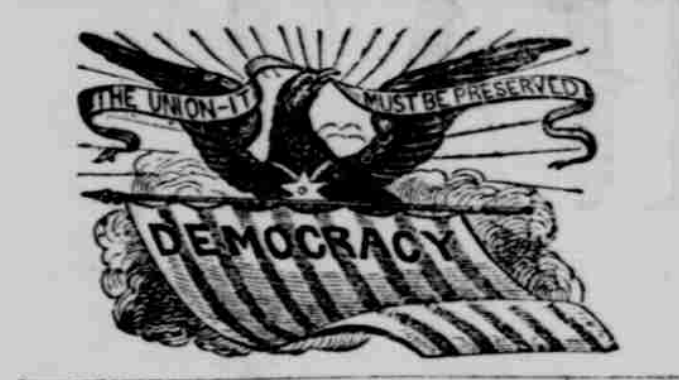


THE DEMOCRAT.



T. McDONALD, Editor.

PLYMOUTH, IND.
Thursday Morning, April 16th, 1857.

The Black Republican Faction.

Partaking of the spirit that led their party to hope for the "rule or ruin" of our country when they refused to vote supplies for our suffering army in Mexico—and refused, in Congress, to vote the necessary appropriations to sustain the Government, that party who concocted the traitorous scheme of the Hartford Convention, have earned for themselves, by their reckless "dog-in-the-manger" policy in defeating the Appropriation bill, a degree of infamy which the people will most righteously award them.

Political capital seems to be the sole end and aim of each movement of the Republicans. In none is it more manifest, than in their action last winter. Their factious course in defeating the Appropriation Bill, has led to most deplorable results. The Benevolent Institutions of the State have been closed, and the unfortunate inmates, having been bereft by black republicanism of the support to which they are entitled, are now torn from comfortable homes provided by the State, and have become tenants of the Poor House. And all this comes of the factious spirit of black republicanism, that stalked abroad in our Legislature last winter, blighting everything that it touched, and rendering every effort that the Democracy put forth to pass the Appropriation Bill powerless, because these black republicans had the majority, and were laying plots to advance their political schemes, instead of laboring for the good of the people.

The scene at the Blind Asylum, when the scholars were informed that the Institution was to be closed, and that they were now to be scattered among the different Poor-houses of the State, was very affecting. Many burst into tears at the thought of leaving those to whom they were so strongly attached, and all bitterly regretting to leave their comfortable home, and bidding farewell—perhaps forever—to their old associates, and those who had so kindly cared for them.

We learn that a day or two after it was announced to the pupils of the Blind Asylum that it must be closed, one of them attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat. When asked his reason for so doing, he said he "had no friends, and would rather die than go to the Poor-house."

The black republicans, staggering under the crushing blow that the PEOPLE, in their wisdom, dealt to their wild schemes to assume the National control of our country, like drowning men, catch even at straws, as they are sinking. In the vain attempt to make political capital instead of trying to advance the honor and interests of the State, their time, last winter, was spent in concocting their factious schemes. But all this will avail them nothing. The development of their schemes brings them only condemnation, and each succeeding year proves those to be drifting still farther from the confidence of the People.

Kansas!

We have watched the course of events, in that ill-fated country for the last year with no little solicitude, until within the last month or two we were of the opinion that it would certainly form a Constitution prohibiting slavery, but the late news compels us to arrive at a different conclusion. The leading men of the republican party acknowledge that the Free State men have a decided majority; were they what they pretend to be, (in favor of freedom,) Kansas would never ask for admission into the Union as a Slave State. The programme laid down by the great lights of the party, is, for the Free State men to stand aloof entirely—have nothing to do with any election that may be held to elect Delegates to form a Constitution; unless we are very much mistaken, that is the course which the Free State party will pursue when the election of Delegates takes place. As they have a decided majority and could elect Free State men for Delegates, were they disposed to do so. They will not do it, simply because the leaders of the party think that if Kansas should be admitted as a Free State, there would be no show for them in 1860. They have argued for the last twelve months that Kansas would be a Slave State, and it seems that they are determined to bring about that result if possible; the most superficial observer cannot fail to see that it would be disastrous to the republican cause for Kansas to be admitted as a Free State. Since Gov. Geary's resignation, the republican editors have been very active in giving publicity to some remarks which appeared in the Missouri Democrat, (Republican,) which purports to give the substance of a conversation held between the Governor and a correspondent of the Democrat in reference to Kansas af-

