

THE DEMOCRAT

Published by J. M. DALLAN, at the Democrat Office, No. 100 North Second Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Thursday, April 9, 1870.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Secretary of State,
NORMAN EDDY, of St. Joseph.
For Auditor of State,
JOHN C. SHUMAKER, of Perry.
For Treasurer of State,
JAMES B. RAY, of Marion.
For Attorney General,
DAYLESS W. HANNA, of Vigo.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
MILTON L. HOPKINS, of Montgomery.
For Judges of Supreme Court,
JAMES L. WARDEN, of Albany,
ALEXANDER C. DOWNEY, of Ohio,
SAMUEL H. BUSH, of Kansas,
JOHN PETHIT, of Tippecanoe.

A Proposition to Democrats.

Feeling the importance of an extended circulation of Democratic home papers during the campaign now pending, we propose to furnish THE DEMOCRAT from MAY 5, 1870, to JANUARY 1, 1871, (EIGHT MONTHS) for ONE DOLLAR IN ADVANCE.

At this rate no name can be entered upon our books unless accompanied by the cash. We have made this proposition very liberal at the solicitation of members of the Central Committee and other prominent Democrats, and expect the hearty co-operation of all friends.

Who will send us the largest list of campaign subscribers?

Democratic County Convention.

The Democrats of Marshall county are notified that their central committee have ordered that a delegate convention be held at Plymouth, on Saturday, June 18th, 1870, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices to be filled at the next general election.

The number of delegates votes to which each township in said county will be entitled in said convention is based upon the vote cast for governor in 1868, and is as follows:

Townships.	Vote in '68.	No. Delegates.
Center	291	34
Bourbon	291	34
German	237	28
Walnut	237	28
Polk	194	23
West	182	21
North	174	20
Union	168	19
Tippecanoe	119	14
Green	117	13
Total	2295	120

The Democrats of the several townships are requested to hold conventions and appoint delegates to the county convention on Saturday, June 11th, unless for local reasons some other day would be more convenient.

H. CORBIN, Chairman.
D. McDONALD, Secretary.

Corporation Convention.

The Democrats of Plymouth are requested to meet in mass convention at the office of THE DEMOCRAT, on Saturday evening, April 30th, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices to be filled next Monday.

A full attendance of all Democratic voters is the corporation is urgently requested, in order that a good and satisfactory ticket may be put in nomination.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

How Are You, Economy?

The present board of trustees of Plymouth corporation went into office a year ago on pledges of retrenchment and reform. As they have been in office one term, let us post up the account of expenses for trustee service, and compare it with the allowances made to the board of trustees preceding them, whose expenses were to be retrenched:

Increase,\$252.00

Showing an increase of over ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY PER CENT. in the compensation voted by the present trustees to themselves, in excess of the amount received by the former board! And a similar increase of salary has been made to the other

Showing an increase of over ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY PER CENT. in the compensation voted by the present trustees to themselves, in excess of the amount received by the former board! And a similar increase of salary has been made to other corporation officers. If the people like this kind of retrenchment and reform, they will doubtless vote to continue this political element in power. Judging from the manner in which the present board of trustees have slashed into the treasury it is reasonable to suppose they did not anticpate their services would be required beyond their present term. So mote it be.

Terrible Accident.

On the 27th instant, while a large crowd was assembled in the upper portion of the capitol building at Richmond, Va., the floor gave way, and fell 20 feet to the floor below. This was followed by a general crash of timbers, and the falling of inside walls. About 60 persons were killed and double that number badly wounded.

Directly after the disaster, the fire alarm was sounded, and the hook and ladder companies repaired to the rescue. The police encircled the building, and ladders were thrown up to the windows. For three hours the scene was full of horror. Minute after minute there appeared, swung out by a rope around the middle of the body, some one, who, after being swung on the shoulder of one of the fire brigades,

mangled and dead, was brought down the ladder into the green of the park, to be recognized by friends. The park was filled with weeping women and anxious men until 2 o'clock, when the last victim was drawn from the ruins. To-day is being observed as a day of mourning by the city.

The Corporation Election.

We call especial attention to the announcement in to-day's paper, of the convention to be held at this office, next Saturday evening at 7:30 o'clock. In addition to the regular call, we respectfully urge upon all Democrats a prompt and full attendance. Our office room is large and commodious, and will be well lighted, and provided with seats and conveniences for all who attend.

