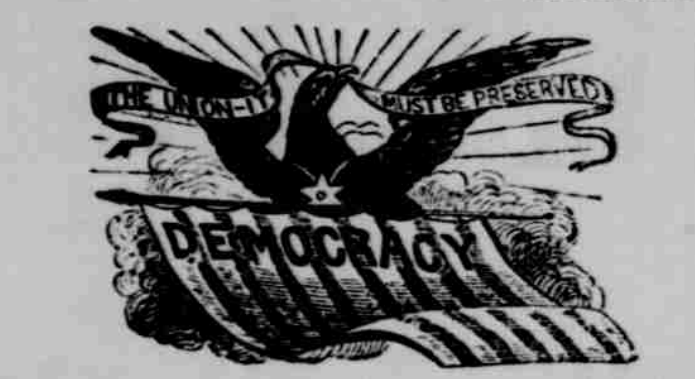


# THE DEMOCRAT.



T. McDONALD, Editor.

PLYMOUTH, IND.  
Thursday Morning, Sept. 24, 1857.

## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Treasurer and Collector,  
D. VINNEDGE.  
Recorder,  
DANIEL McDONALD,  
Cornerer,  
JACOB BARNES.  
Commissioner 2nd Dist.  
ROBERT S. PIPER.

We are authorized to announce the name of WILLIAM M. PATTERSON, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the legal voters of Marshall county, on the 13th of October next.

## Schools.

There seems to be a variety of opinions in reference to the manner in which school money should be distributed among the different schools. A portion of the township Trustees will divide according to the number of scholars attending the school, others will give an equal quantity to each school. The first plan is undoubtedly the more equitable and contrary to the law governing the case, the second is also contrary to law, unless there was a uniform price paid to teachers per month, or term, which is not and will not be the case. The law contemplates that there are, or shall be a sufficient number of school houses to accommodate all the scholars, and that school shall be taught an equal length of time, without regard to the number of scholars. Those interested in having a school taught, are required to make choice of some person as teacher. The director's duty is to make their choice known to the Trustees, whose duty it is to employ them, if they can agree on the terms; provided the teacher produces a certificate from one of the school examiners.

We look at the case in this light. The Trustees have the control of the schools and of the school money belonging to the township. The law presumes that they shall act impartially, and have schools taught by competent teachers, an equal length of time in each district. There are probably double the number of scholars in some districts than there are in others, and they may be much farther advanced, and would require a teacher that would cost the Trustees one half more than one would that was entirely competent to teach in one of the smaller districts, where nothing further than the elementary branches had to be taught. Be that as it may, the schools which are taught by order of the Trustees must be taught an equal length of time throughout the township.

We learn from the *Peru Sentinel*, that the Sheriff and Treasurer, whose time expired in August last, according to their commissions, have concluded that the law of 1856, making the terms of office uniform, is constitutional, consequently, they refuse to deliver over the books, papers, &c., to those who were elected last fall. The *Sentinel* also states that on Monday (14th inst) there were six difficulties (fights) in Peru. The combatants were all sober men, and usually peaceable.

We understand that the democrats in the twelfth Judicial Circuit have nominated Hon. John Pettit as their candidate for Judge, and the republicans have nominated Charles Test Esq. as their candidate. Mr. Test is a very suitable man for a republican candidate. We knew him when he was a boy; he first belonged to the whig party, afterwards he joined the democratic party, and failing to be promoted, he attached himself to the republican party.

## P. F. W. & C. R. R.

We learnt a few weeks since that Mr. Broad, who has the contract (except some two or three sections) to make the road ready for the ties, from here to Chicago, proposed to the citizens of Porter county, that he would go on and finish his contract, provided they would raise him \$30,000 in cash, the balance he would take in bonds of the Company, at 75 cts. on the dollar.

The Porter County Democrat of last week says that the amount has been pledged by responsible parties. The grading will now be finished at any day as possible.

