

Democratic State Ticket.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
DANIEL MCCLURE, of Morgan.
AUDITOR OF STATE,
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.
TREASURER OF STATE,
NATHL E. CUNNINGHAM, of Vigo.
SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
SAMUEL L. RUGG, of Allen.
ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOS. E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.
FOR SENATE JUDGES,
SAMUEL E. PERKINS, of Marion.
ANDREW DAVIDSON, of Decatur.
JAMES M. HANNA, of Vigo.
JAMES L. WORDEN, of Whitley.

FOR CONGRESS, 9TH DISTRICT,
Col. JOHN C. WALKER, of Laporte.
FOR CIRCUIT PROSECUTOR,
J. A. THORNTON, of Laporte county.
FOR STATE SENATOR,
GILSON S. CLEVELAND, of Marshall.
FOR COMMON PLEAS PROSECUTOR,
ANDREW W. PORTER, of Starke Co.

Congressional Convention.

The largest and most enthusiastic convention ever assembled in the Ninth Congressional District, convened at this place on Tuesday last, for the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for Congress. At 9 o'clock a. m., about twenty-five horsemen proceeded down the Michigan road, and met the "unarmed" of Fulton county, at about 11 in number, and escorted them into town, where they were received with a hearty welcome by the Democracy of Marshall. Delegations from Bloomsburg, Tippecanoe, Town, Bourbon, Wolf Creek and Stark county, came in at an early hour, and by the time the train was expected from the west, our usually quiet village was thronged almost to overflowing with good and true Democrats from Marshall and adjoining counties. The train from the west brought a host of Democrats from the western portion of the District, who were accompanied by the La Porte Brass Band, the Kickapoo and Westville Union Brass Bands. The delegations, accompanied by those who had arrived, and headed by the Bands, marched to the Edwards House, where an appropriate speech was made by Col. May, of Laporte, after which they proceeded to the Court House for the purpose of attending a temporary organization. Hon. N. Eddy, of St. Joseph, was chosen permanent President of the Convention; S. A. Hall, of Cass, and John A. Graham, of Miami, were appointed Secretaries. A committee of one from each county represented was appointed a committee on resolutions. The Democratic editors of the District were appointed a committee to appoint the voter allowing each county one vote for every one hundred, and one for every fraction over fifty; and the Convention adjourned until 1:30 p. m.

At the time appointed, the Convention assembled. The counties were called, and the delegates requested to proceed to ballot for a candidate for Congress. Jasper, White, Benton and Pulaski were not represented. On the first ballot, John C. Walker received 61 votes, James Bradley 33, C. H. Revere 10. There was a misunderstanding in regard to the vote of Marshall, and while it was being counted, Mr. D. J. Woodward, having been authorized, withdrew the name of James Bradley. The Marshall delegates then brought in their vote for John C. Walker; whereupon, he was declared the unanimous nominee of the Convention. Col. Walker, having been informed of his nomination, appeared on the stand amid the most enthusiastic applause, and in a few well-timed and eloquent remarks, thanked the Convention for its partiality in giving him the nomination, promising to use his best exertions to redeem the "Bloody Ninth" from the thrall of Democracy. The next Presidential election will consign it to the same bondage to which the Republican party is fast hastening.

Military Meeting.
Pursuant to previous notice the citizens of Plymouth met at the Court House on the 16th inst., and organized the meeting by appointing David Vinedge chairman and R. Brown secretary.

The chairman then stated the objects of the meeting, to be the formation of a Cavalry Company in this place.
Mr. D. Vinedge moved that the name and style of the company be "THE MARSHALL RANGERS."
R. Brown then moved that the uniform consist as follows, to-wit:
Kosuth Hat, with Austrian Plume; Citizens frock coat, (black); sky blue Pants and stripes, (satinet); red Sash, and Spurs.
The members then resolved themselves into a committee to select memberships, and that both papers be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.
On motion the meeting adjourned to meet next Saturday evening at the Court House.
July 16th, 1858.
D. VINEDGE, Ch'n.
R. BROWN, Sec'y.

Democratic Senatorial Convention.

