

The People's Pilot.

RENSSELAER, : : INDIANA.

The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

CONGRESSIONAL

Regular Session.

THE time on the 14th in the United States senate was occupied in discussing the Bland silver seigniorage bill. A motion to reconsider in order that the bill might be opened to amendment was defeated. In the house the sundry civil appropriation bill was further considered, but no action was taken. A bill was introduced providing that no more than two persons shall be appointed receivers for any corporation.

By a vote of 44 to 31 the Bland silver seigniorage bill was passed in the senate on the 14th. The bill now only lacks the president's signature to become a law. A bill was also passed authorizing the building of a bridge across the Missouri river near Sioux City, Ia. In the house a bill was introduced to authorize managers of soldiers' homes to employ medical officers other than soldiers disabled in the service, as the law now requires. The sundry civil bill was further considered.

THE senate was not in session on the 16th. In the house the army appropriation bill (\$23,677,334) was reported. Mr. Cummings (N. Y.) introduced five bills affecting the administration of naval affairs. The sundry civil appropriation bill was further considered.

On the 17th there was no session of the United States senate. In the house Mr. Curtis introduced a bill to restrict immigration, saying he wanted to keep labor for unborn Americans. A resolution authorizing the enlisted men of the army and navy to wear a badge on public occasions was adopted. The sundry civil bill was further considered, and eulogies were delivered on the late Congressman Enoch, of Ohio.

NO BUSINESS of importance was transacted in the senate on the 19th, the entire day being consumed in the consideration of bills on the calendar, and most of these were matters of small importance. The house spent the day in discussing the sundry civil bill. The last paragraph was considered, but no definite action was taken on any item.

DOMESTIC.

THE Western Baseball league magnates met at Milwaukee and adopted a schedule. The season will begin on April 25.

FRED HILL shot and killed P. H. Geelan, postmaster at Big Springs, Kan., because he would not resign his position.

NUNS who taught in the Riverside school at Pittsburgh, Pa., have withdrawn because of the stopping of their salaries.

PROF. MILTON WHITNEY has been made chief of a new division of the weather bureau in Washington which will study agricultural soils.

INDIAN CREEK reservoir in Idaho burst its banks and fifty houses in Nampa were ruined and two lives were lost.

NEAR Elba, Ala., the charred remains of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Thomas were found in the embers of their home.

A PASSENGER train on the Oregon Short line was derailed near Mountain Home, Idaho, resulting in the death of the fireman, mail clerk and three tramps.

SIXTEEN houses were wrecked and a large number of barns and other buildings were destroyed by a cyclone on the Cherokee strip in Oklahoma.

FREDERIC GEHARD, of New York, whose wealth and admiration for Mrs. Langtry brought him prominently before the public some years ago, was united in marriage with Miss Louise H. Morris, a celebrated belle and heiress of Baltimore, Md.

THE barn of Isaac Catanch at Rushville, Wis., was burned, and he and twenty-two cows and two horses perished in the flames.

RICHARD PURYEAR (colored), who murdered Christian Ehler at Stroudsburg, Pa., escaped from jail, but was chased by a mob, caught and hanged.

Gov. WAITE with a body of state troops attempted to forcibly install his new appointees on the fire and police board in Denver. He was met by an armed force of police and deputy sheriffs, and a bloody affray was barely averted by the arrival of federal troops and the intervention of prominent citizens.

CHARLES GOODE celebrated his 100th birthday at Plattville, Ill.

FRANK JUC, lacking railroad fare, walked 125 miles to answer a summons as a witness in a liquor case in the federal court in Chicago.

NEARLY 2,000,000 bushels of grain, loaded in vessels, are held in Chicago because insurance cannot be secured until April.

FIRE in the old Athenaeum building in Chicago drove the audience from the Schiller theater and did damage amounting to \$130,000.

THREE bandits, supposed to be Mexicans, robbed the stage coach running between Sherwood and Ozona, Tex.

MULLINS & McCLELLAN's cold storage warehouse at Omaha was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

CHING MING LEE was under arrest in Chicago for importing Chinese actors and embezzling \$65,000 from the theater in Midway plaisance during the world's fair.