Dr. D. Lemon Esq., Secretary of the Laporte County Agricultural Society, will accept our grateful acknowledgments for a family ticket, which he kindly presented to us. The Fair is to be held on the 1st day of this month and the first and second of October; and from the preparations which are being made, it will undoubtedly be the most interesting of any that has been held in the north.

A new Post-Office, called "Argus," has been established about nine miles south of this place, on the Michigan road, and Orrin Maxton appointed P. M.

There was a pretty sharp frost last Monday morning.

We notice in our exchanges that Governor Willard has notified the Clerks in those counties where vacancies have occurred for Senator or Representative, to give notice that said vacancies will be filled at the October election. Should he deem it advisable to call an extra session the coming winter, there will probably be a full house.

## Judiciary.

We learn from the State Sentinel that the question in reference to whether the resignation of Judge Stuart and Gookins, have created vacancies has been submitted to the Attorney General; who, gives as his opinion that there are no vacancies to fill at the October election. Judge Stewart's resignation will take effect the first of January next, and Judge Gookins', when his successor is elected and qualified.

We somewhat doubt the propriety of such resignations. It appears to us, that they could have resigned, say the middle of the present month; then there would have been no question in reference to vacancies. The people would have elected two to fill their place, and they could have been qualified and ready for business at the November term. As the matter now stands unless they withdraw their resignations, Gov. Willard will be under the painful necessity of filling their places by appointment.

"Don't get in a stew," but hold on until W. C. Shirley gets back from New York and Philadelphia; for while he is "down east" he allows to buy a "hull lot" of most everything you will want this fall or coming winter.

Oglebee & Shirley just want the folks to understand what they are going to do, and they think they will consult their own interest enough to keep quiet for just a few weeks, and then they can have all their demands supplied, in the way of Dry Goods, Groceries, and notions of every kind; at the lowest possible living figures—fact.

Rumor says that the Central Bank, the Bank of the Capitol, at Indianapolis, and the Rock River Bank of Beloit, Wisconsin, have failed.

## TERRIBLE DISASTER!

LOSS OF THE CENTRAL AMERICA!  
500 Lives Lost!!

Charleston, Sept. 18.—The officers of the steamer Thomas Swan reports that the Norwegian bark Eloise, when spoken on the 25th inst., was making for Norfolk for the purpose of landing the party of passengers rescued from the Central America. The details of the calamity will be obtained on the arrival of the Eloise at Norfolk.

Savannah, Sept. 18.—The bark Saxony arrived at this port this morning, with five passengers rescued from the Central America. She reports the total loss of the vessel, treasure and mails, and about five hundred passengers. A portion of the crew, together with the woman and children passengers, numbering in all forty persons, were saved by the brig Marine, bound to Boston.

The sea was very heavy at the time the ship foundered.

Forty-nine other passengers were picked up by the bark Eloise.

The names of the five saved by the bark Saxony, are as follows:  
H. H. Childs, of the firm of Childs & Daugherty, New York.  
Jabez Howes, of the firm of Geo. Howes & Co., San Francisco.  
Col. Geo. W. Cook, of Maine.

Adolph Frederick, of San Francisco.

Norfolk, Sept. 18.—The steamship Central America foundered on Saturday last. Fifty passengers were rescued by the Norwegian bark Eloise, including twenty-six females.

The officers were all lost, except Jas. M. Frazier, second officer.

The chief engineer, Geo. E. Ashby, took a boat and deserted the ship.

The two millions of dollars in specie which were on board the Central America were lost.

The Central America was commanded by Lieutenant William L. Herndon, U. S. Navy.

The crew consisted of 101 men; passengers, 520; total, 625 souls.

## Arrival of the Persia.

New York, Sept. 15.—The steamship Persia arrived this morning from Liverpool with dates to the 5th inst. The steamer Fulton arrived out on the 3d inst.

Lecompte, the American horse, has been badly beaten in the race for the Warwick cup. Only three ran, and he came in last, being beaten by twenty lengths.

There are rumors of minor changes in the British Ministry.

The Mexican Charge d'Affaires had quitted Madrid.

The London underwriters of the Atlantic cable, offer 36 1/2 per cent., and give up all claims for salvage for the portion that may be regained.