The importance of having a good and efficient town government cannot be overestimated. In addition to the political significance of a victory at this time, we need officers in whom the people have confidence as to their ability and integrity; men who have no selfish ends to gain, or personal piques to gratify. Plenty of such men can be found among the Democrats of this town, and we hope the convention on Saturday evening will see to it that none others are put upon the ticket.

A succinct history of reconstruction comes to us in a southern paper, as follows:

Which is it that's the best government the world ever seed? Georgey to heve been out by this time, having run some fourteen or more since Dixie went up his first territory; Second, Persival; third, no government, (just slosh around loose like a stray dog); fourth, military; fifth, military and civil mixed; sixth, in the United States one-fourth; seventh, plum out, etc., down to the fourteenth,—which started out trying to run a sorter double barrel fix in'. That is, civil when it suits, military when it don't, and it suits and don't every new moon.

General News.

PARIS, April 24, midnight.

The chiefs of the French Republicans, at a meeting last evening, resolved to recommend to their party a negative vote on the question of the *pelote*. This action unites the left center or moderate Republicans, with the party of the irreconcilables, on position on the empire, and they will now join their votes with the Legitimists to defeat the ends of Napoleon. As the time for taking the vote draws near, the excitement on the subject increases, and it is now believed that the party opposed to the present dynasty is strong enough to cause grave doubts of the result among supporters of the emperor's cause. Tomorrow morning will be published decrees concerning the manner of taking the vote, and the cities and nation are becoming greatly excited with the prospect.

The following is the emperor's proclamation:

"Frenchmen: The constitution of 1852, drawn up in virtue of the powers which I gave me, and ratified by the eight millions of votes which re-established the empire, has procured for France eighteen years of calm and prosperity which have not been without glory. It has insured order, and left the way open to a limprovement. Thus more security has been confirmed. The larger part it has taken in progress of liberty, but successive changes have altered the basis of the *pelote*, which cannot be changed without an appeal to the nation. It becomes indispensable then, that a new constitutional pact shall be approved by the people who were formerly its constituents of the Republic and of the empire. At these two epochs it was believed, even as I myself believe to-day, that anything done without you was illegal. The constitution of Democratic and Imperial France may be reduced to a small number of fundamental provisions, which cannot be changed without your consent. Your decision will have the advantage of rendering definite the progress already made, and of placing beyond the influence of political fluctuations the principles of Government. Time, lost too often in barren and embittered controversies, may be more usefully employed hereafter in seeking means of increasing the moral and material well being of the greatest number. I address myself to all of you, from the 10th of December, 1848, surmounting all obstacles to place me at your head, to you, who, for twenty two years, have without cessation guarded by your suffrage, sustained by your co-operation, and rewarded me by your affection. Believe me, as a new proof of confidence in bringing to the ballot box an affirmative vote, you will exercise the menaces of revolution, you will place order and liberty on a solid basis, and you will render easier in the future the transmission of the crown to my son. You have a most unanimously for eighteen years clothed me with the most extensive powers; be also equally unanimous in supporting the transformation of the Imperial regime. A great nation has no way of attaining its development without resting an institution which guarantees at the same time stability and progress. To the call which I make on you, to ratify liberal reforms realized within the last ten years, reply yes. As for myself, faithful to my origin, I shall continue penetrated by your thought and fortified by your will, and, confiding in providence, shall work without cessation for the prosperity and the grandeur of France.

From Bourbon.

Bourbon, April 23.

The dry goods store of Esquire Cless was broken into on Friday night, and various articles of clothing, notions, &c., carried away. The thieves gained an entrance from the outside, through the cellar way.

N. D. Heller, formerly of this place, was in town last week. His large steam flouring mill, at Heller's Corners, Allen county, was destroyed by fire on the 15th instant. A large amount of flour, and some three or four thousand bushels of wheat were consumed. His loss, he thinks, will reach \$15,000. No insurance.

Mrs. Murdock died quite suddenly on Friday morning.

Rev. R. J. Parrett, the newly appointed pastor of the M. E. church, delivered his first sermon on Sunday morning. Rev. E. S. Freeman goes to Charlotteville, near Indianapolis.