THE interior of the Pickwick club building, the handsomest in the south, was destroyed by fire at New Orleans, the loss being \$175,000.

THE census bulletin on manufactures in the United States shows the total number of manufacturing establishments to be 355,401, against 253,852 in 1880. The capital was \$6,124,475,306; miscellaneous expenses, \$680,944,058; aggregate of the average number of employments, 4,771,812; wages, \$2,289,225,265; cost of materials used, \$5,158,268,353; value of products, \$9,370,107,624.

THERE were 264 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 16th, against 248 the week previous and 190 in the corresponding time in 1893.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 16th aggregated \$885,001,934, against \$736,852,864 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 20.7.

Mrs. AGNES FURY, of Baltimore, Md., was scared to death by a small fire in her residence.

BECAUSE he refused to allow them to ride, revengeful tramps fatally shot a railway conductor at Taopi, Minn.

In her trip from New York to Queens-town the Cunard steamer Lucania made an average of 21.73 miles an hour.

MAGGIE POWERS, aged 17, of Cincinnati, donned male attire in order to become a tramp. She was arrested in Indianapolis.

Gov. WAITE, of Colorado, agreed to submit his altercation with the police board to the supreme court and to abide by the decision. This determination ends the prospect of bloodshed which for two days kept Denver in a fever of excitement.

JERRY HANBECK was hanged at Charleston, S. C., for the murder of Constable Hazel.

LIANKAUF & STRAUS' wholesale dry goods store at Mobile, Ala., was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$200,000.

BROODING over the elopement of a young daughter Mrs. Bender, of Bluffton, Ind., has become a raving maniac.

THE boot and shoe manufacturing firm of Isaac Prouty & Co. of Spencer, Mass., one of the biggest concerns of its kind in the country, made an assignment, throwing 2,000 persons out of work.

At Beattyville, Ky., John Burns and Joseph Donerel were killed by Grant Cecil at the wedding of the latter at the home of Miss Rhoda Mays, the bride. Cecil escaped.

ACCORDING to a bill introduced in the New York legislature only the American flag may fly from public buildings in the state.

FOUR highwaymen held up two policemen, shot a citizen and robbed a store in Chicago.

PUOLIST CORBETT in an interview says he will quit the arena after his fight with Peter Jackson.

At Brooklyn, N. Y., the tinware manufactory of Isley & Co., was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$200,000.

THE Poorman lead mine in the Cœur d'Alene district in Idaho has been bought by English capitalists for half a million dollars.

ELIJAH HARRISON, a nonunion potter of East Liverpool, O., frightened by threats of strikers, appealed to the British ambassador for protection.

In a sermon at St. Paul Archbishop Ireland said foreign nationalism should give place in church and state to Americanism.

At Fontanelle, Ia., Isaac Clayman shot his sweetheart, killed her objecting father and tried to end his own life.

TOLD by a companion in a jesting way to kill himself, Fritz Gighnaer, of St. Joseph, Mo., blew out his brains.

LIGHTNING destroyed a barn belonging to John Koop at Owensboro, Ky., and nine fine trotting horses perished in the flames.

STANLEY's brewery at Lawrence, Mass., was burned to the ground, the loss being \$125,000.

TROOPS were sent to Altman, Col., to aid the sheriff in maintaining order among the striking miners.

MANY farmers lost everything by a prairie fire in the Cheyenne country in Oklahoma.

FIRE in the business part of Gloucester, Mass., caused a loss of \$100,000.

JOHN BRADY killed his wife and blew out his own brains in a Roman Catholic church at Oakland, Cal. Domestic trouble was the cause.

Mrs. MOLLIE MARTIN and daughter and Miss Nellie McCarthy were drowned in San Francisco bay by the capsizing of a yacht.

BILL Nye announces that his present lecturing tour, ending in Galveston, Tex., in four weeks, is the last one he will undertake.

EIGHTEEN persons were killed, five in one family, three fatally hurt and many others seriously injured by a cyclone in the vicinity of Santa Anna, Tex.

HEAVY rains in western Tennessee and Arkansas washed away the growing crops and wrecked a number of houses.