Eleven more British regiments are under orders for India.

The Paris Pays denies the reported occupation of the Island of Formosa by the United States.

Russian troops are concentrating on the Austrian frontier, to prevent the interference of the latter with the affairs of the Principality.

TURKEY.—Advices from Constantinople state that the Porte still firmly insists that the English shall evacuate the Isle of Perine, or restore it to Turkey.

The steamer Reson had arrived at Southampton from Calcutta, with a number of fugitives from the massacre at Meerut, including an American missionary, Mr. Hay and family. They all narrowly escaped death at Meerut.

The Persia brings 243 passengers, including Chevalier Huleman, Rev. Dr. Tyng, and Charlotte Cushman. She passed the steamship Canada on the 5th inst., going into Liverpool. She also spoke, yesterday, in latitude 40 40, and longitude 70 41, the U. S. Frigate Falmouth, bound to Portsmouth, N. H.

## The Forty Bulls of Bashan.

"Oh, for a forty Bashan power,  
To sing thy praises, hypocrite!"

Pierce had thirty-five hundred New England Parsons after him "in the name of Almighty God," but Buchanan has only forty, the old Bashan number, with "His terrible Majesty" to back them, and which Bulls "Old Buck" puts to flight with a single dash of his pen. What a pusillanimous set of pimps these pious pretenders of New England, called the Priesthood, have become. They have no idea but they are empowered of Heaven to regulate the things of this earth, and dictate to men what they shall think, and to the government what it shall do. For political information they read the New York Tribune, and the statements of Horace Greeley, the greatest political liar in America, are words of inspiration to them. They preach political sermons from the Tribune as a text book, they found their prayers upon its vocabulary of lies, and "in the name of Almighty God," and of "His terrible Majesty" they threaten the powers that be with the vengeance of the most Wonderful men! It was to protect the people from the tyranny, intolerance and persecution of just such blind bigots as they, that this Government was established.

We had supposed this political Priestcraft—this political praying and screeching farce had been played out, but it seems there are forty ministers left, fools enough to think they can get a hearing in the High Court above. They say to the President: "Your Excellency may rest assured that we shall not refrain from the prayer that Almighty God will make your Administration an example of justice and beneficence, and with His terrible Majesty protect our people and our Constitution."

That is just what Brigadier General Beecher and his thirty-five hundred praying priests undertook to do last year. They marshalled all their forces for a regular Pentecost fight, and called on God to help elect Fremont, but either God did not hear their petition, or else he refused to fight on the Fusion side, for we whipped Beecher, Greeley, the New England Clergy and the "two Fremonts" all to fits.

It is no use for these latter-day Republicans to call on God for help. He evidently is not with them, but is, (as witness the result of the late Presidential election) most decidedly against them. He was no doubt a friend of the early Republicans and guided them in achieving the revolution and forming the Constitution. He was with Washington at Valley Forge, at Brandywine, and at the final battle of Yorktown. He was present at the Convention which framed the Constitution, and was called upon to conciliate contending factions in the final adoption of that instrument.

As the fruits of that revolution and under that Constitution, our country has become the marvel of the world, and it is folly to suppose that the Almighty desires now to see his handy work demolished by a crazy set of disunionists. Now we say let these "forty political parsons" pray—the "forty Bulls of Bashan" roar. Nobody is frightened, nobody hurt. The church have nothing else for these pampered menials now to do. They have pounded their puppets to pieces preaching politics to the people. Christ and Him crucified has become obsolete, and they have got just so much to say in order to be ready for that Great (salary) day.

"He that is wisest can penetrate the future deepest."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

## The Financial Troubles.

The great portion of the existing financial difficulties have been occasioned by an excess of, and an indiscriminate credit. Immense amounts of money have been loaned to railway projects, without an adequate examination of the character of the enterprises, or the men who were to control them. Incompetent men have thus had means placed in their hands to squander, and the result shows that not only has the capital stock of a great portion of the railroad of the country been sunk, but in many cases, the first mortgage bonds have depreciated to one half of their nominal value. And these evils have arisen mainly from the easy manner in which credit has been obtained.

