

The People's Pilot

RENNSELAER, : : INDIANA.

The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Regular Session.

On the 28th resolutions were introduced in the senate asking the secretary of war whether subordinate employees and laborers engaged by engineer officers have been employed or discharged for political reasons; directing the finance committee to prepare a bill for the repeal of all laws authorizing the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds or other interest-bearing obligations without specific authority, and one calling for information regarding changes made in the weight or fineness of silver coins of silver standard countries. A bill to provide for the free and unlimited coinage of silver was introduced by Mr. Stewart, of Nevada.... In the house an attempt to discuss the two election cases of O'Neill vs. Joy and English vs. Hibborn showed the lack of a quorum.

In the senate the pension appropriation bill was reported on the 28th and the house joint resolution appropriating \$10,000 additional to carry out the provisions of the Chinese exclusion act and the McGarran land claim bill were passed.... In the house the president's message vetoing the Bland silver seigniorage bill was received. No business was transacted. This senate was not in session on the 30th ult.... In the house Mr. Bland gave notice that on April 3 he would move to pass the seigniorage bill over the veto. No business was transacted.

On the 31st ult. the senate was not in session.... In the house bills were introduced for the free and unlimited coinage of silver dollars of \$13½ grains and for an additional district judge for the Northern district of Illinois. The river and harbor bill was reported, and the remainder of the day was devoted to eulogies upon the life, character and public services of the late Representative O'Neill, of Pennsylvania.

In the senate on the 2d Senator Voorhees (dem., Ind.) opened the tariff debate and in his speech denounced the protective system of tariff taxation. The nominations of Thomas E. Benedict, of New York, to be public printer, and James D. Yoemans, of Iowa, to be interstate commerce commissioner, were received from the president.... In the house a fruitless attempt was made to secure a quorum in order to bring the O'Neill-Joy contested election case to a close.

DOMESTIC.

The town of Sutherland, Neb., was totally destroyed by fire.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railway and the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific railway have been consolidated.

A REVIVAL reached such a stage in Bloomington, Ill., that business houses and saloons closed during the day appointed for general prayer.

KENTUCKY women were signing a petition asking congress to impeach Col. Breckinridge.

THREE families, comprising fourteen persons, were buried in a snowslide at Canyon Creek, Wash.

MISS SARAH BILLINGS and her sister Linda, aged 35 and 40 years respectively, took their own lives with poison at Winchester, O., because they were about to be separated by marriage.

JIM GONSEY, sentenced to five years at Terre Haute, Ind., for forgery, said his father had trained him in crime from childhood.

At Antigo, Wis., William Nonne-macher pleaded guilty to murdering his wife and three children and was given a life sentence.

At Indianapolis seven members of a family were poisoned by eating sausage containing trichinae.

COL. BRECKINRIDGE took the stand in his own defense in Washington and told of his intrigue with Madeline Polard.

THOMAS HOLLOWAY, a populist farmer, while watching Coxey's army in Columbiana, O., dropped dead from apoplexy.

HOWARD S. LONG, an installment goods agent at Springfield, O., met Miss Lydia Brown, of Urbana, for the first time, and in half an hour they were married.

RECEIVER FAUROT, of the Lima (O.) National bank, which closed two years ago, claims a shortage of \$90,000 for which he can get no explanation.

CHEBOKEE, Ia., has been selected as the location for a new insane asylum to accommodate 1,000 patients and cost more than \$1,000,000.

JOHN WITT's residence at McKendree, W. Va., was burned and his eight little children and Miss Mollie Hettrick perished in the flames.

A COLD northerly did millions of dollars of damage in Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, killing almost everything green.

OLIVER JACKSON (colored), one of the Grant murderers, while en route to Montgomery, Ala., was taken by masked men from two deputies and shot to death.

A GENERAL strike of the 10,000 coke workers and miners of the Connells-ville (Pa.) region was ordered.

Gov. TILLMAN called on the militia to assist in enforcing the dispensary law in South Carolina.

The California supreme court holds that the act of the last legislature in removing the capital from Sacramento to San Jose was illegal.

B. McMANUS, of Livingston, Mont., shot and killed his wife and then cut his own throat. Domestic trouble was the cause.

PROF. JOHN M. ELLIS, of Oberlin college at Oberlin, O., died on a Santa Fe train as it entered Chicago from California.

