

THE PEOPLE'S PILOT.

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LUTHER L. PONSLER...President
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RENSSELAER, FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1893.

Stockholders' Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the PILOT PUBLISHING COMPANY (limited) will be held at the office of the PEOPLE'S PILOT at Rensselaer, Indiana, on Saturday, September 2nd, 1893, at which time board of seven directors will be elected and other important business transacted.

L. L. PONSLER, Pres.
D. W. SHIELDS, Secy.

There are only two sides to this money question—more money or less money.

What the farmer needs most is not more confidence, but more money—better prices for what he has to sell.

It requires a great deal of gall just now to defend the Democratic party, after the pledges it made to the people last fall.

There is only one party that favors the free coinage of silver; if you are not in that party it is time you were getting there.

Everybody now admits that there is a scarcity of money. Cleveland's prescription for this condition is to make it scarcer.

Thomas Jefferson opposed banks of issue—national banks. How does Cleveland stand on that question? Has any one ever known him to say anything against them?

It was the wise (?) financiers, the fellows who made a business of financing, that said there was plenty of money in the country. It was the cranky populist that said there wasn't.

Thomas Jefferson was opposed to pretentious diplomatic systems. Grover Cleveland created the first embassy ever made in the United States and appointed a gold bug to the position.

The \$100,000,000 gold reserve has cost the people millions of dollars in interest and has never benefitted them one cent or made greenbacks any more valuable to the wealth producers.

The gold bugs don't seem to know the people are loaded. They are well posted on the money question, thanks to the teachings of labor organizations and the independent party.

Andrew Jackson opposed depositing the public money in United States banks. Cleveland deposited over \$60,000,000 with the National banks free of interest. Any democracy in that?

It is evident to any intelligent person that the more you fight silver the lower the price falls. Cleveland persists in fighting it, although his party is pledged to keep it on a par with gold.

Thomas Jefferson believed in and practiced simplicity and economy. Grover Cleveland's administration was ushered in by a grand ball that cost the government no less than \$100,000.

It is scarcity of money that is causing hard times. The Sherman silver law has given us \$140,000,000 in money, yet the Wall street pirates say that the Sherman law is the cause of financial disaster.

Cleveland sits down pretty hard on the Democratic speakers of the last campaign, when he says the "financial condition is

the only danger that menaces the welfare and prosperity of the people."

If you are afraid of banks don't run the risk of having your house raided by thieves, go to the post office and buy money orders, they are good for twelve months; have them made payable to yourself. Then sleep soundly, your money is in Uncle Sam's bank and is perfectly safe. When we get postal savings banks you need not buy money orders. A money order for \$100 costs 45 cents, from that on down to 5 cents for \$5 or less.—Non-conformist.

A Truthful Letter.

The following letter, addressed to a citizen of this county from the Hon. Henry M. Teller, U. S. Senator from Colorado, and formerly a member of President Hayes' cabinet, is right to the point and is God's truth. While many citizens of this country are alive to the vital importance of the silver question to the welfare and prosperity of our industrial classes, yet there are thousands who are apathetic and do not seem to realize the peril which threatens them and the disaster and ruin which impends over the country should silver again, as in 1873, be demonetized and abolished as money.

As Senator Teller says, "It must be clear to any man, who desires to arrive at the truth, that there is not gold enough in the world to do the world's business with." What would then be the result should the attempt be made? It would simply mean bankruptcy and beggary to thousands of our fellow men and the enrichment of those who hold and control the gold of the world. Do we want them to come to this? Is the American citizen who feels home to be the dearest spot on earth willing to place it in jeopardy that a few shylocks may carry out their iniquitous schemes? No. Then there should be a general and effective awakening on this subject before it is *everlastingly too late*. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty," and the people, irrespective of party, should rally to the standard of the white metal and demand in no uncertain accents that the *use of silver as money shall not perish from the earth.*

United States Senate,
Washington, D. C.
August 11, 1893.

