

CRAZED BY JEALOUSY.

OHIO MAN KILLS HIS SWEET HEART AND HIMSELF.

Alexander Turk, the Murderer, Shoots Three Times at His Fair Victim, and Then Turns the Pistol on Himself, Causing Instant Death.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 17.—This morning Alexander Turk, 23 years of age, employed at 382 Erie street, called at the residence of his sweetheart, Miss Julia Fallon, who lived at 621 Lake street, shot her to death and then turned the weapon upon himself.

Turk fired three shots into his victim's body. What the conversation was which provoked the tragedy is not known. The murder and suicide were both committed without witnesses. Death came instantly to each. The two were heard conversing just prior to the firing of the shots. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause of the tragedy.

Martyr Must Stand Trial.

San Antonio, Texas, April 17.—Officer Tenny of Wilkesbarre, Pa., passed through here, having in charge Edward Martyn, arrested in California, who is wanted in Wilkesbarre for the murder of a young girl of the name of Winterbacher. He killed her because she refused to marry him.

Surrenders Under a Baseless Charge.

Austin, Texas, April 17.—R. A. Blanford, who after being fourteen years a fugitive from justice, came here a few days ago from Savannah, Ga., and surrendered, had a hearing yesterday and was discharged, there being no evidence against him. Blanford was accused of embezzlement.

Divine Bank Robber Acquitted.

Portland, Ore., April 17.—The Rev. J. C. Reed, the Baptist minister on trial for attempting to rob the First National bank of West Portland in February, was found not guilty by the jury on the ground that he is insane.

BOW BEFORE CAMPOS.

Spaniards at Santiago de Cuba Greet Him with Military Honors.

Santiago, le Cuba, April 17.—Gen. Martinez Campos, accompanied by Senor Dupuy de Lome, the new Spanish minister to the United States, arrived here at 5 o'clock yesterday evening. The forts and Spanish warships and the British warship Mohawk fired a salute in his honor, and shortly after his arrival a reception committee composed of Gen. Le Chambra, Gen. J. Moreno, chief of staff, and the archbishop of Santiago, boarded the vessel and greeted the general and Minister de Lome.

After the exchange of courtesies Gen. Campos and Senor de Lome were taken ashore in a rowboat. The neighboring wharves were crowded with people. The party was conducted to carriages and driven under military escort to the cathedral, where mass was celebrated. The plaza and the streets were elaborately decorated with bunting, and several handsome arches added to the general effect. Subsequently Gen. Campos reviewed the troops at the government building.

HEARING IOWA LAND CASES.

Settlers on Sioux City Railroad Grant Claim Title Through Forfeiture.

Washington, April 17.—The United States Supreme court is hearing arguments in three cases to which various settlers in Iowa, on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad companies' lines, are parties. The cases involve the ownership of about 22,000 acres of land along the lines of these roads, which the Sioux City company claims was granted to it by the government of the United States in 1864. It is claimed on the part of the settlers that the railroad company failed to earn the land by a failure to build part of its line within the time specified in the act. The lands have all been settled and improved, and are considered valuable.

TRAIN WRECKERS AT WORK.

Make Two Unsuccessful Attempts to Cause Serious Disasters.

Knoxville, Tenn., April 17.—Since the wrecking of the passenger train No. 2 Friday night, near Afton, on the Southern railway, in which Engineer Swatts was killed and four other persons were hurt, two more attempts have been made to wreck passenger trains near the same place. Two boys found a railroad spike driven down in the joint between the two rails in such a position that it would have derailed the train. The section boss found a large coupling pin similarly placed on the track at another point, where, he says, it would have caused a bad wreck.

Leather Takes a Jump.

St. Louis, Mo., April 17.—On account of the increase in prices for cattle the local dealers in leather have advanced the price of that article nearly 15 per cent in the last ten days. Wholesalers are advancing their prices on shoes 7 to 13 cents on the lower grades, and that is said to be only a circumstance to what's coming. Ware upper leather has advanced from 12 to 13 and 14 cents a foot, sole leather in six pounds has jumped over 5 cents a pound, and upper leather generally 6 cents a foot. The retail boot and shoe dealers are now at work marking up the prices on their goods, and it is believed the advance will go above 15 per cent.

Picture Made by Telegraph.

San Francisco, Cal., April 17.—The first successful experiment in long-distance telegraphing of pictures was made by the Call last night, when an outline picture of the entry of the queen of the fiesta at Los Angeles was wired from the latter place to this city. The experiment was successful. Chas. Willoughby of this city is the inventor. A good picture can be sent at the cost of sending 250 words and in about equal time.

