

# The People's Pilot.

RENSSELAER, : : INDIANA.

## The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

### CONGRESSIONAL

#### Regular Session.

In the senate on the 25th debate on the tariff bill by paragraphs was begun. Messrs. Palmer, Aldrich and Platt taking part. In the house an amendment to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill requiring consuls at principal ports to turn all fees into the treasury was defeated. Mr. Meyer's resignation bill, said to have administration approval, was postponed for the session by the committee on coinage.

In the senate on the 25th Mr. Jarvis, recently appointed senator from North Carolina to succeed Senator Vance, was sworn in. Senator Allen's resolution censuring the district authorities for protesting against the admission of the Coxiety to the District of Columbia was discussed and the tariff bill was further considered. In the house the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill (\$1,513,538) was passed.

THERE was no general business transacted in the senate on the 27th, the time being occupied in discussing the tariff bill. A proposition by Senator Aldrich (R. L.) to take an immediate vote on the bill was defeated. In the house twenty-one private pension bills were passed. The bill making appropriations of \$2,450,000 for the support of the department of agriculture for the fiscal year 1898 was reported.

In the senate on the 28th the tariff bill was further discussed and Senator Hale declared that a plan to reconstruct the measure was being secretly considered. In the house the army appropriation bill was taken up in committee of the whole, but an adjournment was forced owing to the lack of a quorum.

On the 30th ult. the time in the senate was occupied in discussing the tariff bill. In the house the army appropriation bill was passed after adopting an amendment limiting the number of assistant adjutant generals to four.

### DOMESTIC.

THE business part of Floriston, Cal., a small town on the Central Pacific, was destroyed by fire.

A SIXTY-DAYS' drought in California was broken by showers and fruit prospects were good.

PHILIP BOLAND, a switchman, shot and killed his wife in Chicago because she pleaded with him to stop drinking.

UNION Pacific railway earnings in 1893 showed a deficit of \$2,595,841, compared with a surplus the previous year of \$2,069,757.

TWO NEGRO convicts, Henry Singleton and Horace Smith, were hung in the Jackson (Miss.) penitentiary for murdering another convict, Lula Payne.

THE Union house at Cheboygan, Mich., was destroyed by fire and Dr. Howell, a veterinary surgeon, and a man named Clune were asphyxiated.

FATHER DOMINIC O'GRADY shot and killed Mary Gilmartin in Cincinnati. He was in love with the girl, whom he had followed from Ireland.

ALL the business houses at Jacksonville, Ill., were closed because of revival services being conducted by Rev. Chapman.

REPORTS from all sections of the United States say that the seventy-fifth anniversary of the birth of old fellowship was appropriately observed by over 1,000,000 members of the order.

THE Colorado smelter at Butte, Mont., was burned, the loss being over \$100,000.

THE commissioners of the District of Columbia say that members of Coxey's army will not be allowed to hold open-air meetings in Washington.

THE McKinley Tariff league, with headquarters in Washington, issued a call for a convention of the colored republican clubs of the United States, to be held the first Monday in July.

EDWARD RYAN, JR., and his sister Nellie, of Boulder, Mont., were drowned on their way to the Crow reservation in search of a ranch they could take up.

COL. SIDNEY I. WAILES, one of the best-known men in Maryland, was charged with forgery in Baltimore to the extent of \$30,000.

SEVEN horse thieves were killed by vigilants in Oklahoma near the Texas line.

REV. C. E. BUTLER, an Episcopal clergyman at Fort Meade, Fla., hung himself.

THREE children of Philip Schneider, who lives near Scranton, Pa., were burned to death during a fire which consumed their home.

COL. J. A. WATROUS, of Milwaukee, was chosen commander of the Wisconsin department G. A. R. at the encampment in Janesville.

ALL overtures for a peaceful settlement of the Great Northern railroad strike were declared off.

NICK MARTIN, a member of the coroner's jury investigating a murder at Omaha, was arrested for the crime.