THEATERS, cards and dancing have been tabooed as vices by the Epworth league of Michigan.

SENATOR VOORHEES declined to allow the factory girls of New England to appear before the senate finance committee in opposition to the tariff bill.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 30th ult. aggregated \$741,401,760, against \$885,001,934 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was \$2.2.

EXECUTIONS took place as follows: Israel Johnson (colored) at Union Springs, Ala., for the murder of Wash Roberts (colored) January 15 last; at Paris, Tex., E. B. Gonsales, for the murder of John Daniels, May 16, 1893; Manning Davis for the murder of John Roden December 26, 1891, and Jim Upkins for the murder September 6, 1891, of his 6-year-old step-daughter.

JUDGE DALLAS filed an opinion in the United States court at Philadelphia holding that Chinamen cannot be naturalized.

In discussing the right of the south to secede the debating society at Maple Creek, Neb., broke all the furniture and several members were badly injured.

ONE person was killed, fifteen injured, four of them probably fatally, and property worth \$40,000 destroyed by the collapse of a water tower at Peoria, Ill.

The Maryland legislature passed a bill making it obligatory on the courts of Maryland, under certain conditions, to send inebriates to gold cure institutes for treatment.

JUDGE LOUIS S. LOVELL died at Stanton, Mich., aged 78. He was on the circuit bench in the eighth district for twenty-four years.

FRITZ KLOETZLER, a shoemaker and a socialist, murdered his wife and four children and then committed suicide at Dolgeville, N. Y.

The acting secretary of war has formally decided that a deserter's release is in no sense a discharge from the army nor does it in any way remove the charge of desertion.

EXCITEMENT was aroused by the find of a pronounced vein of silver near Virginia City, Wis.

FIVE blocks in the central portion of Barry, Ill., were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$200,000.

FOUR persons were killed and three badly wounded in a fight near Darlington, S. C., over the enforcement of the dispensary law. Gov. Tillman ordered troops to quell the disturbance.

WILLIAM R. LAIDLAW was awarded damages in New York of \$25,000 in his suit against Russell Sage, who used him as protection against a dynamiter.

NUDGES of pure gold were washed from sand dug out of a well at La Veta, Col.

SOUTH CAROLINA was almost in a state of anarchy, nearly all the troops having refused to obey Gov. Tillman in the dispensary war. He had placed the counties of Florence and Darlington under martial law.

MISS ANNIE VAN DORN, of Passaic, N. J., has just discovered that she was married to the wrong man in 1892 while under the influence of drugged liquor.

FOUR persons were injured in a collision between passenger trains at Anderson, Ind.

ROBBERS secured \$8,200 from the safe of the township treasurer at Frankfort, Mich.

W. B. BROZELL, a well-to-do farmer of Hurd county, Ga., shot his wife and then shot himself fatally.

FOUR men were burned to death and one fatally and two others seriously injured by a natural-gas explosion at Alexandria, Ind.

FIVE tramps were thought to have perished in a fire which destroyed the Rock Island hay barns at Geneseo, Ill.

An employee of the American exchange national bank of New York conspired with an outsider and swindled the concern out of \$33,000.

BECAUSE a tag was pinned to his coat John Williams stabbed Walter Johnson to death at a revival meeting in Olive, O.

COMPETITION and a falling off in business caused the collapse of the brewing pool made up in September, 1892.

THREE men were burned to death in a summer cottage at Squantum Beach, Mass.

DURING a riot at a political meeting in Milwaukee half a dozen men were stabbed. The trouble was started by Polish laborers.

FIRE which started in a flourmill at Borden, Ind., burned six stores and eighteen residences, causing a loss of \$125,000.

FOUR HUNDRED drunken strikers terrorized the town of East Liverpool, O., and non-union men were beaten and the police cowed.

FOUR members of the Louisville (Ky.) city council were indicted for bribery and perjury.

THE regular monthly treasury statement for March shows that the total receipts were \$24,842,797, against \$24,115,809 for March, 1893. The disbursements were \$31,137,520, against \$31,633,482 for March, 1893, leaving a deficiency for the month of March of \$6,294,763, and for the nine months of the present fiscal year of \$55,432,027.

