

BRICK AND TILE YARD,

JOHN KOHLER Prop'r.

New machinery of the most improved pattern has been added and we are prepared to take contracts for brick and tile in any quantity...

Yard located one mile west of Rensselaer. Free delivery any place in town.

JOHN KOHLER.

NEW LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE, MARTIN L. SHANABARGER, Proprietor. First-class Rigs at Reasonable Prices. Special Attention given to Transient Trade. Patronage Solicited. The Brick Barn. Terms Cash. RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

Good Bread

Is something we all have a taste for. It is an essential for a good meal. I bake nice fresh bread every day. I also do all kinds of fancy baking.

Everything good, fresh and clean. Give me a call.

J. E. LAKEY.

One Door East of Morgan's Barber Shop.

MORDECAI F. CHILCOTE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Rensselaer, Ind.

Attends to all business in the profession with promptness and dispatch. Office in second story of the Makeover building.

A. McCoy, Pres. T. J. McCoy, Vice Pres. E. L. Hollingsworth, Cashier. A. R. Hopkins, Assistant Cashier.

A McCoy & CO'S Bank.

Does a general banking business. Money loaned for short time at current rates. We make a specialty of...

FARM LOANS on long time with privilege of partial payments.

F. J. SEARS, Pres. VAL SEIB, Cashier. F. L. CHILCOTE, Asst. Cashier.

The Citizens State bank. Capital Paid in \$25,000. Dividend Profits \$3,500.

Organized as a State Bank Jan. 1, 1888. Does general banking business. Interest allowed on special deposits. This bank is examined quarterly by the Auditor of State...

J. C. THRAWLS, Surveyor and Engineer.

Office with the County Superintendent, in Williams & Stockton's block, RENSSELAER, INDIANA. March 23, 1894.

JAMES W. DOUTHITT, LAWYER, RENSSELAER INDIANA

New Meat Market CREVISTON BROS. Proprietors.

Shop located opposite the public square. Everything fresh and clean. Fresh and salt meats, sausage, poultry, etc. Please give us a call and we will guarantee to give you satisfaction. Remember the place.

AGENTS WANTED. A great chance to make money.

Vital Questions of the Day. Political Revolution of '92. Crisis of '90 and '91. Battles for Bread. COVEYISM, Strikes, the Unemployed. GREAT LABOR ISSUES of the present and the future. Land legislation. The Silver Question. What PROTECTION does for the American Workman. What FREE TRADE does for him. A book for the hour. Everybody wants it. Price only \$1.50. Sells at sight. Most liberal terms to agents. Send for circulars or send 25 cents for agent's outfit at once. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 730 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

J. W. HORTON,

DENTAL SURGEON. RENSSELAER, IND.

All who would preserve their natural teeth should give him a call. Special attention given to filling teeth. Gas or vitalized air for painless extraction of teeth. Office over LaKey Bros.

SAGELYMAN TRUMBULL

SUGGESTS A DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES FOR THE PARTY.

"Down with Monopolies and Millionaire Control; Up with the Rights of Men and the Masses."—The "Grand Old Man of Illinois."

Judge Lyman Trumbull expressed in the following resolutions thought that will live and burn into the hearts of patriotic men long after the present cut throat competition of plutocrats and paupers has given place to a government of equal rights to all and special privileges to none.

