

The People's Pilot.

RENSSELAER, : : INDIANA.

The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Regular Session.

In the senate on the 15th the conference report on the tariff bill was presented and adopted. A letter was read from Secretary Carlisle in regard to the four pending bills—free iron, coal, sugar and barbed wire—declaring that the four bills became laws there would be a deficit at the end of the present fiscal year of about \$20,000,000, of which over \$20,000,000 would be caused by the free sugar bill alone. In the house no business of importance was transacted beyond the introduction of a resolution by Gen. Blair in regard to silver coinage, who asked for unanimous consent for its immediate adoption, but it was referred to the committee.

In the senate on the 16th a joint congratulatory resolution from the United States to Hawaii was adopted. Tariff bills relating to sugar and other articles in dispute were referred to a committee, and Senator Hill's measure providing for the exclusion and deportation of alien anarchists was passed without division. In the house there was but a bare quorum present. The deficiency appropriation bill was further considered, as also was the silver coinage resolution.

In the senate on the 17th a motion was made to appoint Senator White to the vacancy on the finance committee caused by the death of Senator Vance. Senator Murphy was also put in nomination, but under the rules the nominations went over. The conference report on the deficiency bill was submitted. There was hardly a quorum in the house, as members were anxious to get away and were leaving on every train. No business of importance was transacted.

In the senate on the 18th it was decided that there should be no further legislation over which there is a contest at this session of congress. The resolution to appoint Senator White to the vacancy on the finance committee was adopted. A resolution was adopted to instruct the finance committee to report back an amendment to the free sugar bill providing for the McKinley bounty on raw domestic sugars. After the passage of the bill for the relief of the Oklahoma settlers, the senate adjourned. The house was in session but a short time, no business of importance being transacted.

In the senate on the 29th the amended sugar bill and the coal, iron ore and barbed wire bills were reported. The bills placing wool, coal and iron on the free list were ordered placed on the calendar. The senate then went into executive session, but owing to a lack of a quorum adjourned until the 31st. No quorum could be got together in the house, consequently no session was held.

DOMESTIC.

REPORTS to the director of the mint show that since July 1 the number of silver dollars coined amounted to \$33,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 were coined since August 1.

INTERESTING memorial services were held at the old homestead of William Cullen Bryant at Cammington, Mass. Letters were read from a large number of literary people.

THE northwestern interstate fair—which includes the states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, British Columbia and Alaska—was dedicated with appropriate ceremonies at Tacoma. J. M. LOGGAN, a notorious incendiary, who has destroyed property worth thousands of dollars, was arrested at Kansas City.

FOUR Detroit (Mich.) school inspectors, charged by Mayor Pingree with having received bribes, were put under bonds of \$5,000 each.

ALDACE F. WALKER was appointed receiver of the Santa Fe road in the place of President J. W. Reinhart, who recently resigned.

RESIDENTS of Buffalo, N. Y., saw the City of Toronto, 50 miles distant, pictured in a remarkable mirage of the third order.

CHARLES GEORGET, an engineer of Hoboken, has discovered old deeds entitling him to valuable real estate in St. Louis.

HEIRS of Richard Bishop in Pittsburgh will lay claim to ten acres in the heart of Indianapolis, Ind., worth \$2,000,000.

CHRISTOPHER BERNHARDT, of Buffalo, N. Y., aged 87, dependent over the loss of his wife, committed suicide at her grave.

At the joint convention of the populist and labor parties at Columbus, O., a state ticket was nominated headed by Charles R. Martin for secretary of state.

TITUS broke two world's competitive bicycle records at Denver, riding a mile in 2:10 3-5 and five miles in 12:19.

A COTTON expert estimates, after a trip over the entire state, that the crop in Texas will be about 2,500,000 bales, or one-half million bales over last year.

DR. JOHN SEATON, one of the most prominent physicians and specialists of Indiana, was found dead in bed at his home at Fort Wayne.

BANK EXAMINER MILLER, while temporarily insane, shot himself through the temple at Altoona, Pa.

THE Commercial & Savings bank of Ludington, Mich., suspended business by order of its president, Antoine E. Cartier.

CHARLES ROBINSON, first elected governor of Kansas, died at his home in Leavenworth.

DAVID HALL, of Jonesville, Va., was shot and killed by Tom Denny, 18 years old. Hall had Denny indicted for abusing his child and Denny took his revenge in the murder.

