

The People's Pilot

RENSSELAER : : INDIANA

The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

U. S. SENATE IN EXTRA SESSION.

In the senate on the 23d Mr. Manderson resigned his position as president pro tem. and Mr. Harris, of Tennessee, was elected in his place. The following nominations were received from the president: John S. Seymour, of Connecticut, to be commissioner of patents; Silas W. Lamoreux, of Wisconsin, to be commissioner of the general land office; Horace H. Lurion, of Tennessee, to be United States circuit judge for the Sixth judicial circuit, and Max Judd, of Missouri, to be consul general at the United States to Vienna.

The senate on the 23d confirmed the nominations for public positions previously sent in by the president. No other business was transacted and an adjournment was taken until the 27th.

In the senate on the 27th the elections committee reported in favor of seating the three men appointed as senators from the states of Montana, Wyoming and Washington. Among the nominations received from the president were the following: Samuel R. Morse, of Indiana, to be consul general at Paris; C. W. Chancellor, of Maryland, to be consul at Havre; Allen B. George, of Michigan, to be consul at Glasgow; George P. Parker, of New York, to be consul at Birmingham.

DOMESTIC.

A. T. FREEMAN murdered his wife and child at Tyertown, Tex. Domestic trouble was given as the cause.

J. J. EVERS fatally injured Mrs. Christian Onstall at Gridley, Cal., and then killed himself. She was engaged to marry Evers but had jilted him. Mrs. Onstall was a divorced woman with five children.

At Laramie, Wyo., W. J. Hunter, incensed at his wife for having him arrested for beating her, shot her fatally and then shot himself dead.

"MOTHER" MANDELBAUM, the famous New York "fence" and accomplished criminal, is dead. For nearly nine years she has lived like a princess in Canada, where she found refuge when she fled from New York, leaving her bondsmen in the lurch.

A FIRE swept away a large portion of the town of Pauhaska, Oklahoma, and five lives were lost.

The sale of a negro at Mexico, Mo., was stopped by proceedings instituted by George Robertson, a leading attorney, who will test the constitutionality of the vagrant law of the state.

A CLAM mine, full of little necks, and of great breadth and depth, was discovered at the mouth of the Delaware bay, near Cape May, N. J.

A CYCLOPE wiped the town of Kelly, Miss., off the face of the earth, not a soul being left to tell the tale. Great damage was also done at Tusica and Cleveland, in the same state, and twenty-five persons were killed.

The supreme council of the Patrons of Industry in session at Detroit, Mich., elected R. P. Kerriek, of Durell, Pa., as supreme president.

The Morgan, a fashionable apartment house in Cleveland, O., was burned, and Mrs. Mary E. Abbey, Mrs. Jesse Hunt and her daughter, Mrs. Emma Somers and Mrs. P. G. Somers perished in the flames.

The cotton firm of Dobbins & Dazly, of Nashville, Tenn., with branch houses in Memphis, New Orleans, Little Rock, Montgomery, Mobile and other cities, failed for \$300,000.

J. C. DAVIS, a grocer at Sedalia, Mo., who was in love with Miss Mary, the 17-year-old daughter of M. A. Miller, a prominent real estate dealer, shot her dead because she refused his attentions and then killed himself.

The east wing of the state prison at Jeffersonville, Ind., was destroyed by fire.

A WINDSTORM at Indianapolis wrecked several buildings, causing a loss of \$100,000.

ELLA FUGATE, 13 years old, daughter of J. E. Fugate, of Brazil, Ind., has not eaten a mouthful of victuals for the last twenty-five days and persistently refuses subsistence in any form. Grief over the death of a brother is the cause.

A SOLE-LEATHER trust was formed in New York with a capital of \$80,000,000.

SECRETARY CARLISLE signed vouchers to the amount of \$250,120 in favor of the world's fair commission, which is payable in souvenir half dollars. The commission up to this time has received \$1,920,820 of the \$2,500,000 appropriation by congress payable in souvenir half dollars.

