not being able to buy the power to be in two places at once, is trying to decide whether to be Senator or Secretary of the Treasury. It is understood that if Mr. Hanna decides in favor of the Senate, John Sherman will be placed in the Cabinet, creating a vacancy that can be filled by McKinley's manager.

The Board of Trade of Indianapolis has issued a call to similar bodies, in all the large cities of the Mississippi Valley and lake region, for a meeting of three delegates from each city to consider calling a larger conference to appoint a commission to which shall be assigned the duty of formulating a plan for the reformation of the currency.

Governor-elect Rodgers, of Washington has issued an address urging that the union of

Reform forces that has recently triumphed there, be perpetuated without regard to name or minor difference. He further requests that all applicants for any position in the gift of the Governor be endorsed by Populist, Democrats, and Free Silver Republicans in the county of applicant's residence.

It has developed that there was one spot that took no note of the recent political turmoil. Had this been known sooner, doubtless its population would have been greatly increased by an influx of refugees from the clamor of a presidential election. This unique spot is Charlton county, Georgia. It is composed largely of the Okefenokee swamp. The Secretary of State has so far been unable to learn of any election being held there.

A careful scrutiny of the large number of papers received at this office, justifies the statement that the People's Party press has not only taken a new lease on life but is being conducted with a heartiness and vigor that speaks but little comfort to the enemy. They seem to have taken up the campaign of education the presidential canvass had interrupted and are again discussing the several reforms that the party had heretofore demanded. A peculiarly hopeful tone is noticeable; notable exceptions being a few "Middle of the road" sheets that are dividing their time between discussing who was to blame for the Bryan defeat and saying "I told you so." A number of papers are being reorganized with good strong stock companies to back them.

W. J. Bryan spoke at Denver, Colorado, Tuesday, Nov. 24th. His entire trip has been an ovation. He will, on his return to Lincoln, devote himself, for the next six weeks, to literary work. He will then go on a lecture tour. During his stay in Taney County, Missouri, Mr. Bryan showed himself a good shot, and he is reported by other members of the hunting party as "able to out walk and to out eat the whole crowd. At Springfield, Missouri, a genial commercial traveler, whose resemblance to Bryan is marked, happening to be at the hotel when it was crowded with people eager to see the defeated presidential candidate, stationed himself at the opposite end of a long hall from where Mr. Bryan stood and proceeded to shake hands with the crowd to their entire satisfaction and the great amusement of a few friends who were aware of the joke.

Call for Conference.
It is now demonstrated that the educational work accomplished by the People's Party has so far affected the people of the United States that the comparatively insignificant number of 25,000 votes, properly distributed in the last election, would have resulted in crystallizing our cherished ideas into law. This significant fact emphasizes the importance of continuing the grand and patriotic work of education without cessation, and for the purpose of deciding upon an organized campaign of education to be pushed vigorously till the next election it is thought necessary that a call be issued for a conference of the populists to meet at Indianapolis, Tuesday, Dec. 29th, 1896, at 10 a. m. in room 35, English Hotel.

All Silver Republicans and all other Money Reformers are earnestly requested to participate in the conference.

Members of the People's Party state central committee and members of the executive committee are hereby called to meet on the same day in room 35, of said Hotel. Important business.

JULIUS ROSENHEINER, Chairman.
All reform papers please copy.

TELLER AND HIS LIKE.

Men Who in a Great Crisis Stood Forth as Patriots and Not as Partisans.

Henry M. Teller has won for himself a place in history. In a great crisis he stood forth as a patriot. It is no easy matter to sever the political tie of a lifetime; it is no easy matter to stand before a hostile and angry crowd and preach a gospel which they reject, but Senator Teller had the courage to do it. Some shouted "renegade," some called him a "bolter," and hundreds hissed their venom at him, but the voice of his conscience rose above the din of the multitude, drowning out all other sounds, and that conscience called him "patriot." He was present at the birth of the Republican party, he espoused the cause for which it stood and brought to its support all the energy of a strong and vigorous mind, all the zeal of a warm and generous heart. Years ago he noted with apprehension the growing influence of the capitalistic classes in the party's councils, but his love for the party was so deep that his hope overcame his fears. But when the convention at St. Louis bowed to the will of Wall street and under the threat of a withdrawal of campaign contributions accepted a platform written by the money changers, he was left no choice, and abandonment of the party became a duty.