THE visible supply of grain in the United States on the 2d was: Wheat, 71,536,000 bushels; corn, 18,539,000 bushels; oats, 2,713,000 bushels; rye, 415,000 bushels; barley, 636,000 bushels.

MORONI DUNCAN, a stockman, formerly owner of the Rock Springs (Wyo.) Review, perished in a blizzard which swept over that state.

HOLLAND ENGLISH was taken from the jail at Bakersville, Va., by a mob and hanged. He was charged with killing his wife.

In a boiler explosion near Tompkinsville, Ind., Alex. Ritter, the owner of the mill, and two brothers named Fowler were killed instantly.

STRIKING mill operatives at Paterson, N. J., attacked five working women, but a squad of police rescued the defenseless party.

CHAMPION CORBETT says that Jackson will put up a defensive fight and will be beaten inside of twenty rounds.

The decomposed body of Rev. M. Nolan, a traveling evangelist claiming Richmond, Va., as his home, was found riddled with bullets near Homer, Tenn.

BILL DALTON, the famous outlaw, was fatally shot in a fight with officers in the Indian territory.

The residence of a Mr. Price at Kentville, Ind., was burned, and his three children perished in the flames.

In a fight between Indians and white settlers in the Cheyenne country west of El Reno two white men and five Indians were killed.

CHRISTOPHER WILKIE and Henry Wells, farmers living at Columbus, Ill., killed themselves with poison. They made an agreement to take their own lives several weeks ago, owing to ill health.

FOUR THOUSAND painters and paper-hangers in Chicago struck against a reduction of wages.

The Howland Falls (Mo.) pulp mill, out buildings, offices and one dwelling were burned, the loss being \$150,000.

WALTER BERDAN started to ride on bicycle from Denver, Col., to Paterson, N. J. The distance is 2,500 miles and he will strive to make a long distance record.

NOTICE of a cut in the wages of trainmen has been issued by the Wabash road, to take effect May 1.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

CHARLES C. BAER, grand commander of the Knights Templars of Pennsylvania, died of spinal meningitis at Pittsburgh, aged 58 years.

GEORGE TICKNOR CURTIS, the lawyer and writer on political economy and constitutional history, died in New York, aged 53 years.

LEADING women of Atlanta, Ga., met and organized a Woman's Suffrage association.

CHARLES F. CRISP, speaker of the house, was appointed United States senator by Gov. Northern, of Georgia, to fill the vacancy caused by Senator Colquitt's death.

Mrs JANE G. AUSTIN, the novelist, died in Boston, aged 55, after a lingering illness.

SPEAKER CRISP has declined the seat in the senate made vacant by Senator Colquitt's death.

E. G. RATHBONE, of Hamilton, O., was nominated for congress by the Third district republicans to fill the vacancy caused by the death of George W. Houk.

EX-CONGRESSMAN GEORGE E. HALSEY died in Newark, N. J., of pneumonia after a brief illness. He was 67 years of age and a millionaire.

In the Kansas municipal elections the issue was the fight of women against the saloons and in many instances the former were beaten.

In the municipal elections in Ohio and Michigan the republicans were successful in most of the cities and towns.

PATRICK WALSH, editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle, was appointed by Gov. Northern to fill the vacancy in the United States senate caused by the death of Senator Colquitt.

FOREIGN.

The remains of Hans von Bulow, the distinguished pianist, were cremated at Hamburg.

RUSSIA has passed a law against American insurance companies, forbidding the tontine system.

MALAYS sacked the Spanish station at Lepanto and killed two officers and three women.

HENRY LE CARON, who was a British spy upon Irishmen in America, died in London.

The 79th birthday of Prince Bismarck was celebrated throughout Germany.

The German empire lost its oldest official in the person of Johann Muller, jailer at Wittlich, near Treves, who died at the age of 103.

PRESIDENT BERMUDEZ, of Peru, died at Lima from an intestinal trouble.

The sixteenth constitutional congress of Mexico assembled in semi-annual session at Mexico City.

SENOR BORGONO has assumed the presidency of Peru, the first vice president declining the office.

NUMEROUS riots occurred among the starving residents of Andalusia, Spain.

MARGARET WALBER, 53 years of age, was executed in Walton jail at Liverpool, England, for the murder of her husband last November.