WHILE sitting at the supper table Mrs. John Johnson and her son, of Lawrenceville, Ga., were killed by lightning.

THE senate finance committee decided to restore the old tax on cigars in response to the protest of workmen.

In the vicinity of Spencer, I. T., four lives were lost by a cyclone.

THE Union depot at Denver, Col., one of the finest in the country, was burned, the loss being \$300,000.

EASTERN roads have announced a rate of a cent a mile for the Grand Army encampment in Pittsburgh in September.

TWENTY persons lost their lives in the storm which swept Texas, while 100 others were injured.

EDWARD H. BENNETT and Charles P. Spencer, two students at East Greenwich, R. I., were drowned in the bay while duck hunting.

NEARLY 7 inches of rain fell at Memphis, Tenn., in thirty-six hours, and much damage was done by floods.

A YACHTING association was formed at Cleveland which will include in its membership all the important clubs on Lake Erie and Detroit river.

MINISTERS at Kansas City, Kan., have started a crusade against the numerous lottery concerns which flourish throughout the state.

FIRE destroyed Frederick Rumpke & Brothers' big mill property in Philadelphia, the loss being \$242,000.

In the chapel at St. Joseph's academy at St. Louis twenty-five young ladies took the vows which separate them from the world.

A POPULIST paper at Wichita, Kan., says if Secretary Carlisle issues more bonds a million armed men should march on Washington.

ESTHER JACOBS was awarded \$50,000 damages in a breach of promise suit in New York against Henry B. Sire.

TRAMPS were flocking to Massillon, O., to join the commonwealth army. Sheriffs along the line of march were preparing for trouble.

A COUNTERFEITER, to whom officers and farmers gave chase near Walcott, Ia., killed himself with a revolver.

HALF A MILLION silver dollars were said to have been put in circulation by a counterfeiting gang operating near Omaha, Neb.

A TERRIFIC wind and electric storm passed over the southwestern portion of Arkansas and farms were devastated, fences blown away and ruin spread in every direction.

TWENTY-FIVE families have been reduced to destitution by forest fires on the Connellton mountains near Charleston, Kan.

SIX members of the family of Herman Thuron, living near Plazo, Ill., were at death's door from eating uncooked sausage.

THE president transmitted to congress the final correspondence arising out of the request made by President Dole, of the Hawaiian provisional government, upon Minister Willis for information as to whether or not the United States government would use force to effect the queen's restoration.

THE Illinois steel works at South Chicago started up, giving employment to 3,000 men. The works have been idle since last September.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

CAPT. FRANK E. BROWNELL, who achieved fame at the commencement of the war as the avenger of the death of Col. Ellsworth at Alexandria, Va., died at Washington, aged 53 years.

Mrs. MARY SHEETS died at Union, O., from a paralytic stroke, aged 101 years 1 month and 1 day.

It was said that Minister Porter had resigned the Chilean consulship in order to run for congress from Tennessee.

THE Arkansas democrats will hold their state convention at Little Rock June 27.

THE populists of Oregon have nominated Nathan Pierce for Governor.

ANNOUNCEMENT was made of the engagement of Miss Hattie Blaine, daughter of the late James G. Blaine, and Truxton Beale, son of the late Gen. Beale.

THE 99th birthday of Gen. Neal Dow, of Maine, the apostle of temperance, was celebrated in many cities and towns in the United States.

Mrs. JOHN W. NOBLE, wife of the ex-secretary of the interior, died very suddenly at her home in St. Louis while talking with friends.

EX-CONGRESSMAN WASHINGTON TOWNSEND, aged 85 years, died at his home at Westchester, Pa., of paralysis.

COMMODORE WILLIAM D. WHITING, retired, of the United States navy, died in New York, aged 70 years.

Mrs. ANNE BAILEY, a colored woman, died at Philadelphia at the reputed age of 121 years. She was born near Chambersburg, Pa.

KING HUMBERT, of Italy, celebrated his 50th birthday in Rome.

PRESIDENT PEIXOTO, of Brazil, has issued a proclamation decreeing amnesty for the rebel sailors and soldiers who surrendered unconditionally.

THE British house of commons rejected the amended address in reply to the queen's speech that does away with the house of lords.

