

A Poem for Today

RESPONSES.

By Ralph Waldo Emerson.



NEVER from lips of cunning fell
The thrilling Delphic oracle
Out from the heart of Nature rolled
The burdens of the Bible old
The hand that rounded Peter's dome
And groined the aisles of Christian Rome
Wrought in a god sincerity
Himself from sad he could not free;
He builded better than he knew.
The conscience stone to beauty grew.
Ever the fiery Pentecost
Girds, with one flame the countless host,
And, through the heart through chanting choirs
And, through the priest, the mind inspires.
The word unto the prophet spoken
Was writ on tablets yet unbroken;
The word by seers or sibyls told
In groves of oak or fanes of gold
Still floats upon the morning wind,
Still whispers to the willing mind.
One accent of the Holy Ghost
The heedless world hath never lost.



The Ligonier Banner.

J. E. McDONALD, Editor

Published every Thursday and entered in the postoffice, Ligonier, Ind., as second-class matter.

It seems awfully difficult, at times, to understand the aims and purposes of the Indianapolis News. For weeks and weeks that paper devoted columns of its valuable space to giving aid and comfort to James Kirby Risk, who did his level best four years ago to deliver the Indiana delegation to that notorious political freebooter, William Randolph Hearst. The manner in which the state chairmanship contest was handled by the News made it almost a political necessity to elect Stokes Johnson. To have done anything else would have led to complications on which no chances could be taken. When the News lent itself to shaping up matters so as to practically render it imperative to choose between Tom Taggart and the type of politicians represented by the Lafayette man, it is easy to discern on which side of the fence self-respecting men ought to have been found.—J. B. STOLL in South Bend Times.

The election of John W. Earle, county auditor, as county chairman by the Republicans last Monday at their meeting at Albion, reflects great credit upon the party. It is promised, at least, that we are to have a clean, dignified and decent campaign. Mr. Earle will make a good chairman. He is a good citizen and we believe that he will practice decent politics. His party made no mistake when they pressed him into the service even if they did have to deny the honor to several fellows who wanted the place so badly that they could taste it.

The Democrats will soon get together for reorganization and we hope that a good live Democrat will be selected as county chairman. It is understood that Mr. Stanley will not accept a re-election to the position as he cannot give the duties the attention that they demand. He took the place two years ago under protest and his party can hardly demand any further sacrifice upon his part. What we need is a good organizer, somebody that can harmonize the party and make a winning fight for the whole ticket.

There are many things that we like about J. Kirby Risk, the Lafayette Democrat, who was the head and front of the fight for the reorganization of the democratic state central committee. A fellow forgets that Mr. Risk was a red-hot Hearst henchman and that he made a bad mess of it, at the Lafayette banquet last October, when he reads what he said after the contest at Indianapolis last week. Risk, speaking of his defeat, said: "I am frank to say that I have opposed Mr. Jackson in this chairmanship fight, and I want to say further that no matter how warmly I have been against him I am going to be just as vigorously against the republican party from this on. Mr. Jackson has been elected chairman of this committee and I want him to be the chairman in every sense of the word. I am a man who believes in ending a fight just where it ought to end. This fight is ended right here tonight. I do not say that I will not be down here two years from now carrying on this same war, but this fight is finished for me tonight." Mr. Risk is a hard fighter, but he is not a hard loser. Personally he is a most excellent gentleman.

It is openly charged by politicians who know that the unfair and silly effort of the Indianapolis News to make the democratic state chairmanship outcome a brewer's victory regardless of who won was inspired by republican designs with party dictatorship in them. The News for Hugh Miller for the republican nomination for governor and against Jim Watson and Charley Miller. It tried to make the people believe the Democrats were being manipulated by the brewers, accusing every candidate for state chairman of being a saloon ally, and it was done to create such a feeling against Democrats that the temperance forces would demand a temperance man at the head of the next republican state ticket and the News would fight Watson and Charley Miller as brewery allies and dictate Hugh Miller's nomination and control him if elected. But its work is so coarse it looks like the proverbial ostrich hiding from discovery by sticking its head under the sand.—Rochester Sentinel.