THE body of Col. Lang C. Winston, of Pasadena, Cal., who was lost in a snowstorm last November while with a hunting party up the San Gabriel canyon, has been found.

THE Cunard line steamer Campania, which arrived at New York from Liverpool, made the passage in 5 days 9 hours and 29 minutes, the fastest time on record.

THERE were 228 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 17th, against 251 the week previous and 435 in the corresponding time in 1893.

THE first bale of cotton of this year's crop, from Eagle Point, Miss., was sold at auction in Memphis for ten cents a pound.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 17th aggregated \$790,653,185, against \$774,451,980 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was \$15,201,205.

NEW JERSEY's legislature is to be petitioned to permit the consolidation of Jersey City, Newark, Hoboken, Orange, Paterson and Passaic.

At a soldier's reunion at Oblong, Ill., David Eaton wantonly killed Donald McDonald and wounded John James.

In a speech before the bimetallic conference at Washington Congressman Bryan recommended the dropping of all other issues but that of free coinage.

UNITED STATES JUDGE CALDWELL has ordered the Santa Fe receivers to pay employees promptly, borrowing money if necessary.

A DOUBLE wedding was celebrated at Pana, Ill., in which Edward Munday and Thomas Ellison were married to each other's divorced wife.

APPROPRIATIONS made by the present congress are \$49,399,169 less than those of its predecessor.

THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 19th were: Baltimore, .649; Boston, .646; New York, .608; Cleveland, .564; Philadelphia, .543; Pittsburgh, .515; Brooklyn, .510; Chicago, .474; Cincinnati, .453; St. Louis, .414; Louisville, .340; Washington, .309.

AFFECTED by her son's conversion, Mrs. Jane Newberry dropped dead at a church revival at Surveyville, Tex.

RATHER than be censured for reckless driving, John C. Peck, a member of the Philadelphia fire department, killed himself.

THOMAS HEWITT, an iron molder of Kearney, N. J., stabbed his wife and children and killed himself by leaping from a window.

MRS. SIMMONS, once a noted belle of Lexington, Ky., was arrested at Wichita, Kan., charged with murder.

At Sherburne, Minn., Lee Walker seized the trailing rope of an ascending balloon and was killed by the fall.

Mrs. WILLIAM WORTH, court-martialed for ordering target practice on Sunday, was acquitted and released from custody.

GEN. FELIX ANGUS, of Baltimore, proposes to secure a Maryland lake and fill it with salt water for scientific cultivation of the oyster.

FOUR powder houses of the Speer Hardware company, located at Fort Smith, Ark., blew up, killing three persons and doing great damage.

HERBERT R. HESS, a brilliant young lawyer of Chicago, was found dead with a bottle of morphine by his side. He had been despondent over the death of his wife and child.

RICH gold discoveries were reported along the Rio Grande in New Mexico and people from the surrounding states were flocking into the territory.

At Thornton, Ind., Hiram McDonald was killed by John Sexton with a broomstick. Sexton alleges he acted in self-defense.

ANIMATED by jealousy, William Vogel, of New York, fatally shot his mistress and then killed himself.

KOLA, the defeated candidate for Governor of Alabama, has issued an address intended to incite his followers to rebellion.

THE skeleton of a giant found in a swamp in Indiana turns out to have been manufactured by speculators.

FIVE men were drowned by the capsizing of a government boat off the coast of Washington.

LARGE numbers of due bills which have been circulated as currency in Kansas were seized by secret service officers.

FIRE broke out on the clipper ship General Knox while she was lying at her dock in New York and caused \$100,000 damage.

WOMEN of Dalton, Ia., marched to a house in which two disreputables were lodged and after horsewhipping them drove them out of town.

THE Sioux City (Ia.) Athletic club has offered a purse of \$25,000 for a fight between Corbett and Jackson.

THE river and harbor bill has become a law without the president's signature.

Gov. ALTGELD visited Pullman and found about 500 families on the verge of starvation. Means for their immediate relief would be devised.

FOREST fires were raging in northern Wisconsin and thousands of tons of hay were destroyed in the vicinity of Grantsburg.

THE cases against the assailants of Adj. Gen. Tamm of Colorado, were dismissed, the grand jury having failed to find indictments.

MRS. MACK ABRAHAMS, of Frankfort, Ky., quarreled with her husband because he went to hear Breckinridge speak, and took morphine and arsenic with fatal effect.

As a result of a religious revival at Hammondville, O., seven women left their husbands because they would not join the church.

