

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS. DRESS GOODS.

The undersigned wishes again to call the attention of the public to his superb line of dress goods. Our dress goods are of the very latest designs, and are very pretty and elegant in quality and appearance. Our spring goods are beginning to arrive, and are very desirable and cheap. If you are wanting anything in this line, do not fail to see our goods. We take great pleasure in showing them.

MUSLINS,

Shirting, table linen, prints, gingham, everything at reduced prices. Our line of boys' and children's suits, not to be beat in town, and prices the lowest. Come and examine them and be convinced. We will have

Men's Ready Made Suits.

in a few days, which line will be of the best selections of goods, made in the latest styles, and bought lower than such goods were ever bought before, will sell cheap.

UNDERWEAR.

selling very low to close out. Sweaters at the lowest price. Hats and caps at prices that will astonish you.

SHOES.

We are the leaders of low prices on shoes. We have a number of makes of ladies' shoes that are superb in style and finish and at very low prices. Men's, boys' Misses' and children's shoes, at low figures. Chenille stand and table covers from 75c up, great bargains. Felt boots, rubber boots, sandals, and buckle arctics, all at the lowest price.

In short you can buy more goods of us now, for less money than you ever could buy for the same money in your life. Don't hesitate to come and see us. We are glad to have you come whether you buy or not, it is a pleasure to us to wait on you.

C. D. NOWELS. CHEAP CASH STORE.

To Realm of Peace.

Not unexpected was the death last Wednesday morning, at the family home six miles north of Rensselaer, of Miss Etta B. Yeoman, idolized daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David H. Yeoman, aged twenty years, nine months, and twenty-eight days. Through the agency of that dread disease, consumption, in a brief twelfth month, the high purposes of mortal ambition have been changed to the hopes of that higher life of peace and love. Denied the fragrance of the bloom just as the bud had unfolded its beauteous leaves, a fair young life is cut down in the great earth school of spiritual evolution, to enter another realm, the mysteries of which are thus revealed.

Miss Etta Yeoman was born April 8th, 1874, at the old homestead where she died, the sixth child in a family of eight, four sons and four daughters. Those who survive her are Mrs. Elsie Mauck of Arcadia, Dallas M. Victor, Mrs. Daisy Brown of Yountsville, James, Hattie and David. She was in fact the favorite flower of the home and the blow is indeed severe to all those hearts wherein she reigned a queen. It is but just to say that her's was a brilliant mind, reaching far along the line to literary attainment; but a year ago she was obliged because of the fatal malady to leave the Rensselaer high school from which she would have been a graduate about the time of her death.

She was a member of the Methodist Protestant church but it was her desire that the funeral services be held in the M. E. church in Rensselaer, that Rev. Dr. Utter might speak the words of consolation to lighten the burden of sorrow that so heavily rests upon the hearts of those who loved her but too well.

She was conscious to the last, gave minute instructions as to the funeral arrangements, and though in great pain for many days, she patiently, hopefully, awaited the final summons.

All the family were at home during the last days of her illness, but when the moment of dissolution approached she signified that the loved father alone should remain at her side. All that science could suggest was done to stay the fleeting life. Florida was visited, but in vain; the reputed powers of divine healers were invoked but to be disappointed. Her spirit has fled.

The services occurred at half past one Thursday afternoon, the large funeral cortege having to come the six long miles in the severest weather of this winter. The church was filled to its capacity with those who came to pay the last tribute of love and esteem that the living owe the dead.

The sermon by Rev. Dr. Utter was the careful chosen words of one who spoke not only from the head but from the depths of a sympathetic heart, touched tenderly by the sad circumstance presented.

The interment was made in Weston cemetery.

Shadow Box Social.

There will be a Shadow box social at the court house, Saturday night, Feb. 9, given by the ladies of the F. W. Baptist church. One third of the proceeds goes to the Nebraska sufferers. Everybody invited. Ladies come and bring a box. Gentlemen come and buy.

Geo. Jenkins of Goodland, brother-in-law of W. L. Wishard, was in town on business last week.

Flannel lined coats at C. D. Nowels' for \$1.40 to \$2.00.

An Honored Citizen Gone.

By the death of James V. Dutton of Jordan township, the ranks of the pioneer settlers of Indiana number one less, and Jasper county loses one of its most highly respected citizens. Mr. Dutton's was a busy life crowned with reasonable success at his chosen calling of farming, and in laying down the work here to meet his maker in the ripeness of well spent years he could truly feel that the mission of life had been accomplished.