- 1. Resolved, that human brotherhood and equality of rights are cardinal principles of true democracy. 2. Resolved, that forgetting all past political differences we unite in the common purpose to rescue the government from the control of monopolists and concentrated wealth; to limit their powers of perpetration by curtailing their privileges and to secure the right of free speech, a free press, free labor and trial by jury—all rules, regulations and judicial dicta in derogation of either of which are arbitrary and unconstitutional and not to be tolerated by a free people. 3. We endorse the resolution adopted by the national republican convention of 1860, which was incorporated by President Lincoln in his inaugural address as follows: "That the maintenance, inviolate, of the rights of the states, and especially of the rights of each state, to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment, exclusively, is essential to that balance of power on which the perfectness and endurance of our political fabric depends, and we denounce the lawless invasion of armed force on the soil of any state or territory, no matter under what pretext, as among the gravest of crimes." 4. Resolved, that the power given congress by the constitution to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union to suppress insurrections, to repel invasions, does not warrant the government in making use of a standing army in aiding monopolies in the oppression of their employes. When free men unshielded by the sword it should be to strike for liberty, not for despotism or to uphold privileged monopolies in the oppression of the poor. 5. Resolved, that to check the rapid absorption of the wealth of the country and its perpetuation in a few hands we demand the enactment of laws limiting the amount of property to be acquired by devise or inheritance. 6. Resolved, that we denounce the issuing of interest bearing bonds by the government in times of peace to be paid for in part at least by gold drawn from the treasury, which results in the government paying interest on its own money. 7. Resolved, that we demand that congress perform its constitutional duty to coin money, regulate the value thereof and of foreign coin by the enactment of laws for the free coinage of silver with that of gold at the ratio of 16 to 1. 8. Resolved, that monopolies affecting the public interests should be owned and operated by the government in the interests of the people; all employes of the same to be governed by civil service rules, and no one to be employed or displaced on account of politics. 9. Resolved, that we inscribe on our banners, "Down with monopolies and millionaire control; up with the rights of man and the masses," and under this banner we march to the polls and to victory.

Studying a Little. Well, pa, I have been figuring a little and I find that an intelligent, intensive system of agriculture would enable us to raise food as follows: Four bushels of wheat for every human being in the United States can be raised on 2,500,000 acres of land; 2,600,000 acres will supply every family with fifty bushels of apples; 195,000 acres of potatoes will furnish three bushels for each one of us; 9,125,000 acres cultivated in corn will supply a half pound of pork a day to everybody over 20 years of age; 473,000 acres will furnish a quart of strawberries a day for ten weeks to every one, and 303,900 acres will give us a muskmelon apiece every day for ten weeks. Now to produce all the bread, meat and potatoes, apples, melons and strawberries we can all eat will require but 15,196,000 acres of land. Indiana alone contains 23,040,000 acres. Subtract 15,196,000 acres from this number and you have 7,844,000 acres left, which is enough to furnish each person over 10 years of age a pound of butter a week and still leave 3,500,000 acres for the use of building lots, vineyards, poultry yards, etc. In other words, enough of everything to eat can be supplied to our 25,000,000 people upon a spot of ground the size of Indiana.

Well, what of it?—Stockwell's Bad Boy. The newly elected republican governors in the various states will give grand inaugural balls. About the same time 4,000,000 people will go to bed hungry, and a million will sleep on the streets, and take breakfast at soup houses.

THE INDUSTRIAL LEGION

To Meet at Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 23, 1895.

The meeting of the National Industrial legion will take place with the Reform Press association at Kansas City, Mo., on Feb. 23.

All recruiting officers holding commissions from headquarters, all state officers of every grade, executive council and one delegate from each legion will be admitted.

We earnestly hope that the utmost energy will be shown in organizing legions. We should have a thousand new legions before that date. The legions already organized who have not paid dues will confer a favor on me if they will send as large a contribution as possible to pay printing bills and other expenses. I have borne the burden long enough, and shall be compelled to lay it down unless this is done. A small sum from each legion will be a great help.

PAUL VANDERVOORT. People's party papers will please copy.

Retire the National Bank Bill. The national banks have been and are continually withdrawing gold from the treasury by tendering so called coin certificates or treasury notes and demanding the gold in exchange.

The shifting of this metal from the treasury to the banks and from the banks back to the treasury, only to be again withdrawn when the latter desire an issue of bonds by the government, may be successfully repeated without limit, unless the people take up a line of action in self defense, which will be effective in calling a halt to such unpatriotic and dishonorable financing.

We suggest that, as the national banks have set in circulation among the people \$207,000,000 of their own national bank bills, while sorting and keeping out of circulation these treasury or coin notes for the above indicated purpose of exchanging them for gold, that the people who believe in protecting the government—i. e., themselves—from the nefarious practice of sorting the currency for the illegitimate purpose of draining the treasury of gold, do tender to the banks at their earliest convenience in exchange for "legal tenders" any national bank bills coming within their possession, before using the same.

And further believing that the people of these United States have but this one weapon left at their command, by which they can successfully resist or seek redress from the injustice and imposition practiced upon them by the national banks, we therefore urge all who believe in the government issue of money direct to the people to act individually and collectively, if possible, to further the above movement.