And the same difficulties have existed in mercantile affairs. The wholesale merchants have been too liberal in credit. Almost any buyer has been able to purchase without much reference to his skill or capital. As long as money was easy, this liberality not only extended to numbers, but to the duration of the credit. The retail dealer having a long indulgence, is disposed to extend the same to his custo-

mers. In this way, the credit system, instead of being a benefit to any, has been a positive evil to all. It leads to overtrading not only on the part of the trader but the consumer. New York and the eastern cities are now suffering the results of a system which is justly attributable to the policy, if not the folly, of their own creation. Their merchants and money jobbers inaugurated a system, the bitter fruits of which they are now reaping.

A discriminate credit system is doubtless of advantage to both buyer and seller. If wisely administered it will develop and aid a healthy trade. It affords the facilities which a prosperous and rapidly growing country demands. But if these facilities are indiscriminately extended the evils then overbalance all their benefits. The experience of every man has taught him these lessons.

But it seems almost a waste of words to moralize upon a question, the evils of which are generally acknowledged and reform promised, during those periodical financial revisions like that which is now transpiring, but when the storm has blown over and the sunshine of prosperity again returns, its lessons are forgotten as easily as the passing winds. The basis of our country's prosperity is so broad and illimitable that it takes but a short period to recover from almost any disaster. The financial storm bends the tree while it is passing, but as soon as its force is spent the tree recovers its position and again shoots upward nourished and sustained by the rich soil in which it is planted.

## Startling Development—Arrest of a Prominent Citizen of Rochester for a Dreadful Crime.

From the Rochester Union, Wednesday.

It is with pain that we are compelled to make an announcement which will stirle this whole community, and carry sorrow and pain into a respectable family and a large circle of society, including our whole business community. One of our hitherto esteemed and influential citizens was this day arrested upon a charge of a dreadful, diabolical crime; and from what we gather from official and authentic sources, we believe the testimony is very strong, if not conclusive, as to the guilt of the accused.

The person to whom we allude is John B. Robertson, cashier of the Eagle Bank. He was arrested between one and two o'clock this afternoon, by Chief of Police Oviatt, on a warrant issued by Police Justice Barwell, on the application of District Attorney Hason. The warrant charges Mr. Robertson with attempting to produce the death of his wife by administering certain medicines, drugs or compounds, procured by him for that purpose. From what information we have gathered from the District Attorney, we may state the facts briefly to be as follows:

Some few days since Mr. Robertson applied to Dr. Joseph Biegler, his family physician, to administer to Mrs. Robertson some medicine which would tend to hasten her death by increasing the liability to certain diseases with which she was afflicted. We understand that the diseases to which she was deemed liable and strongly predisposed are apoplexy and disease of the heart. Hence medicines which would increase the circulation, it is supposed, would produce one or the other of those diseases.

Dr. Biegler was surprised that such a proposition had been made to him, and at once consulted certain citizens whom he regarded as friends to him, and they went with him to the District Attorney. Under the direction of that officer, steps were taken, to confirm the statement of Dr. B., and the District Attorney states that they were fully confirmed in every particular. Dr. B. gave Mr. Robertson certain compounds from time to time, which he, Robertson, supposed well designed to produce the effect, and it is believed that these compounds were administered.

The arrest was made while Mr. Robertson was at his place behind the counter of the Eagle Bank, and must have overwhelmed him, whether guilty or innocent. He was taken to the police office to await the arrival of the District Attorney, who had gone to dinner.

We must forbear comment to-day upon this affair, which will stirle the whole community. Indeed, at the hour we write we have not time to deal with the subject at any length. Mr. Robertson is a gentleman who has stood high in this city, where he has resided a dozen years or more. He was for some years receiver for the Central Railroad Co., at the Rochester station; subsequently he was engaged at the Rochester Savings Bank, and for the last two years has been Cashier of the Eagle Bank. He is a gentleman of wealth, we believe, and up to this time, his character has been fair.