In an attempt to destroy a church in Paris the anarchist who exploded the bomb was blown to atoms.

HAWAII may cede Pearl harbor to England in the event of the United States proving unfriendly to the Dole government.

TWO STEAMERS collided and sank in the straits between Bengalis and Cogal in Asiatic waters and fifty persons were drowned.

AFTER spending fifty years in a Chinese prison Mariano Gantano, aged 117, was released.

In the annual boat race between the crews of Oxford and Cambridge over the Thames course in London the former won.

EIGHTY THOUSAND persons took part in the trade unionist demonstration in London against the house of lords.

TWO MEXICANS at Guanajuato killed Pedro Letrero, aged 60, and his grandchildren, aged 9 and 5 years.

LATER.

In the United States senate on the 20th Senator Voorhees reported the tariff bill and gave notice that on April 2 he would ask the senate to take it up for consideration. In the house the sundry civil appropriation bill (\$27,687,930) was reported. The house then adjourned to the 22d.

TWENTY-SEVEN persons were arrested and would be executed for an attempt to kill the king of Corea.

FOR assassinating H. G. Bouldin, a wealthy planter at Wharton, Tex., sixteen negroes were arrested and were liable to be put to death by a mob.

HOUSES were unroofed, trees uprooted and general havoc created by a heavy windstorm which swept over Arkansas.

MINNIE SCHILLING, Matthew Graham and John Schremp were murdered in one day in St. Louis by different persons.

LOUIS KOSSUTH, the Hungarian patriot, died after a long illness at Turin, aged 92 years.

JOHN REED and Etta Shaw, two young lovers, committed suicide near their homes in Adams township, about 10 miles from Oskaloosa, Ia., because their parents objected to their marriage until they were older.

EXCESSIVE rainfall caused much damage in Tennessee. Railroad bridges were washed away and houses wrecked.

HUNDREDS of people in Exeter hall, London, celebrated the 90th birthday of Neal Dow, the American temperance reformer.

COL. ALLEN SELLS, one of the original Sells Bros. of circus fame, died at his home in Topeka, Kan., aged 58.

At the democratic state convention in Providence, R. I., David S. Baker was nominated for governor. The platform commends the repeal of the Sherman coinage act, the pending tariff legislation and the repeal of the federal election law.

At Centerville, Ia., burglars pried open the door of a bank vault and stole 8,000 silver dollars.

By the killing of two members of the Hatfield gang the old Hatfield-McCoy feud in West Virginia has been renewed.

Gov. RICH was sustained in removing state officials by a unanimous opinion of the Michigan supreme court and he made the following appointments to fill vacancies: Secretary of state, Washington Gardner; of Albion, state treasurer, James M. Wilkinson; of Marquette, land commissioner, William A. French; of Bell. All of the appointees took the oath of office and the incumbents gracefully retired.

KOSSUTH IS DEAD.

Close of the Remarkable Career of the Famous Hungarian Patriot.

TURIN, March 22.—Louis Kossuth died at 10:55 o'clock Tuesday evening. His end was extremely painful. He showed signs of consciousness until the last. He expired in the arms of his son and died pressing the hand of the Hungarian Deputy Karolyi.

Ninety-two years ago Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, was born of an ancient but impoverished family in Monok, in Zemplin, one of the northern counties of Hungary. The exact date of his birth is somewhat obscured by conflicting memoirs, some biographers giving April 27, 1802, and some September 16 or 18 as the date, and all have been at various times celebrated as the anniversary by his admirers.

After reaching manhood Kossuth became identified with the liberal faction in his native land. From the beginning of his political career Kossuth determined to throw off the yoke of Austria and Russia and establish Hungary among the independent nations of Europe, and he became in the course of time, advocate, journalist, minister of finance, president of the committee of defense and governor of the Hungarian republic.

As a lawyer he was brilliant in debate and as a newspaper man he was daring. He published accounts of the Hungarian diet in spite of prohibitory laws, and at the age of 27 was found defying the whole Austrian cabinet. In the advocacy of this cause he was tried for treason in 1837 and condemned to four years' imprisonment.