After the nomination of Col. John C. Walker, by the Congressional Convention of July 20th, the delegates from St. Joseph and Marshall counties retired to nominate a candidate to represent this new district in the Senate of Indiana.
The convention was organized by calling Mr. JOHN BROWNFIELD, of St. Joseph, to the chair, and appointing W. H. Deapier, of the South Bend Forum, Secretary.
The names of G. S. CLEVELAND, of Marshall, and A. E. DRAPER, of St. Joseph were presented to the convention, each receiving an equal number of votes, when Mr. Draper appeared in the convention and unconditionally refused to be considered as a candidate, upon which Mr. Cleveland was declared to be the nominee of the convention.

It is said by some that the commercial crisis of 1857 came upon us at a time when the products of agriculture were never more plentiful; this is admitted—and it is an easy task to find the cause. The true cause was in the under estimate of the value of agricultural products, and the over estimate of other articles of trade and commerce; for instance: bank notes had a

nominal or representative value, and produced an intrinsic value; the former was rated at all. Business men failed, banks suspended, manufacturing establishments closed, and a general stagnation of business was the result. The American people thought themselves ruined when they became aware of the rottenness of the foundation whereon they had built their hopes of success in business. When ruin stared them in the face, and there were no visible means of extrication from this commercial depression, they looked at last, as they should have done at first, to the agriculturalist for relief, and were not disappointed. When the fact became known that our country was never better supplied with the products of agriculture, a general revival of business was the result of that discovery. Agriculture has redeemed our credit—has brought wealth and all the attendant comforts to our doors, and established a firm basis whereon we may begin anew, with the experience of the past as a guide for the future.

The occupation of the agriculturalist is the noblest of any in the catalogue of industrial pursuits. It furnishes the most tempting viands for the epicure; decks humanity in the most glowing habiliments; gives health and vigor to the feeblest of Adam's posterity, and imparts a serenity of conscience, and benevolence of heart that is a stranger to all other occupations. It is the only occupation that furnishes real independence, and the only one on which all others are dependent for their success. There is no other branch of industry to which *one billion human beings are daily dependent for their existence.*

What's the use of talking about intervention, when at one fell blow the Supreme Court has made all the Territories and free States slave Territories and slave States? The only chance freedom has now in Kansas is in popular sovereignty. —Marshall County Republican.

Just so. The only chance freedom has now in Kansas, is in popular sovereignty. The editor must have been out of his wits, when he penned the above. To allow the people to decide for themselves, in their own way, is Democratic doctrine, yet the sage of the *Republican* says the only chance for freedom in Kansas is in Popular Sovereignty, and thereby acknowledges that his party is advancing no doctrine that will insure freedom in Kansas, and that unless the Democratic party is successful, Kansas must come into the Union as a slave State. We have always thought that if Kansas ever should come into the Union with slavery in her constitution, it would be through the means of the Black Republican party, who have almost strangled their eyes out in shrieking for freedom in Kansas. The Republican party never desired Kansas to come into the Union as a free State, as their acts have shown. They don't want Kansas to come in at all, with any Constitution, until after the Presidential election, in 1860. The slavery question must be kept open until then, or the Republican party must disband and try some new hobby, which will meet with as signal a defeat as did the Republican party, which sprung up in Philadelphia, and matured in a day. Already steps have been taken to organize a "People's Party" which is to have for its platform: "Opposition to Democracy." The next Presidential election will consign it to the same bondage to which the Republican party is fast hastening.

Union Township.
At a meeting of the Democrats of Union township, held at Uniontown on the 17th inst., on motion of Jas. Brooke John H. Vories was called to the chair and L. M. Boles appointed secretary.

On motion of Jas. Brooke the President was authorized to appoint a committee of three to select delegates to attend the County Convention to be held at Plymouth on the 5th day of August next. James Brooke, J. H. Clark and David Scott were appointed said committee, who, after retiring for deliberation, reported the following names which were unanimously adopted: Abraham Vories, Jr., John R. McGinnis, L. M. Boles, David Scott, John Garver, Francis Edwards, D. R. Vories and James Brooke.

