

## FROM WASHINGTON.

An Interesting Batch of News From the Capitol.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, June 1, '94.  
Senator Hill seems to possess in a marked degree the faculty for stirring up the Senate whenever he has a mind to do so. It will be some time before the Senators on that investigating committee get over the racking down he gave them in his speech for persecuting the newspaper men who published the sugar trust charges and neglecting so plain away of getting at the truth as examining under oath the Senators against whom charges were made, and it is already plain that the speech has had effect of making the committee understand that persecution of newspaper men will not be accepted as exoneration for the Senators who have been charged with wrong doing. Senator Hill's championing of the right of newspaper men to decline to give the names of those from whom they get confidential information was entirely unexpected, but it was none the less appreciated on that account. It has been a long time since the newspapers had any surplus of friends in the Senate.

The fate of the sugar schedule of the tariff bill, now about to be decided, will settle that of the bill. The republicans have been working hard to secure votes enough to beat the sugar schedule, but they have not succeeded, and, unless there is some radical change, will not succeed.

Coxey's army has been joined by Galvin's men and the combined forces marched into Washington Memorial Day and decorated the Peace monument. The men are not happy. They have been living this week on bread and water, a diet that is not calculated to make anybody happy. They still say they intend to remain until Congress acts upon their petition. If they do they will stay along time. Coxey's lawyers are going to try to get him out of jail under habeas corpus proceedings.

Postmaster General Bissell has stirred up a hornet's nest by writing a letter opposing the bill providing for government ownership of all telegraphic lines, which was framed by a committee of the International Typographical Union and has been endorsed by labor organizations in all sections of the country. The P. M. G. concluded his letter against the bill as follows: "I believe the incorporation of the postal telegraph with the mail service of this country would add enormously to the annual deficit without correspondingly advancing the interest of public, and it is, therefore my judgment that the bill ought not to become a law." This was opposition from an entirely unexpected quarter, as every head of the Post Office department for a decade past has been in favor of some sort of a government telegraphic service, but it has not frightened the supporters of the bill, who declare that if this Congress does not pass the bill the labor organizations will make government ownership of telegraph lines an issue in the coming Congressional election, voting against every candidate who will not pledge himself to vote for it in the next Congress. They contend that if Mr. Bissell's argument is good the carrying of the mails, which is done at a loss, should be turned over to private parties. The subject is a live one.

Representative Black, of Georgia, the man who defeated Tom Watson in the last Congressional election, made the somewhat remarkable assertion in the course of a speech in favor of the repeal of the tax on State bank currency, which is now being considered by the House, that

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So MRS. F. E. BAKER,  
of Calveston, Tex.,  
—SAYS OF—  
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR



"Having used Ayer's Hair Vigor for years, I find that it keeps my scalp clean and the hair in the best condition. My mother, now sixty years of age, has as fine a head of hair as when she was forty, a fact which she attributes to the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. It thickens the growth of the hair and restores gray hair to its original color. I cannot see how this preparation could be improved."—Mrs. F. E. BAKER, Calveston, Texas.

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the United States Supreme Court had no more right to bind the House in its actions than the House had to bind the Supreme Court.

The Lake Carriers Association doesn't like the bill introduced by Representative Lockwood, of N. Y., intended to prevent the employment of Canadian sailors on American vessels, and Col. R. C. Parsons and Harvey D. Goulder, of Cleveland Ohio, appeared before the House Committee on Immigration this week, to state why the association opposed the bill. The clause they particularly object to is that requiring that seamen shall be domiciled in the U. S. six months before they are eligible for employment on American vessels.

The Hawaiian question, which has spasmodically occupied the attention of the Senate for more than a year, was by Senator Kyle's persistency forced to the front again this week. Mr. Kyle asked the Senate to pass a resolution merely declaring that this government would not interfere with Hawaii, as a means of stopping the rumors of the intended restoration of royalty, which he declared his private letters from Hawaii said were frequent and decidedly embarrassing to the Hawaiian government, and to show his indifference to the wording of the resolution, offered to withdraw his own resolution in favor of that report from the committee on Foreign Relations months ago. That did not suit Senator Vest, who offered a substitute declaring against annexation. The Senate evidently favors annexation, as it promptly voted 36 to 18 to lay Mr. Vest's substitute on the table. Later it was agreed to pass a resolution declaring against interference and not mentioning annexation.

