

THE NEWS.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1878.

THOMAS B. BURRILL, Editor.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

| Space | 1 wk | 2 wks | 3 wks | 1 mo | 2 mo | 3 mo | 6 mo | 1 yr |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1 square | 1 00 | 1 50 | 2 00 | 2 50 | 3 00 | 3 50 | 4 00 | 4 50 |
| 2 " | 2 00 | 3 00 | 4 00 | 5 00 | 6 00 | 7 00 | 8 00 | 9 00 |
| 3 " | 3 00 | 4 50 | 6 00 | 7 50 | 9 00 | 10 50 | 12 00 | 13 50 |
| 4 " | 4 00 | 6 00 | 8 00 | 10 00 | 12 00 | 14 00 | 16 00 | 18 00 |
| 5 " | 5 00 | 7 50 | 10 00 | 12 50 | 15 00 | 17 50 | 20 00 | 22 50 |
| 6 " | 6 00 | 9 00 | 12 00 | 15 00 | 18 00 | 21 00 | 24 00 | 27 00 |
| 7 " | 7 00 | 10 50 | 14 00 | 17 50 | 21 00 | 24 50 | 28 00 | 31 50 |
| 8 " | 8 00 | 12 00 | 16 00 | 20 00 | 24 00 | 28 00 | 32 00 | 36 00 |
| 9 " | 9 00 | 13 50 | 18 00 | 22 50 | 27 00 | 31 00 | 35 00 | 39 00 |
| 10 " | 10 00 | 15 00 | 20 00 | 25 00 | 30 00 | 34 00 | 38 00 | 42 00 |

Business notices, 5 cents per line each insertion.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Secretary of State,
JOHN G. SHANKLIN, of Vanderburgh county.
For Auditor of State,
MAHON D. MANSON, of Montgomery Co.
For Treasurer of State,
WILLIAM FLEMING, of Allen county.
For Attorney General,
THOMAS W. FOLEY, of Johnson county.
For State's Public Instruction,
JAMES H. SMITH, of Allen county.

Democratic District Ticket.

For Congress,
THOMAS R. COBB, of Knox Co.
For State Senator,
WILLIAM A. TRAYLOR,
of Dubois county.

For Judge 10th Judicial Circuit,
FRANCIS WILSON,
of Lawrence county.

For Prosecutor 10th Judicial Circuit,
MILTON S. MAVITY,
of Orange county.

For Joint Representative,
JAMES F. STUCKER,
of Orange county.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Clerk,
JOHN R. SIMPSON.
For Treasurer,
GEORGE B. MCCOY.
For Sheriff,
VIRGIL MOON.
For Surveyor,
JOHN McDONALD.
For Coroner,
ALEXANDER McCRACKEN.
For Commissioner (2d District),
AARON SPEER.

Democratic Central Committee.

James F. Stucker, Chairman.
James L. Noblitt, Secretary.
James M. Worrell, John D. Carter,
John E. Jenkins, Samuel C. Miller,
John K. Mavity, Luke B. Cogswell,
Wm. H. Kendall, James M. Summers.

Notice.

The Democratic Central Committee of Orange county are requested to meet at Paoli, on SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1878. A general attendance is requested, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting.

JAMES F. STUCKER,
Chairman D. C. C.

The Democracy will open the State canvass "all along the line" on the 10th of August.

Cassanova got \$10,000 for fixing up the Louisiana returning board matters so as to count Hayes in.

Thos. L. Ewing, Geo. H. Pendleton and Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio, will speak in this state during the pending canvass.

The National Bank "rags" and "lying promises to pay" have no value except what the government credit gives them.

Ex-Attorney General Francis C. Barlow, one of the republicans visiting statesmen to Florida, says: "I have freely expressed my opinion that a great wrong was done in giving the electoral vote of Florida to the republicans."

Gen. Sam. Cary says that the Nationals will draw more from the Republican than from the Democratic party. Democrats have no cause to desert their party. It is pledged to carry out the reforms our greenback friends are demanding.

Chicago Tribune: Ben Butler is making himself the same kind of a fool to the republicans party that he made himself to the democratic party when he voted 52 times for Jeff Davis for a candidate for president in the Charleston national convention, in 1860.

Every man who voted for Tilden and Hendricks owes it to his self-respect to interest himself personally in getting out all the Democratic votes next October. We must emphatically condemn the bold and lawless conspiracy by which we were robbed of our chosen President and Vice President.