WILLIAM C. GREEN killed a woman who had lived with him for years at Adams, N. Y., and then killed himself.

At Jacksonville, Fla., Abram Corrant died at the age of 94. He was a veteran of the Mexican and Indian wars and had been married twice and was the father of forty children.

REPORTS from twenty-three states and two territories give a total production of 11,507,607 long tons of iron ore in 1893, a decrease of 29 per cent. over 1892.

THE officials of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic church at Denver sent Father Malone for \$12,000, which he was charged with converting to his own use.

FLOYD RADBAUGH, a young farmer living near Big Springs, O., rendered desperate by domestic troubles, hanged himself and his two children.

DEPUTY marshals engaged a gang of desperadoes in battle near Coal Creek, I. T., and three of the bandits and one officer were killed.

GASPORT, a village in western New York, was practically destroyed by fire.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 27th aggregated \$58,568,050, against \$909,880,815 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 20.6.

SAMUEL VAUGHAN was hanged at Fayetteville, Ark., for the murder of John Gage in September, 1891.

THERE were 180 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 27th, against 219 the week previous and 216 in the corresponding time in 1893.

THE premises of La Porte, Martin & Co., wholesale grocers at Montreal, were burned, the loss being \$150,000.

CITIZENS of Burlington, Ind., rid the town of an obnoxious saloon by burning the fixtures, wrecking the building and spilling out the stock of liquors.

JIM ROBINSON and Benjamin White were hanged at Manassas, Va.

TWENTY-FIVE business buildings and twelve dwellings were destroyed by fire at Cadiz, Ind.

THE New York legislature adjourned sine die.

FRED GRUBE, under arrest at Creston, Ia., for mailing obscene letters, hanged himself in his cell.

CITIZEN GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN was arrested in Washington for lecturing without a license and left the city in disgust.

FAILING to come to an agreement the Great Northern road was tied up by a strike from St. Paul to the coast.

HENRY NEWMAN & Co., importers of clothing supplies in New York, failed for \$1,500,000.

It was said that hundreds of people in Iron Mountain, Mich., were on the verge of starvation, and Gov. Rich had been appealed to for aid.

SEVENTY-FOUR valuable horses were burned in a fire in the stable of Richard Fitzpatrick in New York city.

THE 72d anniversary of the birth of Gen. Grant was appropriately observed in many places throughout the country.

A LATE census report shows that there were 2,134,615 widows in the United States.

SHELL CLAXTON, Comp. Claxton, Scott Harvey and Jerry McCly, negroes accused of the murder of A. G. Boyce, were hanged by a mob at Tallulah, La.

HUNDREDS of elk were found in the vicinity of Lander, Wyo., that had died from starvation.

MRS. MARY FINNIGAN, of Buffalo committed suicide at Niagara Falls by jumping into the American rapids from Willow Island.

THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 28th ult. were: St. Louis, .87; Philadelphia, .750; Boston, .714; Cleveland, .714; Baltimore, .571; Cincinnati, .571; Pittsburgh, .429; New York, .429; Brooklyn, .286; Louisville, .286; Washington, .250; Chicago, .125.

THE famous St. Charles hotel in New Orleans was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$400,000, and four persons were said to have perished in the flames.

TEN THOUSAND people turned out to witness the arrival of Coxey's army at Brightwood Driving park, near Washington, where the commonwealers went into camp.

JAY SEYMOUR, aged 48, of Sturgis, Mich., while drunk beat his son, aged 16, and was killed by the latter in self defense.

FIFTY of the Coxi recruits who stole a Union Pacific train at Troutdale, Ore., were in jail at Portland, and the rest were imprisoned in box cars.

CITY MARSHAL WHITNEY, of Missouri Valley, Ia., was killed while trying to effect the arrest of two burglars.

WINCHESTER, Va., suffered a loss of \$100,000 by an incendiary fire, the second within a month.

REPRESENTATIVE trade unionists met at Philadelphia to form a new national labor organization which it is intended shall absorb all others.