The Land Securities company of London, formed thirty years ago, failed for \$10,000,000.

PROF. BROWN-SEQUARD, the eminent physician and physiologist, known chiefly to the world at large as the discoverer of the so called "elixir of life," died in Paris, aged 76 years.

LATER.

In the United States senate on the 3d Senator Allison opened the tariff debate for the republicans and he gave an outline of some of the main objections which will be urged against the bill.

A resolution directing the finance committee to prepare a bill for the repeal of all laws which give the secretary of the treasury authority to issue interest-bearing bonds was presented. In the house the democrats seated John J. O'Neill as the representative from St. Louis in place of Charles F. Joy.

An incendiary fire destroyed the business portion of Hartford, Kan., a town of 2,000 people.

The public debt statement issued on the 3d showed that the debt increased \$13,786,063 during the month of March. The cash balance in the treasury was \$133,950,045. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$1,631,025,138.

THE Navvoo Fruit company of St. Louis has been compelled to destroy over 400,000 fruit trees that have been injured by the weather and insects.

Gov. TILLMAN, of South Carolina, issued a proclamation taking absolute control of the police forces of the towns in the state.

At the city election in Spring Hill, Kan., women were elected to fill all of the municipal offices, including mayor, councilmen and police judges.

The Connellsville (Pa.) coke region was convulsed by a labor war and from one end of the territory to the other rioting and disorder held full sway. Human life was in danger and the destruction of property was being carried on on every hand.

The six-story building of Tichnor & Jacobi at Rochester, N. Y., was burned, the loss being \$300,000.

BITTER animosities that have existed at Kansas City, Mo., between the American Protective association and the Catholics culminated in a pitched battle at the polls in which two men were killed, two fatally injured and two others wounded.

TROOPS were ordered to the Cheyenne country, where the Indians and cowboys were fighting.

In the municipal elections throughout Illinois the republicans were successful in fifty-nine towns and the democrats in sixteen. In Chicago the republicans will have a majority of sixteen in the common council. In Wisconsin the republicans carried forty out of fifty-three towns and elected their entire ticket in Milwaukee. In Minnesota fifteen out of twenty cities elected republican officials.

SLAIN IN A RIOT.

Result of a Bitter Religious War in Kansas City.

Catholics and Members of the American Protective Association Fight at the Polls—Two Men Killed and Several Others Wounded.

BLOOD IS SHED.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 5.—The bitter animosities that have existed here between the American Protective association and the Catholics culminated Tuesday in a pitched battle in which two men were killed, two fatally injured and two others wounded, as follows:

Killed—Con Brosnahan, shot through the kidneys. Michael Callahan, shot through right side.

Fatally injured—Perry Fowler, shot through the back; Jerry Pate, shot in the face. Seriously wounded—Patrick Fleming, shot in the left shoulder; John McGovern, shot through right arm.

It cannot be definitely said which is responsible for the unfortunate affair, as the partisans of each loudly charged the other with being the full cause of all the trouble. More than 100 shots were exchanged between the combatants in less than that many seconds, and when the firing ceased the men named were lying dead, dying or injured on the pavement.

The two antagonistic elements were solidly divided in their choice of candidates for mayor. The strong and aggressive support that each side gave to its candidate during one of the hottest campaigns ever known in this city engendered a strong sentiment of bigotry. It was, therefore, in no amiable mood that the workers of the respective factions came together at the different polling places throughout the city, and that these workers came expecting trouble to occur before the day was over was apparent from the number of deadly weapons that were drawn when the first pistol shot was fired.

This riot took place on the Southwest boulevard in the Fifth ward, close to police station No. 3, and those who took part in it had been heated to the fighting temper by reports that had been hourly arriving at the station of brawls at other polling places. Only one hour before it was known that John Gooley, a stonemason, was shot in the back and forehead by William Henry Walker at a voting place at the corner of Fifth and Campbell streets and that the row was directly due to a fiery debate between the men regarding the principles of the American Protective association to which Gooley was violently opposed.

It is claimed that Michael Callahan fired the first shot. He was a member of a gang of men working under the lead of James Prior, a politician antagonistic to the A. P. A., and in support of Frank Johnson, the labor and independent democratic candidate for mayor. Callahan was killed.