fairs. The Governor disavows the article, and says he is only responsible for that which appears over his own signature. The Republicans well know that Gov. Geary denies the statements made in that abolition sheet; but, notwithstanding, they still give currency to the statement, the same as if they were true.

The Governor, in his farewell address gave (no doubt,) a clear and candid history of Kansas, during his residence there. We have not seen the address in a single Republican paper. If it were their object to give their readers the truth in reference to what the Governor has said about Kansas affairs, why not publish his address, which all agree is genuine. The reason is obvious, they wish to make a little more capital out of the Missouri Democrat article.

Paupers.

The expense of keeping the paupers of this county, for the last year, will be but little short of a thousand dollars. The question naturally arises, what is the cause of so much pauperism? We have but four permanent paupers; the others have been provided for by the county, some for a few weeks, others for several months. The building of the railroads to this point necessarily brought a large number of persons into our county, who had not formerly resided here, and the larger portion of them were lovers of the "ardent," consequently, when cold weather commenced last fall, and the work on the roads being measurably suspended, they soon spent the little pittance they had saved during the summer and fall for whiskey, which could be obtained for the money without any difficulty. Many of them, when they were taken sick, had no means left to provide the necessities of life, nor to employ a physician; hence the Overseers of the poor had to take charge of them, or let them suffer and die for the lack of attention. We think we are not exaggerating when we say that "free whiskey" has caused four-fifths of the pauper expense of this county within the last year.

We exceedingly regret that the last Legislature failed to pass a temperance law. There never was a time within our remembrance, that such a law was more needed, and there never was a more favorable time than the present, to get such a law enacted without having it mixed up with politics. It was not made a question in the late elections; all parties expected such a law and demanded it, but we were doomed to disappointment. Two years longer we are to be cursed with these sinks of iniquity, (liquor shops,) unless an extra session of the Legislature should be called; and if it should be, we have no assurance that anything will be done to check the evils of intemperance, which are so fearfully on the increase. Such a bill as passed the lower House last winter, would put a stop to so much drunkenness, and thereby curtail the pauper expenses in all those counties through which railroads pass, at least two-thirds. We are of the opinion that there is not a liquor dealer in town (had that bill passed,) but would have complied with the law instantly.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R.

It is perfectly astonishing to see the crowds of passengers which are daily conveyed over this road. It is estimated that there are from five to six hundred going west each day on an average. Two trains run each way daily, and one freight. There is an immense quantity of freight passing over the road; quite a portion of it is marked for points in Iowa and Wisconsin. When the road is completed to Chicago—which it will be the first of January next—we can see no good reason why it will not be one of the very best paying roads in the west. It runs in connection with the Pennsylvania Central, and is much the shortest route from Chicago to New York, and when completed, will undoubtedly be the great thoroughfare from east to west.

A despatch from Washington, of the 9th inst., says: "Gov. Geary returned here this morning to close his official business with the Government. He has stated to his friends that he will not be drawn into a newspaper controversy, being satisfied that while he was Governor, he honestly, and to the best of his ability, discharged his duties. He also says he will not be responsible for publications of reported conversations, many of which are contradictory; but is willing to be judged by his official acts and statements, which by himself were committed to paper."