Foster the Ministerial Leader.

Ottawa, Ont., April 17.—With the complete approval of all his colleagues, it is settled that Hon. G. E. Foster, minister of finance, will be the leader of the ministerial forces in the house of commons. Parliament will assemble on the 18th inst.

GRESHAM AS PEACEMAKER.

Extracts from Letters to Bayard on the Venezuela Dispute.

Washington, April 17.—The published correspondence of the state department for 1894, made public yesterday, contains but two letters in reference to the Venezuelan boundary dispute. They are addressed to Ambassador Bayard at London and are dated July 13 and Dec. 1 last respectively. The first letter recites the efforts made to have the dispute settled by arbitration, and England's gradually widening claims to territory and concludes with the opinion there are but two solutions of the question—arbitration or the creation of a new boundary line "in accordance with the dictates of expediency and consideration." The second letter is a reference to Britain's contention that the validity of her claim to territory in dispute shall be a condition precedent to the submission of the matter to arbitration and hopes Mr. Bayard will succeed in securing an honorable settlement of the difficulty.

VEST FOR FREE SILVER.

Thinks the West and the South Will Win.

New York, April 17.—Senator Vest, talking on the issues of 1896, said: "It has been evident for a long time that the radical difference of opinion on the tariff and money questions between the democrats of the northeast and the west and south could not be compromised.

National conventions have equivocated and straddled in order to get votes, but the time has come when this is no longer possible. Many leading democrats of the northeast advocate what they call moderate tariff protection and the single gold standard. We of the west and south believe in a tariff for revenue only and the free coinage of silver. We propose to frame a platform unequivocally declaring our opinions and to nominate for the presidency a candidate above whose loyalty to this platform there can be no suspicion."

MANITOBA'S SCHOOLS.

Catholic Bishops Receive Unofficial Congratulations on Their Attitude.

Winnipeg, Man., April 17.—Much excitement was created here yesterday by a rumor that the Vatican had sent a mandate to the Manitoba bishops upholding them in their attitude in the agitation against separate schools. In an interview Archbishop Langevin denied he had received an encyclical letter from the cardinal-general at Rome saying he was pleased with the attitude of the Canadian episcopacy on the matter. Archbishop Langevin said Catholics would not necessarily be excommunicated if they supported Manitoba's public schools. The policy in Manitoba was practically the same as that enunciated by Mgr. Satolli.

BAD BLAZE IN CINCINNATI.

Plant of the National Saw Company Destroyed.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 17.—The large six-story building of the National Saw company, occupying almost a square at Baymiller and Sixth streets, burned about midnight last night. The building belongs to the estate of Wesley H. Cameron, and was valued at over \$50,000. The National Saw company lost on stock, machinery, etc., \$250,000. The company has \$125,000 insurance on the warehouse that was burned. The six-story warehouse was a total loss, but part of the adjoining buildings that belonged to the saw company and not to the Cameron estate were saved. The company saved its books and accounts, but nothing else. The walls fell in, making the loss complete.

Ransom's Appointment Is Not Void.

Washington, April 17.—High officials of the government take no stock in the statement that Senator Ransom's appointment as minister to Mexico was illegal under the constitution, because the compensation of the office was increased during his term as senator. Although Mr. Ransom was "nominated" and confirmed during his term of service, it will be held that he was not "appointed" until he had received his commission, which was March 5, when he had ceased to be a senator.

Bankers to Support Cleveland.

New York, April 17.—President Cleveland's appeal for "sound" money organization met with response yesterday at the meeting of the committee on program for the twenty-fifth annual convention of the American Bankers' association, to be held at Atlanta Oct. 15, 16 and 17. A suggestion that the association should use its active influence in favor of "sound" money was unanimously approved and the committee decided to make that feature prominent in the Atlanta meeting.

Decides Against Northern Pacific.

Washington, April 17.—Secretary Smith has decided adversely to the claim of the Northern Pacific railroad to lands lying in Idaho within the limits of its grant, but which were subsequently withdrawn by proclamation and formed into a part of Coeur d'Alene Indian reservation. More recently the Indians ceded these lands back to the United States and congress confirmed the cession.

Blown Under a Locomotive.

Garden City, Kan., April 17.—A terrific windstorm blew all day yesterday, doing considerable damage to buildings and causing one death. At Pierceton, near here, George Wight was blown under a locomotive and cut to pieces. He was a prominent business man and Knight Templar. Between here and Cherokee fall to the depth of four inches. Some of the halostones were larger than walnuts.