Issues make parties. The money question is now the paramount issue, and voters must make their party associations fit their convictions. The example of Senator Teller is taken for the sake of illustration. He is conspicuous because of his great ability and high official position, and yet all who imitate him are deserving of little praise. DuBois, Cannon, Hartman and all the others who followed Teller out of the convention have practiced the same virtue and given evidence of the same moral

Congressman Towne, who, though not a delegate, was present and participated in all their plans, was worthy to stand by the side of Teller. His state conventions, both Democratic and Republican, declared for gold, and yet his convictions are so deep that he is willing to stand by them, even though it may mean political death to him.

Disintegration has begun, and it can have but one result. The west and south, the great wealth producing sections of the country, will dominate the government and restore equality in legislation.—Omaha World-Herald.

DIRECT PROOF.
Chicago Must Be the El Dorado of Departed Americans.

Any one who has doubts about reincarnation should take a look at the Chicago city directory. It may surprise the general public to learn that Richard Wagner, who died several years ago in Bayreuth, is still doing business in this city as a lawyer, a painter, a clerk and a laborer.

Sir Francis Bacon, who is said to have written Mr. Shakespeare's plays, is now employed by the Illinois Central road as an architect, while Shakespeare himself is running a restaurant on South Halsted street.

Ulysses S. Grant is now engaged in ringing up railway nickels here, while Garfield is making harnesses for a living.

Tennyson is now managing a feed store on the West Side. On the South Side he is a clerk, a cabinet maker, a laborer, a tanner and a finisher. Dante, the inferno man, is now in the plastering business on North Rockwell street. William Cullen Bryant is working at the carpenter's trade on Carroll avenue. George Washington is doing business here at nine different locations. Thomas Jefferson, who fathered the Democratic party, which seems to have got lost this year, is a house painter on the North Side. Andrew Jackson has taken to preaching, to bookkeeping and to driving a cab, while Robert E. Lee is a porter in a hotel and also attends the Chicago university.

It may be a matter of contemporary interest also to note that William J. Bryan is running a grocery on Cottage Grove avenue, while William McKinley is clerking in the Rockery building, runs an engine at 44 Crosby street and lives at 19 Scott street.—Frank S. Pixley in Chicago Times-Herald.

A PARTRIDGE KING.

A Minnesotan Whose Methods May Make the Birds Become Extinct.

Special Agent Gray of the general land department, who has returned from a trip to the Canadian boundary, reports running across an eccentric character 20 miles north of Tower, Minn., who is known as the partridge king. His name is Stephen Gheen, and he is a trader.

Gheen as a side issue contracts to furnish partridges in enormous numbers. He recently completed a contract of furnishing 5,000 birds, has practically filled another similar one, and is now at work on another for 8,000 birds which was taken by a would be rival, but who found that Gheen had organized all the Indians and half breeds in the region.

The birds are sold ostensibly to Twin City parties, but it is believed that this is said merely to evade the state law which prohibits partridges from being shipped out of the state. It is suspected that Chicago houses are the real purchasers. The Indians employed by Gheen make it a practice to kill male birds, and as a result it is feared that one or two seasons of the king's reign will devastate the northern wilds of the favorite feathered game.

On the Canadian boundary partridges are not much of a luxury. Dressed birds sell there for 5 cents each.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

She Sat for Victoria's Figure.

There is an old lady lying in the Pennsylvania hospital with a broken leg who once sat for the figure of a life size painting of Queen Victoria. She is Miss Blanche Sully, and her father was Thomas Sully, in his time a famous painter of portraits. In 1887 he went to England with a commission from the St. George society to paint the portrait of young Queen Victoria. He took his daughter with him, and as she was very nearly of the same stature as the queen she sat for the figure in her father's picture of Victoria, thus saving the latter the annoyance of long sittings. During the sittings Miss Sully became quite intimate with her majesty and brought back with her to this country many delightful memories of her royal friend.—Philadelphia Record.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 18th day of November 1896.

W. H. COOVER, Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court.

SEAL, FOELTZ, SPITLER & KURRIE, Atty's for Plaintiff.

FOELTZ, SPITLER