We regret to learn that the Sentinel Office, in Indianapolis, was, last week, the scene of a most-terrible catastrophe—by which one man lost his life, and five others were injured. The accident was caused by the explosion of a new boiler connected with the Steam press used in the office. A boy, named George Homan, was killed. Mr. Randall, the foreman of the News Room, was badly hurt, as was a boy named Fred. Mulbarger; also Frank Schuyler, Jacob Lex, and a son of Mr. Doughty, one of the proprietors.

The newspaper forms were destroyed, and a large amount of type and material ruined. The account from which we gather the above, says that "the proprietors will

proceed without delay to get to work again. The loss cannot be accurately estimated now, but it will be between eight and twelve thousand dollars."

It is quite amusing to see what an effort the State Journal and the lesser lights are making to extricate the Republican members of the Senate from the awkward predicament in which they saw proper to place themselves, by refusing to pass the necessary laws to keep the State government in motion.

Since the officers of the Asylum for the Insane have given notice to the Clerks of the different counties to remove the Insane, the opposition papers are giving Gov. Willard "Hail Columbia" for not calling an extra session. Enough time has elapsed for them to ascertain that the public will hold them responsible for the evils resulting to all classes of community in consequence of their refusal to assist in passing the necessary laws.

We are inclined to the opinion that those Republican Senators who controlled the majority, would be pleased to have an opportunity to atone, in some small degree at least, for the ruin they have brought on the State; hence their anxiety for an extra session.

Our friend B. Burns has published his valedictory, as Editor of the Rushville Jacksonian.

As we expected; the K. N. and Republicans, fused at the late election in Cincinnati and Indianapolis and were successful.

The Emancipation ticket succeeded in St. Louis.

Abner Dillon was sentenced to the Penitentiary for life, at the March term of the Miami Circuit Court for the murder of his wife.

Connecticut Election.

Special Dispatch to the New York News. New Haven, April 8. We have redeemed the district. Our Congressman is elected by nearly five hundred majority. This is a gain of nearly two thousand since the Presidential election.

We have elected two Congressmen in the State.

A dispatch to the Associated Press, says that Wm. D. Bishop, Democrat, has 14 majority over Orris T. Ferry, black republican.

The New Haven Register says: "We can well afford to rejoice over the election in Connecticut, for the staunch democrats have achieved a splendid victory in the election of two out of the four members of Congress, and reducing the seven or eight thousand majority given to Fremont, leaving that party to succeed now by barely one thousand! The black republicans, having borrowed a little strength from the know-nothings, have saved themselves just by the skin of their teeth. Another such victory will prove their annihilation."

Dr. J. W. Barnes, we learn, is now engaged in teaching the art of Grecian Oil Painting. His specimens are really beautiful, and show them to be the work of a master-hand. The same gentlemanly conduct and desire to please his patrons which propels the "American House," in this place will, we doubt not, yield him a liberal patronage in his new vocation.

Foreign News.

Halifax, April 9. The steamship Niagara arrived here this afternoon.

England continued in election ferment. Few members returned, but appearances favor Palmerston.

The Government of Spain contemplates having a submarine telegraph between Cuba and the United States.

The first division of the fleet to invade Mexico were to leave about the 20th of March for Cuba. Messrs. Richardson & Co., and others, report breadstuffs generally dull.

A dispatch states that Austria had become convinced that Piedmont was seeking an insurrectionary movement, which, if successful, would be the destruction of Austrian dominion in Italy.

The Government of Japan has consented to open three of her ports to the vessels of France, England, Russia and the United States.

The Emperor of China has given orders to conciliate the British.

Kansas.

The New York Journal of Commerce, of March 17th, says: A telegraphic despatch from St. Louis describes the closing action of the Free State Convention, which has just been held at Topeka, as follows:

"Finally, they are inflexibly determined to abide by the principles of squatter sovereignty as enumerated in the Kansas-Nebraska bill."