Jas Brooke then being called upon, delivered a short speech replete with sound logic and argument; after which, James M. Wickizer, in a short and lucid address, exposed the chameleon colors of the opposition.
Jas. Brooke then moved that the delegation from Union township be instructed to first cast their votes for G. S. Cleveland for Representative, Thos. McDougal for Auditor and J. F. Vanvalkenburgh for Sheriff, which motion was adopted.
It was then moved that Jas. Brooke, Mr. McDougal, D. R. Vories and Jesse D. Clark be appointed delegates to the Congressional convention, which motion prevailed.
On motion the convention then adjourned.
J. H. VORIES Pres't.
L. M. BOLES Sec'y.

Green Township.

We have not received the proceedings of the convention in this township, but learn that the following gentlemen were selected as delegates to the County Convention, on the 5th of August:
Wm. Hughes, Richard McGuff, Isaac Butler, John A. Rhodes, James Jones, Lewis Boggs, Perry Washburne.

The Stark county delegation was then called in and a candidate for Common Pleas Prosecutor nominated in the person of Andrew W. P. Davis, of Stark.
A resolution was then offered requesting the publication of these proceedings in the Marshall County Democrat and the South Bend Forum, and then,
On motion the convention adjourned, sine die.

Democratic Meeting in Polk Township, July 17, '58.

The meeting was called to order by C. Cushman, Esq. J. Hull, Esq. was appointed Chairman, and John C. Cushman Secretary.

The following gentlemen were unanimously chosen as delegates to represent this township in the County Convention at Plymouth, Aug. 5th. Consider Cushman, John C. Cushman, John H. Kelly, John Snyder, and J. O. Aikin.

The following resolutions were then read by the committee on resolutions and unanimously adopted by the Convention:
Resolved, That our faith in the great principles which form the ground work of the democratic party, remains unshaken, and through storm or calm, they shall receive our hearty support.

Resolved, That in the coming contest the Democrats of Polk township will stand by the colors of the party and "never surrender," shall be the motto inscribed upon their banner.

Resolved, That our delegates be instructed especially, to urge the claims of Cushman, Esq., before the county Convention on the 5th of August, as Treasurer for Marshall county.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Polk township will redeem their character by giving the democratic candidates fifty majority in October next.

Resolved, That the foregoing proceedings be published in the Marshall County Democrat. Adjourned.

J. HULL, Chm'n.
JOHN C. CUSHMAN, Sec'y.

Democratic Convention in Bourbon Township.

At a meeting of the Democrats of Bourbon township, Marshall county, Ind., J. W. Davis was chosen Chairman and W. F. Sherwood Secretary.

On motion a committee of three was appointed to select delegates to the county Convention to be held at Plymouth on the 5th day of August next.

The committee reported as delegates the names of W. Garrison, R. S. Piper, J. C. Helrick, J. Sauer, C. Davis and W. F. Sherwood, who were elected by ballot.

It was then on motion,
Resolved, That our delegates be instructed to support in the county Convention, the nomination of Gilson S. Cleveland as a candidate for Representative in the State Legislature from the counties of Marshall and Stark.

Also our delegates were instructed to support the nomination of Thomas McDougal for auditor of Marshall county.

They were also instructed to support the nominations of Wm. C. Edwards as a candidate for county Treasurer and Collector, J. F. Vanvalkenburgh for Sheriff and Jacob Knoblock for County Commissioner.

The meeting then adjourned.
J. W. DAVIS Chm'n.
W. F. SHERWOOD Sec'y.

Union Township.

At a meeting of the Democrats of Union township, held at Uniontown on the 17th inst., on motion of Jas. Brooke John H. Vories was called to the chair and L. M. Boles appointed secretary.

On motion of Jas. Brooke the President was authorized to appoint a committee of three to select delegates to attend the County Convention to be held at Plymouth on the 5th day of August next. James Brooke, J. H. Clark and David Scott were appointed said committee, who, after retiring for deliberation, reported the following names which were unanimously adopted: Abraham Vories, Jr., John R. McGinnis, L. M. Boles, David Scott, John Garver, Francis Edwards, D. R. Vories and James Brooke.