JOHN SLATE and Frank Storer were crushed to death in an elevator shaft at Warsaw, Ind., and William Shinn was fatally injured.

A PERMANENT commercial museum where manufacturers can show goods suitable for export will shortly be opened in New York.

A NEW trial of the Breckinridge-Pollard suit was refused by Judge Bradley in Washington.

THE entire division of the industrial army marching under Col. Galvin, who stole a train, surrendered at Mount Sterling, O., to the sheriff.

THE Vaughn library building and contents and other buildings were burned at Ashland, Wis., the total loss being \$175,000.

MRS. HENRY WARD BEECHER was said to be very poor and a benefit would be tendered her in Brooklyn.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL CHRONAN was given command of 200 regular soldiers in order to effect the arrest of Great Northern strikers in North Dakota.

A CYCLONE swept over Kansas City, Mo., doing great damage to property and causing some loss of life.

NEAR Abilene, Tex., a cyclone swept trees, fences and outbuildings from the face of the earth.

AN anonymous letter was received by the postmaster at Paris, Ky., giving warning of an alleged plot against the life of Congressman Breckinridge if he attempted to speak in that town.

THE business portion of the village of Davidson, Mich., was practically wiped out by fire.

A WATERSPOUT in the northern portion of Adams county, Ia., did great damage to property and twenty-three head of cattle belonging to George C. Calkin were drowned.

FIRE destroyed a block of business buildings at Hot Springs, Ark., the loss being \$100,000.

A PASSENGER train on the Burlington road was wrecked in the northern part of St. Louis and two persons were killed and several injured.

JUROR ALVIN ARMSTRONG, who offered to hang the jury in the Indianapolis bank wreckers' trial for \$5,000, was sent to prison for eighteen months for contempt of court.

THE Scandinavian and Finland Emigrant company of New York, which did an annual business of \$4,000,000, has failed.

JOHNSON, the burglar who shot Town Marshal Whitney at Missouri Valley, Ia., was lynched by a mob.

A DECISION by the supreme court in Washington in the case of Mrs. Jennie Campbell against the Pullman Car company is in effect that transportation companies are responsible for injuries or indignities inflicted by employees.

GEN. HORACE PORTER was reelected president of the Sons of the Revolution at the annual congress in Washington in which twenty-eight states were represented. It was decided to offer annually in the schools medals for essays on American history.

HERMAN STOCKEL, who forged notes in excess of \$5,000, was held for trial at Galena, Ill. His father, a wealthy farmer, died from grief.

GEORGE HANSON and wife, of Ellsworth, Ia., while out driving were struck by a train at a crossing and both were killed.

AN endeavor to keep smallpox out of the state Indiana health officials will prohibit the sale of clothing made in Chicago sweat shops unless thoroughly disinfected.

### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

GEN. R. S. GRANGER, U. S. A., (retired), died in Washington, aged 83.

REV. NATHANIEL BUTLER died at his home in Burlington, Wis., aged 69. For fifty years he had been a minister of the Baptist church.

EX-GOV. N. S. BERRY, the oldest ex-governor in the United States, died in Bristol, N. H., of pneumonia, aged 98 years.

"INDIAN JOHN," one of the few Cherokees who refused to leave with his tribe for the west fifty years ago, died at Dahlonega, Ga., age 95.

EDWIN TURNER (colored) died at Clinton, Ia., aged 105 years. His wife, 90 years old, survives him.

MAJ. JOSEPH KIRKLAND, a well-known soldier and author, died in Chicago, aged 64.

THE Ohio republicans will hold their state convention in Columbus on June 5.

MISS HARRIET S. BLAINE, youngest daughter of the late James G. Blaine, was married in the historic Washington mansion to Truxton Beale, ex-minister to Greece.

FRANCIS B. STOCKBRIDGE, of Kalamazoo, Mich., died at the home of his nephew in Chicago, aged 68 years. He was elected United States senator in 1887, and was reelected in 1893, and his term of service would have expired March 3, 1899.