Really, we cannot fathom either the politics or the policy of these men, or of the party which upholds them. As nearly as we can comprehend it, it is about as follows:

The Kansas-Nebraska law is a terrible bad thing; therefore, we are "inflexibly determined to abide by its principles." Slavery is a horrid evil, its extension is greatly deprecated; therefore we will do nothing to prevent its establishment in Kansas; we will not even vote the polls to prevent such a result, although we have a large majority of the votes."

We see that Richard W. Thompson, of Indiana, a distinguished counsellor, has brought suit against Ex-Secretary Guthrie, of Louisville, for \$40,000, for preventing the payment of a noted Indiana claim upon the Government for the settlement of which Mr. Thompson was engaged. The suit is brought in the Circuit Court of the Louisville District.

We see it stated that the reason why the Fourth of March was chosen for the inauguration of the President of the United States, was because the fourth of March in every year, commencing from the first inauguration, cannot come on a Sunday for at least three hundred or more years.

Gibbles of News.

"Lively and gossiping. Stored with the treasures of a tattling world, And with a spice of Mirth, too."

The Methodist Episcopal denomination have determined to build a college near Paimyra, Kansas.

The Capitol of Minnesota has been removed to St. Peters.

Gov. Willard has appointed Dr. Barton of Davis county, Canal Trustee, in place of Puett, resigned.

One branch of the Pennsylvania legislature has passed a bill making it a fine and imprisonment for private bankers to deal in uncurrent money.

Never tell a man he's a fool; in the next place he won't believe you, in the next you make him your enemy.

Another expedition against Costa Rica will soon sail from New York. The design is to make an attack different from the point where Walker is operating, and thus divert the attention of the enemy.

Mr. W. A. Parris has become editor of the Washington Union—Mr. Appleton having been appointed Asst. Secretary of State.

Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress is now being performed at one of the theatres in New York.

The Iron and Ship Chandlery store of John Bushnell, at New Albany, Ind., was destroyed by fire last week. Loss \$40,000.

William Jackson, and Samuel Gilmore, are to be hung for murder, May 1st, at Chicago.

David Wilmont is the Republican candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania.

De Loss Warren, editor of the Warren, (Ind.) Republican, died on the 24th ult.

The snow on the 9th inst. was 18 inches deep on a level, at Dunkirk, N. Y., and still falling.

It is said that kind mothers at the East give their children chloroform before whipping them.

Ex-Gov. Bigler has been appointed Minister to China.

Some of the merchants of New York intend presenting Gov. Marcy with a service of plate, for his regard for their interests while Secretary of State.

It is said that a man who has paid regularly for a newspaper has never been known to be bit ten by a mad dog!

The corn crop, in the vicinity of New Orleans, is said to be a foot high.

John Shipley was fined \$10 last week, at Providence, R. I. for kissing Miss Anna A. Gordon. Boys, do you hear that?

The Maryland Sportsmen's Club have 1,000 quails in Baltimore, to be turned out this spring in order to supply the destruction of that game by the severe winter.

The receipts of gold from California thus far this year, show a falling off as compared with last year, of \$1,324,653.

Michigan has appropriated \$1,000 to purchase seeds for Free state emigrants to Kansas.

The U. S. government has sent two vessels to assist in laying down the submarine telegraph.

Gen. Scott's salary is \$15,000 a year. Congress recently granted him \$32,000 as back arrears.

The largest church fund in this country is that of Trinity church, in New York. It amounts to \$600,000,000.

Wagoner, the absconding cashier of the Newcastle (Pa.) Bank has been arrested.

A large company will soon start from St. Louis to assist Walker.

Miss Eunice C. Hall recovered \$5,000 last week, in Detroit, for breach of promise.

The Emancipation ticket succeeded at the late election in St. Louis.

John Oxnard, charged with swindling to the amount of \$100,000, in New Orleans, absconded from that city on the 8th inst.

Ward, under sentence of death at Toledo, (O.) for the murder of his wife, has confessed the deed.