—Evanville Courier

Why should the people pay the National Bank the enormous sum of sixteen millions per annum, for a paper currency redeemable in greenbacks, which cost the people nothing?

The way the radicals denounce Ben Butler is becoming amusing, though by no means surprising. "The other day," says an exchange, "he wanted Kellogg to tell him if there was one single man who had a hand in the Louisiana frauds by which Hayes was made president that had not been rewarded by a federal appointment, except the man who was given a number of profitable whisky cases to settle. Kellogg quivered. He couldn't remember. Mr. Hiseock, the republican member, sprang to Kellogg's relief. Butler wrung the confession out of the recalcitrant witness, and Hiseock protested that it was calculated to throw ridicule on the chief magistrate of the nation." Butler promptly replied: "I want to deny any intention to throw ridicule upon the administration; but, if I am driven to it, I will say that I do not think anything I can do will make it more ridiculous than it has made itself."

We have passed through the worst of the grinding times. Everything seems to indicate the return of prosperity. If the people had confidence that the contraction policy was to be permanently abandoned they would take courage and go forward. There is but one way, however, to insure this great object, and that is to support the Democratic nominees for Congress and for both branches of the Legislature at the coming election. They are all pledged by the State platform to the correct financial policy. They will vote on the side of the people and against the money mongers every time. The Nationals do not differ with the Democrats on any essential point, but they cannot hope to elect enough of their men to give them the power. Every vote cast for them, therefore, is a half vote for Republican mismanagement and continued hard times. We trust our National friends will consider well before they waste their votes in an impracticable effort. The Democratic party alone can give the country relief, and we hope before October to see all elements of opposition to Republicanism combine on this side. —Evanville Courier.

These who clamor for Grant for a third term think that he would improve upon his last administration wonderfully. The St. Louis Times is inclined to the opinion that there would be a chance for improvement, and says:

But then it should be remembered that the first term brought the act of March 14, 1869, making our currency bonds payable in gold, which swindled the people of the United States out of more than \$500,000,000, followed by Black Friday, the credit mobiler affair and other little peccadilloes. The second term developed only the Indian ring rascals, the whisky ring thieves, Belknap, Babcock and minor infamies. The second term was an improvement upon the first. Doubtless a third term would be an improvement upon that. But the question naturally arises—would it be possible to make it worse?

Dispatches say there was an unusual heavy movement in the United States bonds in New York, Tuesday; the sales of one national bank alone amounting to nearly \$4,000,000. It was stated that a number of government bond sales are being made for European account, and that bonds amounting to \$3,000,000 have been disposed of in the past week. This knocks "higher than Gilderoy's kite" the Republican theory that the passage of the silver bill would cause the return of our bonds from Europe, and prevent the sales of any more. The Republicans are "the false prophets" of latter days. —Vincennes Sun.

The Texas Democratic State Convention at Austin last Friday passed resolutions demanding one currency for the government and people, laborer and office holder, producer and bondholder; declaring that all bonds and obligations of the government ought to be paid in legal tender notes of the United States where it is not otherwise provided by the original law under which they were issued and demanding that United States bonds be taxed as other property. From Maine to the Gulf the Democracy are of one mind.

Why should the people pay the National Bank the enormous sum of sixteen millions per annum, for a paper currency redeemable in greenbacks, which cost the people nothing?

ED. NEWS.—Will you please publish the following resolutions in the Paoli Weekly News, that the readers of your valuable paper may see what the resolutions contain, and much oblige.

Yours respectfully,
JOSEPH COX.

Resolved, 1. That county officers should be elected on their own honesty and qualifications to discharge the duties of the offices to which they aspire and not because they have received the nomination for such offices by a Democratic or Republican convention.

2. We denounce the practice of obtaining votes by the use of money, whisky or any other dishonorable means; and we pledge ourselves to vote against any candidate who thus uses money, whisky or other means in violation of the laws of the State to secure his election to office.

3. That the lucrative spoils of the offices cause corruption in the scramble for them, and that in justice to the tax-payers we demand that all salaries of the offices be reduced to a fair and reasonable compensation for the services rendered, and that so far as it can be done, we demand that the compensation of the officers shall be definitely fixed by the laws.

4. That the sum of \$102,222.03, raised by taxation and expended off the people of Orange county for State, county, school, township, and for other purposes, for the year ending 31st May, 1878, is enormous and without precedence, and operated most grievously burdensome and oppressive, to pay, on every man, woman and child owning property within the limits of the county.