This enshrined him as a martyr and a general outburst of indignation followed. After three years of imprisonment he was set free through the strenuous efforts of his friends. It was then that he married Teresa Meizleni, who became noted for her untiring devotion to her husband during his exile.

When released he was elected to a foremost place in the diet. As a result he was given the portfolio of finance. Under his administration internal reforms were effected. The laws of feudal oppression were abolished and the claims of the nobles against the peasantry were annulled. In 1848 he was elected to the position of governor of Hungary, and held that office during the civil war of 1848-9.

After the fall of the republic Kossuth fled to Turkey, where he secured his extradition. In 1851 he was liberated, and in company with his family, visited America for the purpose of enlisting sympathy in the Hungarian cause, but his agitation received a fatal blow by the coup d'etat of Louis Napoleon.

At the time of the alliance between France and Piedmont Kossuth's hopes were raised to the very highest. Here was Hungary's chance to strike a fatal blow at the hated Hapsburgs. Louis Napoleon deceived him, as he deceived everybody. The great chance passed by, and, worst of all, as years went on the Hungarians themselves showed a disposition to yield to circumstances. Austro-Hungary was the result. This was a terrible blow to Kossuth, whose enforced exile now became voluntary. The time had come when he was out of touch with the people, and so he was but the shadow of the past.

In 1852 he returned to Europe and devoted some months to a revival of the cause without avail. Undaunted, in 1859 he visited Paris and the emperor, with whom he concerted a plan of attacking Austria in the Hungarian possessions. This was prevented by the peace of Villafranca. In 1862 he removed to Turin, where he resided many years. During the war of 1866 he again unsuccessfully attempted to rouse the Hungarians. Declining several elections to the diet of Pest, he remained a voluntary exile, occupied with studies and the publication of several papers. For a quarter of a century his life has been one of entire seclusion in Turin, a city full of statues, broad piazzas and Alpine scenery.

Of late years he had been in rather desperate straits. His only source of income was what he drew from teaching language lessons, and this income often fell below \$200 a year—worse than a pittance. His condition was more recently relieved by money he received from publications he consented to have made, so that his last days were not his worst.

Among all the great liberators of mankind there was no patriot greater than Kossuth. His hold upon his countrymen was marvelous.

ENDED LIFE TOGETHER.

A Young Couple Crossed in Love Hang Themselves.

OSKALOOSA, Ia., March 22.—The bodies of John Reed and Etta Shaw were found late Monday night hanging to the limb of a tree in Adams township, this county, where, it is supposed, they had been since Sunday night. They were in love with each other and their parents refused to permit them to marry on account of their youth, neither being over 18 years old. They were last seen at 11 o'clock Sunday night driving near this place where their bodies were found. They had unhitched the horses and tied a card to each giving directions where they would be found. Then, standing in the buggy, a rope was thrown over a limb, one end tied around each of their necks, and both jumped into eternity.

The horses on which the placards had been placed announcing where the two bodies could be found were turned loose. During Monday the workmen in a field noticed the harnesses and caught the horses. The relatives were immediately notified and a company of five found the dead bodies hanging from the tree as given in the card of instructions. The bodies were taken down by the relatives and cared for at their homes.