Three vessels of war have been ordered to the West Indies, by our Government, to protect American interests, in the event of war between Spain and Mexico.

The Jury could not agree in the case of the *Ree*. Mr. Kulloch, charged with adultery, in Boston, and were discharged.

Col. G. B. Drew, of Evansville, (Ind.) it is said, will receive the appointment of Land Office Receiver in Kansas.

Ransom W. Aikin, of Bloomington, Franklin P. Randall, of Fort Wayne, and Gratton F. Cookery, of Terre Haute, have been appointed State Prison Directors by Gov. Willard.

Pitch darkness has been so improved as to read "bituminous obscurity."

Israel Freeman, a negro, was arrested in New York, last week, charged with bigamy. He acknowledged he had nine wives. He ought to emigrate to Utah.

Hon. Leroy Woods, of Clarke, has resigned his seat in the State Senate.

Mr. David Hunt, of Rodney, Miss., has made a donation of \$25,000 to the Colonization Society.

'Sally,' said a fellow to a girl who had red hair, 'keep away from me, or you might set me afire.'

'No danger of that,' was the reply, 'you are too green to burn.'

A comet was seen at the National observatory, Washington, a week or two since.

Pine lumber sells at \$130 per thousand in Council Bluffs.

The Rushville Jacksonian says Irish potatoes are selling at two dollars per bushel in that town.

The salary of the President's private Secretary, has been raised to \$2,500 per annum.

Mr. Dencer, of California, has been appointed Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Measures are now being taken, which lead to the belief that the Indian difficulties in Florida.

A watchman in Chicago, last week, killed two men who had assaulted him. The Jury acquitted him on the ground of self defence.

The Albany Atlas estimates the negro population in the state of New York at 50,000.

Mr. A. Phillips, of Kentucky, by his will, manumitted 13 of his slaves. His widow has presented each of them with \$115.

A lady was saved from drowning, at New York, last week, by wearing hoops. They buoyed her up until assistance could be obtained.

Why are potatoes and corn like sinners of old? Because having eyes they see not, and having ears they hear not.

There is said to be an agency office in New York city, for the sale of newspapers, that does a business of over \$1,000,000 per annum.

New Advertisements.

LA PORTE
Agricultural Warehouse!

AND
SEED STORE!

West Main Street, two north of the Post Office,
LA PORTE, IND.

LEWIS & SON,

Dealers in the most approved
Agricultural & Horticultural

IMPLEMENTS!
Imported and American Field, Flower and Garden Seeds; Ornamental, Shade and Fruit Trees, &c. Also—general agents for Favel & Lemons' Reverse Tooth Grain Drill.

NEW TIN SHOP.

The subscriber has opened a Tin Shop in the rear of the Hardware Store, corner Michigan and Washington streets, where may be found, at all times, an assortment of

Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

Ware manufactured to order and
JOB WORK done on Short Notice.

G. W. MOORE.

ARMSTRONG & LAMSON,
House, Sign & Ornamental

PAINTERS!

Paper Hangers, &c.,
SOUTH PLYMOUTH, IND.

NO JOKE!

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the County Surveyor of Marshall county, for surveying, will please call and pay up before the first of May, 1857, and by so doing will save trouble, as after that time I shall issue FEE-BILLS, and the same will be collected according to law.

OFFICE over Pierce's Clothing store.
J. B. N. KILGORE, S. M. C.
By J. M. Klinger, Dep.

Whisky

At Fort Wayne price, by wholesale, can be found at Old Ogden's store, as he has this day formed an agency with Carter & Weinman, who will also keep constantly supplied with all kinds of foreign and domestic wines and liquors, Oysters, Lobsters, Crabs, fresh Shad and fresh Mackerel. Zahms Lager Ale on hand and for sale by the keg, at all times.

Plymouth, Ind., April 13, '57—2243.

Attention, Farmers!

PLOWS! PLOWS!