At the third annual convention in Louisville, Ky., of the National Association of Skilled Glass Workers Albert Paulson, of New Albany, Ind., was elected president.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 24th aggregated \$1,227,224,418, against \$1,231,454,629 the previous week. The increase as compared with the corresponding week of 1893 was 6.5.

THE lively barn of George Faurot at Lima, O., was burned by an incendiary fire and eight head of fast horses belonging to prominent sportsmen were burned, together with several other horses.

In the United States during the seven days ended on the 24th the business failures numbered 243, against 220 the preceding week and 231 for the corresponding time last year.

A TORNADO that passed over Indianapolis wrecked fifty houses, causing a loss of over \$100,000, and several persons were seriously injured.

THE Thirty-seventh general assembly of the state of Missouri has adjourned sine die.

MAJ. C. C. WILCOX, formerly of the Thirtieth Tennessee regiment and noted as being in command of the troops that killed Gen. John Morgan, the confederate raider, at Greenville, Tenn., died at his residence in Emporia, Kan.

THE vault in the register of deeds office at Newton, Kan., was broken open and the county records destroyed. The loss cannot be made good for less than \$100,000.

GEORGE W. SELBY, of Macon county, and his brother Oscar, of Peoria, Ill., were drowned in the lake by the upsetting of a skiff.

LOUIS MICHAEL was hanged at St. Martinsville, La., for participating in the murder of Robertson and his daughter in August, 1891. It was the first legal execution which had taken place there in forty years.

TWO FIREMEN were killed and a number badly injured at a fire in the Summit Fuel & Feed company's house at Denver.

FLAMES destroyed the Weber building in Chicago, causing a loss of \$150,000 to the various firms that occupied it.

THE Chicago Inter Ocean celebrated the twenty-first anniversary of its birth by the issue of 200,000 copies. Each copy of the paper consists of sixty pages.

ANTON WOOD, the 11-year-old murderer of Joseph Smith, was found guilty at Denver, Col., and sentenced to life imprisonment.

AN explosion of gas at the Oak Hill colliery near Minersville, Pa., killed John Morgan and William Purcell and injured three others.

AN earthquake shock lasting thirty seconds was felt at Helena, Mont., but no damage was reported.

ADVICES from Memphis say that the damage done by the recent cyclone in the Mississippi valley would reach \$2,000,000. One-half of the state penitentiary at Nashville, which covers eighty acres of ground, was torn to pieces, entailing an enormous loss.

By the upsetting of a skiff in Bigbee river near Mount Sterling, Ala., Hubert and John Dix and Edward Westcott were drowned.

THE trial trip of the new battleship New York showed it to be the fastest armored vessel in the world.

THE government of Spain, through the state department at Washington, has officially tendered to the United States as a gift the reproduced flagship of Columbus, the Santa Maria.

ELIZABETH and Raymond Yost, aged 5 and 7 years respectively, were fatally poisoned at Sedalia, Mo., by eating canned plums.

THE barge Equator was lost off Fenwick islands (Va.) light, and Capt. John Feehan, of Philadelphia, and his crew of three men perished.

THE thriving town of Lynnville, Tenn., was swept by a fire which wiped out the business portion of the place.

THE strike of over 7,000 miners in the Monongahela (Pa.) valley that commenced July 1 last has ended in a victory for the employers.

THE Sandusky Insurance company of Toledo, O., has failed with assets of \$50,000 and liabilities of \$100,000.

TWO custom inspectors at Portland, Ore., were suspended for allowing sixty-seven Chinamen to land in violation of the exclusion act.

THE French legation at Washington has been raised to the rank of an embassy.

A BLONDE at Youngstown, O., began eating roasted coffee in order to change her complexion to a brunette. She now eats a pound a day and cannot break herself of the habit, which is rapidly killing her.

THE big clothing lockout was inaugurated in New York by the manufacturers when 500 employees were paid off.

FRANK ACKERSON, aged 20; George Dow, aged 24, and Henry Dow, aged 15, were drowned at Marietta, O., by the upsetting of a boat.