DEAR SIR.—Yours of the 17th of July was sent to me at Denver, but did not reach that place before I left and has just come to my hands. I am very sorry that I have been prevented from responding sooner, as I fear my failure to do so may have caused you some inconvenience. It would have been impossible for me to have given you a favorable reply to your request that I address your proposed mass convention, which you think of holding during the latter part of September, for the reason that, with congress in session and the financial question uppermost, it would be utterly impossible for me to leave Washington at that time, much as I might desire to do so. I hope your convention, should it be held, will be a great success and that its proceedings will be of such a character as to help to convince the people of the United States that it is not, as it has been charged, the people of the silver producing states and territories alone, who are demanding the recognition of silver as money. I am glad to know, as I very well do, that there are thousands of patriotic men throughout the country who take the opposite view of this question and who seem to realize that it is a question of general human interest rather than one of narrow selfishness, which is charged by some of the single standard advocates. It must be clear to any man who will give the least attention to the question with the desire to arrive at the truth, that there is not gold enough in the world to do the world's business with, and that if a further attempt is made to put all the nations upon the single gold standard, we shall soon find ourselves drifting toward the condition of the world during the dark ages.

Yours truly,
H. M. TELLER.

Washington Letter.

From our regular correspondent.

Washington, August 18, 1893. "Standing like a mountain of granite amid the fog of uncertainty caused by the claims and counter claims made by various factions in Congress," said a Senator, "is one fact, plainly visible to the naked eye of those who are able to look at it with unprejudiced eyes. That fact is the impossibility of getting a bill for the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law or of any portion of it through the Senate. There is yet a good prospect of securing compromise financial legislation that will give the country some relief from the present strained condition of affairs, but if those who refuse

to recognize the existence of that fact and persist in declaring their intention to have unconditional repeal or nothing do not soon realize the situation the prospect will disappear and they and the country alike will get nothing from the extra session."

The silver debate in the House is half over, and although many of the speeches made have shown marked ability and originality the speakers have had very slim audiences. The speeches, however, that would be most interesting to the public could they be obtained are those made by the members to each other in private. Accusations of being improperly influenced are bandied back and forth quite freely, and threats are heard which indicate that some of them may yet be publicly made. A decided flurry was created among the anti-silver Democrats by a report early this week that forty Republicans had agreed to vote for the amendment providing for the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 20 to 1. Representative Bland, the leader of the silver men, says he knows nothing of such an agreement, and that he expects the vote for the amendment for the free coinage of silver at the present ratio to be the largest that will be cast by the silver men. While he will not admit as much, it is plain to those with whom he talks that he does not think the vote will be large enough for the adoption of that amendment.

Notwithstanding the frequent statements made by fool friends of President Cleveland that he will not accept any compromise, but will veto any bill conditionally repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman law, the shrewdest men in Congress, among them many good friends of the President, are certain that he will gladly sign a compromise bill, if it be one that promises to meet with public approval.

Many regard as insignificant the continued attempts of close friends of the administration to feel the pulse of Congress, as to a large issue of bonds, and it will not be surprising if a bill providing for such an issue shall be introduced shortly, with the influence of the administration behind it.

Senator Peffer had the public, regardless of politics, behind him when he objected to the consideration of the joint resolution making the mileage of Senators and Representatives payable at once instead of in December. Congress found it easy enough to devise this quick means of putting a little additional money in its members' pockets. Let it do as much for the public and it will add to its popularity.

Evidently the Senate does not intend to confine its extra session legislation to financial matters. It this week passed a bill for the purchase of a site and the erection of a fire-proof building for the storage of public records.

The Senate Finance committee is holding daily meetings, but no agreement is yet in sight on the silver question. The bill which it reported early in the week, allowing National banks to issue currency to the full amount of bonds deposited with the government is now before the Senate and its opponents are trying to load it down with amendments. A similar bill was passed by the Senate at the last session, and this bill will go through the Senate, but it will have a hard fight to get through the House, notwithstanding Secretary Carlisle's active support.

There is considerable kicking on the side among Congressmen over the result of the Behring Sea arbitration, but inasmuch as the decision has to be accepted as final, few of them are saying much against it openly. While the main decision was against the United States the rules adopted to govern future sealing

are decidedly favorable to this country, much more so than any which Great Britain has in the past been disposed to agree to. The decision will, it is expected, result in the payment of a considerable sum of money to Canadians as damages on account of their vessels having been seized by U. S. officers in water over which the United States has now been decided to have had no control at that time, but this will be offset by the damage done to the Canadian sealing industry by the new rules. In fact, those who ought to know say there will be no Canadian sealing, if the new rules are enforced.

No Runs on the Postoffices.

Chicago Express.

There have been no runs on the postoffices of the land.

Postage stamps have neither risen or fallen in price.

During the past month the money order departments have done an immense business, large sums (people would not entrust them with the banks) have been sent from town to town by government agency. One man at Indianapolis, during the flurry which overtook that city, sent \$760 by postoffice orders.