The undersigned respectfully informs the farmers of Marshall and adjoining counties, that he is engaged in the manufacture of a superior quality of

PLOWS!

Which are far better and cheaper than any ever before offered for sale in this county. The castings are made of the best quality of iron, and stocked with good timber, by competent workmen. The superiority over those of other manufacture is attested by every one who has been so fortunate as to obtain one of them. He solicits a fair trial of his plows, and is confident that their merits will receive the approbation of the farming community, both in regard to workmanship and durability. Call at the Foundry, on the south side of the river, and examine them.

He also manufactures every variety of

CASTINGS

Which he warrants equal to any made in Northern Indiana. Cash paid for old iron delivered at the Foundry.

JAMES MITCHELL.

Plymouth, April 6—2242.

Notice

Is hereby given, that the Overseers of the Poor will, on the first Monday of May, 1857, receive sealed proposals for the keeping and maintenance of the following persons who are paupers, for one year, to-wit: Nathaniel English, Miss Roberts, Frederick Stryker, and John Reeve; and those offering to so keep and maintain said paupers for the least period of time, will be entitled to receive compensation according to the terms of their contract.

JAMES HAZELTON, President.

April 6—2243.

TO NON-RESIDENTS.

THE UNDERSIGNED WITH THE COUN-
T. Surveyor, will on Monday the 4th day of May, at 10 o'clock a. m. on said day, proceed to survey and locate the corners of my land in section 14 Township 34, Range 1 East in Marshall county, Indiana—to meet on the premises and continue from day to day until all is surveyed.

Non-residents, who fail to meet the Surveyor at the time above mentioned, and defray or provide for defraying their portion of the expense of the survey, will be returned to the County Auditor, and such delinquencies placed on the tax duplicate, and collected according to law.

JACOB SNYDER,
ISAIAH WILSON.

April 6—2243

STATE OF INDIANA, MARSHALL COUNTY.

In the Marshall Circuit Court, August Term, 1857.

Elbridge G. Hall, Wm. Blair, and Seneca D. Kimbrook, } Complaint on account.

Henry B. Hine, }
The plaintiffs in the above entitled cause, by A. C. Capron, their attorney, have filed in my office their complaint on account, and it appearing by affidavit that the defendant, Henry B. Hine, being a resident of this State, has departed therefrom with intent to defraud his creditors, he is therefore notified of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that the same will be heard at the court house in Plymouth, on the second Monday of August, next, and unless he appear, plead, answer or demur thereto, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

Attest: NEWTON R. PACKARD, Clerk Marshall Circuit Court.

April 6—2243.

STATE OF INDIANA, MARSHALL COUNTY.

In the Marshall Circuit Court, August Term, 1857.

John Grant, Robert H. Marshall and Wm. B. English, } Complaint on account.

Henry B. Hine, }
The plaintiffs in the above entitled cause, by C. H. Reeve, their attorney, have filed in my office their complaint on account, and it appearing by affidavit that the defendant, Henry B. Hine, being a resident of this State, has departed therefrom with intent to defraud his creditors; he is therefore notified of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that the same will be heard at the court house in Plymouth, on the second Monday of August, next, and unless he appear, plead, answer or demur thereto, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

Attest: NEWTON R. PACKARD, Clerk Marshall Circuit Court.

April 6—2243.

STATE OF INDIANA, MARSHALL COUNTY, SS:

In the Marshall Circuit Court, August Term, 1857.

Thomas S. Hayden, and John L. Safford, } Complaint on Note.

Henry B. Hine, }
The plaintiffs in the above entitled cause, by C. H. Reeve, their attorney, have filed in my office their complaint on note, and it appearing by affidavit that the defendant, Henry B. Hine, being a resident of this State, has departed therefrom with intent to defraud his creditors; he is therefore notified of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that the same will be heard at the court house in Plymouth, on the second Monday of August, next, and unless he appear, plead, answer or demur thereto, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

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