Information from various parts of the state is to the effect that there is a general desire among those interested in the make-up of our state courts that the Hon. Timothy E. Howard, of this city, be nominated for supreme judge. This preference is predicated upon a pleasing recollection of the able manner in which Judge Howard acquitted himself during the six years that he served as a member of the supreme court of the state of Indiana. The experience that he had and the knowledge that he acquired while serving in that exalted position are of incalculable value. In all essential respects Judge Howard is admirably fitted for the supreme bench.—South Bend Times.

Republicans sit up and take notice when they hear the possibility of Governor Johnson's nomination. This is the way the New York Press talks:

One of the singular things of politics is the potential peril to republicanism of the democratic party after having been battered the length and breadth of the land for the last dozen years. Though President Roosevelt carried Minnesota by a landslide in 1904 he could not drag the republican candidate for governor in over Johnson, who was elected by more than 6,000. If Johnson had been strong before he went into office, he became irresistible in his state afterward, for when he ran for reelection in 1908 he swept the formerly republican Gibraltars of Minnesota with a plurality of 77,000! The strength of the solid South for the democratic party has been increased since the last presidential election by the admission of Oklahoma to statehood, with seven votes in the electoral college. Minnesota has in the electoral college eleven votes, in previous years always counted in advance as sure for the republican ticket.

Many railroads are annulling passenger trains for the purpose of cutting down expenses. The presence of thousands upon thousands of empty freight cars along the sidings of all railroads tells the story most eloquently that freight shipments are exceedingly light, while six months ago there were not enough to carry on the traffic. This demonstrates how quickly the business of a country can be paralyzed and how far-reaching the present panic is. It also goes to show that merchants are not buying goods and of course that means that factories will have to curtail productions. The result of it all is that hundreds of thousands of men are thrown out of employment and the whole business and industrial world must suffer. What is needed now is an advance agent of prosperity and a man who can rescue the country from the hard times from which it is suffering.—Columbia City Post.

The reorganization of the state central committee at Indianapolis was attended with considerable interest. It was not nearly the furious fight that the News and other republican newspapers would have their readers believe, but a good national contest that ended about as expected by nine out of ten of the participants. The election of U. S. Jackson was the only thing to do under the circumstances and even the so-called enemies of Tom Taggart were free to admit that his man was the logical chairman and the best man for the place. Mr. Jackson will make a good chairman. His selection will mean much to the party in the state and the Democracy is to be congratulated upon the fidelity and good sense of the men who brought about his election.

FELICITY OF SPEECH

The power that some men have of swaying an audience is often commented upon. Wonder is expressed how this is done—how it is made possible of achievement. The secret is this: An audience is swayed when the speaker succeeds in establishing an electrical current between himself and those whom he addresses. Simply addressing him to the understanding of his hearers—so that their minds solely—will not establish such a current. He must first succeed in reaching their hearts; awaken their sympathies. That accomplished, the speaker will have easy sailing. His audience will become responsive, and it will manifest its appreciation by riveted attention, subdued or revealed applause, and, upon reaching a climax, by unconstrained shouting.

A case in point is a charming little speech delivered by Thomas R. Marshall, of Columbia City, at a recent gathering of the Twelfth district Democrats, at Fort Wayne. Mr. Marshall did not make a set speech. It was just a little talk, an appreciative acknowledgment of the honor done him in naming him in connection with the Democratic nomination for governor. Note how soulfully he spoke, how deeply he touched the popular heart by these impressive words:

"Some men are born with the capacity of making money or not doing this or that thing," he said. "When the angel put me upon earth and kissed me good-bye, he gave me not the capacity to make money or to push myself along in the world, but the capacity to win friends. I have always had them. I have always had friends who clung to me, friends who sometimes sacrificed their own ambitions for me. I have been thus blessed in business and in social life, and here again today I am surrounded by friends who speak in kindness and give me what is dearer than any earthly honor could be—the assurance that thirty-five years of my life have taught me to believe, that I am a Democrat who can be trusted. For this I thank you, and come what will, I will be true to Democracy, victory or defeat, be assured that as I live so shall I die, faithful to Democracy of Indiana and loyal to my friends. I will not attempt to blow a keynote. I simply want to express my love and loyalty to you, the good Democrats of the Twelfth district."