- 1. Tender every national bank bill direct to the banks, instead of passing it on and thus keeping it in circulation. 2. Buy every national bank bill found in circulation among friends or business associates, and tender these also to the bank. 3. Urge every friend and business associate to do likewise.

The law compels every national bank to redeem its own notes as well as those of other national banks in government "legal tender" money, and the inevitable result would be to force the national bank bill out of circulation into the banks, while the talk about the retirement of the national currency to make place for bank bills would soon cease.

The banks would either desist through discretion from looting the treasury of its gold or be forced to stop their operations through a lack of the kinds of bills (treasury notes and legal tender) necessary to continue this nefarious scheme; while the government "legal tender" received in exchange would take the place of the national bank bill in general circulation among the people, where it could not be used by designing bankers to draw gold from the treasury.

By the gradual operation of this combined action on the part of all believers in the government issue of money, a more perfect condemnation of the schemes of national bankers will be effected than could possibly be enacted by law or resolution; and in time, the only outstanding circulation would be the government "legal tender" while the discredit thus thrown upon the national bank bill would compel its withdrawal from the circulating medium of the country.

A more thoroughly practical and effective solution of the currency question for and by the people, than would result from such action, could not be devised in the interest of an honest money issued by the government.

The above has been sent to us by a friend, who believes in fighting the enemy with his own kind of weapons. We print it for the consideration of those who would like to retaliate on the banks.—National Watchman.

The Sherman law was repealed, we were told, to prevent the necessity of issuing bonds. The financiers said so. Did they lie, or were they ignorant? Trust them no more.

MR. CLEVELAND might avoid the odium of holding a fort on the white house grounds by hiring a substitute to occupy the executive mansion.—St. Louis Chronicle.

WHO IS A FOOL?

IS ANY MAN FREE WHERE HIS BROTHERS ARE SLAVES?

Farmers and Laborers Pay the Interest on All Public and Private Debts, and Their Labor is Mortgaged for the Principal.

You say you are out of debt and own a house? Yes. Well; how many children have you? Five.

That makes seven in the family. What is your home worth? Oh, about \$1,400.

And you are a loyal patriotic American?

Yes; I defended the flag in the rebellion, and the very sight of old glory thrills every drop of blood in my body. Oh, you are enthusiastic.

Yes, sir; for my home and country I am ready to lay down my life.

Good; you are one of the kind of men who made this great nation the richest on the globe.

Yes, I guess I have done my share and I am proud to be an American.

Well, let's come back to the original subject. How did you get into debt? Who, me?

Yes, you.

Why didn't I tell you that I don't owe a dollar to any man on earth?

Oh, yes, you do.

What! Do you mean to insult me? There is my house free from debt and I've got money in the bank.

Yes, but you said you were a loyal American, and you certainly are loyal to your state, county and community and believe that every individual should pay his debts.

Certainly, but what has that to do with the case?

Oh, nothing, perhaps, but how much did you make last year?

Well, I made a living, and I've got enough money to buy a new wagon and a plow and some other things I need.

Then how are you going to pay off the debts of your family?

Are you crazy? I want to say emphatically that I don't owe any debts, and I don't thank any man for trying to make a fool of me.

Friend, don't get excited. That won't make the debt any easier to pay. Don't you know that it would require all the land in the United States to pay the debts of the people?

Well; what in thunder has that to do with me?

Oh, nothing, but do you know of any way of paying the debts without selling the land?

Of course I do, it can be paid off with the money that goes into the treasury as taxes.

Don't you know that instead of paying off debts the treasurer is borrowing more money? The debt of your family was increased about \$14 by the last two bond issues of \$50,000,000, and the treasurer is now preparing things for another issue of fifty millions. That will make \$21 increase of your debt this year, and the bankers are demanding an issue of \$500,000,000 worth more of bonds and that would increase the debt of your family \$70 more.

The total indebtedness of the people of the United States is \$300 for each and every man woman and child in the nation—making your share \$3,500 with a family of seven.

Of course you do not owe this amount directly and you have never signed a mortgage on your own home.

But you pay interest every year on the state, county and national debt—and through depreciation in prices you contribute of your labor and produce every year to pay interest on the private mortgages of the country.

Ultimately you must pay your share of the principal.

There is no getting around it.