Then the battle began. The deputy constables at the polling booth and the workers of all the political factions crowded together in a solid mass about 100 strong, and every one of them seemed to be armed. For a minute or two the discharge of weapons sounded like a discharge of musketry by a regiment. Hundreds of citizens gathered at every point of vantage to witness the battle, which, however, was of short duration.

In less than five minutes from the time the first shot was fired the police from station No. 3 appeared upon the scene and quieted the disturbance. With their approach the fighting political workers ceased hostilities and made a quick effort to hide their weapons.

While the riot was in progress it is said that members of the American Protective association telephoned to Armourdale and Argentine, strongholds of that order, for 1,000 men, and that the assurance was given that the men would shortly be on the way. Members of the A. P. A. in this city and Armourdale deny the truth of this story.

Pryor's men are claiming that Callahan was an innocent victim. They assert that it was Jerry N. Pate, an A. P. A. man, who first shot, and that was the shot that killed Callahan. Pate was serving as a constable, having been appointed especially by a Westport official to serve a warrant for the arrest of Jim Pryor, John Pryor, his son, and Bert Pryor for an alleged felonious assault upon a citizen earlier in the day. He and Callahan met, had words, and either one or the other fired the shot that brought on the conflict.

ON THE WARPATH.

Several Killed in Battle with Indians in Oklahoma.

EL RENO, O. T., April 5.—Further advices from the scene of the encounter between the band of depredating Cheyenne Indians and some cowboys who were herding cattle were brought here Tuesday by a courier who came for military assistance. He reported that when he left the fight was yet in progress and that then some eight or ten of the Indians and half that many white men had been killed or wounded. The settlers were hastening to the aid of the fighting cowboys and had surrounded the band of Indians and were slowly and surely picking them off. Two troops of cavalry left the fort for the scene of action, but as the distance is about 7 miles they will not likely arrive before the battle is over.

REVOLUTION IN PERU.

Ex-President Caceres Has Been Proclaimed as the Dictator.

LIMA, Peru, April 5.—Ex-President Caceres, one of the candidates for the presidency, has been declared dictator of Peru. The dictator is supported by the army, but congress and the people are hostile to him. Thus Peru is now in the hands of a dictator and two presidents. The banks are all closed and business is suspended. The troops supporting the dictator are in possession of this city. The streets are patrolled by the military, and the constitutional president, Senor Del Solar, is said to be a fugitive.

UNDER ESCORT.

Tollers Welcome Coxey's Army to Allegheny, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 5.—Coxey's army reached here Tuesday afternoon. It was met by 1,000 men of the Iron Workers', Cornice Workers' and Bakers' unions, who escorted it into town. All of the other receptions pale into insignificance beside this one. So great was the crush that it was only by sending Jesse Coxey and his plunging stallion on ahead that the army was able to force a passage. The police could do nothing. Every officer in Pittsburgh, from Chief O'Mara down, was on duty Tuesday, but they were swept away and lost in the crush.

When the camping ground at the Allegheny ball park was reached the crowd of sight seers began to swarm into the inclosure and the actual army was being lost sight of in the crowd. By main force Police Captain Murphy managed to shut the gate upon one-half of the commonweal, then snatching a club from one of his men he rallied his demoralized force and led a charge. After ten minutes' warfare was cleared to allow the rest of the army to pass in. No sooner had the last man entered than the crowd made another rush and shut out the commissary wagons. It took thirty minutes to get the last army vehicle inside the gates.

The march from Sewickley to Allegheny was a good deal longer than the army schedule. It was put down for 11 miles, but the route taken made it over 16. All the way from Sewickley the streets were lined with crowds. Every schoolhouse on the route was flying its flag. As a rule the scholars lined the sidewalk and cheered the army. Many of the houses were decorated. The friendly feeling existing towards the army was shown by continual gifts of provisions. As a rule these were in small amounts, but they helped out a good deal at lunch time. The army is steadily growing in size. None of those big crowds of recruits have materialized, but from seventy-eight men a week ago the commonweal has swelled to nearly 500.