Mrs. Robertson is a lady of excellent standing, and esteemed highly, we believe, by her acquaintances. She is a sister of Roswell G. Benedict, formerly of this city, but now of Niagara Falls. We presume that, at the time we write, she has not been apprized of the arrest of her husband.

LATER.—As we go to press, we learn that Mr. Robertson has decided to waive an examination, and give bail to answer at the next Oyer and Terminer.

EXTRAORDINARY FEARS OF A LUNATIC.—A young man in Mercer county Pennsylvania named Davis, has for some time manifested symptoms of insanity. The Pittsburgh Dispatch says:

"He imagines himself to be a second Dan Rice, engaged in getting up a circus. On the 8th inst. he caught a snake which he took to Bell's school house, in the neighborhood, where he has had a grand performance; after getting through which, he swept the house, and broke all the windows with the broomstick. He then proceeded to the residence of Mr. Wm. Curry, a mile or two from town, in the absence of the family, and destroyed nearly every thing in the house. He says he went there to have some fun; broke a gun, with the barrel of which he smashed the crockery, dishes, glassware, and windows; took to pieces a clock and two watches, grinding up the works in a cider press. It then struck him that the ground where the house stood would be an admirable loca-

tion for a circus, whereupon he built a fire upon the floor, and it was soon in flames from which he narrowly escaped by jumping from a window, cutting his arms and hands in getting out, and leaving a broad-chest coat, which the heat induced him to throw off, a prey to the flames. Considering the bees appropriate performers in his new circus, he upset several hives, and undertook to put sleighbells on the insects, in which performance he was very badly stung. When the neighbors came running to the fire, they found him under a shade tree, congratulating himself that this was the best performance he had yet—but he is the largest audience! The house was entirely destroyed, and the poor lunatic secured and sent to Mercer jail."

SUPREMACY OF THE U. S.—RESIGNATION OF JUDGE CURTIS.—The statement that Judge Curtis had resigned his seat in the Supreme Court of the United States turns out to be correct. He was one of the two judges who dissented from the Dred Scott decision. President Buchanan will, of course, appoint a sound Democrat in his place. The names of Nathan Clifford, of Maine; Mr. Toney, of Connecticut, (now Secretary of the Navy,) and Caleb Cushing, of Massachusetts, are proposed. Judge McLean is now the only man on the bench who is not a Democrat. It will take a long time at this rate, (as they threaten,) for the black republicans to obtain the ascendancy in that court. No man will probably ever live to see such an event. Judge Curtis was appointed by Fillmore in 1851, and now resigns from considerations growing out of his private affairs.—*Enquirer.*

NEAR EQUALITY.—The Lafayette American says: "Mr. Case, the Republican candidate for Congress in the Tenth District, takes strong Abolition ground in his speeches, and asserts the principle that from the time of the Declaration of Independence, which he says included them with other citizens, down to the present, the negro has been entitled to the same rights and privileges as the white man, and is entitled to the right of suffrage and every other right which the white man is permitted to exercise.—This is the ground occupied by their leading men in Indiana."

## DIED.

In this place, on the 20th inst. of Consumption, MARY JANE PATTERSON, aged 17 years.

On Wednesday, September 16th, at the residence of his mother in this place, GEORGE EDWARDS, aged 22 years.

In chronicling the death of George Edwards, the heart grieves with sincere sorrow for those friends left to mourn over him. Born and all poverty—subjected in boyhood to temptation, and driven among those whose course does all but elevate mankind, George proved himself worthy of the respect of honest men; and those who knew him best regret his loss with sincere sorrow. Continued kindness to an afflicted mother—careless exertion to aid in the support of a family of helpless young brothers and sisters, promptness, energy, faithfulness in anything entrusted to him, marked him as a young man worthy of confidence, and who would win an honorable and useful station.

On Wednesday the 16th the ears were thrown from the track here and both of his legs were crushed to atoms. He bore the most excruciating pain without a murmur, and died on Wednesday at 3 o'clock P. M. Desolate indeed is the heart of the mother for whose comfort he toiled; and the little ones whose protector he was, must gaze with aching hearts upon his vacant seat, and listen in vain for his coming step. He sleeps the sleep that knows no earthly waking. What faults he may have had were not of the heart; and it will be long before sunshine will break through the clouds his loss has cast around us.