THE Commercial national bank of Nashville, Tenn., suspended, owing depositors \$500,000.

FLAMES destroyed the shoe factory of Snedcor & Hathaway in Detroit, Mich., the loss being \$150,000.

A FIRE among business buildings at Tyler, Tex., caused a loss of \$100,000.

DURING the progress of the work on the world's fair grounds in Chicago eighteen men have been killed and 610 have been injured.

JODE HOLLOWAY, John Bell and Seth Calhoun were fatally shot by a negro at Fort White, Fla.

THE district attorney's office and the police superintendent have decided to close up all the pool rooms in Buffalo, N. Y.

PANCOAST, the celebrated trotting stallion belonging to Ben Johnson and valued at \$38,000, died at Bardstons, Ky.

ON the 27th Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Maxwell appointed 100 fourth-class postmasters, and of this number sixty-seven were to fill vacancies caused by the removal of the incumbents.

JUDGE BILLINGS, of the United States circuit court at New Orleans, says that a combination among laborers to allow no work to be done in moving goods and merchandise is forbidden by the interstate commerce law.

FRANCIS M. BOWIE, a millionaire living near Upper Marlboro, Md., was murdered and his body thrown in a well. J. W. Johnson (colored) was arrested on suspicion.

R. IRVING LATIMER, who was serving a life sentence in the prison at Jackson, Mich., for murdering his mother, made his escape after fatally poisoning G. W. Haight, one of the guards.

FRANK MARSHALL's elevator in Chicago, containing 100,000 bushels of wheat, was burned, entailing a loss of \$100,000.

THE visible supply of grain in the United States on the 27th was: Wheat, 73,211,000 bushels; corn, 15,101,000 bushels; oats, 4,599,000 bushels; rye, 954,000 bushels; barley, 1,173,000 bushels.

BANDITS robbed the bank at Caney, Kan., of \$4,000.

THE Mechanics' savings bank, with a capital of \$500,000, and the Bank of Commerce, with a capital of \$250,000, closed their doors at Nashville, Tenn.

THE stable containing Kirk Bros.' racing string was burned at Mason City, Ia., and several valuable horses perished in the flames. Loss, \$100,000.

R. W. BEAR, a Dunkard preacher, dropped dead while offering prayer in the pulpit at Abilene, Kan.

THE elastic web concerns of the country which manufacture rubber goring for the shoe trade are about to pool their issues.

THE Elm Park Methodist Episcopal church at Scranton, Pa., was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$125,000; insurance, \$80,000.

A SYNDICATE headed by Charles E. Flint has purchased the New York Times for \$950,000.

IN a fight between moonshiners near Danville, Ky., Dick Crowder shot and killed James Meader and John Harp. The stables belonging to John Teneyck near Leadville, Col., were burned, and twenty-five imported draft horses were cremated.

HORACE O'DONOGHUE, aged 48, a wealthy Chicago publisher, killed himself with a razor while temporarily insane.

THE house of Oliver Sanders near Neillsville, Wis., was burned, and Mr. Sanders and two of his children perished in the flames.

TWO FAMILIES, consisting of Acy Harlowe and wife and Peter Wolfrey and wife, were foully murdered at their home in Cooper county, Mo.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

COL. ELLIOT FITCH SHEPARD, editor of the Mail and Express, died suddenly at his home in New York from the effects of ether taken that he might undergo a surgical operation. He was 59 years of age. Col. Shepard married Miss Marguerite Louise Vanderbilt, the oldest daughter of William H. Vanderbilt, and she and five children survive him. Mr. Shepard was president of the American Sabbath union and founded the State Bar association and was its first president.

REV. JOHN SOUDER, a Methodist minister, died at his home in Tiffin, O., aged 95 years. He had lived there seventy years and had been in the ministry for fifty-one years.

REV. DR. ASHLEY died at his home in Milwaukee at the age of 81. For fifty-four years he was a minister of the Episcopal church.

STEPHEN STRANGE (colored) died at Lovelady, Tex., aged 105 years.