PROFITING by the bitter experience of the present year, many Nebraska farmers were preparing to vote bonds for the introduction of irrigation.

CHARLES BERKUND and a companion were drowned by the capsizing of a boat in the bay at Gladstone, Mich.

DURING a thunderstorm near Clayton, Ala., lightning struck the residence of James Houston, instantly killing three of his children.

On the Wabash railroad a freight train struck a horse 2 miles west of Jonesburg, Mo., ditching the locomotive and nineteen cars and killing the engineer and three tramps. Eight other persons were injured.

ELEVEN THOUSAND employees of the textile works at New Bedford, Mass., went on strike on account of reduction of wages.

GABRIEL BROOK was shot and killed from ambush and Mrs. Mary Edwards wounded while driving near Hot Springs, Ark.

THE thirteenth annual encampment of the national order of the Sons of Veterans convened at Davenport, Ia. The order has 1,549 camps and a membership of 39,859.

VETERANS of the German wars met in annual convention at Pittsburgh, Pa., and the parade witnessed by enthusiastic thousands.

An ammonia tank belonging to the Heidreiger Ice company exploded at St. Louis, killing an employee named Wilson Sanders.

WALTER FISHER, a divekeeper at Dayton, O., was shot and killed by his brother Robert, aged 13.

FROM an area of 2,071,354 acres Illinois has produced 41,315,099 bushels of wheat, a yield which has been but thrice exceeded.

MRS. CONRAD YOUNG and her niece were killed in a runaway at Rosebud, Ill.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE Ohio democratic state committee have decided to hold the state convention in Columbus on September 18 and 19.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were made as follows on the 16th: Virginia, Sixth district, Hampton Hoge (rep.); Seventh district, R. J. Walker (rep.); Eighth district, E. E. Meredith (dem.); Tenth district, D. H. Tucker (dem.); Michigan, Second district, George Spaulding (rep.); Seventh district, N. B. Farnsworth (pop.); Missouri, Tenth district, M. C. Ellison (dem.); Eighth district, W. C. Aldridge (pop.); Florida, First district, S. R. Sparkman (dem.); Mississippi, Sixth district, C. H. Hawthorn (pop.); Kentucky, Second district, J. D. Clardy (dem.); Nebraska, First district, J. B. Strode (rep.); Pennsylvania, Twenty-eighth district, W. C. Arnold (rep.).

THE First district republican congressional convention, after being in session two nights and two days at Nebraska City, Neb., nominated Jesse B. Strode on the 1,235th ballot.

THE death of Burton C. Cook, ex-congressman and one of the makers of history in Illinois, occurred in Evanston. He twice placed Abraham Lincoln in nomination for the presidency.

POPULISTS of Lake county, Ind., nominated a full ticket, then reconsidered their action, got into a general fight and adjourned.

SENATOR MCPHERSON, who contemplated resigning because of ill-health, was prevailed on by friends to change his mind.

JOSEPH BALLS (colored) died at Emporia, Kan., aged 114 years.

MRS. EUNICE CONRAD, the oldest woman west of the Alleghenies, died at Parkersburg, W. Va., aged 117 years.

FOREIGN.

MANY tin plate works in south Wales which have been closed for some time were preparing to resume work in view of the passage of the tariff bill in Washington.

THE Kaffir rebellion in South Africa is spreading. Many women and children have been killed and much property destroyed.

An anarchist plot against the life of Premier Dupuy, of France, was discovered by detectives. The reds were warned and escaped.

MEXICAN soldiers surprised the notorious bandit, Luna, and his wife in the mountains and killed both of them.

SEVERAL persons were killed and a number badly hurt by the collision of two trains on the Hidalgo road near the City of Mexico.

SIX men were drowned by the destruction of the steamer Uspelch, plying on the Shepna river in Russia.

MANY cases of cholera have appeared in Paris, while cholera continues to spread throughout Germany and Holland.

RIO JANEIRO advises states that by the explosion of a gunpowder wagon in Largo do Sanidad thirty-two persons were killed, many more were wounded, and several houses were demolished.

Forty Moorish rebels were killed by the sultan's troops at Azimoor.

LATER.

THE United States senate was not in session on the 21st. In the house there was not a quorum present when its session began, but members sought to take up several measures by unanimous consent. The senate bill allowing an additional \$54,000 for the public building at Little Rock, Ark., was passed. The senate bill for the exclusion and deportation of alien anarchists was called up, but objection being made to its consideration it went over under the rules.