It will be observed that no attempt at oratory was made by Mr. Marshall. But every word counted; every sentence drew his hearers nearest to him. Love, admiration, was awakened. It was a heart-to-heart talk, without any rhetorical embellishment whatsoever. And what Tom Marshall said to his friends was the plain simple truth. That's what made his sweet little speech so effective—that is what evoked an outburst of applause that admitted of no doubt as to its genuineness, of its warmth, and of its unalloyed sincerity.

TO NOBLE COUNTY DEMOCRATS

The members of the Democratic County Central Committee have been called to meet at Albion on January 30, to elect officers and complete the organization and this occasion will be made the time for a democratic banquet and love feast at Albion at which it is desired to have in attendance every Democrat of this county, who can arrange to attend. This will be an occasion of great interest as arrangements will be made to have present speakers of prominence from other places and an opportunity will be afforded to the Democrats of the county to learn the condition and prospects of the Democratic party throughout northern Indiana. No special invitations will be sent out, it being the desire every Democrat in the county shall feel himself invited and welcome without any special invitation being sent to him. Letters may be sent to Democrats in different parts of the state asking them to use their efforts to secure as large attendance as possible but, if any such letters are sent out it will be only for the purpose of procuring a larger attendance and not as special invitations to any one. In order that the committee of arrangements may know how many will be present at the banquet it will be necessary for those desiring to secure places at the table to notify the committee of arrangements not later than Tuesday, January 29, of their intention to be present at the banquet. All will be provided for who engage places in this way. Let all desiring places at the banquet notify W. H. Menough, secretary of the committee on arrangements not later than the 28. The expense at the banquet will be fifty cents per plate. Tickets can be obtained at Albion on the day of the banquet. The democratic papers will please continue this notice until the time fixed. Every effort will be made to render this occasion one of the striking interest and importance to the party. The banquet will occur at 1 o'clock p. m., of the date mentioned at the Opera House in Albion.

Democratic Call

The members of the Democratic County Central Committee are called to meet at the Assembly room in the basement of the Court house at Albion, Indiana, on Thursday, January 30, 1908, at 11 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of electing a county chairman, a secretary, and treasurer of the County Central Committee, to complete the Democratic organization for the coming campaign, and to transact such other business as may come before the committee. Every precinct committeeman is earnestly requested to be present. This being the first meeting of the County Central Committee it is important that all the members shall be present and take part in the completion of the organization.

J. FRANK STANLEY, County Chairman.
LUKE H. WITZLEY, Secretary.

A Most Successful Meeting

The meeting of the Indiana State Board of Agriculture at Indianapolis last week was well attended and considerable interest was shown. The report of President Conger showed that the past year had been the most prosperous in the history of the board, the profits of this fair being nearly \$25,000. Many improvements were made upon the grounds and the outstanding debts for the purchase of lands was considerably reduced.

The election of members of the board resulted in the reelection of the old members, there being no opposition to any of the members excepting in the eighth district where David Wallace was returned by a large majority. In the reorganization of the new board, Ed S. Tuell, of Corydon, was elected president; and Chas. Downing, secretary. The department heads appointed are: Charles H. Anthony, Muncie, speed; David Wallace, Indianapolis, horse; Oscar Hadley, Plainfield, cattle; Mason J. Niblack, Vincennes, swine; Sid Conger, Shelbyville, sheep; John L. Thompson, Gas City, superintendent of coliseum and entertainment; I. Newt Brown, Franklin, poultry; J. E. McDonald, of this city art; C. B. Benjamin, Crownpoint, agricultural department; F. A. Nave, Attica, spt. of machinery exhibit; C. W. Travis, Lafayette, horticulture; and John C. Haines, Rockport, admissions. The executive committee is made up of Sid Conger, Oscar Hadley, Clem Graves and J. C. Haines.

It is generally understood that the board at its February meeting will arrange to hold a seven day fair beginning on Saturday, Sept. 5, and close Friday, Sept. 12. Night entertainments will be provided, the program will be most interesting and a big fair is anticipated. It is prepared to build a big show barn for the horses and plans are being proposed for consideration at the February meeting.