Jas Brooke then being called upon, delivered a short speech replete with sound logic and argument; after which, James M. Wickizer, in a short and lucid address, exposed the chameleon colors of the opposition.
Jas. Brooke then moved that the delegation from Union township be instructed to first cast their votes for G. S. Cleveland for Representative, Thos. McDougal for Auditor and J. F. Vanvalkenburgh for Sheriff, which motion was adopted.
It was then moved that Jas. Brooke, Mr. McDougal, D. R. Vories and Jesse D. Clark be appointed delegates to the Congressional convention, which motion prevailed.
On motion the convention then adjourned.
J. H. VORIES Pres't.
L. M. BOLES Sec'y.

Green Township.

We have not received the proceedings of the convention in this township, but learn that the following gentlemen were selected as delegates to the County Convention, on the 5th of August:
Wm. Hughes, Richard McGuff, Isaac Butler, John A. Rhodes, James Jones, Lewis Boggs, Perry Washburne.

Democratic Meeting in Centre Township.

Pursuant to previous notice, the Democracy of Centre township assembled at the Court House, and were called to order by the appointment of ELIAS JACOBY President, and D. VINNEDGE Secretary.

On motion of Joseph Evans, the President was instructed to appoint a committee to select delegates to attend the County Convention, upon which the following named gentlemen were chosen delegates:
H. Corbin, Daniel Jacoby, Sec'y., and John B. Dickson.

The committee reported the following named gentlemen as delegates: William Roberts, S. A. Francis Isaac Orr, James Hagston, N. R. Packard, D. Vinedge, John Smith, James Miller, Elias Jacoby, H. M. Loran, William Welch, H. Pierce, Hugh Jackson, John B. Dickson, Daniel Jacoby, H. Corbin, Samuel McDougal, W. C. Stidley, Andrew Hanna, A. B. Ayers Baldwin, N. L. Babcock, and J. A. Shidley.

On motion of A. C. Staley, the one receiving a majority of all the votes present to be entitled to the delegation in the County Convention; and if no one receives a majority of all present, then each one to be entitled to his relative strength, which was carried.

On motion, the Convention proceeded to ballot for candidates for Representative first. The names of G. S. Cleveland and D. Bechtel were proposed. D. How and A. Vinedge were appointed tellers.

Cleveland received 75 votes and Bechtel 11. (There were a number of votes cast at this ballot for Treasurer.)

The ballot was then taken for Treasurer, with the following result:
Joseph Evans received six votes, W. M. Patterson 23, A. C. Staley 31, and W. C. Edwards 39.

The vote for Auditor resulted as follows: T. McDougal 31 votes, and J. K. Brooke 50 votes.

On motion, J. F. Vanvalkenburgh received the unanimous endorsement for Sheriff, J. E. N. Kinner for Surrogate, Jacob Knoblock for Commissioner, and A. B. Ayers for Coroner.

On motion, the Ethics of the "Marshall County Democrat" were requested to publish the proceedings of the Convention.

On motion, the Convention adjourned sine die.
ELIAS JACOBY, Pres.
D. VINNEDGE, Sec'y.

Democratic Meeting in German Township.

Pursuant to previous notice, a meeting of the Democracy of German Township, was held at Bremen, June 26th, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the County Convention.

ROBERT MONTGOMERY was called to the Chair, and James Scott appointed Secretary.

On motion, the following gentlemen were appointed as delegates to the County Convention, to be held at Plymouth on the 29th inst:
R. Montgomery, John Stiles, John A. Leeper, Simon Snyder, F. Knoblock, Sec'y., F. Knoblock, Jr., and D. O. Bird.

They were instructed by the meeting to vote for Joseph Bechtel for Representative, T. McDougal for Auditor, J. F. Vanvalkenburgh for Sheriff, and Peter Schlarb for Treasurer, Jacob Knoblock was unanimously recommended by the meeting for County Commissioner.

The delegates were instructed to vote for the above named gentlemen on the first ballot; after that for the most available man.

ROBT MONTGOMERY, President.
JAMES SCOTT, Sec'y.