THE Massachusetts socialists in state convention in Boston nominated Patrick F. O'Neill, of Boston, for governor.

REV. GEORGE R. BLISS, D. D., professor of Biblical theology at Crozer theological seminary, died at Chester, Pa., aged 77 years.

FOREIGN.

A BAND of revolutionists entered the town of Allegretta, Chili, which they sacked. The residents resisted the ravages, and in the fight which followed forty persons were killed.

THE court of arbitration appointed to adjust the difficulties between the United States and Great Britain in regard to the seal fisheries in Behring sea met in Paris.

TWO MEN from New Orleans committed suicide on the casino grounds at Monte Carlo. Their names were given as Weill and Robb. They had lost heavily.

THE Russian government has suspended the coinage of silver rubles for the reason that the silver ruble is now cheaper than paper.

THE yarn spinning mill of the Rivett company in Stockport, England, was burned, the loss being \$250,000.

ROME was in a state of great excitement caused by a workingman having struck King Humbert with a stone as he was returning from the Villa Borghese.

THE French Canadians of Montreal are organizing committees among French speaking people in the United States to awaken a sentiment in favor of annexation.

THE volcano of San Martin in Mexico is now in a state of eruption, after having been extinct for more than a century.

M. CHALLEMEY, LACOUR was elected president of the French senate in place of Jules Ferry, deceased.

THE office of the Daily Herald at Montreal was burned, the loss being \$125,000.

LATER.

RESOLUTIONS for the election of officers of the United States senate—W. R. Cox, of North Carolina, as secretary; Richard J. Bright, of Indiana, as sergeant-at-arms, and Rev. Mr. Milburn as chaplain—were presented on the 28th, but action was postponed. A resolution was offered directing the committee on privileges and elections to investigate the allegations of criminal embezzlement against Senator Roach, of North Dakota, and to report the facts, and what the duty of the senate is in relation thereto.

A GANG of counterfeiters was discovered plying their trade in the state penitentiary at Little Rock, Ark.

THE Choctaw feud resulted in a desperate encounter at Antlers, I. T., in which ten persons were killed and fifteen others were wounded.

THE breaking of the great ice gorge in the Delaware river at Washington's Crossing, N. J., and the consequent subsiding of the water on the farm lands along the Delaware caused a loss of \$1,000,000.

FRANK NICOLIN, a miller at Jordan, Minn., failed for \$120,000.

BARNEY McFADDEN, a miner living near Scranton, Pa., murdered his wife and child and then escaped. No cause was known.

THE boiler at the Conrad stone quarry in Franklin county, Ala., exploded, and John Burfield, James Ferguson and Crockett Gray were killed.

GEN. E. KIRBY SMITH, the last of the full ex-confederate generals, died at his home in Sewanee, Tenn., in his 69th year.

THE funeral of the late Elliott F. Shepard took place from the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church in New York.

A. R. SUTTON, a liquor dealer at Louisville, Ky., was charged with forging whisky warehouse receipts to the extent of \$200,000.

R. IRVING LATIMER, who escaped from the Jackson (Mich.) prison after fatally poisoning Keeper Haight, was captured at Jerome and returned to the prison.

EDWARD STERRETT, a physician at Auburn, Neb., shot his wife because she had left him and then killed himself.

A BATTLE near Tatumia, Honduras, resulted in the defeat of the government troops with a loss of more than 100. Nearly one-fifth of the revolution soldiers were slaughtered and after the battle the bodies of all the men found on the field were collected in a heap and burned.

TOOK DESPERATE CHANCES.

J. IRVING LATIMER, sentenced for life in the Jackson (Mich.) Penitentiary for the Murder of His Mother, Drugs Two Guards and Escapes—One of His Victims Dies from the Effect of the Dose.

JACKSON, Mich., March 28.—R. Irving Latimer, the notorious matricide, escaped from the prison Sunday night by getting the keys and walking out of the front door. The keys are missing. Capt. Gill, in charge of the prison at night, is in jail now. It is supposed that Latimer got possession of some powerful drug and administered it to the guard and night turnkey. Guard Haight was found dying about 1 o'clock a. m., Latimer having gone an hour before that time. Haight died at 3 o'clock.

