



T. McDONALD, Editor.
PLYMOUTH, IND.

Thursday Morning, Sept. 11, 1856.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES BUCHANAN,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE,
OF KENTUCKY.

SATE TICKET.
For Governor.

ASHEL P. WILLARD, of White.
For Elect. Governor.

ABRAHAM A. HAMMOND, of Vigo.

For Secretary of State,
DANIEL McCARTHY, of Morgan.

For Auditor of State,
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.

For Treasurer of State,
AQUILLA JONES, of Bartholomew.

For Attorney General,
Jos. E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
WILLIAM C. LARABEE, of Putnam.

For Clerk of Supreme Court,
WILLIAM H. BEACH, of Boone.

Reporter of Decisions of Supreme Court,
GORDON TANNER, of Jackson.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

GRAHAM N. FITCH, of Cass.

SAMUEL H. BESSEY, of Monroe.

W. F. PARROT, of Warrick.

S. E. WOOD, of Harrison.

S. W. SHAW, of Lawrence.

D. JONES, of Franklin.

EDMOND JOHNSON, Henry Co.

MARTIN M. RAY, Shelby Co.

JAS. M. HANNA, Vigo.

J. S. McCLELLAND, Clinton Co.

ORPHEUS EVERETT, Laporte Co.

F. P. RANDALL, Allen Co.

11th S. S. MICKLE, Adams Co.

For Congress—Ninth District,

Wm. Z. STUART, of Cass.

For Prosecutor,

A. L. JONES, Porter County.

For Senator, HUGH MILLER, Fulton Co.

Judge C. P., J. G. OSBORNE, Marshall

Prosecutor, J. HENDERSON, St. Joseph.

Representative, Eli BROWN, Stark

Treasurer—DAVID VINEDGE.

Sheriff—J. F. VAN VALKENBURGH.

Com'r Dist. No. 2—ROBERT PIPER.

“ “ “ 3—WM. HUGHES.

Surveyor—J. B. N. KLINGER.

Coroner—JACOB KNOBLOCK.

W. J. Morris is authorized to act as agent, receive and remit for subscriptions to the Democrat, at Elkhorn, Iowa.

WILLIAM M. McCOMBE, is authorized to receive for subscriptions to the Democrat, at Knox, Stark County, Indiana.

REPUBLICAN SATE.—The Union is not worth supporting in connection with the South.—N. Y. Tribune.

The Constitution is a reprobate, and a league with republicans—Garrison.

Sharpe's Rifles are better than 3000—Henry Ward Beecher.

Let the Union slide—N. P. Banks.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

On last Saturday, Mr. COLFAX, the great champion of "freedom forever," had an appointment to speak at this place. A little before the appointed hour, Judge STUART arrived in town. Mr. COLFAX seemed that the Judge should occupy a portion of the time. It was finally arranged that it was Mr. COLFAX's appointment, he should make the opening speech of a half hour; then Judge STUART to speak the same length of time; then each speak one hour, and Mr. COLFAX have fifteen minutes to close. Each of the political parties appeared to be well satisfied with their candidate.

The K. N.'s claim that Mr. S. was the worst used up man they had ever seen;—on the other hand, the Democrats argue that Mr. C. made a signal failure on all the points at issue between the parties. It was probably the most noisy political meeting we have ever had in this place. Each speaker was loudly cheered by his friends when he would get off anything sharp.

We listened attentively during the three hours and a quarter which they occupied. Mr. C. is an easy speaker—gave a pretty fair lecture on the evils of slavery; charged the Democratic party with being in favor of its extension, and that they were chargeable with the murder of the poor Irish waiter, and with the outrage committed on Summer by "bully" Brooks, and with all the blood that has been spilled on the "virgin soil of Kansas," and lastly, that James Buchanan had been a federalist. From the foregoing charges, which Mr. C. made against the Democratic party, our readers will be at no loss to know what kind of a speech he made.

Judge S. admitted what he said in reference to the evils of slavery, to be true to a great extent, but had nothing to do with the present canvass. The issue was—did the Constitution authorize Congress to legislate on the subject of slavery in the territories. He argued that there was not a single section in the Constitution, authorizing Congress to legislate on that subject, further than to pass a fugitive slave law. He stated that the Supreme Court of the United States had so decided. Mr. COLFAX made a signal failure on that point, in our judgment. He stated that he was not a

lawyer, which will account for his arraying himself against the Supreme Court. Mr. STUART charged him with being a Know Nothing, and with taking the Oath; and urged him to admit or deny the charge; but Mr. C. did not see proper to answer, either pro or con. There was probably not a man present but was satisfied that he is or has been a member of that order.