DELAWARE republicans in state convention at Dover nominated Joshua R. Harvill for governor.

FAILING in his efforts to induce the car company to relieve the distress at Pullman, Gov. Altgeld issued an appeal to the people for contributions.

THOMAS HARPER, a well-to-do business man of Esplanborough, Pa., returning home from a short vacation found his wife murdered and his two children, aged 2 and 4 years, nearly starved to death.

FIVE men were arrested at Sedan, Kan., charged with the murder of J. B. Frazier four years ago.

SIXTY-SIX of the largest business houses of Beville, Tex., were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$100,000.

MRS. KATE LUFFBERRY and her 5-year-old son were burned to death in a fire which destroyed their home at Newcastle, Ky.

CHARLES MCCOY, an architect, and Miss Josie Caldwell, aged 20, were drowned in Peoria lake at Peoria, Ill., while out boating.

By the explosion of a traction engine on the farm of Hiram Berksmith near Byron, Ill., two men were killed and four boys fatally injured.

REV. D. F. MACDONALD, D. D., died at Gilbertsville, N. Y. He was a chaplain under Gen. Lee during the war.

LATE rains have improved corn and vegetation generally throughout the country, though in certain sections drought was still complained of.

FIRE in Chicago destroyed the Chicago & Northwestern freight house with all its contents.

A HOUSE which was being torn down in Worcester, Mass., collapsed, burying a dozen children and three men. Seven were rescued, severely injured.

THE Big Four freight depot and adjoining buildings were destroyed by fire at Cincinnati, causing a loss of \$800,000 to \$900,000.

An engineer was killed near Colorado City, Col., by a freight train wreck.

A PLEA FOR THE POOR.

Gov. Altgeld Appeals for Aid for the Starving at Pullman.

Failing to Interest George M. Pullman in Behalf of His Distressed Ex-Employees, He Asks the Public for Help.

SUCCOR IS NEEDED.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—Just before returning to Springfield Tuesday night Gov. Altgeld issued a proclamation to the people of Illinois, asking them to send contributions to relieve the starving strikers at Pullman.

He also addressed a letter to the county commissioners, calling their attention to the suffering in Pullman and urging them to furnish immediate assistance. The letter to the county commissioners is expected to secure food enough to keep the strikers alive until responses to Gov. Altgeld's proclamation begin coming in. The appeal is as follows:

"To the People of the State of Illinois and Especially Those of the City of Chicago: There is great distress growing out of the want of food in and around the town of Pullman. More than 1,000 families, or in the neighborhood of 6,000 people, are utterly destitute—nearly four-fifths of them are women and children. The men have endeavored to get work, but were unable to do so. I have made a personal examination of the case and learn from the officers of the Pullman company that prior to the strike they had 3,200 names on the pay-roll; yesterday they had 2,200 people at work, but over 600 of these were now men, so that they have only about 1,600 of their old employees at work, leaving about 1,600 that have not been taken back. Several hundred of these have left, but the remainder are unable to go away and have nothing to eat. I find that immediately after the beginning of the strike a relief association was formed to provide for the needy, and the books of this association show that 2,433 applications were made by the Pullman employees, mostly heads of families, to this association for aid—in fact, nearly all of the employees except the few hundreds who have been supported by charity for nearly three months.

"As a rule they are a superior class of laboring people, industrious, capable and steady, and some of them have worked for the Pullman company for more than ten years. Those who have been given work can get food, but are still in such an impoverished condition that they cannot help their neighbors if they would. The relief society is unable to get more supplies. On last Saturday it gave to each family two pounds of oatmeal and two pounds of cornmeal, and leaving the people in an absolute helpless condition. The county commissioners of Cook county, as overseers of the poor, have rendered some assistance, but owing to a limited appropriation they can furnish relief but for a short time.

"We cannot now stop to inquire the cause of this distress. The good people of this state cannot allow women and children by the hundred to perish of hunger. I therefore call upon all humane and charitable-disposed citizens to contribute what they can toward giving relief to these people. I am satisfied that any contribution sent to the Pullman relief committee at Kensington, Ill., will be judiciously distributed. I find their treasurer has given bond to properly account for all moneys received.

"Aug. 21. JOHN P. ALTGELD, Governor."