Take Big Chances

"Speculation in onions is about as uncertain and costly as betting on a horse race," says John Neuman a heavy shipper from Milford and Nappanee. "We have now in our warehouse at Kendallville and Kimmel, in Noble county over 125 carloads of onions representing an outlay of \$50,000, that we are disposing of at a net loss of about ten cents a bushel. Almost every dealer lost heavily. It is one of the fortunes of the trade. Prices of onions are gradually declined. In the first place we have to suffer a shrinkage in weight of the onions of at least five per cent., then there is the cost of storing, and crating, and the interest on the money invested. We are selling onions now at about the same figure we paid for them early in August. The best price obtained for onions in carload lots this week has been sixty-two cents a bushel shipped in bags. In crates they would be fifty-five to sixty cents. The price varies from forty to sixty cents. Until the financial stringency last fall the trade in onions bid fair to exceed that of former years as the Indiana crop was considerably short of an average, and prior to that time we sold large supplies at a fair profit. Stock on hand in Noble county comprises only a small part of our holdings in that county for the season. The crop in other states was larger than usual and has had something to do with the drop in prices."

What Then?

If a country like ours can be paralyzed by a speculators' panic such as we recently passed through, under general business conditions of the most favorable character, what do you imagine would be the effect of a panic for which there could be assigned a real cause? About a year ago the Times pointed to the dangers that were sure to grow out of thousands upon thousands of aliens being drawn here by the wild scramble for condensing a century's progress into a quarter of a century. You know what is being said of unemployed labor in Chicago, New York, etc. What do you think conditions will be in these centers when a real panic one for which there is a real cause, shall come upon the country, as it surely will some of these days—unless the American people emancipate themselves thoroughly from the cancerous growths that are gnawing at the vitals of the body politic?—South Bend Times.

Walkerton Will Continue Wet

The question of whether or not the town of Walkerton shall be dry for the next year was determined in a decision made by Superior Judge Van Fleet at South Bend when he decided in favor of the applicant in the case, V. W. Hardenbrook, who had been refused a license by the commissioners and appealed. A blanket remonstrance was the cause of the refusal and as a result of its failure to finally prevent the issuance of a license, costs to the amount of \$1,500 will be left for the remonstrators to pay. The decision was based on the legality of taking names from a remonstrance and resigning them prior to a hearing.

Not Any Excitement

Congressman Gilhams is a nice gentleman, but so far he has failed to meet the expectations of his friends or fulfill the promises of his campaign managers. At least we have failed to hear of the capitol trembling at his approach and the Twelfth district seems to occupy the prominent place in the world's eye that we were assured it would assume as the suave Lagrange gentleman took his seat.—Fort Wayne Journal-Gazette.

To Rent

Two modern flats, with bath and closet. Inquire of L. Schloss. 39-ft.

Another Failure

Municipal ownership is receiving much discussion in Goshen just at present. For a number of years a great deal has been said of the large profits made by the city by the incandescent plant. In fact the profits according to reports of officials were so large it was hoped that by this time our entire city debt would be wiped out, but it appears that the discovery has been made that the plant does not pay, in fact it is a burden to the taxpayers. Something is wrong somewhere and the trouble should be located. The records show that according to the way certain officials figured the incandescent plant made a net profit of \$3,226.66 for the year ending June 1, 1902; to June 1, 1903, \$4,476.76; to June 1, 1904, \$4,419.17; to June 1, 1905, \$5,208.90; to June 1, 1906, \$5,781.60; and for the past year but \$244.16. Is it possible that reports have been doctored?—Goshen Democrat.

And we have been told that the Goshen plant was a gold mine. We have had all kinds of figures from Goshen but the truth is out at last. It is the same old story and it will continue to prove itself everywhere. But we are to try the experiment just because the political whims of a small coterie of self seeking politicians must be carried out. The city council might stop long enough to investigate conditions at Goshen. They might profit by the conditions that have recently developed in our sister city. Of course, we know that they will not do it—but why not?

Married at Albion

Last Sunday at the home of the bride's sister at Albion Miss Ella May Baughman and Mr. John R. Marker, of this city were united in marriage by Rev. C. A. Price, of the Presbyterian church. The wedding was a quiet affair and was attended only by the close relatives of the contracting parties.

The bride was formerly a teacher in the public schools of this city and a young woman of high attainments. She was held in high esteem among all who knew her in this city and was most deservedly popular in her home at Albion, where she is highly connected.