His death occurred at the old home in Jordan township, at 4:45 p. m. on Monday, Jan. 28th, 1895, at the age of 85 years, 3 months and 29 days, after an illness of short duration. The funeral occurred on Wednesday direct from the house to Weston cemetery where a simple service was performed by Rev. Utter.

James V. Dutton was born in Warren county, Ohio, Sept. 29, 1809; moved to Tippecanoe county, Ind., in 1828, where he resided until 1865 when he removed to this county where he has since resided. He married Elizabeth Pritchett April 30, 1835, who survives him. Eleven children were born nine of whom, two sons and seven daughters are living, two dying in infancy. All the children attended the funeral except the oldest son, Asa, who resides in Arkansas. He was raised a Quaker, to the teachings and speech of which sect he conformed through life.

Politically he had no ambition, though for thirteen years he was a trustee in Tippecanoe county, was given a similar position here.

The widow and honored mother feels this unmeasured loss severely, the one great grief of all her life. Living with her are the unmarried children, the youngest son and daughter, John C. F. and Lillian H. to offer such consolation as only they can give.

Austin & Co. have unlimited facilities for placing farm loans at the lowest rates of interest and commission. There is no red tape about these loans. If your title is good you can get your money in 48 hours.

Address Austin & Co.,
Rensselaer, Ind.

Joseph Mitchell has sold his farm of 165 acres, 3 1/2 miles south of town, to Mr. McMannus of Goodland. Mr. Mitchell came here about ten years ago and his neighbors regret exceedingly that he intends to take his esteemed family to Randolph county. He is an old soldier and a worthy citizen. Of his six children a son is attending the state university and two daughters are teachers in this county.

F. R. Burr, formerly of Goodland, has ordered the Pilot forwarded to Scottsburg, Halifax Co., Va. The following from his communication shows how he regards this paper: "Please see to changing my address. Please see to it at once for I can't get along without the Pilot I will write you more as soon as I get settled".

Lahey uses only the best flour and sells 27 loaves for \$1.00.

Jay Stockton and Ellis Iliff of the Lafayette Business College was at home the first of the week.

Lahey, the baker, makes the finest of pies and cakes.

The quickest sale of a cow occurred Thursday morning. W. A. Miller the real estate man asked E. P. Honan if he had a cow for sale Ed responded, he had a cow but didn't care to sell her had offered her for \$50.00 last fall, Miller says I'll look at her, Honan says alright, in ten minutes Miller returned handed Honan \$50.00 and had bought the acknowledged best cow in this vicinity.

Lahey makes delicious pastries as well as bread.

Money to Loan.

The undersigned have made arrangements whereby they are able to make farm loans at the lowest possible rate of interest, with the usual commission. Interest payable at the end of the year. Partial payments can be made on Jan. 1st of any year. Call and see us before making your loan; our money is as cheap and easy as any on the market. Information regarding the loans made by the Atkinson & Rigler Agency at Wabash, Ind., can be had at our office, up stairs in Williams-Stockton building, opposite court house.

WARREN & IRWIN.

Lahey makes a specialty of wedding cakes.

MARRIAGE BELLS.

MAGNIFICENT RECEPTION—BOUNTEOUS FEAST—GLAD—SOME CELEBRATION.

Merrily, merrily, rang the bells at the hospitable, well ordered home of Joseph I. Adams, four miles south of Rensselaer, last Thursday night, Feb. 7th, on the occasion of that well known and highly respected citizen's return from the altar with his most estimable bride Miss Grizzella McElhoe, the happy event having taken place at Monticello, at the bride's home, the previous day.

Mr. Adams is indeed one of the most substantial, enterprising and honored men in Jasper county, being from one of the oldest families and himself, now in the prime of well preserved life, always a resident of it. His home, a synonym for hospitality, is surrounded by a model farm, and is now to be presided over by a lady of many virtues and charming accomplishments.

The lady is connected with some of the best families of Monticello, is well known here, and has a host of warm friends who rejoice in a union so happily blessed to both the high contracting parties. The bride is the owner of a fine farm near Monticello, the result of her own good business methods.

The bridal pair arrived at their home at 6 p. m. where they were given a royal welcome by Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hoover, Mr. and Mrs. U. Iliff, Mr. and Mrs. Marion Adams and Mrs. H. I. Adams, who had spared no pains to make the reception brilliant and joyous.

The guests soon began to arrive and the party was invited to as splendid a dinner as has ever been partaken of in this vicinity. The menu was fit for the royalty that graced the occasion with their presence. The evening was one continuous round of pleasure, and the hour of midnight had approached before the last guests had bid the happy pair good night.