5. That \$35,374.69 for county purposes alone for one year is an amount far beyond what would be necessary if the finances of the county were in the hands of men who understood the sources whence they are derived, and who would observe the true principles of economy in their expenditure.

6. That the sum of \$41,686.42 school fund for Orange county, for one year, ought to secure more than 100 days of free schools for every child of lawful age; and we believe it would, if the funds were properly managed by those who have the care, control and administration of them.

7. That for the authority of the above amounts collected and expended we rear the people of Orange county to the reports of the Treasurer and Auditor, made to the Board of Commissioners and approved by them on the 11th day of June, 1878, and published in the Paoli News on the 19th day of June, 1878, and continued in all the numbers from 1st June to date.

8. We ask that a certified statement of all the allowances in use at the last session and of each session of the Board of Commissioners be published, so it can be seen who are the favored recipients that draw so bountifully from the county treasury, to meet which such vast amounts of money are required to be collected off the people of Orange county, and for what purposes such allowances are made.

WHEREAS, In view of the loss we have sustained in our Sunday School, by the death of our Friend and classmate Deslie Wilcox, and of the still heavier loss sustained by those nearest and dearest to her: Therefore be it

Resolved, That it is but a just tribute to the memory of the departed to say that in regretting her loss we mourn for one who was in every way worthy our love.

Resolved, That we extend our heartfelt sympathies to the bereaved parents.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased and also to the Orleans Journal and Paoli News.

Justie Allen, Eva Collins,
Belle Cox, Aggie Taylor,
A. Williamson, Katie Busick,
Carrie Lee, Clara Glover,
Martha Elrod, Ruthie Talbot,
Hattie Prather, Lullie Helstead,
Mary Kemp, Ella Graves,
Annie Johnson,
Teacher Lizzie Albertson.

Dr. Albert Day, in the Quarterly Journal of Inebriety, says:

"Inebriety is a disease, developing itself in various forms, weakening the will power, depressing the moral elements of nature, and developing the lower animal propensities. It is a habit that feeds upon itself, and if the habit is entailed by a family, it will become extinct in the third or fourth generation. It depresses the vital forces and makes men indolent and improvident. With proper treatment the disease or habit may be cured like other diseases of the nervous system."

State of Indiana, Orange County, ss: Be it remembered that at a regular meeting of the Board of Commissioners of Orange county, convened on the first Monday in June, 1878, present, Messrs. Joel C. Dillard, Aaron Speer and William W. Chisham, Commissioners of said county, the following allowances were made: also at special session held on the 11th day of April, 1878, to-wit:

