

The Nappanee News

G. N. MURRAY, Publisher.

NAPPANEE, INDIANA.

NEWS NOTES FOR THE BUSY MAN

Most Important Happenings of the World
Told in Brief.

POLITICAL.

Chairman Mack of the Democratic national committee attacked George R. Sheldon, Republican national treasurer, because of his alleged relations with the trusts, and it developed that he was preparing to open up on W. M. Cromwell, member of the Republican advisory committee, on the same grounds.

Edward W. Townsend of Monclair, N. J., author of the "Chimney Fadden" stories, was nominated for congress by the Democratic convention of the Seventh district of New Jersey.

William H. Taft delivered several speeches in Lincoln, Neb., and William J. Bryan wound up a three weeks' tour with a big meeting at Creston, Ia.

PERSONAL.

Lieut. Frank T. Evans, son of Admiral Evans, will be tried by court-martial at Manila on charges of being absent from his station while acting as chief of the deck, using profane and disrespectful language to a superior officer and intoxication.

James W. Quillan, owner of a private bank at Ipava, Ill., was indicted for receiving deposits after he knew the bank was insolvent.

A divorce was granted to Nat Goodwin, the actor, from Maxine Elliott at Reno, Nev.

Dr. Alexander Mann of Trinity Episcopal church, Boston, Mass., was elected bishop of the Protestant diocese of Washington.

W. D. Ryan, national secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, tendered his resignation to accept the position of commissioner of arbitration of the Southwestern Coal Operators' association.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., began work as office clerk at the plant of the Hartford Carpet Corporation, Thompsonville, Conn. Later he will go into the wool-sorting department.

Yancey Carter, the Independence party's candidate for governor of Georgia, was indicted for carrying concealed weapons.

Sir George Truscott was elected lord mayor of London.

Joseph Stewart of Missouri, superintendent of the division of railway adjustment in the post office department, was appointed second assistant postmaster general, succeeding James T. McCleary of Minnesota, who resigned.

Caleb Powers, the Kentuckian who spent eight years in a penitentiary in connection with the Goebel assassination case before being pardoned by Gov. Wilson, was baptized in the Baptist church at Jellico, Tenn.

GENERAL NEWS.

Rear Admiral Sperry decided not to give shore leave to any enlisted men at Manila because of the cholera. The fleet was given a joyful welcome by the people and there was a big marine parade in the harbor.

Foley, the county seat of Benson county, Minn., a village of 1,000 people, was practically destroyed by fire.

As the result of a report made by the civil service commission, President Roosevelt removed Lincoln Avery, collector of the port at Port Huron, Mich., and also directed the removal of Charles H. Dailey, special agent of the treasury at that place.

The State bank at Dewesee, Neb., was dynamited and robbed of \$2,500.

Fire at Winthrop Beach, near Boston, Mass., destroyed Crest hall and the Oceanview house, summer hotels.

It is said the recent changes in the immigration department in California were the result of an investigation disclosing widespread corruption in the service along the Mexican border, by which hundreds of Chinese have gained illegal entrance to the United States.

The Turkish army was reported to be moving toward the Bulgarian frontier and Bulgaria to be hurriedly preparing for war.

Montreal was selected as the convention city of the League of American Municipalities for 1909. Silas Cook, mayor of East St. Louis, Ill., was elected president.

The Atlantic battleship fleet passed Zamboanga, where it was greeted by Gen. Bliss and swarms of natives.

Secretary Cortelyou opened the International Congress on Tuberculosis in Washington, a great assemblage of notable men from all civilized nations being present.

A Turkish steamship ran down the steam ferry boat Stambul outside the harbor of Smyrna. One hundred and forty persons were drowned.

The annual convention of the League of American Municipalities began its sessions in Omaha, Neb., with large attendance.

Jewels valued at \$50,000 are said to have been stolen from diamond dealers in New York.

Masked men held up an interurban car at Wellsville, O., and took \$21 from the conductor.

The post office at Franklin Grove, Ill., was robbed by safe-blowers.

Great damage was done by a hurricane that swept over the Bahamas.

The thirty-fourth annual convention of the American Bankers' association at Denver came to an end with the election of George M. Reynolds of Chicago, president, and Lewis E. Pierson of New York, first vice-president. The convention placed its squarely on record as against both the proposition to guarantee bank deposits and that to establish postal savings banks.

The Atlantic battleship fleet arrived at Manila and prepared to take part in a water fete.

Two lives were lost and 20 or more persons were injured in Spencer, N. C., by the explosion of a powder storage house on the yards of the Southern Railway Company.

Over a score of men, women and children were injured during the great historical and industrial pageant in celebration of Pittsburgh's sesquicentennial anniversary.

Six boys were killed at Sugar Ridge, O., when a freight train on the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad crashed into a heavily laden excursion train returning from a fair at Bowling Green.

Eight firemen were carried down with the falling floors of a burning building in Youngstown, O., and three, including Chief Reiley, were believed to be dead in the ruins.

An African lion escaped from the winter quarters of a circus near New Brunswick, N. J., and, after killing two cows and a calf, was shot to death.

Mrs. Hattie Demer of Kalamazoo, Mich., was instantly killed and Louis J. Feys of Detroit was probably fatally injured when the automobile in which they were riding was struck by a street car.

Sheriff Lane of Westchester county, New York, on advice of Attorney General Jackson, refused to take Harry Thaw to Pittsburgh in compliance with a writ of habeas corpus issued by Federal District Judge Archibald.