In looking the matter over, we are of the opinion that Mr. COLFAX done about the best that could have been expected under the circumstances. His strongest efforts are used to misrepresent the Democratic party; to place them in a false position, and to make them responsible for all the evils that have been committed since the repeal of the Missouri Compromise. The Judge showed to the satisfaction of every intelligent, unbiased person, that it was a wilful misrepresentation, to charge that the Democratic party were slavery extensionists—that it was false. Mr. STUART fully filled our expectations as a debater. He is a sound, logical reasoner; meets the questions at issue fairly, and will hold Mr. C. a little closer to the work than he has been held for some time; mark that.

THE BATTLE-GROUND CONVENTION.

The 3d and 4th of this month were glorious days for the Democracy of Indiana, and the North-West. The Union and Constitution-loving men of twenty-six of the thirty-one States, assembled in mass convention on the spot sacred to every true American citizen—every one who loves his country and her institutions—who reveres the sacred memory of our patriot fathers—for the purpose of commanding together, without regard to geographical lines or place of nativity. It would be impossible to estimate correctly the number in attendance, as the multitude occupied such a large space, and a great portion of them moving from place to place, that we could not approximate anywhere near the exact number. LEWIS CASS, a man who has spoken to as many large crowds as any other man in the United States, estimated the number in attendance on Wednesday, at one hundred thousand—the largest political meeting he ever attended.

It is usual for Committees of Arrangements on such occasions to advertise a great number of speakers from a distance, not one-half of whom generally attend; but in this instance, there was more than even the Committee expected. We do not suppose that such a brilliant array of talent was ever before at any one meeting in the West. To give a complete list of the many eminent speakers present on that occasion, we cannot do; but will give the names of some of the more prominent ones:

Hon. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky, candidate for the Vice President; Hon. Lewis Cass, of Michigan; Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois; Hon. John Van Buren, of New York; Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, do; JAMES B. CLAY, (son Henry Clay,) Col. Preston, Woolley, and Hodges, of Kentucky; Col. Carpenter, Linden, McClellan and Sweet, of Illinois; Hon. Mr. Cunningham and Glund (German) of Philadelphia; Hon. Josse D. Bright, Gov. Joseph A. Wright, Hon. John Pettit, of Indiana and a host of others from all parts of the Union.

Office in Brownlee & Shirley's Store.

The Buchanan Club will be addressed next Monday evening by JOHN G. OSBORNE, all who are not in favor of letting the "Union slide" are respectfully invited to attend.

Remember the Democratic rally at Merrill Williams next Saturday.

Turn out everybody, a good time is confidently expected.

The Laporte R. R. is now finished to the depot grounds on the Pittsburgh road. We have traveled over the road several times, and have no hesitancy in saying that it will compare favorably with older roads. The locomotives and passenger cars are of the first class, and as long as Mr. WALKER retains the services of that gentlemanly Conductor, Mr. KENDALL, his road will be deservedly popular.

Public Speaking.
Hon. G. N. Fitch, candidate for Elector for the State at large, will address his fellow citizens at Plymouth, September 25, at 1 p. m.

Gov. Willard and Judge Morton, will address their fellow citizens at Plymouth, October 7, at 1 p. m.

Look out for Thieves.
Some scoundrels, who ought to have had one of Beecher's rules used on him, broke into Mr. Pierce's Clothing Store, on last Tuesday night, and carried away a quantity of clothing and jewelry. The thief cut out a window light, where he effected an entrance. Such depredations are becoming quite common. Too much care cannot be taken to guard against these midnight marauders.

The Buchanan Club was addressed last Monday evening by A. C. CAPRON (Young America.) It has seldom failed to cut out, to listen to a more sound, logical, argumentative discourse than he delivered that evening.

The Court House was well filled and the speaker was frequently interrupted with deafening applause.

“We hear but little about the Maine law these times. Wonder if Mr. Shryock is in favor of “search, seizure and confiscation?” We understood he was in 1854, and voted for the law.

The Bridge where the Ft. Wayne R. crosses Yellow River and the Michigan road will be completed this week.