Mr. Marker is well known in this city, where he has spent a good share of his life. He has been in the employ of the Lake Shore for several years, and is now holding a most responsible and exacting position, that of Supt. of Bridges for the roads of the system west of Toledo. He has his headquarters at Elkhart where he will take up his residence. All join in tendering congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Marker.

Will Try to Burn Both Ends

Mr. Blodgett is carrying out the program of the republican state managers. His constant attacks upon what he is pleased to call the Taggart-brewery combine he hopes will have the effect of driving democrats to a prohibition stand in the campaign. The republican party will be held to declare in favor of the temperance work that has come from their hands and that is approved by their high officials. The active politicians in that party oppose, though unable to get under the record, and for this reason an effort is being made to drive the Democrats to adopt the same policy, which would have the effect to neutralize the loss of votes the Republicans feel the party will sustain through the temperance stand it has taken. It is "good politics" from their standpoint to induce the Democrats to take a similar course and thus share the loss. No Democrat should be drawn into the trap.—Martinsville Democrat.

Too Much Money

The Dayton News is authority for the statement that John H. Patterson, president of the National Cash Register company, "is one of the highest salaried of all the captains of industry. His salary is \$144,000 a year." If this be a fact, and The News would hardly make the declaration if it were not, prospective buyers of cash registers should think twice before placing an order with a corporation that sells its product at a price which makes the payment of such an exorbitant salary a possibility. No president of any corporation ought to be given such a salary. It is against reason, against justice, and against public policy. As a matter of fact, it is a high-handed outrage.—South Bend Times.

And Under Municipal Ownership

If the stores keep on establishing early closing hours, and if the arc light system still keeps on having broken wires it will be a common thing for people to carry lanterns, when coming up town at night. When stores close and lights go out, the appearance of a dead town is considerably magnified.—Columbia City Post.

Will Run for Congress

The Wolf Lake Trolley says that, Rev. R. B. Wood has concluded to run for congress in the 13th district of Indiana, of the Prohibition ticket. The Trolley adds that Mr. Wood is a good campaigner and will be heard from in many places in the district. He has many friends and will get a large vote at the polls in November.

"The Time, the Place and the Girl" at Goshen

Chicago's biggest musical comedy hit, "The Time, the Place and the Girl" with John E. Young as Happy Johnny Hicks and the best company now presenting this most popular of all musical shows, is at the New Jefferson in Goshen tonight. Good seats may be obtained at \$1.50, .75 and .50 by telephoning the box office.

Farmers Attention

Salt in bulk at the rate of 85 cents per barrel; our wagon scale in good repair. Get your weighing done here. CALDWELL GROCERY CO.

Early Closing Agreement

We, the undersigned merchants of Ligonier, have agreed to close our place of business at 8 o'clock, standard time, on and after Jan. 20, 1908, except Saturday nights, until the first of May or if deemed necessary, at an earlier hour by giving notice in the papers one week in advance. We ask the patrons of the merchants of the city of Ligonier to assist in this movement, feeling it will be no hardship to any customer, but a relief to the clerks and merchants from the long days that are necessary to a business life.

Thanking all patrons in advance for their hearty co-operation in this movement, we are,

Yours Very Truly,

John Kegg Sack's Bakery
L. E. Krueger S. T. Eldred
S. J. Williams E. Jacobs & Co.
W. Baum Zimmerman Co.
H. F. Hutchison N. A. Bouse
L. E. Sisterhen W. N. Beazel
W. H. Casey A. Woodruff
M. A. Hutchison P. J. Carney
J. Raubert W. A. Brown
R. D. Kerr R. J. Stansbury
C. & A. Green C. W. Dupler
D. Selig & Sons

Coming this Way

John F. Mossman, an old and well known pioneer citizen of Coesee, has figured out a route for the Toledo-Chicago proposed big canal, and he would have it come through Whitley county. He thinks that it should be built from Spy Run avenue in Fort Wayne to Lake Everett, northeast of Arcola, thence to the Welzheimer farm in Union township, then to Blue River at the east limits of this city up the river to Blue Babe, thence to Wilson, Black and Robison lakes northwest of the city and eventually to the lakes in Northern Kosciusko county. He thinks that the streams and lakes along the route would act as feeders for the canal, and that going through rock would be avoided. The scheme may be taken up by the Business Men's association with a view of getting action on it if possible.—Columbia City Post.