The correspondence between Gov. Altgeld and George M. Pullman in relation to the destitution in the town was given to the press by the governor. It began last Sunday, when the governor sent a telegram to Mr. Pullman from Springfield in response to a number of appeals made to him by strikers for assistance. In this dispatch the governor tells Mr. Pullman that although the state of Illinois has not the least desire to meddle in the affairs of the company it cannot allow a whole community within its borders to perish of hunger and informs the president of the company that unless relief comes he would either have to call a special session of the legislature to make an appropriation or else issue an appeal to the humane people of the state to give bread to the company's former employees. He adds: "It seems to me you would prefer to relieve the situation yourself, especially as it has just cost the state upwards of \$50,000 to protect your property."

In a letter written Tuesday to President Pullman, the governor makes a statement of the condition of the starving people, based on his tour of investigation and inquiry made the day before at Pullman. He tells Mr. Pullman that something must be done at once and adds: "I repeat that it seems to me your company cannot afford to have me appeal to the charity and humanity of the state to save the lives of your old employees, no matter what caused the distress. He makes the suggestion that the company cancel all rents due to October 1, and work some of the men half time, so that all can get something to eat for their families.

In reply to this letter Mr. Pullman makes a long statement blaming those who are idle for being in their present condition and declaring that the company did not know there was any such extended distress as represented to the governor. He says the full force has been engaged for the work in hand and makes the allegation that a considerable number of the men had persistently refused to apply for work at any time, considering themselves still on strike.

Gov. Altgeld makes a caustic reply to Mr. Pullman's letter refusing to enter into a discussion of the merits of the controversy and asserting that if the president had seen what the governor had seen in Pullman he would be convinced that none of the sufferers had drawn money from the bank a few weeks ago, as alleged by Mr. Pullman in his letter. He concludes with the statement that as Mr. Pullman had refused to do anything to save his old employees from perishing of hunger he would be compelled to appeal to the humanity of the people of Illinois to do so.

DEAD IN CENTRAL PARK.

Bodies of a Man and Woman Found on the Ramble Evidence of a Tragedy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The dead bodies of a man and woman were found on the ramble in Central park. The man had a bullet hole in his head and the woman had been shot in the left breast. The police are unable to learn so far whether both committed suicide or whether the man shot the woman and then himself. Their names are believed to be Julius De Naren and Julia Faurrier, both French. The man was about 28 years of age and the woman a few years younger.

SILVER SHOULD BE FREE.

So Say Resolutions Introduced in the House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Representative Hartman (Mont.) presented in the house Tuesday resolutions for the free coinage of silver, which are regarded by the free-silver associates as one of the most significant expressions in favor of their doctrine which have been elicited by the agitation of the last year. The resolutions have been considered and adopted during the present session by the most powerful labor organizations of the country, are strongly worded and are signed by the chief officers of the various unions. The signers are:

J. B. Sovereign, general master workman, and John W. Hayes, secretary and treasurer, of the Knights of Labor; Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; Marion Butler, president of the National Farmers' alliance; Henry H. Trenor, president, and J. J. McCullough, secretary, of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners; P. M. Arthur, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; C. A. Robinson, president of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit association; Frank Sargent, grand master workman, and F. W. Arnold, secretary and treasurer, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, and John McBride, president of the United Mine Workers of America.

Accompanying the resolution is an address "to the members of organized labor and all other producers and toilers throughout the United States," which led to their adoption. The address declares that "in view of the general distress, at a time when granaries are full and in the natural order of things producers and toilers should be enjoying the fruits of their labor, it seems that the time has come for united action on the part of those who create the wealth of the country."

One of the causes which have brought about this condition, the address says, is the "departure from the wise bimetallic financial principle of Washington, Jefferson and Hamilton and the substitution of the monometallic policy dictated by the European money-holders and their American allies."

A review of financial legislation is given to show what part was enacted in the interest of the producing and what of the non-producing classes. The proposition is set forth that before the demonetization of silver 3,500 bushels of wheat or 35,000 pounds of cotton equaled the annual pay of a senator or congressman, while to-day 10,000 bushels of wheat or 100,000 pounds of cotton barely suffice; that formerly 35,000 bushels of wheat or 250,000 pounds of cotton would have paid the salary of the president, while to-day he receives the equivalent of 10,000 bushels of wheat or 1,000,000 pounds of cotton, and the same proportion applies to all other fixed salaries and increases.

Demoralization of the food-producing sections is said to have caused the manufacturers to lose the markets for their goods so that hundreds of thousands of workmen have been thrown out of employment, and the demonetization of half the world's volume of money is said to have made it comparatively easy for capitalists to corner and manipulate the other half.