Sheet Iron Workers Adjourn.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 17.—The National Association of Sheet Iron and Cornice Workers adjourned yesterday. The next convention will be held in Detroit. The association elected officers, with T. J. Ritter of Chicago as president. T. J. Ritter of Chicago as president.

Wants America To Act.

Washington, April 17.—The United States has been requested by the Chinese government to take under its protection the Chinese residing in Guatemala.

CALLS DOWN HAYTI.

SECRETARY GRESHAM TAKES VIGOROUS STEPS.

Attempts to Impose a Discriminating Tax on American Residents Checked—Chinese Peace Proceedings—Cable Notes of Interest.

Washington, April 17.—The state department has checked in its incipency an attempt made by the Hayti government to impose a discriminating tax upon American citizens and other foreigners residing in Hayti. The proposition was under consideration as long ago as August, 1893, and a bill had been framed by the government to that effect, when the matter was reported to Secretary Gresham by Mr. Durham, then United States minister. Secretary Gresham immediately entered a most vigorous protest, pointing out that the proposed law would be in direct conflict with the treaty, which guaranteed that Americans should not be subjected to any tax not imposed upon Haytians. Thereupon, according to the American's minister's statement, the government abandoned its contemplated action.

INDEMNITY \$150,000,000 GOLD.

Japan Has Now Reduced Its Demands—Will Occupy Port Arthur.

Washington, April 17.—The Chinese imperial edict is accepted among officials and diplomats here as setting at rest the conflicting reports as to final terms of peace, and as showing that the first reports via London were inaccurate in their details. The indemnity of 200,000,000 taels is a compromise. Japan first demanded 300,000,000 taels, but, on the solicitation of Prince Li, threw off 100,000,000. At the Chinese legation it is stated that the tael varies in value, but that the present value of the customs on treasury tael, which is undoubtedly the one in which payment will be made, is \$1.50 in Mexican silver, or about 75 cents in gold. This would make the indemnity equal to \$300,000,000 Mexican silver or \$150,000,000 in gold. The Mexican trade dollar is the current coin of China, and the basis of calculation, so that the belief is very strong, though information on the subject is lacking, that the payment will be in silver.

Umbrax Khan Ready to Run.

Calcutta, April 17.—A dispatch from Samia says that Umra Khan has informed Sir Robert Low, the commander of the British expedition advancing on Chitral, that if the British advance any farther he intends to flee from the country. The British loss in the fighting on the Panjkora river was four killed and twenty-one wounded.

Reforms for Armenia.

Constantinople, April 17.—Owing to the condition in which Armenia has been shown to be, the British, Russian and French envoys here have drafted a scheme for reforms which they will urge the porte to promulgate immediately.

Laibach Again Shaken.

Trieste, April 17.—There were two earthquake shocks this morning, one at 1 o'clock and the other at 4 at Laibach. Happily they were not of a serious nature.

VIII Fight Under Campos.

Madrid, April 17.—Gen. Calleja, who was captain-general of Cuba until Marshal Martinez de Campos took supreme control yesterday, has asked permission of the latter to fight under his orders.

Li Hung Chang Going Home.

Shimonoseki, April 17.—Viceroy Li Hung Chang, the Chinese peace envoy, has embarked for China on board the Kung YI.

FIGHTING FOR THE OFFICES.

Gov. Mosley of the Chickasaw Nation Has His Hands Full.

St. Louis, Mo., April 17.—A special from Ardmore, I. T., says: "One hundred armed men are reported near Tishomingo, the Chickasaw capital. Gov. Mosley notified all sheriffs, constables and deputies to report at once to him for active duty. His intention is to disband the faction which is composed of Charles and Willis Brown and Noah McMill as leaders, and their followers. They claim to have been duly and legally elected as sheriffs for the Chickasaw country. The legislature, however, ignored their claims, and other officers were installed. This faction holds that the legislature had no authority to interfere, hence their determined effort to install themselves. Bloodshed cannot be avoided."

Oil Continues to Rise.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 17.—The sensational advance in oil continues. This morning on the exchange the market opened at \$2.55, sold as high as \$2.70, and at 10 o'clock the May option was offered at \$2.67. At the purchasing agencies of the Standard Oil company \$2.50 was posted this morning as the price for Pennsylvania crude oil. This is an advance of 25 cents since yesterday.

Glasgow, April 17.—A protracted meeting of representatives of the Scotch oil companies was held yesterday at which it was agreed to increase the price of illuminating oil 2d per gallon. The rise is equivalent to an increase of the revenue by £70,000 to £80,000.