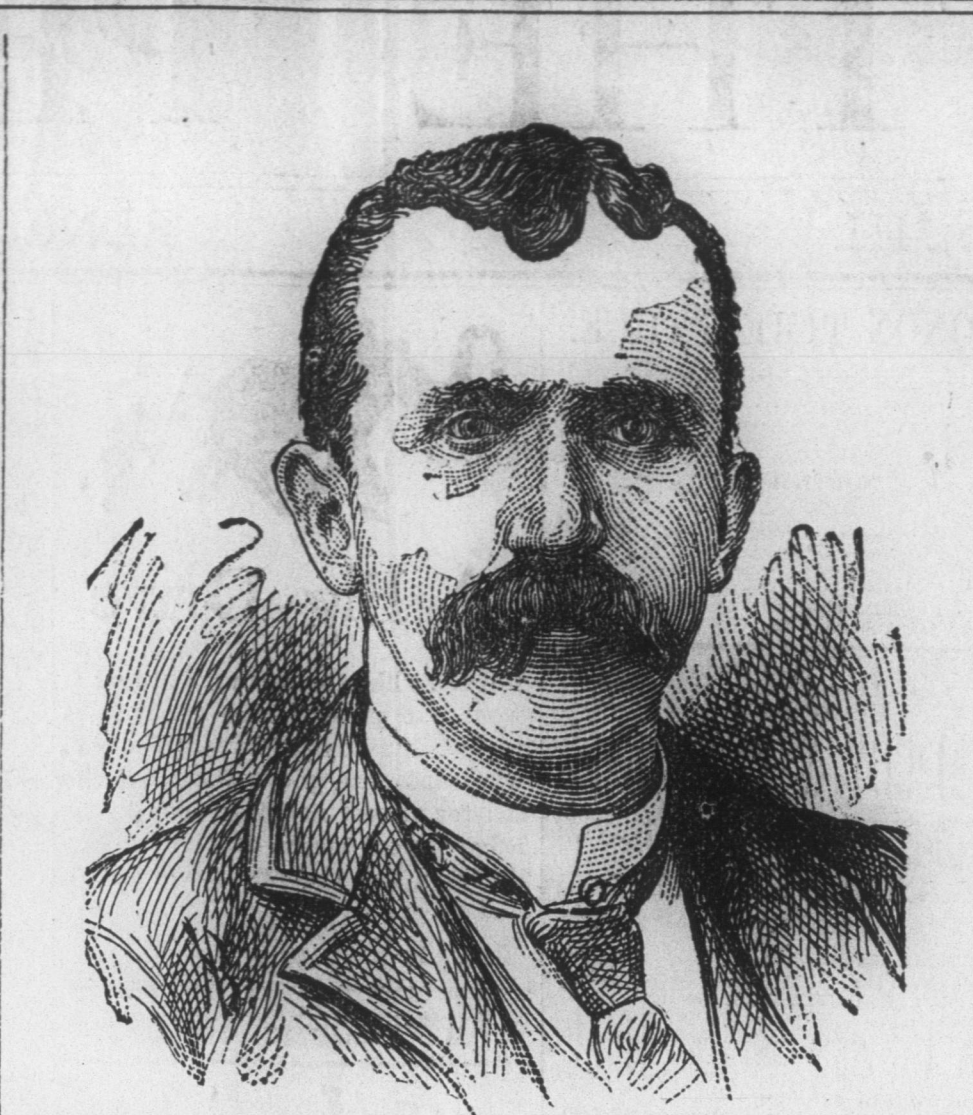
Letters on their bodies instructed their friends to bury them in coffins alike and have a double funeral. The requests were carried out and Monday morning the funeral occurred.

Two Hundred Slain.

MADRID, March 22.—Advices received here from Minianao, capital of the island of that name in the Malay archipelago, show that a large body of Mohammedan natives made an attack upon the Spaniards on the island of Pantar. In the fighting that ensued one Spaniard was killed and many were wounded. The Spaniards inflicted severe losses upon the natives, 200 of them being killed.

Drowned in a Water Trough.

NEWARK, O., March 22.—The 3-year-old son of Valandingham Keller fell into a water trough and was drowned.



After reading the following letters can any one longer doubt that a trustworthy remedy for that terribly fatal malady, consumption, has at last been found? If these letters had been written by your best known and most esteemed neighbors they could be no more worthy of your confidence than they now are, coming, as they do, from well known, intelligent and trustworthy citizens, who in their several neighborhoods, enjoy the fullest confidence and respect of all who know them.

K. C. McLean, Esq., of Kempsville, Princess Anne Co., Va., whose portrait heads this article, writes: "When I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery I was very low with a cough and at times spit up much blood. I was not able to do the least work, but most of the time was in bed. I was all run-down, very weak, my head was dizzy and I was extremely despondent. The first bottle I took did not seem to do me much good, but I had faith in it and continued using it until I had taken fifteen bottles and now I do not look nor feel like the same man I was one year ago. People are astonished and say, 'well, last year this time I would not have thought that you would be living now.' I can thank-fully say I am entirely cured of a disease which, but for your wonderful 'Discovery' would have resulted in my death."