Maurice T. Gill, night keeper at the prison, was the indirect means of Latimer's escape. About 11:30 o'clock he and Latimer took lunch together in the hall master's office. It was against the rules for Gill to take a convict out of his cell. Capt. Gill has been completely bamboozled by Latimer, who had been telling Gill that there was \$2,800 buried on an island in Rhode Island, where Latimer's father lived when Irving was 13 years old. Gill was taken with this story and had Latimer out at lunch every night to give him details. Gill expected to leave the prison in three weeks. It transpires that Latimer had been in the habit of taking up a cup of chocolate nearly every night to Gatekeeper Haight, passing it through a slide in the grating. There is no doubt Latimer had planned to poison both Haight and Gill, and the chocolate at night was only to gain confidence until he could get some poison.

At lunch Sunday night Latimer carried up a glass of lemonade to Haight instead of the chocolate, and Haight died in twenty minutes after drinking it. Gill also drank of the lemonade and was attacked with spasms almost instantly. In a few minutes a cry came from the guard-room above, which Haight occupied. It was evident that Haight was sick and needed help. Gill was so sick he could not go. Latimer said:

"I will go and whistle for Dr. Mason." "All right, go ahead," replied Gill.

Latimer then took the keys, but instead of going for help he unlocked the door of the guard room, passed through the gates and was free. He took the prison keys with him. He had neither coat nor hat and it is believed impossible that he can escape. The prison authorities have offered a reward for Latimer, dead or alive, and officers are scouring the country.

Night Guard E. C. Rice was arrested for complicity in the escape. Rice was directly connected with Gill on night duty, and it transpires that he was present when Latimer left the hallmaster's office to go above and see what ailed Haight.

The supposition is that Rice had knowledge of what Latimer was to do or that he was criminally careless in allowing Latimer to go through the upper gate. Rice was much confused when questioned and does not say why he allowed Latimer to go out.

Latimer was serving a life term for the murder of his mother January 24, 1889, with whom he lived alone in their home in Jackson. Eighteen months before his father, Robert F. Latimer, died suddenly, leaving considerable property, including \$11,000 life insurance, to Mrs. Latimer. His death was undoubtedly due to poisoning, but friends, suspecting the old man had committed suicide, hushed the matter up and no inquest was held.

The subsequent death of Mrs. Latimer under circumstances that left no doubt of the son's guilt, led to the conviction that he was responsible for his father's violent death.

On the morning of January 24 young Latimer went to Detroit to be gone all night and Mrs. Latimer was left alone in the house. The following morning workmen employed in the place could not gain an entrance to the house. The door was forced by neighbors, who became alarmed at the failure of Mrs. Latimer to appear in response to repeated summonses. They entered her bedroom on the second floor and found her lying upon the bed, clothed in her night robe. She had been dead several hours. Her head, face and neck were covered with blood.

Marks of blood were also found in young Latimer's room. The autopsy showed that two pistol shots had inflicted the wounds that caused Mrs. Latimer's death. Both shots entered the face, passing through the neck. Physicians said the woman had died about 3 o'clock in the morning.

That afternoon Latimer, who, by the way, was sole heir to the property his father had left his mother, returned to the house. He appeared unconcerned at the violent death of his mother, but the conviction that he was directed against him and he was promptly subjected to a rigid examination, but declared he had been in Detroit and had no connection with the murder.

A careful investigation proved Latimer's story to be false. He did go to Detroit and visited many friends in order that he might be able to prove that he had been away from Jackson. But that night he returned to his home and the evidence showed he murdered his mother in cold blood. All this, however, was not discovered until after the inquest on the body of Mrs. Latimer. The verdict was that the woman had been murdered by some person or persons unknown to the jury. In the meantime detectives were working on the case. Everything pointed to the guilt of the son.