FRANK HATTON, editor of the Washington Post, and postmaster general in President Arthur's cabinet, died in Washington from a stroke of paralysis, aged 48 years.

THE North Dakota democrats will hold their state convention at Grand Forks on June 26.

### FOREIGN.

GREAT damage was done by a storm on the Irish coast. Forty-five vessels of the Manx fleet were missing and over fifty persons were drowned.

RETURNS from all Grecian districts affected by the recent earthquake show 250 persons killed and 150 injured.

GREAT BRITAIN, Germany and the United States were corresponding on the subject of the annexation of Samoa to New Zealand.

ANOTHER earthquake destroyed many villages in Greece, and it was feared the loss of life was heavy. Among the cities totally wiped out of existence were Thebes and Atalanta.

A FIRE at Shanghai, China, destroyed 500 houses.

THE bodies of 233 persons killed by the last earthquakes in Greece had been recovered. It was feared many more perished in sea coast towns.

BRITISH papers see danger to the American republic in the commonwealth movement. A war between capital and labor is prophesied.

TWELVE lives were lost and property worth \$500,000 destroyed by a landslide and flood at St. Albans, Can.

WHILE the pier at Brailov, Roumania, was crowded with people in holiday attire, bound for Galitz, on the Danube, the structure gave way and 200 persons were drowned.

LATEST advices say that the loss of life by the earthquakes in Greece was placed at 400, and there were 30,000 persons homeless from the same cause.

### LATER.

IMMEDIATELY after the chaplain's opening prayer in the United States senate on the 1st the death of Senator Stockbridge, of Michigan, was announced and the senate adjourned. In the house no business was transacted on account of the death of Senator Stockbridge.

GEN. RANDALL, with 450 men, started from Chicago on the march to Washington.

By a vigorous use of clubs the District of Columbia police prevented Coxey's commonwealers from invading the capitol grounds. The general tried to make a speech, but was hustled to his carriage, while Chief Marshal Browne and Capt. Jones were put under arrest.

PAUL J. SORG (dem.) was elected to congress from the Third Ohio district.

REPORTS from fifty-five towns in Indiana show that fifty were carried by the republicans at the municipal elections and five were carried by the democrats.

THE children's home at Temesca, Cal., was burned. One hundred babies and children were safely removed.

THROUGH the efforts of the business men of St. Paul and Minneapolis the Great Northern railway strike was settled.

F. C. LAYTON was nominated for congress by the democrats of the Fourth district of Ohio.

A TREASURY statement shows that during April the receipts aggregated \$22,692,364 and the disbursements \$32,072,836.

JULIAN O. DAVIDSON, who had achieved fame as a marine painter, died at Nyack, N. Y., aged 40 years.

THE pension disbursements for ten months of the fiscal year amount to \$117,305,184, against \$133,678,345 for the same period last year.

SEVEN THOUSAND unemployed men paraded the streets of Cleveland, O., and several riots occurred, in which street cars were wrecked and a number of persons injured.

FRANK RHOER & Co., manufacturers of furniture in New York, failed for \$100,000.

PENNSYLVANIA populists in convention at Harrisburg sent greeting to Coxey and nominated a ticket headed by J. T. Alliman, of Juniata, for governor.

THE public debt statement issued on the 1st showed that the debt increased \$1,160,971 during the month of April. The cash balance in the treasury was \$970,826,660. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$1,017,536,970.

### THE TARIFF BILL.

Merits of the Measure Discussed by the Senators.