### All Europe Under Arms.

From an article on "The Peace of Europe," by M. De Bismarck, in McClure's Magazine for June.

After the Franco-German war of 1870-1871 the principle of prolonged military service and of diminished annual contingents was given up. The monstrous principle of universal service was adopted instead. By this rule the whole nation is under arms. A country is no longer a country, a people is no longer a people; a nation is now nothing but an army, and a country is only a barracks. Everybody wears the uniform. Everybody is sur le qui vive. If war break out to-day all professions become deserted, all functions abandoned; the life of the nation stops so that national activity may be said to begin again only with the blood that is shed. Moreover, before two hostile armies, that is, two nations which are enemies, join in combat, each of the two armies, that is, each of the two infinite hordes which traverse several countries to meet eventually on the field of battle, will leave behind it a country in famine, its factories silent and its trade paralyzed. Again enormous stocks of food supplies must be accumulated on the frontiers where the

two armies are likely to meet; but before reaching these inexhaustible magazines the armies must be fed while crossing their own territories, and that requires money, so that before even the first gun is fired, each army will have expended enormous sums and left in its train towns and villages stripped of men and beasts, the cities in famine, the country without a single tiller of the field.

### Donahoe's for June.

The discussion of popular government based on universal suffrage which was begun in the May number of Donahoe's, and which has created such widespread interest, is continued with vigor in the June number, the significance of certain recent public utterances being dwelt upon. Two radically different articles are "The Blessings of Monopoly," and "The Oasis of Siwah." In the former, Rev. T. A. Hendrick, a Catholic clergyman, presents the strongest possible argument for the competitive system and for monopoly, its inevitable result, and in the latter article a German writer shows, in the form of an elegy, the meaning of rent and interest. The halo surrounding the name of John Brown is somewhat ruthlessly dispelled in a most charming article by Catherine Frances Cavanagh on "Harper's Ferry and the Man who made it Famous." Rev. Dr. Shahan continues his scholarly and fascinating study of "The Ancient Schools of Ireland," and Mary Elizabeth Blake has a remarkable strong Spanish story. The illustrations of the number and the shorter articles are up to the magazine's usual high standard.

### Circuit Court.

The Jasper Circuit Court convened last Monday afternoon, with Judge U. Z. Wiley on the bench. As a general thing the first day in court there is but little business of any importance transacted. On Tuesday, the time was mostly occupied by making the preliminary arrangements of the various cases on the docket of a probate nature. Two divorce cases were brought up and disposed of. That of Stockwell vs. Stockwell was taken up and a divorce granted the plaintiff, together with the care and custody of an only child. The parties reside in Walker township. A divorce was also granted in the case of Alice M. Wheeler vs. Edmund Wheeler. Both parties are residents of Jordan township. M. F. Chilcote was the attorney in both these cases.

In the divorce case of Spencer vs. Spencer, appealed to this court from White county, the plaintiff asks for an allowance of \$3,500 for the further prosecution of the case, and that point will be argued by the attorneys to-morrow morning. This is, undoubtedly, the most interesting case that will come up this term.

There is a full docket this term, but it is believed that the majority of the cases will be easily disposed of.

The grand jury will not be called during this term of court.

### List of Patents.

Granted to Indiana inventors this week. Reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite U. S. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

S. H. Abshier and G. F. Lacke, Newburg, weather-board gauge and adjuster; J. J. Berry, Indianapolis, hinge; S. E. Blake, Indianapolis, shoe string-fastener; W. T. Heylman, Muncie, buff-wheel; W. H. Miller, South Bend, sprinkling-head for street sprinklers; Sedgwick, Richmond wire-twisting machine. T. J. Shackelford and J. F. Miltenberger, Warsaw, adjustable surgical chair; J. B. Van Nada, Petersburg, gate.