Even when the predisposition to consumption is inherited, it may be cured, as verified by the following: "I had a most faithful and much respected Canadian lady, Mrs. Thomas Vansicklin, of Brighton, Ont. She writes: 'I have long felt it my duty to acknowledge to you what Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and his 'Pleasant Pellets' have done for me. They almost raised me from the grave. I had three brothers and one sister died of consumption and I was speedily following after them. I had severe cough, pain, copious expectoration and other alarming symptoms and my friends all thought I had but a few months to live. At that time I was persuaded to try the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and the first bottle acted like magic. Of course, I continued on with the medicine and as a result I gained rapidly in strength. My friends were aston-

ished. When I commenced the use of your medicines, six years ago, I weighed but 120 pounds and was sinking rapidly. I now weigh 135, and my health continues perfect."

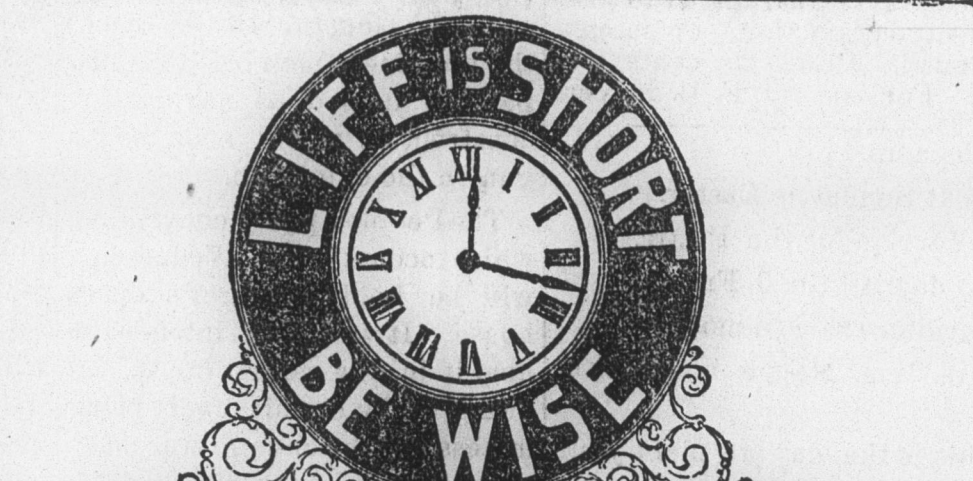
Mrs. Thos. Vansicklin.

"Golden Medical Discovery" cures consumption (which is scrofula of the lungs), by its wonderful blood-purifying, invigorating and nutritive properties. For weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, nasal catarrh, bronchitis, severe coughs, asthma, and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. While it promptly cures the severest coughs, it strengthens the system and purifies the blood.

"Golden Medical Discovery" does not make fat people more corpulent, but for thin, pale, puny children, as well as for adults reduced in flesh, from any cause, it is the greatest flesh-builder known to medical science. Nasty cod liver oil and its "emulsions" are not to be compared with it in efficacy. It rapidly builds up the system, and increases the solid flesh and weight of those reduced below the usual standard of health by "wasting diseases."

To trace up the entire system after the grip, pneumonia, fevers, and other prostrating acute diseases; to build up needed flesh and strength, and to restore health and vigor when you feel "run-down" and "used-up," the best thing in the world is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It promotes all the bodily functions, rouses every organ into healthful action, purifies and enriches the blood, and through it cleanses, repairs, and invigorates the entire system.

A Treatise on Consumption, giving numerous testimonials with phototype, or half-tone, portraits of those cured, numerous references, also containing successful Home Treatment for chronic nasal catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, and kindred diseases, will be mailed by the World's Dispensary Medical Association of Buffalo, N. Y., on receipt of six cents in stamps, to pay postage. Or The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1,000 pages, 300 illustrations, mailed for \$1.50.



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THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

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\$85.00 Waverley 28 in. Scorchers, 28 lbs. Fitted with G. E. J. Clincher pneumatic tire. Warranted equal to any bicycle built, regardless of price. Cash. Agents wanted in every town. Indiana Bicycle Co., No. 10 Z St., Indianapolis, Ind.

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