On the 24th Senator Mills (dem. Tex.) closed the general debate on the tariff bill. At the outset he declared that legislators often had to make an election between two parliamentary measures neither of which met their approval. It must necessarily be so, for no man could frame a measure to meet the approval of every one. Every act of a legislature must be a compromise measure, and no act more so than one regulating taxes. "This bill does not meet my approval," said he, "and I doubt if it entirely meets the approval of any gentleman on this side of the chamber. But, such as it is, it will have my hearty support." He might want to offer some amendments to the bill, but whether or not he was able to secure their adoption he would bow to the will of his party and vote for the measure as they ordained it should be. It was a strictly party measure and had been a party measure from the foundation of the government and from the foundation and organization of the democratic party. If he had been chosen to construct this bill and had had the forty-four members of the democratic side of the chamber in accord with his views as would have constructed it on far different lines. He would not have left coffee on the free list and would not have put cotton, coal and iron on the dutiable list. He would put on the free list metals, wool, cotton-tyers, iron and steel in pigs and all yarns—everything which required to be manufactured. He would do this in order that the manufacturers of the country might manufacture their goods at the lowest possible price so that they could go into the markets of the world. The republican policy, he said, was to provide a home market, but there was \$5,000,000,000 worth of goods made in this country where were the people to come from to consume them? In order to carry out the republican policy would have to be imported to consume our surplus agricultural products. It would require 114,000,000 people to consume these products and would require the importation of Chinese, Japanese, Singalese, Maltese and chimpanzees to join Coxey's army.

"Emancipate our people," he said. "Give them a chance to show their skill, their genius as a natural and heaven-born right. Give them back the ocean and then the workmen will not be coming to Washington to implore the government to protect them."

Mr. Mills lauded the action of the committee in reporting a tax on incomes. Why should wealth not be taxed? The object of all just government is to secure to all its subjects all the rights which they were endowed by nature and the protection in the enjoyment of those rights in which they were guaranteed by their government. "I would like to know," he said, "on what principle the owners of millions insist that they should not be taxed?"

He said that the opponents of the income tax said it was inequitable, that it was inequitable to lay a tax of 2 per cent. on incomes, but when a poor fellow wants a shirt and is taxed 100 per cent. for it nothing is said about its being inequitable and anarchistic. He enumerated the principle should be collected in proportion to the tax payer's ability to pay it, and that depended on the amount of protection he received. It was said that the income tax was unjust and inequitable, and the senator from New York (Mr. Hill), in his speech, had said that it was inequitable, unjust, and inequitable. It was useless to make any remarks about the difficulty of collecting the tax. The law was going to be passed, he declared, emphatically; if not by this congress, then by the next.

"The people," concluded Mr. Mills, "want the bill passed now; they do not want to wait until they are starving to death; they do not want to wait until the whole country is paralyzed, but they want to do it now. Then the business prospect of the country will revive. Then the condition of things will be changed; night will disappear, darkness and distress will leave the land, prosperity will come to our borders, light and sunshine will lighten up all our faces and the commonwealth will once more resume its career in prosperity."

On the 27th Senator Cullom (rep., Ill.) spoke in opposition to the bill. He said the initial policy and the groundwork of the enlightened universe was protection. The civilized world had grown out of and away from barbarism, trade and had developed a very universal recognition of the protective idea. Government means protection. Any government must maintain itself and must protect its people. The democratic assumption that a tariff for protection is unconstitutional is "fort," he said, "a business question, but, of course, necessarily a political one, as in it is involved the great question of raising revenue for the support of the government."

Senator Cullom denounces the income tax as a sandbagging proposition and then proceeded to criticize in detail the various schedules of the tariff bill. He argued that the tariff question should be taken out of politics altogether and made a matter of mathematical determination and demagoguery. "It is," he said, "a business question, but, of course, necessarily a political one, as in it is involved the great question of raising revenue for the support of the government."

### DONE FOR PATRIOTISM.

Important Objects Attained by the Sons of the American Revolution.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The Sons of the American Revolution, whose annual congress is being held in this city, have accomplished already some important objects and have other patriotic schemes on foot. They have secured from congress the collecting and indexing of the records of the American revolution; established the annual celebration of June 14 as flag day, and promoted the construction of the great battle monument at Bennington and the statue of Stark in New Hampshire. They are building a battle monument in Baltimore; have preserved as a permanent historical monument the headquarters of "Brother Jonathan" at Lebanon, Conn., and have marked the graves of soldiers of the revolution in Massachusetts with bronze tablets. They have saved the old colonial hall in New York from destruction and held more than 100 public celebrations of a patriotic character.