"What's up," asked a bystander of him; "are not banks good enough for you?"

"Just now," responded the government patron, "there is a sort of uncertain atmosphere pervading our banking institutions. This money must reach its destination immediately, and it must be money, not worthless bank drafts, when it arrives. I have faith in my government. It knows no runs." He was right.

A part of the government himself, he had unbounded confidence in it. He sent his money by postoffice order, knowing it would be perfectly safe.

If we can trust the government with our money when desirous of having it sent to certain destinations, why can we not deposit funds with it with the same degree of safety?

The financial crisis has thoroughly demonstrated that the banks of the land provide unsafe places of deposits.

Give the people government depositories.

We could not improve the quality if paid double the price. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the best salve that experience can produce, or that money can buy.

A. F. LONG & CO.

BUCKLIN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required.

It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. B. Meyer.

Ignorance of the merits of DeWitt's Little Early Risers is a misfortune. These little pills regulate the liver, cure headache, dyspepsia, bad breath, constipation and biliousness.

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A. F. LONG & CO.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will offer at public auction at the farm of Nelson Randle, 8½ miles northeast of Rensselaer, beginning at 10 a. m. on

Wednesday, Aug. 30, 1893,

the following property: Three mares, one 2-year old colt, one pony in foal, two yearling colts, 2 spring colts, one milch cow, two spring calves, one thoroughbred Hereford bull, 4 brood sows, one boar, 50 head of sheep, 2 wagons, one binder, 3 mowers, 1 hay rake, 2 sets of nearly new hay pitchers and gatherers, 1 fanning mill, 2 cultivators, 1 pair bob sleds, 1 riding and breaking plow, 1 riding spring tooth harrow, check-row corn planter, 20 cords of wood, 2 set of work harness, set of buggy harness, saddle, etc.

TERMS OF SALE: One years credit without interest if paid at maturity; if not, notes to draw 8 per cent interest from date. All sums under \$5 cash in hand.

J. & W. RENICKER.

Simon Phillips, Auctioneer.

DR. M. VAUGHN.

Physician & Surgeon,

Wheatfield, Ind.

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DR. WARD

120 N. 9th St., St. Louis, Mo.

Established 22 years. Treats male or female, married or single, in cases of exposure, abuses, excesses or improprieties. SKILL GUARANTEED. Board and apartments furnished when desired. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write.



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HEART DISEASE 30 YEARS.

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DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

GENTLEMEN: I had been troubled with heart disease for the last 30 years, and although I was treated by able physicians and tried many remedies, I grew steadily worse until I was completely prostrated and confined to my bed without hope of recovery. I had no very bad sink in my bed, and it was then I was sent to DR. MILES' NEW HEART CURE all the credit for my recovery. It is over six months since I have been up, and I have been well ever since. I have not had a single attack since I have been up. I have had a bottle of the medicine in my bed ever since I have been up, and it has been a great deal of help to me.

Z. AVERY.

Sold on a Positive Guarantee.

DR. MILES' PILLS, 50 DOSES 25cts.

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First class rigs with or without drivers.

HOG AND CHICKEN CHOLERA.

I have a positive, tried, proved and guaranteed cure for hog and chicken cholera, which has cured 450 cases and is the best and most effective in the world. It has cured thousands of the worst cases. My father is and has been for forty years one of the leading hog raisers of this country and has lost a great many hogs and chickens to cholera, but since the discovery of this remedy, he has never lost a single one. One dollar will buy enough of the ingredients at any drug store to cure fifty or seventy-five hogs. I will send the recipe to anyone for only fifty cents. While I charge five dollars for a bottle, I will never charge more. I refer you to my Postmaster, Express Agent, Pastor Baptist Church, or any business house in this town as to my reliability. Agents wanted. Address MRS. RACHEL V. THOMAS, Concord, Concord, Atla.

FREE TRIAL. A package of our treatment for weakness and decay, nervous debility and lost vitality sent free for postage.

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A. C. BUSHEY, Proprietor.

Shop located opposite the public square, everything fresh and clean. Fresh and salt meat, game, poultry, etc. Please give us a call and we will guarantee to give you satisfaction. Remember the place.

PILES. SURE IN ONE PAINLESS treatment from business. Free. No loss of time. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write.

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ROBERT RANDLE, Proprietor.

Burns' old stand on Van Rensselaer street, West of Public Square.

First class rigs with or without drivers.