A new platform at the place where the depot ought to be, is our latest improvement.

"Rumors" and "whisky fads" are epithets used by a "few fanatics" to designate those who do not see fit to join the "movement."

A rail road from Bremen via Bourbon, Tippecanoe and Bloomingsburg to Peru, is the latest railroad talk. The road will probably not be completed before the 4th of July!

Child's play is respectable as compared with the legal management of the "movement."

Sheridan Runs away from Thomas' Funeral.

General Sheridan arrived in Troy yesterday morning, remained about four hours, and then left for Philadelphia, where he is to join in the banquet. He came with the body of a major general of the army, a man before whose glorious, many career, the glory of Sheridan pales almost to nothingness. There are not words enough to express our detestation of the cold self-interest which has exhibited. Nor are we alone in this feeling. Almost everybody unites in turning it an outrage on decency. Sheridan could not wait until a brother officer was carried to his last resting place, but must needs hurry from the scene of mourning to one of riotous feasting. But this is essentially a Frenchman. Could we expect the man who ordered the massacre of poor, half-starved savages, who had learned from advancing civilization nothing but wickedness, to honor the dead, though it was a soldier of the Republic and a brother officer? There is talk of reducing the army. We believe in it to a certain degree, and the sword should begin at the head, and Sheridan, the inhuman, heartless and selfish Sheridan should be one of the first to be cut off.

NAPOLION.

Rome, April 24.

The pope is just in receipt of a note from the Prussian government, announcing to the papal authorities that the North German states will take active legal measures to prevent any invasion of the rights of the states by the clerical power. The North German Bishops had previously received the intimation that no action on their part interfering in any manner with the protestant policy of the state would be countenanced or the enforcement of such papal decrees allowed; and, as was expected, that sentiment is officially communicated to the pope. The ministry has been commissioned with the reply of the Vatican.

The third public sitting of the Ecumenical council was held this morning. There was a magnificent assembly. The pope made his entrance at 9 o'clock; all the benches were occupied by that hour. Many bishops, heretofore abstaining from the meetings, attended. After the celebration of mass, the non-voting prelates withdrew. The four first chapters of the first *schemata* de fide, condemning rational philosophy and heterodoxy, were read aloud. The sermons collected the votes, which were all in the affirmative. The pope, from his throne, then announced and sanctioned the decree of the council. The proceedings were impressive.

The *schemata* voted yesterday, contains 4 chapters and 18 canons.

Another public session will be held on the 26th. The pope will preside, and the fathers will vote openly on the additional articles of faith.

WASHINGTON, April 25.

The state department has taken active measures to repress any attempted invasion of Canada by the Fenians. The impression has gone forth that the United States authorities would remain passive and allow the Fenians to violate the neutrality laws without interference. Secretary Fish says, however, that the laws will be promptly enforced, and those who attempt to violate them severely punished. The government is advised that May 1st has been agreed upon by the Fenian leaders as the time to make a raid upon the Canadian frontiers, and United States troops will be in readiness at that time to suppress any demonstration.

The telegraphic dispatches from Toronto professing to state information has been given by the government of the United States to the Canadian authorities with regard to the Fenians or intentions of this government are not to be relied on; they appear to be prepared with a design of invariably misrepresenting this government and are generally pure fiction.

Rumor says that Sunday next has been definitely fixed by the Fenians for the commencement raid on Canada.

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NAPOLION.

Too Fast.

The Seymour Times, a radical paper, seems to be getting tired of the negro. It says:

"We would respectfully suggest to the leaders of the Republican party that they are crowding the 'colored person' a little too fast for their own good and for his good. Negro suffrage is a bitter pill for at least one-half of the men who have hitherto voted the Republican ticket. Hence, time should have been given them to digest that before another and a worse dose was exhibited. This crowding of the negro into office while there are well men quite as deserving, and as well qualified, won't win in the long run. It will break the Republican party down. It will reduce the negro to a worse condition than he occupies in a state of slavery, if that be possible. It will sooner or later lead to his extermination. Politicians and fanatical idiots who can't read the signs of the times may elevate the negro to the United States Senate and to the platform of conventions, but they can not find endorsement at the polls for such disgusting conduct, and they will find it out when too late. It is probable that both parties will strive for the negro vote. We predict that this foolish policy of elevating negroes to office, and of catering to them for their votes, will result in the formation of what will be called the 'White Man's Party,' which will carry the next presidential election if wisdom in the selection of candidates is observed, and there is not too much rebel Democracy mixed up with it. Such a movement is imminent, and if made will break up the Republican party, which would be a deplorable event for the country. Let us secure the negro in his right to the ballot, but for the salvation of our party—for the welfare of our country—for the good of the negro—let us disengage him from seeking or accepting office."