At Freeport, Ill., Salvatore Campagna was found guilty of the murder of Felix Cassato, and was sentenced to 14 years' imprisonment.

M. M. Vaughn, editor of the Californian, committed suicide in his editorial rooms at Eureka, Cal.

Mrs. Roselle Borgman was shot and killed in her home at Corona, L. I., by her brother, William Rattes, 18 years old, who is attached to the schoolship Newport. He says the shooting was accidental.

Six members of the crew of a logging train were killed and eight injured in a collision at Scappoose, Ore., on the Northern Pacific road.

The castaways from the British steamer Aeolus, who spent nearly two months on Christmas Island, arrived at Suva, Fiji, on the steamer Manuka, all well and increased by one in number.

A daughter was born to the wife of Chaplain B. R. Patrick, U. S. N., 24 hours before the Manuka was sighted.

Dr. Robert Koch stirred up a renewal of the old discussion on the sources of pulmonary tuberculosis in the congress on tuberculosis at Washington, when he repeated his opinion, stated in 1901 in London, that "human beings may be infected by bovine tuberculosis bacilli, but serious diseases from this cause occur very rarely."

Robbers dynamited the safe of a bank in Cogswell, N. D., but fled without getting any plunder.

Lazare Weiller, a prominent French financier and airplane promoter, announced that he had ordered the construction of 50 aeroplanes on the Wright model.

The legislative inquiry into the bribery charges made against Gov. Hanly and Senator Wickwire of Indiana by Representative Knisely ended in a complete vindication for the governor, a finding that Knisely would not have accepted a bribe if tendered, and the making of a scapegoat of Wickwire by the house.

The American battleship Alabama and Maine arrived at Gibraltar.

Manufacturers of railroad material, representing hundreds of millions of dollars in capital, met at the Waldorf-Astoria hotel, New York, to form an organization to combat the attacks on railroads from legislative and other sources.

The United States steamer Tarlack was caught in a gale and driven ashore on Borongan Island, one of the Samarai group. It is thought the vessel will be a total loss.

Charles Edward Davis was bound over to the district court at Omaha to answer the charge of murder in the first degree for the killing of Dr. Frederick Rustin.

Ninety-three heroes who within the last year have saved the lives of drowning persons in the waters around New York were presented with medals or certificates of honor by the United States Volunteer Life-Saving corps.

Lord Rosslyn "went broke" in the test of his roulette system against Sir Hiram Maxim, losing \$50,000 in "dummy" money.

The business section of Michel, B. C., was almost wholly destroyed by fire.

While playing with the scrub team against the Yale "varsity" football team, Lewis Baker Warren of New York, a member of the class of 1910, Sheffield Scientific school, was kicked on the head and rendered unconscious.

Illinois Central's fast Diamond Special, south-bound, ran into an open switch at Divernon, 20 miles south of Springfield, and was ditched. A little girl near the tracks was killed by fragments and the engineer and fireman were injured.

Name Cox for Congress.

SOLONS GO HOME; EXONERATE HANLY

CHARGE AGAINST GOVERNOR IS DECLARED BASELESS.

EXTRA SESSION AT END

Summary of What Special Meeting of the Legislature Accomplished
—Other News of Indiana.

What legislature did:

County local option law.

Appropriations continued and made for state institutions.

Allowing 3/4-inch drill bits to be used by miners in making blasts, instead of 2 1/2-inch drills.

Preservation of army flags by commission consisting of civil war, Mexican war and Spanish war veterans, all to serve without pay, but handle an appropriation of \$12,000.

Bills that died in committee were:

Representative Newton F. Watson's automobile bill.

Representative Miles Furnas' three-mile gravel road bill.

Representative John F. Joyce's weekly wage payment bill.

Representative Coble's bank guarantee bill.

Representative Burton Green's bill to abolish the state tax board.

Representative Henry M. Taylor's bill reducing the salaries of superior and circuit judges from \$3,500 to \$2,500.

The house passed a state-wide prohibition resolution, but the senate killed it.

The senate passed the night rider bill, but the house killed it.

The session cost approximately \$30,000, so \$10,000 of the sum appropriated in the session will revert to the treasury.

Indianapolis.—The special session of the Indiana legislature came to an end after the committee appointed by the house to investigate charges of attempted bribery of Representative Knisely by Gov. Hanly and Senator Wickwire had reported. The committee exonerated the governor, but did not deal as leniently with Senator Wickwire, saying that if he did what Knisely charged in his affidavit he was without any authority for pledging an appointment for Knisely's vote.

After setting out the manner in which the committee had discharged its duties, the report concludes:

"We further find that there is no evidence in said record that Hon. J. Frank Hanly, governor of the state of Indiana, offered or tendered Representative Knisely any position, official or otherwise, or any consideration to influence his vote on the county local option bill, nor did he authorize any other person to make any such offer.

"We further find that Senator Wickwire and Representative Knisely had certain conversations prior to the passage of said county local option bill, relative to his vote upon said measure (the evidence as to what was said at said times and places being conflicting), from which Representative Knisely inferred that certain improper inducements were being tendered him to influence his vote on said local option bill, but from all the evidence we find that Representative Knisely did not intend to accept any position, if any were tendered, and that Senator Wickwire, if he tendered or offered any position, had none at his disposal, nor did he have authority from any other person to make any such offer or tender.

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