Five days after the death of his mother he was arrested. As a bluff he asked to be permitted to attend the funeral, but when given an opportunity to look upon the face of his dead mother he refused to leave the jail. Throughout all this time and the trial that followed he conducted himself in a most unconcerned manner, treating his mother's death and his trial as a joke.

The case was called before Judge Peck, of the Jackson criminal court, April 24. The trial lasted ten days. It was clearly shown that Latimer was guilty, and upon retiring the jury returned a verdict of murder in the first degree, after deliberating less than a quarter of an hour. Seventeen minutes after leaving the box the fate of the prisoner was declared in open court. May 11 Latimer was sentenced to life imprisonment and was a few days later taken to the penitentiary.

Latimer was a dangerous prisoner. Several times he caused revolts in the penitentiary, and on one occasion, October 18, 1890, he concocted a plot to blow up the buildings with dynamite.

TO MEET NEXT FALL.

An Extra Session of Congress to Be Called—President Cleveland Will Convene the Body in September—Probable Scope of the Session.

NEW YORK, March 28.—A Herald special from Washington says: President Cleveland has finally made up his mind to call an extra session of congress next September. He made this statement several times last week to prominent members of both houses of congress. This course has been believed to be the one most likely to be pursued by the president, but the formal announcement has not heretofore been made.

The April Wide Awake

has a gossip, descriptive sketch of quaint old Williamsburg, a reminder of the Colonial days of Virginia, written by Edwin A. Start, and illustrated by Louis A. Holmon. It opens with "The Tansy Cake," a story-sketch of an old-time English Easter happening, by M. Carrie Hyde, also an American Easter-tide story of Creole life, "How the Lilies Work," by Kate Chopin. Louise Chandler Moulton has an April "Remodel," and Theron Brown an Easter poem, "The April Child." Frederick A. Ober contributes his fourth "Columbus" sketch, telling of Isabella, "the first city in the New World"; Agnes Blackwell tells a delightful wonder story about "Willie and the Tree-deedle"; Abd el Ardavan has a Moorish story of a brave boy, "Ebno'l Amed"; Sarah Winter Kellogg gives a glimpse of life in New Mexico "In the Delegate's Placeta"; Mary Catherine Crowley contributes a capital Indian story, "Jeff's Strange Adventure." The serials by Stidley, Molly Elliott Seawell and Mrs. Jenness are full of interest.

Price 20 cents a number, \$2.40 a year. On sale at news stands or sent postpaid, on receipt of price, by D. Lothrop Company, Publishers, Boston.

HE—"Are you fond of dancing?" SHE—"Yes, a minute or so." HE—"Oh, I can dance for hours without feeling weary."—Inter Ocean.

THE Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company has recently purchased ten thousand acres of coal lands at and around its station of Toluca, in Marshall County, Illinois, and is now sinking its coal shafts and putting in machinery to develop this great coal field, which is to furnish the fuel supply for its system in Illinois, Iowa and Missouri, as well as a vast amount of mercantile coal for manufacturing and domestic purposes.

The new town site of Toluca is being surveyed and platted by the Santa Fe Land Department to meet the demand for building lots, which the employment of a large force of miners and other employes has necessarily created.

The utter recklessness of bacilli in regard to what becomes of them has been demonstrated by the discovery of them in boarding house butter.—N. Y. World.

THE Barricade Gives Way, No doubt, when the bowels are stormed with drenching cathartics, to overcome their constipation, but at serious cost to the assaulting party. The intestinal organs are thereby much enfeebled and excessively relaxed. Far more thoroughly, and less violently effective, is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, most benign of aperients. Incomparable for malaria, nervousness, dyspepsia, kidney troubles.

"ARE you engaged to Miss Bondolip?" "No, not exactly. But when I asked for her hand she gave me the refusal of it."—Texas Siftings.

THE Skill and Knowledge Essential to the production of the most perfect and popular laxative remedy known, have enabled the California Fig Syrup Co. to achieve a great success in the reputation of its remedy, Syrup of Figs, as it is considered to be the universal laxative. For sale by all druggists.

