

Resistance to Tyrants is Obedience to God.

J. B. STOLL, EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 24, 1860.

TO OUR READERS.

Upon mature reflection, we have determined to adopt the cash in advance system with all our subscribers. No paper will be sent from this office after the first day of January next that is not prepaid. Bills will be made out against all who are in arrears, and if not paid at the above stated time, their names will be erased from our list, and the amount collected according to law. We earnestly call upon all our readers to aid us in inaugurating the advance system—the only one upon which a paper can be successfully published.

INDIANA PRESS ASSOCIATION.

To the Editors and Publishers of Indiana:

The Indiana Press Association will meet at Indianapolis, January 6, 1870, for the transaction of such business as may be properly brought before it. The editors and publishers are requested to be present at that time. It is desired that the Association make a working organization, and in order to do this there must be co-operation. Therefore, let every paper in the State be represented.

T. H. B. McCANN, President.

J. N. SCARCE, Secretary.

TOO LATE.

At a meeting of the Democratic Central Committee of Cass county, held at Logansport on the 13th inst., the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Democratic State Central Committee are earnestly requested to change the time of holding the Democratic State Convention from the 8th of January to some day about the 1st of June, 1870, as we think the success of the Democratic party in Indiana and the public interests will be thereby promoted.

Resolved, That the delegates to the State Convention shall be appointed at a mass meeting of the Democrats of Cass county, at the call of the chairman of the County Committee.

We are quite ready to admit that many good reasons could be assigned against holding the State convention at so early a day as the 8th of January, but since the State Central Committee has fixed the day, and everybody is making arrangements accordingly, it is folly to insist upon a postponement. Many counties have already elected their delegates, and has much as the State Central Committee was almost unanimous in fixing upon January 8th, there is no probability that it would consent to a change at this late period. Not can any one seriously think of postponement when the convention come as surely as Indians do.

Whatever differences of opinion may have existed on this subject heretofore, all earnest Democrats should now direct their attention to procuring the nomination of a strong ticket, the adoption of a sound platform, and the overthrow of radicalism. Such efforts will bring good results—bickering can not.

The Minnesota Election.

The latest returns from the election in Minnesota elect the Republican candidate for Governor by a few hundred votes. There are four or five counties yet to hear from; the precise figures cannot, therefore, be given yet. The *World* says if the Democracy had been vigilant in the canvass there, and worked with the same zeal as the Republicans, that State would have been placed by the side of New York in the Democratic column. As it is, the vote is sufficiently close to show that it is within their reach at the next election. Large gains have been made in the Legislature of the State, and the Republican majority on joint ballot has been reduced more than half. In addition to this, Democratic county officers have been elected in several of the Republican counties. All this very plainly shows that the Democratic gains are not confined to one State and one locality, but that they extend to all parts of the country. Also, that the Republican party is weakening in all quarters, opening the way for still greater triumphs in the Congressional elections next year.

Admirals Farragut and Porter.

A Washington correspondent of the *Pittsburgh Commercial*, under date of the 10th inst., in speaking of the legal claims of Admiral Farragut and Porter for several millions of prize money in the capture of New Orleans, says that the former claims that Porter's mortar fleet bombarded the enemy's position for seven days without doing any serious damage, or in any way diminishing the offensive power of the forts; and further, that he did not capture or destroy any portion of the enemy's fleet, and that he (Farragut) ordered an attack in accordance with the directions of the secretary of war. The reply of Admiral Porter claims that he was first to suggest the attack; that he worked with his whole force eight days to get Farragut's fleet over the bar; that the statements in Farragut's paper are not true in fact; that he did damage the forts; and that he did capture and destroy part of the fleet. It is a very pretty fight as it stands. Gen. Butler is attorney for Farragut, and J. Hale Ashton for Porter, who are both actively engaged in searching for the truth, which evidently lies somewhere between the conflicting statements of the two admirals.

Meeting of Jewish Babbies.

A number of Jewish Babbies from the principal cities of the Union were recently in conference in Philadelphia on the subject of reform in the Jewish Church. They adopted resolutions abolishing the use of prayers in the Hebrew tongue as unintelligible to the masses, disclaiming the doctrine of bodily resurrection, or the removal of the Jewish State by segregation from all other nations, and declaring the Aaronic priesthood and the Masonic sacrificial worship to have been merely preparatory steps to Israel, and therefore things of the past, to be mentioned only in prayer in their educational capacity, and not to be practiced.

OHIO ALL RIGHT.

A Cincinnati correspondent of the Indianapolis *Journal* furnishes some valuable information in regard to the probable action of the Ohio Legislature on the Fifteenth Amendment. If his statements prove correct, the friends of self-government throughout the land will rejoice at being saved from the disgrace attending the success of a measure which forever deprives sovereign States of their dearest rights. We quote the following from the letter referred to above:

The Republican majority in the present Legislature might just as well have been Democratic, for all of the service they will be to the Republican party. The majority as it now is claimed, is one in the Senate and three in the House. In Hamilton county, the ten Representatives are five Democrats and five "reform" Republicans. These five are counted in to help make up the majority of the Republicans. When the Legislature assembled, the Democrats, probably elected Speaker Mr. Cunningham, were Republicans, who, in return, will vote with them on the "Fifteenth Amendment" and re-districting the State. Another of the reformers will be allowed to select the Clerk for the same considerations, and a third one will have the Sergeant-at-Arms, and thus for these three petty offices will be bartered away the Republican majority, the Fifteenth Amendment, and the re-districting of the State, and consequently the "Bull" majority at the next election. It may be the "bolters" will prove to be made of "stone staff," but indications are against them at present.