Trust Refineries Resume Work.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 17.—Spreckels' sugar refinery, which has been closed for about two weeks by order of the sugar trust, has started up again. The resumption is looked upon as permanent. The plant is running on nearly full time, but with a reduced force. The refinery at Williamsburg, N. Y., which was closed by the trust at the same time, has also resumed work. The McCallan refinery, which is not controlled by the trust, is running full time.

Spanish Sailors Show Charity.

Madrid, April 17.—The sailors of the Spanish fleet have unanimously agreed to contribute a day's pay to the relief of the families of the men lost on the cruiser Reina Regente.

GOES TO COMMITTEE.

Salomon's Report Shelved in Illinois Senate by a Vote of 27 to 20.

Springfield, Ill., April 17.—Senator Salomon, chairman of the committee appointed to investigate the department stores of Chicago, offered a report this morning. He spoke at length upon the report. Senator Crawford moved it be committed to the Committee on Judiciary. This motion prevailed by a vote of 27 to 20.

The Senate concurred, on motion of Senator Berry, in the joint resolution reported from the House deploring the death of James W. Scott. Senator Little's bill, repealing the trust law, came up as a special order on second reading. The bill has it in view to countenance the formation of coal trusts to so increase the price of coal as to enable operators to pay miners better wages. Senator Little said that he introduced the bill by request, and that he was urging its passage as he held petitions signed by over 5,000 miners asking it. Senator Green moved to strike out the enactment clause, which was defeated by a vote of 15 to 26 nays. Further consideration of the bill was on motion of Senator Berry made a special order for next Wednesday.

Senator Evans' bill to prevent trains from obstructing highway longer than ten minutes, passed; and the Senate then adjourned.

Immediately after the House convened Mr. Merritt of Sangamon offered a joint resolution of condolence on the death of James W. Scott, which was unanimously adopted.

The Judiciary Committee's bill, creating a State Board of Arbitration for investigating or settling differences between employees and their employers, came up as a special order on third reading, and was passed with the emergency clause. Mr. Rickell's bill, regarding express companies to be common carriers and placing them under the control of the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, was passed, and shortly after the House adjourned.

ENGLAND WILL GO AHEAD.

Intends to Collect Indemnity from the Government of Nicaragua.

London, April 17.—The St. James Gazette, commenting upon the latest developments in the dispute between Great Britain and Nicaragua, says: "There is a wonderful ignorance of diplomacy on the part of the American journalists. Why should we want to bombard Greytown? If Nicaragua has been so foolish as to refuse to pay the indemnity which, with the knowledge of the United States, we demanded, we shall take such steps as the American government was perfectly aware of at the time of asking. The Monroe doctrine has been a doctrine for sixty-two years and has not been acted upon yet. When Great Britain has serious differences to settle with South American republics it will not be prevented from doing so by anything but settled international law."

New York, April 17.—A special dispatch from Washington says: "There was a conference at the state department last night by Secretary Gresham, Dr. Guzman, the Nicaraguan minister, and a number of Spanish-American representatives, and although everyone present declines to state what occurred it is almost certain that some reply has been received here indicating Great Britain's next step toward securing the indemnity demanded for the expulsion of the British consul from Nicaragua. However, every official of the department has been warned against divulging further information with reference to the Nicaraguan affair."

JAMES W. SCOTT'S FUNERAL.

All Classes of Citizens to Do Honor to the Great Publisher.

Chicago, April 17.—James W. Scott's remains will be laid away to-morrow in the family lot at Gracefield cemetery. The funeral services have been set for 11 o'clock in the morning at St. James' Episcopal church, where the Rev. Ernest M. Stires and the Rev. Frank W. Gausman will officiate. The arrangements for the funeral are in the hands of F. Willis Rice. The honorary pall-bearers selected are: William Cullen Bryant, of Brooklyn, secretary of the American Newspaper Publishers' association; Ferdinand W. Peck, vice-president of the World's Columbian exposition; Norman Williams, president of the Chicago club; John H. Hamline, president of the Union League club; Melville E. Stone, vice-president of the Fellowship club; A. T. Packard, president of the Press club; James Griffon, president of Chicago Typographical union; H. W. Hawley, managing editor of the Times-Herald; H. K. Kohlsaat; Robert A. Waller; Harry G. Selfridge; Ernest A. Hamill.

All the clubs and organizations to which the deceased belonged will be represented at his funeral. Action looking toward this has been taken by the Fellowship club, the Publishers' association, directors and ex-directors of the World