### To Drain the Valley of Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 1.—With a silver pick President Diaz has finished the opening from end to end of the 7-mile tunnel out of the valley of Mexico. The tunnel and canal, which it is hoped will at last successfully drain the valley and thus remove all danger to the City of Mexico from inundation, have been in course of construction for many years and when finished will have cost nearly \$10,000,000.

MRS. ALEXANDER, the novelist, has been lame two years, owing to an apparently trifling accident. She hurt her knee sitting in the cramped position it was necessary to maintain when seated in the dress circle of one of the London theaters. She is now unable to walk without a stick.

THE financial success of breeding the trotter depends upon the financial prosperity of the trotting sport.

THEY are working hard against the docking of horses' tails in London, and are fining offenders right and left.



From away up in British North America comes the following greeting to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. Mrs. Allen Sharrard, of Hartney, Selkirk Co., Manitoba, whose portrait, with that of her little boy, heads this article, writes as follows: "I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for 'falling of the womb.' I was troubled with bearing down pains and pains in my back whenever I would be on my feet any length of time. I was recommended to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which I did with happy results. I feel like a new person after taking three bottles of it."

As we have just heard from the frigid North, we will now introduce a letter received from the Sunny South. The following is from Mrs. J. T. Smith, of Oakuskee, Okla., who writes: "I was afflicted and suffered untold pains and misery, such as no pen can describe, for six years. I was confined to bed most of the time. I expected the cold hand of death every day. I was afflicted with leucorrhoea, with excessive flowing—falling of the womb—bearing down sensation—pain in the small of my back—my bowels costive—smarting, itching and burning in the vagina, also palpitation of the heart. When I began taking your medicine I could not sit up, only a few minutes at a time, I was so weak. I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription three times per day. I also took his 'Golden Medical Discovery' three times per day and one of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets every night. I have taken seven bottles of the 'Discovery,' seven bottles of the 'Prescription' and five bottles of the 'Pellets.' I took these medicines seven months, regularly, never missed a day. These medicines cured me. I feel as well as I ever did in my life. Four of the best doctors in the land treated my case four years. They all gave me up as hopeless—they said I could not be cured, and could not live. Through the will of God, and your medicines, I have been restored to the best of health."

Yours truly, Mrs. J. T. Smith

"Is Hicks' wife a nice housekeeper?" Mr. Hicks—"Well, I should say so. Why, half the time Hicks can't find anything that belongs to him."

THE Vale of Minnekahta is the title of a beautifully illustrated booklet recently issued, descriptive of the Hot Springs, South Dakota, and the efficacy of their waters for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia and kindred diseases. Copy of this pamphlet will be mailed free by W. A. Thrall, General Passenger Agent Chicago & North-Western Railway, Chicago, Ill., upon receipt of request, enclosing two-cent stamp.

"AMERICA," Kiralfy's grand ballet spectacle, begins Monday, April 30, at McVicker's, Chicago. Let everybody go. Seats secured by mail.

OBEDIENT enough the homeliest of old maids are generally girls who were matchless in their youth.—Buffalo Courier.

AN UNBELIEVER.—He—"Do you believe in her worship?" She—"No, not now; I'm married."—Detroit Free Press.

"WILLIE, do you and your brother ever fight?" "Yes, sir." "Who whips?" "Pa."—Toronto Empire.

TO MANAGE men one ought to have a sharp mind in a velvet sheath.—G. Elliot.

PRY thy faith to no man's sleeve; hast thou not two eyes of thy own?—Carlyle.

Sure Cure for Sprain, Bruise or Hurt! Use ST. JACOB SOIL You'll Use it Always for a Like Mishap.

TELLS ITS OWN STORY.

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Try it once and you will - like thousands of other housewives - use no other

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THE BEST, PUREST AND MOST ECONOMICAL

Hold everywhere made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY Chicago

Millions NOW USE Pearline

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.