GRANTER.—John, please "define" love! "Granter is a common noun, third person, plural number, objective case."
"No, nominative case!"
"Nominative to what verb?"
"I don't know sir!"
"Well, what follows girls?"
"John Dickson followed our girls what we've got to love, last Sunday afternoon."
"No, you must! Well, I suppose they are in the objective case."
"No direct when I read and I should they were in the possessive case, for John was huggin on like a dumpling."

MARRIED.—At Athens, Pa., on the 30th ult., Mr. James Bee to Miss Martha Ann Flower.
Well hath this little Bee.
Improver'd life's shining hour,
He gathers honey now all day.
From one sweet chestnut flower;
And from his hive he'll Heaven please,
He'll raise a swarm of little Bees.

Railroad Accident—Nine Lives Lost.

New York, July 16.
While the express train of last evening from this city, on the Erie Railroad was at Shin Hollow, near Port Jefferson, a rail gave way, and the two hind cars were thrown down an embankment thirty feet high.

Forty-seven passengers were wounded.
New York, July 16.
New Orleans papers contain details of the earthquake in Mexico. It was very disastrous.

The loss in the city of Mexico alone is estimated at \$5,000,000.
Churches, theatres, convents, &c., were either damaged or entirely demolished.
Five hundred lives were lost.
The yellow fever was making dreadful ravages at Vera Cruz.

Washington, July 17.
It is said that Gen. Scott has issued preparatory orders for all the available troops on the Pacific seaboard to be in readiness to reinforce the army in Washington Territory.

The State Department has issued instructions to our Minister in Mexico not to abandon his post under any circumstances.

Commander Bartwell has been sentenced to five years' suspension from duty.

The Peace Commissioners, in a despatch to the Government, state that they have settled the difficulties existing between the United States Government and the Mormons.

The Penobscot Indians are doing a smashing business in making hoops for ladies' dresses out of basket stuff. The red ladies have adopted the fashion of hoops.

The overflow of the Mississippi has left crowds of alligators "high and dry" on some plantations. On one plantation alone 60 of these monsters were killed.

The latest rows of crops in Europe, is unfavorable.

There are now 700 convicts in the Ohio penitentiary.

Failure of the Ocean Telegraph Cable.

New York, July 20.
The steamship North Star, from Northampton July 7th, arrived at this port this morning at 1 o'clock.

The steamship Asia arrived out on the 4th.
The most important intelligence by its arrival is the failure of the attempt to lay the Atlantic telegraph cable.

The Niagara and Gorgon arrived at Queens town on the 6th.
The Agamemnon and Valorous had not arrived on the 7th.

The Niagara Agamemnon met a third time on the 23rd, and a third time connected the cable.

They then started afresh. When the Niagara having paid out over 15 miles of cable, all on board endeavored the most sanguine expectation of success, when the fatal announcement was made on the 26th, at 9 p. m., that the electric current had ceased to flow.

As the necessity of abandoning the enterprise for the present was only too manifest, it was considered that the opportunity might be availed of to test the strength of the cable.

Accordingly this immense vessel with all her store &c., was allowed to swing to the cable, and in addition a train of four tons was placed upon the breakers, yet, although it was blowing fresh at the time, the cable held her as if she had been anchored, for over an hour when a heavy pitch of the sea snapped the rope, and the Niagara bore away for Queens town.

She must have passed the Agamemnon, but owing to the heavy fog, missed seeing or hearing any tidings of her. It was conjectured that the latter had not delivered her specified quantity of cable at the time of the failure, and may have returned to the place of meeting. Should nothing be heard of her, the Niagara would proceed to the ocean station, having still on board 1,400 miles of the cable, which, supposing the other vessel has retained a similar amount, will permit of the junction being completed; and allowing 50 per cent for casualties.

2,500 ounces of gold had arrived from New Zealand.

The ship R. L. Gilchrist, from Thomaston, Me., took fire July 5th, in the harbor of Havre, and was still burning on the 7th when the North Star left, notwithstanding the most active endeavors of the author of the paper and others to extinguish the flames. The ship had on a portion of her outward cargo, consisting of 33 bales of cotton 47 hogheads of tobacco, and 45,000 staves.