Attention! Ladies!

Mrs. Denny wishes to notify all her old patrons and new ones, that she has not given up the work of dermatology, notwithstanding adverse reports, but is improving by new methods in electrolysis facial massage, shampooing, scalp treatment and manicuring; moles and superfluous hair removed by electricity. Terms reasonable.

Also will take orders at home for the same silverware and polish she canvassed for, manufactured by Wm. A. Rogers Co.

Also will carry the finest line of samples of summer dress goods, suits and shirtings from a New York house ever brought to Ligonier. Come and see them and leave an order. 43-8t

A New Play

The novel proposition in mental science and telepathy that thought transmission may cause or prevent crime, that sheer force of unspoken command or suggestion may be practically applied, forms the basis of argument in the new four-act play by Augustus Thomas, "The Witching Hour," which will open in the Garrick on Sunday, Jan. 19th.

The story of the play concerns Jack Brookfield, a Louisville gambler; his niece, Frank Hardmuth, assistant prosecuting attorney for the city, and Clay Whipple, a son of Brookfield's old sweetheart all of whom are involved in a plot of love and crime. Brookfield opposes Hardmuth's suit for the hand of his niece because of his lack of moral fibre, and encourages the suit of young Whipple upon whom he has been keeping a guardian's eye. Young Whipple has an inherited aversion to a cat's eye jewel, and kills an habitue of Brookfield's gambling house, who has annoyed him by forcing a cat's eye scarf pin upon his attention.

In the second act the case of young Whipple is before the supreme court on an appeal from a verdict of guilty. The boy's mother, through an old letter written by the judge recalls to him his own inherited aversion for cat's eye jewels.

In the third act the case against the boy has been finished on second trial and Brookfield, who has developed a certain hypnotic power, has been trying to impress a member of the jury by thought transmission. In the meantime he has given to the prosecuting attorney with a plot to assassinate a former governor of Kentucky. The public mind centered on this revelation, telepathically transmits the public's distrust of that attorney to the jury, and the boy is acquitted. The attorney attempts to murder Brookfield, but is unable to attack him.

In the fourth act, Brookfield, realizing that unspoken thought is a potent force, assists the attorney to escape, because long before the attempt he had thought the governor deserved assassination, and was not sure that the responsibility is not his own, rather than the weak attorney's who had always been a pliable creature under the gambler's influence.

Notice to Water Takers

You are hereby notified that water rents are due Jan. 1, payable at the office of the City Clerk. On all rents due and not paid on or before Jan. 20, a penalty of ten per cent will be added as per section 18, of General ordinance No. 39.

R. E. JEANNERET, City Clerk.

41-4t

House for Rent
Good six-room house, corner McLean and Sixth streets. Reasonable rent. Inquire of Jacob Franks, 42-1t

Burn-Soot

Is a harmless chemical preparation that enables you to burn soft coal and keep your home clean. It destroys all soot in the stove, pipe and chimney, and will extinguish it at once if on fire.

In tin cans at 25 cents

Rat-Snap

Is made of the strongest poisons known and the ingredients carefully prepared to make them the most attractive food for rats and mice. Rat-Snap is so prepared that rats and mice crave it. It is a desert for them—the last they eat. Rat-Snap never spoils—is always good.

Price 15 cents a package

Are you getting the light and results you should from your kerosene? We can supply you with a good quality that will satisfy.