## THE MARKETS.

### PLYMOUTH RETAIL PRICES.

ARTICLES.	PRICES.
APPLES—Green.	50
Do.	25
BARRIS—Pork.	1 00
Flour.	75
BRAN.	10
BACON—H.	15
Sugar Cured.	15
Shoulders.	15
Sides.	15
BEER—Fresh.	6 00
Do.	12
BUTTER.	15
CRACKED.	6 00
CANDY—Box.	15
CHICKENS.	1 50
CRACKERS.	12
Do.	12
CHEESE.	12
CANDLES—Tallow.	15 25
Star.	30
Spirits.	40
COFFEE—Rio.	16 25
Java.	16 25
Mocha.	20
CORN.	50 25
Meal.	70
EGGS.	10
Flour.	5 25
FISH—Mackerel.	10
White, lb. lb.	7 00
Do.	8 00
Herring—Box.	75 25
Glass.	2 50
HAY—Timothy.	5 00
Clover.	4 00
Prairie.	3 00
HIDES.	12
IRON.	6 25
HONEY.	12
IRON.	5 10
LARD.	12 25
Do.	25
LEAD—White.	2 40 25
Do.	25
MOLASSES—Sugar House.	1 00
New Orleans.	1 25
Syrup.	1 25
NAILES.	5 00
OATS.	6 25
Oil—Lard.	1 50
Fish.	1 00
Lard.	1 20
POKE.	25
POTATOES.	6 00
RICE.	3
SALAD.	8
SALT.	2 50
Sack.	25
SOAP.	8
SUGAR—New Orleans.	14
Crushed.	16
Do.	15 25
TALLOW.	10 25
WHEAT.	50 25

# The Big SHOW of 1857.

## FREE EXHIBITION.



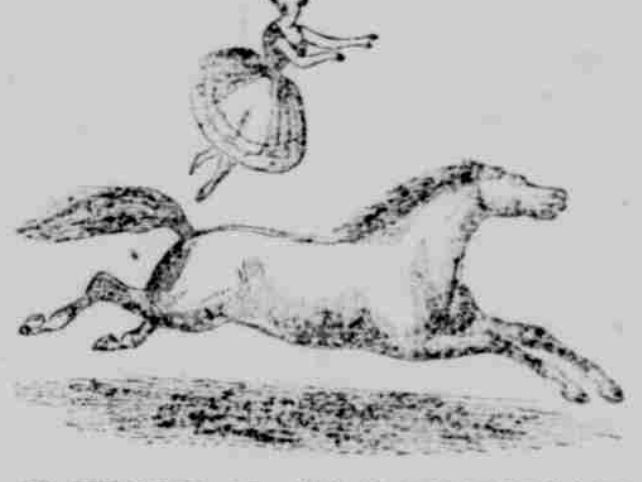
## MISS CASTELLA'S GRAND AERIAL ASCENSION.

SHE will walk and wheel a Wheelbarrow on a Single Wire, 300 feet in length, to the topmost height of the towering Pavilion of North's National Circus, every day, previous to the opening of the afternoon performance, she being the only person in the world that can accomplish this wonderful, daring, and beautiful act of the

## WALK IN MID AIR!

which is given outside of canvas, as represented in the cut above, and is

Free for all to Witness Without Cost!



## LEVI J. NORTH'S NATIONAL CIRCUS!

### THREE COMBINED COMPANIES!

(From the National Amphitheater, Chicago, being the only Legitimate Circus in the West.)

Polk township.	Thursday, October 15
German township.	Monday, " 16
North township.	Tuesday, " 17
West township.	Wednesday, " 18
Union township.	Thursday, " 19
Green township.	Friday, " 20
Bowling township.	Saturday, " 21
Pike township.	Sunday, " 22
Tippecanoe township.	Tuesday, " 23

And at my office in Plymouth thereafter, where I may be found at all times, according to law.