Pennsylvania American-Republicans Convention.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 14.
The Union State convention assembled this P. M., and organized by electing Gov. Reeder president. He made an address returning thanks for the honor, and then referred to the precarious condition of the national affairs. He charged the administration with deserting cardinal democratic doctrines, and enjoining an harmony among the delegates for the welfare of the union party.

On the first ballot for Civil Commissioner, O. Thompson received 24 votes; John M. Reed, 25; J. P. Jones, 17; John J. Pearson, 13; scattering 49. Eight other ballots were then taken, and on the last one Reed received 61 votes; Pearson, 43; Jones, 21. Necessary to a choice, 61. A. H. Reed was elected.

EVANS'S SESSION.—On the tenth ballot, Mr. Reed was nominated, receiving 63 votes.

The Cable Parted.

Boston, July 16.
Through the kindness of Capt. Joseph Cummings, of the ship Alice Munroe from Liverpool, arrived of the port, we received the following:

At sea, Sunday, June 27.—Lat. 52 deg. 2 min. north; Long. 33 deg. 15 min. west; wind light; weather hazy. Saw two ships heaving to the westward, and on looking with the glass, found them to be the U. S. steam frigate Niagara and H. B. M. ship Gorgon, of the telegraph squadron, and as they were sailing still, but once tracked ship and so on towards the east. At 11 a. m. we were hailed by Cyrus Field, esq., and a lieutenant, from the Niagara, from whom we received a letter-bag and the following communication.

That the squadron had experienced very bad weather from its leaving port, and was six days reaching its destination, and that they had made two unsuccessful attempts to lay the cable. On the second attempt, the 23rd, they succeeded in laying upwards of forty miles, and were going along finely when the communication ceased at 12:55 o'clock on Sunday morning, the 27th of June. The ships then returned to the starting point and were waiting for the return of the Agamemnon and Valorous, and as soon as they met a splice would be made.

We last sight of the Niagara at 3:30 p. m., and as the fog set in soon after, I do not think the squadron met before the 23rd.

The weather since, for some days, has been foggy and unsettled. Mr. Field seemed to be in good spirits, and thought they should yet succeed in laying the cable. The stormy weather had interfered much with the success of the enterprise.

ACCOUNT FROM THE FRAZER RIVER.—H. W. Meritt to Mow & Day.—Mr. Joseph T. Bash, who came passenger in the summer, says he has been to work three weeks on Frazer river, near Soller's Bar, during which time he made ten dollars a day with a rocker. He says there are parties on the river making as much as one hundred dollars a day with rockers, all of these at work, indeed, were in good spirits.

Between Fort Hope and Soller's Bar, there were, when Mr. Bash left, about three hundred and fifty miners, none of whom were making less than ten dollars per day, which is far below the average. Only thirty five or forty men are at work on Thompsons River.

Mr. Bash says the mines increase in richness as you ascend the river. He comes to replenish his stock, and designs returning as soon as possible.

Two miners, of Selkirk, returned last evening from Frazer River in a canoe, after an absence of six weeks.

They state that during a low stage of

the river they made fifteen dollars per day each. Four rockers near them were making from four to nine and a half ounces per day.

The wheat crop has been bounteous in the South. In Alabama we have gathered the largest yield ever known. As proof of this, we learn that in Talladega, Calhoun and Randolph counties the best flour can be purchased at \$1.50 a 200 per 100 lbs. Our Selma friends are expecting to buy it soon there \$2.00 a 25 per 100 lbs.

Mobile Mercury, July 5.

The citizens' Bank, at Memphis, has failed; situated in large, but the indignation of the people much larger.

The Democrats have carried the election in Oregon, and it is thought Gen. Lane will be elected U. S. Senator.

Politicians make fools of themselves, lawyers make fools of others; pretty girls make fools of them all.

The following toast was given at a late 4th of July celebration:
"Elour plenty in the barrel,
Lots of money in your pocket,
Boby in the cradle,
And pretty wife to rock it!"