Price 4 quarts, 15 cents

Weir & Cowley

County Appropriations and Expenditures

FOR WHAT PURPOSE	Total Appropriation	Amount Ex- Pended
Clerk's salary	\$ 2400 00	\$ 2400 00
Clerk's office expenses	330 00	159 94
Clerk's fees	370 00	289 15
Auditor's salary	2500 00	2500 00
Auditor's additional salary	300 00	300 00
Auditor's office expenses, including township assessor's supplies and supplies board finance	1175 05	1105 70
Treasurer's salary	2100 00	2100 00
Treasurer's office expenses	354 42	313 60
Recorder's salary	1400 00	1400 00
Recorder's office expenses	315 00	291 18
Recorder's fees	400 00	311 66
Sheriff's salary	2200 00	2200 00
Sheriff's office expenses	165 00	27 45
Sheriff's fees	350 00	275 30
Sheriff's board of prisoners and taking care of insane at jail	800 00	774 65
Sheriff serving summons, etc.	1250 00	365 75
Surveyor's fees	1200 00	294 00
Surveyor's office expenses	200 00	134 63
Surveyor's deputy	800 00	54 00
County Superintendent, per diem	1433 50	1422 00
County Superintendent's office expenses	275 00	155 00
County Assessor's per diem	850 00	850 00
County Assessor's office expenses	75 00	46 50
Township Assessor's and deputies, per diem	3368 00	3316 50
Court expenses—Juryman, per diem	1275 60	1271 70
" Bailiffs	452 50	433 00
" Witness fees	50 00	
" Board of jurors	100 00	14 70
" Official reporter	350 00	233 50
" Medical examination of boys to reform school, etc.	50 00	6 00
" Jury commissioners	30 00	30 00
" Printing bar dockets	100 00	84 90
" Livery for grand jury	8 00	2 00
" Improvements of court room	50 00	6 00
" Laundry for court room	4 00	3 00
" Ice and miscellaneous expenses	20 00	
" Cost of feeble-minded youth	100 00	
" Probation officer	400 00	230 50
" Law books	150 00	58 50
" Postage, etc., for court	20 00	12 00
" Stationery, court	75 00	
" Prosecuting attorney	100 00	100 00
" Court	4000 00	
" Attorney's fees, criminal cases	200 00	
" Insanity inquest	480 12	117 10
" Expense of change of venue	250 00	18 00
Court house repairs	482 45	77 90
Court house supplies	3038 00	2938 04
Janitor and other employees	500 00	500 00
All other expenses court house	25 00	
Jail repairs	100 00	54 40
Jail supplies	543 20	509 37
Poor farm, repair of buildings and care of grounds	3001 40	2672 46
Poor farm, salary of superintendent and other employees	900 00	844 00
Poor farm, supplies	2088 37	2031 82
New bridges	1045 00	10240 59
Bridge repairs	3025 75	3014 55
Bridge superintendent, per diem	400 00	360 25
Bridge superintendent, office expenses	25 00	4 45
Commissioners' salaries	750 00	750 00
Commissioners' other expenses	100 00	81 60
County attorney's salary	250 00	250 00
Attorney of poor, salary	150 00	130 00
Sect. of Board of Health's salary	444 90	440 23
Sect. of Board of Health's other expenses	426 00	290 17
Insane	250 00	238 49
Feeble-minded youth	100 00	3 00
Reform School for Boys	320 01	320 01
Reform School for Girls and Woman's prison	490 42	490 42
Public advertising and notices	84 05	676 06
Board of review, per diem	480 00	417 00
Board of review witnesses	25 00	11 50
Expenses of poor of township	2883 43	2406 72
Coroner, per diem	250 00	81 60
Coroner, other expenses	250 00	60 40
Poor children in other institutions	600 60	374 40
Truant officer	300 00	273 80
Sprinkling streets	26 00	26 00
Burial of soldiers and their widows	1300 00	1000 00
Burial of poor at county farm	100 00	47 50
Conveying prisoners to jail	100 00	35 00
Freight and drayage	104 35	76 18
County council salary—	70 00	
Conveying poor to hospital and children to home	25 00	
Rent of telephone	257 00	221 55
Sheriff fees, foreign	70 00	
Per diem of road viewers and reviewers	137 00	18 75
Ex. of ditches in Commissioners' court	1331 92	600 65
Cleaning ditches	6129 38	2867 06
Indiana "Door of Hope"	300 00	27 75
Markers from poor persons buried from county infirmary	100 00	
Election	184 25	174 80
Auditing books	1500 00	1435 50
Read in Noble township	350 00	227 01
Hill in Wayne township	300 00	175 00
Sink in Wayne township	172 83	83 00
Juvenile prisons	100 00	
Railroad election in Perry township	225 09	215 85
Cash hill, Perry township	250 00	250 00
Teachers' institute	100 00	100 00
Enumeration of voters	356 00	356 00
Hill in Green township	175 15	175 15
Amount refunded county officers on per cent investigation	10 00	10 00
Appraising county lots	4 50	4 50
Total	\$8006 50	\$62718 28