D. VINNEDGE, T. M. C.

## 5,000 CORDS OF WOOD Wanted at the Low Price Store, one door south of the Post-Office.

45ft.

## Notice to Heirs of Petition to sell Real Estate.

### STATE OF INDIANA. MARSHALL COUNTY.

Notice is hereby given, that Joanna Barnes, Administratrix of the estate of Daniel Barnes, deceased, has filed her petition to sell the real estate of the deceased, his personal being insufficient to pay his debts, and the said estate is now pending in the next term of the court of Common Pleas of said county.

Attest: NEWTON R. PACKARD, Clerk Sept 24-57.

## TIPPECANOE FLOUR.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made to supply the Plymouth market with this flour, and the genuine can be found at Patterson & Cleveland's and Palmer's.

N. B. & P. S. ALLEMAN & Co. Sept 24-57

### STATE OF INDIANA. MARSHALL COUNTY.

Common Pleas Court, October term, 1857.

Francis B. Cooky, John S. Wadsworth and John V. Farrell, Com. on notes and proceedings in Attachment.

The Plaintiffs in the above entitled cause, by C. H. Reeve, their attorney, have filed in this court their complaint on notes and proceedings in attachment, and it appearing by affidavit that the defendants, Joanna Barnes and Arthur C. Duane, are non-residents of the State of Indiana, they are therefore notified of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that the same will be heard at the next term of the Marshall Court of Common Pleas, to be held at the court house in Plymouth, on the third Monday of October next, and unless they appear, plead, answer or demur thereto, the same will be heard and determined in their absence.

Attest: NEWTON R. PACKARD, Clerk Sept 24-57.

### TO NON RESIDENTS.

#### THE UNDERSIGNED WITH THE

County Surveyor will, on Monday, the 26th day of October, 1857, at 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day proceed to survey & locate the corners of their land, in sections 30 and 31, town 32 north, of range 1 east in Marshall county, Indiana, to meet on the premises, and continue from day to day until all is surveyed.

Non-residents, who fail to meet the Surveyor at the time above mentioned, and defray, or provide for defraying, their portion of the expenses of said survey, will be returned to the County Auditor, and such delinquencies placed on the tax duplicate, and collected according to law.

PETER CROMLEY, REUBEN KALEY. Sept 24-57.

### ELECTION NOTICE.

State of Indiana, Marshall County, ss:

To the Sheriff of Marshall County, Greeting:

I, Newton R. Packard, Clerk of the Marshall Circuit Court, do hereby certify, that an election to be held at the usual place of holding elections, (except Green township, which election has been changed from the usual place to what is called the Williams school house, near M. L. Smith's) in each and every township in said county, on the second Tuesday, the 13th day of October, 1857, the following officers are to be elected, to-wit: One Circuit Judge for Ninth Judicial Circuit; one Treasurer of said county; one Recorder; one Coroner; one Justice of the Peace for Polk township in said county.

Witness my hand and Seal, this (18th) day of September, 1857.

NEWTON R. PACKARD, Clerk Marshall Circuit Court.

### PROCLAMATION.

The qualified voters of Marshall County, Indiana, are hereby notified that an election will be held at the usual places of holding elections in the several townships of said county, (except Green township, which election has been changed from the usual place to what is called the Williams school house, near M. L. Smith's) for the purpose of electing the above named officers in and for said county and State, as enumerated in the Clerk's certificate above, on the second Tuesday of October, 1857.

Given under my hand at Plymouth, this 12th day of September, 1857.

J. F. VAN VALKENBURGH, 448. Sheriff Marshall County.

### WILLIE!

Pupil of Levi J. North, will introduce his Rocky Mountain Steed, with saddle and bridle, in his riding, during, and regardless of the HURDLE RACE.

### FOUR CLOWNS IN THE RING.

TOM CONY, TOM OSBORN, TOM BURGESS and MASTER HENRY, the infant Clown, only six years old.

The educated Mule, "Jack Sheep," will be introduced at each performance. Two dollars will be given to any one