| | |
|---|----------|
| George M. Gasaway, work on bridge | \$100.00 |
| Aaron Speer, services as Commissioner | 21.00 |
| Wm. W. Chisham, services as Commissioner | 12.00 |
| Joel C. Dillard, services as Commissioner | 24.00 |
| Samuel A. Davis, attending Commissioners Court | 4.00 |
| JUNE TERM. | |
| Bradley & Gilbert, books and stationery | 25.50 |
| John W. Tucker, services as jailer | 75.00 |
| David F. Stucker, services as Auditor | 450.07 |
| David F. Stucker, freight paid books, &c. | 1.20 |
| Hiram E. Wells, services as Treasurer | 250.00 |
| Hiram E. Wells, freight on tax receipts | 25.00 |
| E. H. Taylor, coffin for pauper | 8.00 |
| Amos A. J. Becken, chain carrier on Wolfe road | 4.50 |
| Isaac N. May, chain carrier on Wolfe road | 4.00 |
| Anthony Farrell, services as assessor of French Lick township | 25.00 |
| James M. Vay, services as assessor of Paoli township | 135.00 |
| George W. Flick, services as assessor of Jackson township | 77.50 |
| Wm. B. Barford, books and stationery | 34.65 |
| Thomas E. Dillard, services as pauper | 1.65 |
| Jas. W. Giles, assessing French Lick township | 100.00 |
| Jasper N. Buchanan, assessing Stampers creek township | 80.00 |
| Alvin Freeman, assessing Orleans township | 132.50 |
| James A. Jenkins, assessing Orangeville township | 25.00 |
| George L. Pierce, assessing Orangeville township | 32.50 |
| John K. McElroy, assessing Greenfield township | 90.00 |
| Indianapolis Sentinel Co., books and stationery | 53.50 |
| John M. Wright, assessing North East township | 12.50 |
| W. B. Barford, assessing North west township | 77.50 |
| Joseph E. McIntosh, assessing Southeast township | 93.00 |
| John C. Albert, lodging for pauper | 6.50 |
| John K. McElroy, assessing Northeast township | 20.00 |
| Samuel A. Davis, serving notices on trustees | 2.70 |
| Aaron Speer, services as Commissioner | 20.00 |
| Joel C. Dillard, attending Commissioners Court | 28.00 |
| W. W. Chisham, services as Commissioner | 20.00 |
| Samuel A. Davis, spitting for Commissioners and pauper | 1.90 |
| John K. McElroy, assessing Northeast township | 3.00 |
| Ben P. Chatham, services as road viewer | 3.00 |
| George Wolfe, services as road viewer | 1.50 |
| Robert Higgins, services as road viewer | 6.00 |
| John E. Webster, services as road viewer | 6.00 |
| L. B. Cogswell, drawing specifications for repairing bridge at Newton Stewart | 2.50 |
| John M. Free, services as road viewer | 1.50 |
| James F. Stucker, for potatoes | 4.50 |
| John A. Macey, repair on door Treasurer's office | 1.00 |
| J. W. Hollingsworth, attending Commissioners Court | 10.00 |
| B. W. Lingle, medical attention to poor | 22.03 |
| James M. Summers, conveying pauper to poor asylum | 4.26 |
| Samuel A. Davis, serving notices on trustees | 14.40 |
| John McDonald, services as surveyor | 18.60 |
| R. W. Lingle, medical attention to poor | 8.31 |
| James A. Hill, medical attention to poor asylum | 14.15 |
| E. G. Wilson, painting notices on Newton Stewart bridge | 2.40 |
| Hiram E. Wells, interest paid on county order | 2.00 |
| James L. Noblitt, services as County Superintendent | 132.03 |
| James M. Andrew, goods furnished poor asylum | 16.41 |
| Andrew J. Rhodes, provisions furnished poor asylum | 3.10 |
| James H. Sherrod, medical attendance to poor | 26.21 |
| James H. Sherrod, coal oil | 40.00 |
| George M. Gasaway, work on Newton Stewart bridge | 10.00 |
| Wm. B. Barford, books and stationery | 21.00 |
| Harriett E. Bewick, washing and mending for prisoners | 2.00 |
| James A. Hill, services as Superintendent of Poor Asylum | 245.00 |
| Hiram E. Wells, mileage to Indianapolis to draw school fund | 25.80 |
| Hiram E. Wells, money paid to student in poor asylum | 151.03 |
| Samuel A. Davis, delivering affidavits to trustees | 18.80 |
| Wm. F. Sherrod, repairing court house pump | 4.50 |
| Samuel A. Davis, boarding prisoners | 99.60 |
| Samuel A. Davis, attending Commissioners Court | 14.00 |
| James A. Hill, conveying pauper to Mitchell, &c. | 5.85 |
| James A. Hill, burial salt for poor asylum | 1.00 |
| Samuel A. Davis, boarding prisoners | 6.00 |
| Samuel A. Davis, boarding prisoners | 3.90 |
| Joel C. Dillard, services as Commissioner | 28.00 |
| Aaron Speer, services as Commissioner | 28.00 |
| W. W. Chisham, services as Commissioner | 24.00 |
| Thomas B. Barford, printing | 24.00 |
| James L. Noblitt, services as County Superintendent | 9.30 |
| DAVID F. STUCKER, Auditor Orange County. | |

June 15, 1878.

LAND SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of the Orange Circuit Court, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of James A. Johnson deceased, will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, on

FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1878,
the following real estate, to-wit: The following tract of land, situate in the North East quarter of section thirty-three (33) town two north and range one east, in Orange County, Indiana.

Terms:—One half cash, the residue in twelve months, the purchaser giving note with security, as per order of court, from date.

Sold to begin at 10 o'clock P. M.

SOLD BY J. M. GILBERT, Adm'r.

July 24, 1878.

Prepare something for exhibition at the fair.

Mr. McIntosh, of the Orleans Journal, was in town this morning.

Lots of folks are going to that trial.

Hon. Charles Beardsley, Senator from Elkhart county died Friday.

The number of students attending the Normal School now in session exceeds that of any former session.

Mr. McIntosh, of the Orleans Journal, was in town this morning.