While in Lafayette, we noticed an article in the *Journal* of that place, stating that a certain individual was reading an item in a newspaper, on the 2d inst., relative to Mr. CLAY, of Kentucky. Mr. CLAY, being present, made some inquiry in regard to the statements which the stranger was reading; and as an apology for interrupting him, said that he was JAMES B. CLAY. Looking impertinently at Mr. CLAY, he said: "The h—l you are! I didn't think the old stock was so near run out!" This insulting andiggardly attempt at wit was received with applause by the "intelligence and decency" party, and was recognized by the *Journal* as an extraordinary good thing. Whenever a party gets so hard up that they have to engage such low, pusillanimous blackguards as the one above mentioned, to publicly insult such men as JAMES B. CLAY, on account of a difference of opinion, and because he has the honesty to advocate his real sentiments, we think it is time for them to get up a few more difficulties in Kansas or Washington.

Both parties having made separate appointments up to, and including, Saturday, the 13th inst., will fill those appointments, and the joint canvass will be conducted as follows: The parties will speak at

Bourbon, Marshall county, Monday, Sept.

15, at 1 p. m.

Rochester, Fulton county, Tuesday Sept.

16, at 1 p. m.

Akron, Fulton county, Wednesday, Sept.

17, at 1 p. m.

Peru, Miami county, Thursday, Sept.

18, at 1 p. m.

Miami Town, Miami county, Friday,

Sept. 19, at 1 p. m.

Logansport, Cass county, Saturday Sept.

20, at 1 p. m.

Winamac, Pulaski county, Monday,

Sept. 22, at 1 p. m.

Monticello, White county, Tuesday,

Sept. 23, at 1 p. m.

Brookston, White county, Wednesday,

Sept. 24, at 1 p. m.

Oxford, Benton county, Thursday, Sept.

25, at 1 p. m.

Gilboa, Benton county, Friday, Sept.

26, at 1 p. m.

Rensselaer, Jasper county, Saturday,

Sept. 27, at 1 p. m.

Crown Point, Lake county, Monday,

Sept. 29, at 1 p. m.

Out Let, Lake county, Tuesday, Sept.

30, at 1 p. m.

Hebron, Porter county, Wednesday, Oct.

1, at 1 p. m.

Valparaiso, Porter county, Thursday,

Oct. 2, at 1 p. m.

Calumet, Porter county, Friday, Oct.

3, at 1 p. m.

Laporte, Laporte county, Saturday, Oct.

4, at 1 p. m.

Union Mills, Laporte county, Monday,

Oct. 6, at 1 p. m.

Westville, Laporte county, Tuesday,

Oct. 7, at 1 p. m.

Michigan City, Laporte county, Wednesday, Oct. 9, at 1 p. m.

New Carlisle, St. Joseph county, Thursday, Oct. 10, at 1 p. m.

Mr. COLFAX opens at Bourbon—Judge STUART opens at Rochester.

A. L. WHEELER, for

W. Z. STUART.

C. M. HEATON, for

S. COLFAX.

For the Democrat.

Don't they want to!

Mr. ENRON.—Is it not a great pity that people can't always have their own way?

Of course it is; and in politics particularly so.

And when the attainment of a cherished wish, or the fruition of a particular design, or the having of one's own way depends upon a political election, it is certainly a pity if that election does not go in favor of one's candidate.

How many fine plans would be overthrown, and how many well-digested schemes would be knocked out of joint by such a catastrophe! But of all people, I believe the fusionists would be most highly benefited by having their own way, at least their leaders. Perhaps their way would not benefit the county or its financial affairs, but a *well-formed* plan could be fairly executed. And although I am far from being a fusionist, I am almost inclined sometimes to give them a lift just to see how nicely their plan would work. I tell you, Mr. Editor, it takes a heap of money to build large houses with glass fronts. And what if the Republican party should be defeated in this county? Their nominees for sheriff and treasurer will not be elected, and that will be a sad blow to houses with glass fronts. What if an execution should issue to be levied upon them, and no chosen friendly sheriff in whose hands the *avocational* writ could die, and no kind County Treasurer with plenty of funds to stay it, what would become of the houses with glass fronts? I am afraid such an affair would be a stunner. It is a very easy operation to let an execution die; if the interests of a friend were at stake, a sheriff would not be very apt to break off from a *habit of letting them die*, if that breaking were detrimental to his friend. If some very bad writing in pigeon holes in the Clerk's office tell the truth, the present nominee of the Republican party did have a *desperate bad habit* of letting Executions go *dead*, and it is perhaps very necessary for the credit of the glass front that a couple more should go the same way,—honest and needy creditors to the contrary notwithstanding,—or be stayed; and a county Treasurer's paper is generally pretty good, especially while his term of office lasts.

Now, a candidate for Treasurer has just

as much right to have a brother as any other man; and if that brother should do all

in his power to elect him, even to give his