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Is so cheap as a newspaper, whether it be measured by the cost of its production or by its value to the consumer. We are talking about an American, metropolitan, daily paper of the first class like THE CHICAGO RECORD. It's so cheap and so good you can't afford in this day of progress to be without it. There are other papers possibly as good, but none better, and none just like it. It prints all the real news of the world—the news you care for—every day, and prints it in the shortest possible space. You can read THE CHICAGO RECORD and do a day's work too. It is an independent paper and gives all political news free from the taint of party bias. In a word—it's a complete, condensed, clean, honest family newspaper, and it has the largest morning circulation in Chicago or the west—125,000 to 140,000 a day.

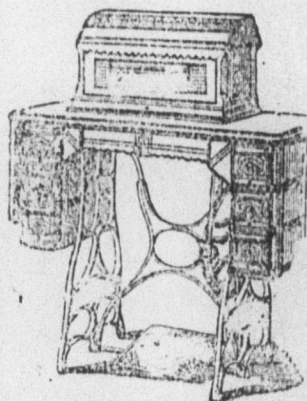
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### A VETERAN'S VERDICT.

The War is Over. A Well-known Soldier, Correspondent and Journalist Makes a Disclosure.

Indiana contributed her thousands of brave soldiers to the war, and no state bears a better record in that respect than it does. Literature it is rapidly acquiring enviable place. In war and literature Solomon Yowell, well known as a writer as "Sol," has won an honorable position. During the late war he was a member of Co. E, 2d N. Y. Cavalry and of the 13th Indiana Infantry Volunteers. Regarding an important circumstance he writes as follows: "Several of our old veterans here are using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, Heart Cure and Nerve and Liver Pills, all of them giving splendid satisfaction. In fact, we have never used remedies that compare with them. Of the Pills we must say they are the best combination of the qualities required in a preparation of their nature we have ever known. We have none but words of praise for them. They are the outgrowth of a new principle in medicine, and tone up the system wonderfully. We say to all, try these remedies."

These remedies are sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, \$1 per bottle, six bottles \$5, express prepaid. They positively contain neither opiates nor dangerous drugs.

Sold by all druggists.

What makes a house a home? The mother well, the children rosy, the father in good health and good humor. All brought about by the use of DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. It recommends itself. A. F. LONG & Co., Druggists.

The PILOT will be sent to any address from now until Jan. 1, 1895, for only 50 cents. Send in the names.

The Florida can that was exhibited in Rensselaer last fall, is in Goodland to-day.

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## Electric Light

ELECTRIC LIGHT BAKING POWDER FULL WEIGHT

PURITY STRENGTH

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

16 Oz. Can 25 Cents.  
8 Oz. Can 15 Cents.  
5 Oz. Can 10 Cents.

## Baking Powder

The strike of the coal miners throughout the country extend into thirty-one states. The latest advices from the various districts show that there is a tendency of the miners acceding to the prices offered by the operators, while in other places the war seems to have just fairly begun. As to the outcome we cannot tell, but hope that matters may be fully adjusted without any further trouble.

M. M. Tyler, a dyed-in-the-wool Populist, of DeMotte, was a pleasant caller last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Murdock, of Lafayette, were the guests of their friends, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. McCoy, last Sunday.

Born, to Harvey Grant and wife of Jordan township on Thursday of last week a fine boy.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Deles Thompson, on last Saturday, a boy.

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## Imperial

Guitars, Mandolins, Rondolettes

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Mandolettes, Bandurrias, Violins.

Military and Orchestra Drums.

Illustrated Catalogue sent on application.

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Bow on the Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases, made by the Keystone Watch Case Company, Philadelphia. It protects the Watch from the pick-pocket, and prevents it from dropping. Can only be had with cases stamped with this trade mark.

Sold, without extra charge for this bow (ring), through Watch dealers only.

Lots of watch cases are needed in the opening. An agent to obtain this watch case.

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## DENTAL SURGEON.

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All who would preserve their natural teeth should give them a visit. Special attention given to filling teeth. Gas or vitalized air or painless extraction of teeth. Office over Saline Bros.

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## DENTIST

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Several persons here are contemplating purchasing bicycles after the gravel roads are completed.