Splinters.

The newspapers in all sections of Kentucky report fruit prospects to be good.

Our Kentucky exchanges complain that the "fifteenth amendments" are unpropitious in celebrating the adoption of said measure.

Chicago is guarded by three hundred and eighty-two policemen.

Louisville is to have a German opera house.

Extensive freshets have widened the limits of all the Western rivers.

Pearl diving is carried on at points along the California coast.

Emerson says: "Our nineteenth century is the age of fools" and Emerson knows.

The woolen manufacturers are holding a convention at Milwaukee.

Garibaldi has promised to help the Greek insurgents with two thousand volunteers.

The ready made clothing business of Boston amounts to upward of \$10,000,000 per annum.

Manton Marble, editor and owner of the New York World, is dangerously ill and threatened with blindness.

A joint stock affair—ox tail soup.

Stanton's face is on the new 50 cent notes.

Lamarine has left enough manuscript to fill ten duodecimo volumes.

Fetchter never read a criticism upon himself.

The Hon. Amos Cummings does sensations for the Sun.

Snow on the regularly traveled trail to the Yosemite is from 8 to 10 feet in depth.

The laws of China were made 2,000 years ago, and have undergone but little change.

A sympathetic cat perished of a broken heart.

New Bedford boasts of a pointer that came to a stand before a door inscribed, "A Patriage."

The French Prelates at Rome denounce that city as the most contemptible place on earth.

A project to erect a monument to General Thomas, in capital square, in Columbus, Ohio, has been started at Cleveland.

The colored population of Richmond is rapidly decreasing through using kerosene to start fires.

General Lee looks the same as he did at Appomattox save that his beard is whiter.

Anna Dickinson has told one truth. She says the government needs brains and conscience.

San Francisco Chinese stand the earthquakes unflinchingly while negroes turn pale.

The decoration of Confederate soldiers' graves is getting into disuse in Texas.

Omaha bids land and money to the amount of \$62,000 to any one erecting a \$150,000 hotel there.

Georgia is agitated over the question as to whether or not that frisky animal, the plesiosurus, is really extinct.

The French prisons contain present six graduates of American penal institutions.

Chief Justice Chase is in bad health at present.

FARM FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN.

The undersigned offers for sale his Farm lying one mile west of the John Vreeland farm in the Burr Oak State, consisting of 180 acres—150 acres under fence; good orchard of fruit, good well with stone; new frame house with nine rooms, stone foundation, cellar same size as the house, which is white brick and painted; also a common two-story, Price, \$20 per acre, one-third down, and the balance on five years time. March 1870. JOHN W. OSBORNE.

PLYMOUTH MARKETS.

GROCERIES—Retail.	
Apples, dried, per lb.	12
Corn Meal, per bush.	20
Candles, per box.	25
Malasses, per gallon.	20
Peaches, dried, per lb.	15
Sugar, crushed, per lb.	12
Sugar, brown, per lb.	10
Syrup, per gallon.	12
Tea, black, per lb.	15
Tea, green, per lb.	15
Tobacco, per lb.	15
Butter, per lb.	15
Beans, per bush.	20
Chickens, dressed, per lb.	10
Chickens, live, per lb.	10
Pork, dressed, per lb.	10
Pork, salted, per lb.	10
Flour, white, per bush.	20
Do, red, per bush.	18
Do, yellow, per bush.	18
Onions, per bush.	10
Shirts, per dozen.	10
Tallow, per lb.	10
FARM PRODUCTS—Wholesale.	
Beans, per bush.	20
Recessed, per bush.	20
Hay, timothy, per ton.	10
Do, clover, per ton.	10
Do, alfalfa, per ton.	10
Do, green, per ton.	10
Do, red, per ton.	10
Do, yellow, per ton.	10
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