In the review of financial legislation it is charged that all acts since the civil war have been in the interest of bondholders and against the producers, and the Sherman law is said to have been repealed at the demand of European financiers, although a grand fight was made by the people's representatives.

The resolutions are as follows: "We demand of the present congress the immediate return to the money of the constitution as established by our fathers by restoring the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the present ratio of 16 to 1, the coins of both metals to be equally full legal tender for all debts, public and private, as before the fraudulent demonetization of silver in 1873.

"We also condemn the increase of the national debt in the time of peace and the use of interest-bearing bonds at any time."

PYTHIANS TO MEET.

PREPARATIONS for their coming encampment in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The Knights of Pythias hold their annual encampment here from August 27 to 31, and Gen. Carnahan, of Indiana, the grand commander, says that 10,000 knights in uniform will come to camp around Washington monument, and from 50,000 to 75,000 camp followers will invade the hotels and boarding houses. The president has promised to review the parade, which will probably take place on Tuesday or Wednesday. On Tuesday evening there is to be a grand reception and ball in honor of the supreme lodge, at which Vice President Stevenson will represent the government of the United States and make a speech. Addresses are expected from other representative men. Three thousand invitations have been issued, not including the knights. The ball will be given in Convention hall, which will accommodate 7,000 or 8,000 persons. On August 29 a grand banquet will be given, and on August 30 the Pythian Sisters will entertain the brethren.

WAITING FOR THE TARIFF.

Over \$1,000,000 in Goods Placed in New York Bonded Warehouses Monday.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The amount of goods which went into bonded warehouses Monday beats anything ever known before in the custom house. Over 350 consignments were entered, each consisting of from 1 to 100 separate cases. The value was considerably over \$1,000,000. The 1,800,000 packages on hand have increased over half a million, according to the estimate of customs officials.

MURDERED BY JAPS.

Naniwa's Commander Ordered Destruction of Drowning Men.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—A dispatch to the Times from Shanghai says that the court of inquiry has established the fact that the commander of the Japanese warship Naniwa ordered the destruction of the drowning men from the Chinese transport Kow Shing, which was sunk by the Japanese. The dispatch says that Vice Admiral Hon. Sir E. R. Fremantle, in command of the British China station, is collecting detailed evidence on this subject.

Taken at Her Word.

She is four years old and something of a tomboy. There is nothing that the little boys in the neighborhood can do that she will not attempt, and she is usually successful. A few days ago she was playing with some of the other children, while her mother sat near watching her. The boys were trying all sorts of gymnastic tricks, and, after watching them awhile, she walked into the middle of the little grass plot, went down on her knees and quick as a flash turned a somersault.

"Oh, Ethel," cautioned her astonished mother, deprecatingly, "I wouldn't do that."

The child got up, smoothed out her dress, surveyed her mother critically and then replied, approvingly: "I shouldn't think you would."

Chicago Post.

A New Arrangement.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 20, 1894.—The new traffic arrangement between the Great Northern and Oregon Railway & Navigation Co. is one of the most important of the year. It gives the Great Northern the most direct entrance of any road into Portland and to Willamette Valley points. It also becomes the short line into the Palouse and Walla Walla districts of Washington, the Coeur d'Alene, Moscow and Snake River districts of Idaho.

UNREHEARSED EFFECT.—Aged and Venerable Retainer.—"Here, noble sire, is the legacy of your great ancestor; this chest has not been opened for a couple of generations!" Don Diego—"Open it." (When the lid is raised a live cat jumps on to the stage.) Old Servant—"Drat, those mischievous chorus lads!"—Humorist's Blatier.

How Jolly!

Eh! who said that? The answer is as prompt as the question from the dear chappie who has checkedmate the rheumatism with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, unequalled as well for dyspepsia, liver complaint, indigestion of the bowels or kidneys, nervousness, lack of vitality, appetite or sleep. Use the great tonic and you will be ultimately happy if now afflicted.

A MAN that plants a watermill patch next to a graveyard may not save all his melons, but he is de means of eradication of germs of superstition from the minds of the colored population in that vicinity.—Puck.

Mrs. X, (observing her friend at work up on the kitchen floor).—"Why in the world don't you get a servant to scour your floors?" Mrs. Y.—"Because I have to scour the town to get a servant."—Harlem Life.

SUCCESSFUL FERVENCY.—"O'Kief—"How do you manage to win so steadily on the races?" McMill—"I race all the time given by the sporting editors, and then bet on some other horse."