ST. LOUIS, April 5.—Gen. Frye's army of unemployed workmen arrived at Jefferson barracks from Poplar Bluff at 7 o'clock Tuesday morning and is now camped at the railroad yards at Ivory station. The army presented a picturesque sight as the train pulled into the Jefferson barracks station. The commonwealers were all out on the tops of the box cars, many of them dressed in blankets to ward off the cold, for which they were unprepared. There were eighteen cars on the train, some of them loaded with cattle. Over the car in which was Gen. Frye's headquarters was floated the American flag. Old glory was saluted by a company of United States regulars as the train came to a stand before the barracks platform. These regulars had orders to prevent Frye's men from getting off their train and their orders were carried out. There were 600 men in Frye's army and they appeared to be well disciplined and respectable. The train was sidetracked under direction of Police Captain Boyd, who was present with a squad of twenty men. The army expects to remain here two days, when it will go to Cincinnati.

TILLMAN WILL RULE.

South Carolina's Governor Takes Command of All City Police Forces.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 5.—The great feature of Tuesday was Gov. Tillman's public address to the assembled troops and many citizens from the portico of the state capitol. The chief executive of the state talked in a strong, clear voice, intending that what he said should go out to the whole country as his side of the condition of affairs which exists in this state. He made the announcement that his next move would be to assume control of the police of the various towns. This caused a stir when it was spread on the street. Then the soldiers, who had been quartered in Columbia for the last few days, were mustered out of service and sent home.

Later in the day Gov. Tillman, in accordance with his announcement, issued his proclamation taking absolute control of the police forces of the towns in the state. He orders the police and marshals to enforce all the laws on the statute books, together with all municipal ordinances and orders from municipal authorities not inconsistent with the purposes of the proclamation. As soon as the present emergency shall no longer exist he will relinquish control and restore the former status.

Excitement is at fever heat over the action of the governor, and dispatches from all the large towns in the state say that any effort to interfere with local control of the police powers will meet with resistance.

FLORENCE, S. C., April 5.—The telegraph office at Darlington is in the hands of the military, who refuse to permit the transmission of messages to newspapers.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Mr. Grosvenor (dem., O.) introduced in the house a resolution calling for an investigation of Gov. Tillman's action in seizing railway property and telegraph lines engaged in interstate commerce, and with armed force and violence establishing a censorship of the daily and weekly press of the country, and prohibiting the transmission of news dispatches to the newspapers. Mr. Grosvenor said this was the first time in the history of the government such a censorship of press dispatches had been established.

A BRAVE FIREMAN.

He Leaps from His Engine Into a River and Saves a Little Girl.

PHILADELPHIA, April 5.—Fireman John Mellick of the Jersey Central road made a daring rescue of 8-year-old Lena Blaise Tuesday. The child stood midway on the trestle over the Lackawanna river as the train approached. When the engine whistled the little one in her fright fell into the river 30 feet below. Mellick leaped from his engine into the water and saved the child. When they reached the shore the passengers cheered the brave fireman and gave him a purse of \$82.



Mr. F. V. Warmoll, Toronto, Ontario.

A Narrow Escape

Took Poison by Mistake

Bad Effects Entirely Eliminated by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—In April last, through the effects of a dose of strychnine taken in mistake for another drug, I was laid up in St. John, N. B., for ten days. After this I never seemed to regain my former health, and continually suffered from indigestion and heart palpitation, for which I could get no relief. I thought I would try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking one bottle, I felt a little better, so continued using the remedy until I had consumed six bottles. I found myself gaining strength and flesh every day, and am now as healthy as I was before taking the poison." F. V. WARMOLL, representing the Sarsaparilla Perfumery, 30 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

and flesh every day, and am now as healthy as I was before taking the poison." F. V. WARMOLL, representing the Sarsaparilla Perfumery, 30 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, jaundice, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion.

Friendly Regard

is never entertained by the children for a medicine that tastes bad. This explains the popularity among little ones of

Scott's Emulsion,

a preparation of cod-liver oil almost as palatable as milk. Many mothers have grateful knowledge of its benefits to weak, sickly children.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

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Entirely New. Abridged of the Times. A Grand Dictionary.

Successor of the "Unabridged."

Everybody should own this Dictionary. It answers all questions concerning the history, spelling, pronunciation, and meaning of words.

A Library in Itself. It also gives the often desired information concerning eminent persons; facts concerning the countries, cities, towns, and natural features of the globe; particulars concerning noted