A quaint old writer says: "The English drink away trouble—the Frenchman dances it away—the German smokes it away—and the American talks it away."

A talking match, for \$50 aside, lately came off at New Orleans, between a Yankee and a Frenchman. The Yankee won the bet. The poor Frenchman was found dead the next morning, the Yankee lying beside him, whispering in his ear.

"Daddy, daddy," said a little boy to his father, the captain was here this morning, and he and mammy had a big fight. He bit mammy right in the mouth, but mammy bit him in the mouth agin, and throwed her arms around his neck and came mighty near chocking him."

The yellow fever is on the increase in New Orleans.

Twenty cargoes of slaves have been landed at Havana since March last.

The taxes in New York city, this year, will amount to eight and a half millions—a half million more than last year.

Breslin, the defaulter in Ohio, is going to "own up," and tell how he done it.

Senator Green will canvass Illinois in behalf of Hon. Stephen A. Douglas.

No serious difficulty is anticipated in our relations with Mexico.

The remains of a monster animal have recently been found in Iowa. In 1844, near the same spot, a tusk, 11 feet long, was found.

The Buffalo papers report that the wheat along the shore of Lake Erie is so much injured by the weevil, in most instances, that it will not pay for cutting.

A woman, lately, at Harrisburg, tied her husband up in a sack, while he was drunk, and whipped him when he was sober.

The last words of James Powers, who was recently hung at Washington city, were: "Do as I tell you, and I let liquor alone."

Judge Metcalf has retired from the editorial post of the Elkhart Times. Dr. E. W. H. Ellis is now the editor.

The water in Lake Erie is now higher than it has ever been before known in the memory of the oldest inhabitant.

Stop Grumbling.

Grumblers are usually long-lived, in the opinion of their friends, and should therefore be cured of their disease as soon as possible.

Now, in order to prevent another financial crisis, and sundry other terrible evils too numerous to mention, we wish to give a little advice to our fellow-citizens of the whole grumbling fraternity:

1st. Stop grumbling.

2d. Get up two hours earlier in the morning, and begin to do something outside of your regular profession.

3d. Stop grumbling.

4th. Mind your own business—with all your might—let other people's alone.

5th. Stop grumbling.

6th. Live within your means. Eat with moderation, and go to bed early.

7th. Stop grumbling.

8th. Talk less of your own peculiar gifts and virtues, and more of those of your friends and neighbors.

9th. Stop grumbling.

10th. Do all you can to make

others happy. Bend your neck and back more frequently when you pass those outside of "select circles." Fulfill your promises. Pay your debts. Be yourself all you wish to see in others. Be a good man—a true Christian, and then you cannot help—finally to 11th. Stop grumbling.

A lady's seamless skirt is advertised. Anything that would make them seem less is welcome.

"I bought them boots to wear only when I go into genteel society," said one of the codfish aristocracy to a wag the other day.

"Oh, you did, eh?" quoth the wag; well, then, in that case, them boots will be likely to last you a lifetime, and be worth something to your heirs!"

Why are notes of hand like blades of grass? Because they are brought to maturity by falling due. (dem.)

Why is the letter R very beneficial to society? Because it makes a friend a friend.

DIED.—in Plymouth, on Friday evening, July 17th, 1858, of Consumption, MARY E. wife of Eugene Hunsington, aged 21 years.

In the death of Mr. H. we recognize the loss of a near and dear friend; one who, through all the vicissitudes of life, was greatly endeared, by her amiability of character, to all with whom she associated; and in the memory of her virtue, she may learn an example in becoming better and purer beings.

"Death lies on her like an untimely frost Upon the sweetest flower of all the field." She leaves a husband and one child, and a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn her loss.

New Advertisements.

ETI would respectfully announce to the citizens of Plymouth and vicinity, that I will give a series of lessons in Penmanship and Book keeping in said town, commencing on Monday, August 2nd. Persons wishing to acquire a rapid system of Penmanship, will please call at the Edwards House and examine my specimens.

My system of Book keeping is entirely practical—using no text books, but performing the transactions after the best methods practiced by eastern