Democratic State Platform. The Democracy of the State of Indiana, assembled in delegate convention, declare: That national bank notes shall be retired, and the full amount thereof shall be loaned by the Government an equal amount of Treasury notes, with full legal tender quality.

That we are in favor of making United States notes, commonly called greenbacks, a full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except such obligations only as are by the terms of the original contract made payable in gold or silver, and payable in coin.

That the right to issue paper money as well as coin is the exclusive prerogative of the Government, and no money should be issued in such amounts as the sound business interests of the country may, from time to time, require.

We are in favor of such legislation by Congress as will authorize the taxation by the States of United States notes in common with all other money.

That we deem it unwise and inexpedient to enact any further legislation for the funding of the national debt abroad, through the means of home syndicates or other methods, and the best interests of the people would be subserved by legislating as to distribute said debt among our people at home, affording them the most favorable and profitable opportunity for the investment of their savings in the funded debt of the United States.

That we are in favor of such legislation as shall fix the legal rate of interest at not exceeding six per centum per annum.

We demand the restoration of the silver dollar, of 412½ grains, to the coin in the country, and we favor legal tender quality in the payment of all debts, both public and private; and that the coinage thereof shall be continued, and upon the same terms and conditions as may be provided for the coinage of gold.

That we are in favor of an immediate and unconditional repeal of the resumption act. We are in favor of the most rigid economy in public expenditures, and we declare that the fees and salaries of all public officers should be reduced.

That we are in favor of the repeal of the bankrupt act.

That we sincerely deplore the recent violent collisions between labor and capital, and to prevent the recurrence thereof and to protect the future public order and security we believe that the wages of employees of corporations engaged in the business of mining, manufacturing and transportation should be a first lien upon the property of such corporations, and that such lien should be declared, defined and enforced by appropriate legislation.

That we favor the passage of a law for the ventilation of coal mines—one that would be just to the miner and the owner.

The Democratic party is the friend of the common school system, and will in every legitimate way labor for its success, and will oppose any attempt to divert any portion of common school funds to any sectarian purpose.

That the last appropriation of the State for legislative purposes was grossly unjust and dishonorable, and we demand that the next legislature, in appropriating the State for legislative purposes, as will be their imperative duty, shall have regard alone to population and contiguous territory.

That the jurisdiction claimed and exercised by the Circuit Courts of the United States over questions of corporate and individual rights arising under the laws of the States, and the power to grant writs to such an extent as to amount to a practical denial of justice in many cases; and we consider the jurisdiction which the United States courts exercise as unjust and harmful to the true interests of the people.

We are opposed to class legislation, and oppose a grant of a monopoly to the Federal Government, either in lands, bonds, money, or by the denial of the public credit. We are in favor of the most rigid economy in public expenditures, and we declare that the fees and salaries of all public officers should be reduced.

We are in favor of the repeal of the bankrupt act.

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INVESTIGATION DEMANDED

—AT—

Paoli Drug Store

The Proprietor of THE PAOLI DRUG STORE demands, in the interest of the people, an investigation, not of funds in the Presidential count, but of his stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

PATENT MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYE STUFFS, LAMPS AND LAMP FIXTURES, PERFUMERIES AND FANCY ARTICLES, COSMETICS, COMBS, SOAPS, SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, POCKET BOOKS, NOTE PAPEL, FLAT AND LEGAL CAPS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, PURE WINES AND LIQUOR.

Also a large and full stock of

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

consisting in part of PIANOS, ORGANS, VIOLINS, BANJOS, GUITARS, ACCORDIONS, FLUTES, FIFES, PICCOLOS, &c., &c. In connection with the above I also keep a full stock of JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, PLATED WARE, &c., &c., all of which I will sell at before the war prices. Don't fail to call before making your purchases elsewhere.

L. S. BOWLES.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE. By virtue of an execution, to me directed from the Clerk of the Orange Circuit Court, I will expose at public sale, to the highest bidder, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 17, 1878,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the court house of Orange county, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of section twenty-one (21) township one north and range two (2) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, all in Orange county, Indiana.

And on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose at public sale the fee-simple of said real estate.

Taken at the property of James C. Stewart, as administrator of the estate of James C. Stewart deceased, and approved by the Sheriff of Orange County.

July 16, 1878.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution, to me directed from the Clerk of the Orange Circuit Court, I will expose at public sale, to the highest bidder, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 17, 1878,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the court house of Orange county, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, the following described real estate, to-wit:

A part of the northwest quarter of section thirty-three (33)