Among the many guests who joined the happy couple at the festive board, the following incomplete list is given:

Mr. and Mr. Wm. Hoover.
Messrs. Alfred, William and Frank Hoover.
Mr. and Mrs. Marion Adams and family.
Mr. and Mrs. Ulysses Iliff and family.
Mrs. H. I. Adams and family.
Miss Lewis.
B. K. Zimmerman.
Mrs. W. B. Keefer,
G. W. Goff, wife and son.
Mr. H. Pearson.
Miss Grace Gee.
Mrs. McElhoe, of Monticello.
Miss Sissie McElhoe, of Monticello.
Mr. Minebrook and sister.

A few friends attended a party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John G. Reynolds, last Monday evening, and one on Tuesday evening at the home of Miss Nellie Hopkins, in honor of Miss Eliza Tuteur, who has gone to Peoria, Ill., to spend the winter.

The fact that The Monthly Sentinel has attained a sworn circulation of 70,000 subscribers, is an evidence of its popularity among reformers and Populists. It is edited by S. F. Norton, who has been a middle of-the-road reform editor for nearly twenty years. It is 4-column, 16 page—every page a broadside, and every number a gatling gun. It can be had one whole year (in clubs of ten) for 10 cents—and to each subscriber will be sent free a copy of that wonderful Primer of finance, Ten Men of Money Island. Send at once, for we understand the above offer lasts only till the number of subscribers reaches 100,000. Address, S. F. Norton, 544 Ogden Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Lahey sells 27 loaves for \$1.00.

Conundrum Social.

GILLAM, Feb. 8.—L. C. Logan is on the sick list.

Supt. J. F. Warren was visiting the schools in Gillam last week.

The "Conundrum Social" at Glendale school last Saturday evening was a success, both socially and financially. The proceeds of the evening were \$18, which will be used for the benefit of the school.

John Mason has sold his farm to Illinois men and will move this week with his family to Florida.

There will be a "Valentine social" at Gillam school house Feb. 16. Everybody invited.

SHORTY.

A Telephone Line.

WHEATFIELD, Feb. 6.—Quite a number in our little city are reported sick this week.

Institute was well attended last Saturday.

Died, the infant son of Pat Graham's, Jan. 24th. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of many friends.

Abe Halleck is having a telephone erected from his headquarters at DeMotte to his office in Wheatfield, which will be very convenient to all those interested in selling hay to Mr. Halleck.

Last Thursday morning while No. 16 west bound train on the I. & I. railroad, was taking coal at North Judson, another freight ran into it, instantly crushing to death Conductor Frank Vincent and seriously hurting the brakeman and coal heaver. It is reported that the accident was caused by the engineer being asleep. Mr. Vincent leaves a wife and two children, who live at Steator.

Roads are in splendid condition and sleighing fine. Hauling baled hay is the fad of the day.

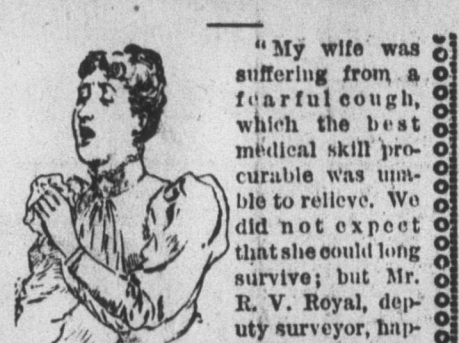
Grandpa Taylor, who has been seriously ill for some weeks past, is but little, if any, better.

B. B.

A FEARFUL COUGH

Speedily Cured by

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL



"My wife was suffering from a fearful cough, which the best medical skill procurable was unable to relieve. We did not expect that she could long survive; but Mr. R. V. Royal, deputy surveyor, happened to be stopping with us over night, and having a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral with him, induced my wife to try this remedy. The result was so beneficial, that she kept on taking it, till she was cured. She is now enjoying excellent health, and weighs 160 pounds."—H. B. HUMPHRIES, Salsbury, Ga.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

ARE YOU AN HONEST MAN?

Then Join the Party of the Common People and Let Us Work Together. We believe the voters of both old parties are honest and will not be found voting with dishonest parties any longer than the time when they learn the truth.

The People's party has heretofore been largely built up from the republican party. That party being in power its dishonesty was more apparent than that of the democratic. But now that the democratic party has had a chance and its leaders have shown themselves even worse than the republican leaders, the people are leaving it. Honest men will not longer vote the ticket, and they know that the republican party is against the people, so that they can not honestly turn any way except toward the new party of the common people.

The People's party has no prejudice or grudge against a man for having voted with a party that he thought would serve the interests of the people. But now that he knows the true disposition of democracy, if he does not cut loose from it, he deserves not even sympathy in his misery.