"I don't believe all this stuff about flowers" having a language. They may use signs. "Yes; it's generally the \$1.00 Inter Ocean.

TO Florida. Drive Flyer via the Suwanee River Route. Double daily sleeping car service from Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville and Evansville, via Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Lake City, Jacksonville to Tampa. For rates and sleeping car write B. F. Neville, 194 Clark street, Chicago.

"WELL," said the man who handed his last cent to the lawyer, "I suppose turn-out is fair play. I broke the law and the law broke me."

Agents Wanted. To sell Richard III. Headache and Neuralgia Tablets, guaranteed to cure all kinds of Headache and Neuralgia. Energetic ladies and gentlemen can make good wages. For particulars address Boesenroth-Obermann Medicine Co., Chicago.

NINE belles of Beaver Dam, Wis., have had a wood-sawing match. The sawing was easy, but the effort to say nothing must have been a strain.—Philadelphia Record.

LETTERS 3,000 years old have been found in the mounds of Egypt. It is time they were answered.—Boston Globe.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago. Monday, March 27, the "BLACK CROOK," presented with the splendor of an Arabian Nights' dream.

THE play of imagination is a great help in the work of imagination.—Fuck.

ONE of the most inviting articles in the house furnishing line—The dinner bell.

VOLUMES COULD BE WRITTEN, filled with the testimony of women who have been made well and strong by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It's a medicine that's made especially to build up women's strength and to cure women's ailments—an invigorating, restorative tonic, soothing cordial, and bracing nerve; purely vegetable, non-alcoholic, and perfectly harmless. For all the functional derangements, painful disorders, and chronic weaknesses that afflict womanhood, the "Favorite Prescription" is the only guaranteed remedy.

It must have been the medicine for most women, or it couldn't be sold on any such terms.

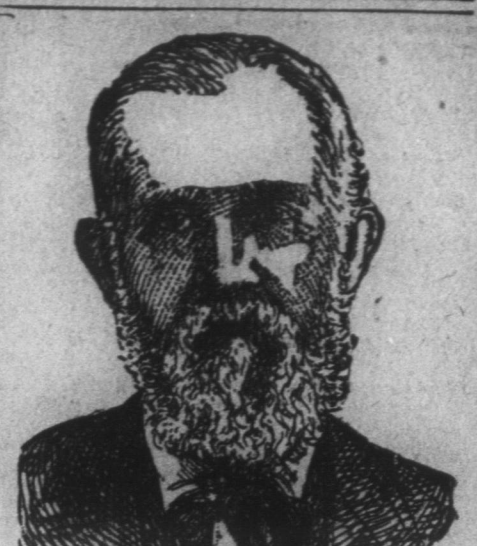
Isn't it likely to be the medicine for you? Sold by druggists everywhere.

SHILOH'S CURE. Cures Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee.

DELICATE WOMEN. Or Debilitated Women, should use BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR. Every ingredient possesses superb Tonic properties and exerts a wonderful influence in toning up and strengthening her system, by driving through the proper channels all impurities. Health and strength guaranteed to result from its use.

My wife, who was bed-ridden for eight months, after using Bradfield's Female Regulator for two months is getting well."

Y. M. JOHNSON, Malvern, Ark. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga. Sold by Druggists at \$1.00 per bottle.



Mr. Harvey Reed, Laceyville, O.

Catarrh, Heart Failure, Paralysis of the Throat

"I Thank God and Hood's Sarsaparilla for Perfect Health."

"Gentlemen: For the benefit of suffering humanity I wish to state a few facts: For several years I have suffered from catarrh and heart failure, getting so bad I could not work and could scarcely walk."

I had a very bad spell of paralysis of the throat some time ago. My throat seemed closed and I could not swallow. The doctors said it was caused by heart failure, and gave medicine, which I took according to directions, but it did not seem to do me any good. My wife urged me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, telling me of Mr. Joseph O. Smith, who had been

At Death's Door but was entirely cured by Hood's Sars