Oh! you're one of these darn Populist calamity howlers—I have no time to waste listening to a fool. I've got to go to town and pay my taxes and buy some tools I need on the farm.

Yes; there he goes to buy more tools to raise more produce for Shylock.

Some Cold Statistics.

Since free coinage was suspended in June, 1893, India has been unable to export enough products to pay her gold interest, but has been compelled to borrow \$50,000,000 to pay interest on her gold obligations during the last year, and she must continue to borrow and increase her debts under the gold standard. The United States has been compelled to borrow \$55,000,000 by the sale of \$50,000,000 5 per cent bonds and has \$50,000,000 less in the treasury than she had a year ago under the same tariff laws that were formerly in force. It is impossible for the United States to export enough products at gold prices to pay interest on either foreign or domestic debts. There is no way of avoiding a continuous crease of indebtedness but by the coinage of silver, and that can be had through the efforts of party.—William M. Ste

The people are poverty that men go to fight words the

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they have lost all courage

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HERE'S YOUR MULE.

Give the Bankers the Earth, or They'll Take It.

Congress don't know where it is at! But it still knows what the bankers demand, and what congress must do, or do nothing.

Congressman Crisp and Senator Gorham have held a little caucus and conclude that the only proposition which the senate and the bankers will accept must embrace the following features:

- 1. An issue of \$300,000,000 of long term, low rate bonds at 3 1/2 per cent, if possible, but not over 3 per cent. 2. These bonds to be sold to the banks at not less than par and to be the basis of circulation up to their par value. 3. The legal tenders to be retired and canceled as the bonds are put out. 4. One fifth of this issue of \$500,000,000 to be retained in the treasury and made available for current expenses if needed. 5. Silver to be bought and coined at the rate of \$50,000,000 a year. 6. No bank notes to be issued of less denomination than \$20. 7. All denominations below \$20 to be silver certificates and silver. 8. Silver certificates to be redeemable in silver. There it is in a nut shell.

Just what the Populists have told you for years were the intentions of the money power.

Take each of those numbered items into your mind separately, roll it over, tear it apart, and analyze its intentions.

Five hundred million dollars of long term bonds—\$15,000,000 a year interest, enough interest to support 10,000 people in idleness, interest that will take the labor of 50,000 men a year at \$1.50 a day to pay—and all for the benefit of the bankers.

Cancel the greenbacks and substitute interest bearing bonds and wildcat bank notes. Destroy the money that saved the country in time of war, and turn the issuing of money over to the traitorous cowards, who hired substitutes and hoarded up their gold to profit on the nation's necessities.

And what a magnificent outlook for silver—to be "bought" and coined—bought with what? Give us free coinage of both gold and silver or demonetize gold.

Big bank notes for the rich and small currency for the poor—and the banks in control of both.

Glory, hallelujah! Those philiar thropic, benevolent, astute and monkeydoodle bankers!

Ain't they smooth? Give us the earth, or we'll take it.

BALLOT RIGHTS LEAGUE.

Meeting to Be Held at New Orleans Jan. 18.

Hon. J. C. Manning, leader of the Alabama Populists, has given out a call for a conference to organize the Southern Ballot Rights league. It is as follows:

"The right of the states to republican form of government and the right of the citizens to a fair vote and an honest count is guaranteed by the constitution.

"The unrest caused by the reign of a ballot box stuffing oligarchy in Alabama and other southern states has but recently aroused the people to demand that their constitutional rights be given.

"In consequence of existing conditions, I have been delegated by those who have awakened to patriotic effort to call a conference at New Orleans, Jan. 18-19, for the purpose of organizing a Southern Ballot Rights league and taking such other steps as may restore constitutional rights to the people. Delegations are urged to come in response to the call from every southern state.

(Signed) "J. C. MANNING, "Montgomery, Ala."

Political Mathematics.

Perry Engle has at last gotten his paper, the Iowa Referendum, admitted to the mails as second class matter. The first number sent to the third assistant postmaster-general contained a cartoon showing John Sherman as school teacher and Grover Cleveland as school boy, and the lesson on the black-board reads:

"Q. If there are 175 silver congressmen, how many Wall street 'pies' and federal offices will it require to unconditional repeal in the house

"Q. If fifty United States favor free coinage, how many office will be necessary to ditional repeal in the

"Fifty silver congressman

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