As men, we receive you into the People's party. If you believe in our principles, work with us. That is all. The party does not reward you for this; you reap the reward yourself, and we shall all be benefited together. It is as much to your interest as to ours that you should join us. If you are not honestly seeking the good of the whole people, you are not worthy of our consideration.

The general good is the object of the People's party. If you are an office hunter, better stay in the old party a little longer, until you become humble enough to accept a place in the ranks as a worker.

Workers are what we want. We will make officials of some of them, of course, but if we could secure the enactment and enforcement of the principles of the Omaha platform into law, without electing a single official our purpose would be served.

We invite you for justice and humanity—not for spoils.

If you are an honest man you can not take offense at the terms of enlistment.

Notes by the Way.

THE President's recommendations were all for plutocracy's interests.

THE way to bring greater prosperity to the bankers is for congress to adopt the Baltimore plan. The way to bring prosperity to the whole people is to abolish the present banking system, issue more legal tender government paper money and institute government banks.

DRIVING OUT CAPITAL.

If Our People Were Out of Debt They Might Prosper.

Populists claim most diligently that the interest bearing debts of the United States are over \$30,000,000,000. The interest on this vast sum far exceeds the total producing power of the United States at this time. The producing classes (farmers and manufacturers) must eat and be clothed.

How to do this and pay the interest is a problem.

A problem that means starvation, destitution and misery.

A list of the debts is an interesting study.

First, as near as the facts can be ascertained the total open accounts of merchants, manufacturers, etc., amount to \$11,000,000,000 in round numbers.

By the census of 1890 and Poor's manual for 1892, the indebtedness of the United States was reported as follows:

National, \$891,960,104.
State and municipal, \$135,310,543.
Railway bonds in 1894, \$5,463,611,004.

Farm and home debts, \$2,500,000,000.

Mortgages on realty, street railways, manufactories and other like business enterprises, \$5,350,000,000.

National bank loans, \$2,153,769,803.

Loans by state, savings and private banks and trust companies, \$2,251,764,292.

Total indebtedness, \$30,746,315,848, on which the productive labor of the country is paying annually an interest charge of \$1,854,778,951.

Every dollar of debt, whatever its character, is a mortgage on labor until paid. Plunging cities into debt is folly and crime. If our people were out of debt they would be prosperous; in debt deeply, as they now are, prosperity is out of the question.

Upon this showing any state, city or county in the nation that succeeds in "driving out capital" is doing itself a kindness. The interest account is as large as the producers of this nation can stand.—Denver Road.

Rest ore to the People Their Vested Rights.

All men are declared to be free, equal and independent, and have inherent and inalienable rights; among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. To secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed. This doctrine is in the constitutions of the states, but for some reason was not placed in the constitution of the United States as above worded. But it is in the Declaration of Independence, and that has always been considered the fundamental law of all American government, and as such can not be treated lightly. The fundamental theory of government for the people is the Declaration of Independence. Under all constitutions the people are required to delegate their vested rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, and a consent to be governed, to an agent called a representative. These two principles are inconsistent with a theory of self government. Reason: The powers to use the vested rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness and the consent to be governed are not such powers as are embraced in any correct principles of agency, for this reason: The use of those powers properly involve a process of individual study, reasoning, education, judgment. It was intended that the individual should have a direct voice in his government, and his consent should be obtained as to the government of all. This being true, the government for all would be the majority judgment of all as to the laws. A delegation of the use of those powers deprives the citizen of all incentive to take personal interest in his government. This takes away the desire to know on what principles his government is running. The result is, the agent has the natural opportunity to create all monopolized by classes and they have gobbled up the citizen's rights, his means of support—the free avenues of labor—and by class legislation the governing classes are running our government with a high hand against the interests of the masses. Bodies of free men are always opposed to class legislation. That's one reason why bodies ought to pass directly upon the laws that shall govern them. They would refuse to indorse "class doctrines," but would indorse the doctrine of "the greater good to the greater number."

The state of Illinois has a population of nearly 4,000,000. The legislation is done by .04 agents. It's vote is more than a million. The vested rights of 1,000,000 men are placed at the absolute disposal of .04 agents with no instructions whatever. The educational features of the ballot box, which should be always foremost in the midst of a free people, are entirely eliminated from the principles of self government. It well may be the subject of careful investigation whether the ruthless power of the constitutions compelling the citizen to delegate his vested right to consent to his form of government and to protect his right to life and liberty is not the fundamental cause of the conditions of the country to-day.—Lucius O. Wilson, Gano, Ill.