We are quite certain that the Democracy will gladly yield all the offices to the "Reform Republicans" if they will only defend that most infamous measure, the Fifteenth Amendment. The Democracy can well afford to dispense with official patronage in order to avert the consummation of a most wicked plot against the independence of State governments.

Carl Schurz on the Chinese.

Carl Schurz, one of the United States Senators from the State of Missouri, has recently been among the Chinese in San Francisco, and writes that he visited various factories wherein many hundred Chinese were employed at almost every branch of labor, and that because they are enabled by their fewer wants to work for less wages, they are preferred in all these branches to white laborers. He says further:

The Chinese need incredibly little to live on. They are satisfied with a little rice, a few eggs, and a little meat for a meal. Most of their vices are imported from China, even on the eggs, which are adding to one more corrupt element to our already too corrupt politics. But it is the forcible wrenching from States, in defiance of their protestations, of a *gut* their founders and the framers of the instrument which is the charter of our federation were careful to leave them the uncontrolled possession of. Admitting that Congress has the right, if we surrender to it the power, to control the question of suffrage in the States, a question which the Constitution left exclusively to the States, we admit, we surrender, to Congress the right and power to control any other matter which at present belongs exclusively to the States.

The official returns of the late Massachusetts State elections show the following result for Governor: Whole number of votes, 188,510; William Claffin received 74,106; John Quincy Adams, 50,735; Edwin M. Chamberlin, 13,567. Claffin's plurality over Adams, 23,371.

There is a widespread rumor that the Supreme Court of the United States will at its session in December, deliver its opinion in the several cases heretofore argued, involving the constitutionality of the acts of Congress making Treasury notes a legal tender, and that the decision will be adverse to the law.

The Lafayette papers are going to publish the real names of all the male and female prostitutes arrested by the police force of that city, which will kill off a many John Smiths.

Near Warsaw, on the evening of the 20th, a young lady named Alice Wilson, while drawing a bucket of water, slipped and fell, striking her side upon the bucket, causing her death in a few minutes.

The wind in Evansville, on Tuesday night of last week, reached the height of a tornado. Three steamers, the Armada, Louise and New Camden, were completely wrecked, and several buildings were destroyed.

The Lebuan Patriot speaks in fitting terms of censure of those persons who ride their horses to town and allow them to stand out in the roughest weather for hours together. The practice is a very common and a very barbarous one.

Madison county, on the 10th, voted an appropriation of \$135,000 to the White Pigeon, Wabash & Cincinnati Railroad, the terminus of which is at Anderson—Kosciusko, Wabash and Grant counties having previously voted appropriations, the construction of the road is rendered certain.

A child was found on Wednesday last week, in a vault in the rear of the residence of Martin Hale, Monroeville, Allen county. The coroner's jury brought it in a verdict that the infant had come to its death at the hand of Sarah Oats, a young lady who had been living in the cabin at Cairo, and went meandering down the Mississippi, but all were brought back safely.

The schooner Arrow was wrecked on the same night, fifteen miles north of Chicago, but the damages reported are inconsiderable as yet.

Some damage was done to the bridge over the Ohio River at Louisville, which will delay its completion for a time. The harm, however, was much less than the builders anticipated.

Several steamers were blown away from the wharf at Cairo, and went meandering down the Mississippi, but all were brought back safely.

The schooner Thos. A. Scott was wrecked in the Straits of Mackinac, during the great storm Tuesday night of last week. No lives lost.

The schooner Arrow was wrecked on the same night, fifteen miles north of Chicago, and the officers and crew, eight in number, were all lost.

The Fort Wayne Democrat says that Wabash, on the Valley Road, is enjoying a period of spasmodic religion. Men, women, and children are indicted for fishing, sewing, knitting, and blacking boots, respectively, on Sunday. About one hundred indictments were lately returned into Court against the best citizens of the town, including several ladies; and, behold, the very essence of the "Fifteenth Amendment," three darkey barbers, were in the list for about \$30.

Our readers will doubtless remember a case of murder which occurred over a year ago in Whitley county, and wherein the Shepler boys (for a short time residents of this place) were implicated. The case has been on the docket for one year, and after consuming almost the entire term of the Circuit Court now in session at Columbia City, was suddenly dismissed by consent of both parties. All the parties implicated in the affray have been dismissed.

Two of the *list* newspapers in northern Indiana are the Ligonier *Banner* and the Laporte *Argus*. With a newspaper press managed after the fashion of these papers, the days of radicalism in Indiana are numbered. *Evansville Courier*.

Many thanks, friend Whittlesey. By incessant labor we hope to extirpate the evils of radicalism in northern Indiana, and in due course of time supplant them with the pure principles of genuine, progressive Democracy.

His Honor, Judge Lowry, will make pretty near a clean sweep of all the cases on the docket, during the present session of the Circuit Court. The Judge is commanded by all for the promptness and ability with which he disposes of the radical party who opposed the election of a respectable flock, on the part of what do our pious and kind-hearted christian brethren suppose?—Well, the affidavit says bastardy. Tell me not in Gath! The friends of the lamb like Samuel quitted the master by raising a purse for the mother of the prospective little lamb, whenupon she declined to appear at the trial against the virtuous bellweather.—Rumors of Samuel's peculiar propensities for calico were rife in this region when he lived in this place.—*Huntington Democrat*.

Grant and Delano.

A book maker has forwarded to Commissioner Delano a work called the "Ancestry of General Grant." The author sends this note to Delano, which explains why it was made for the public, for the first time, why Delano was made Commissioner of Internal Revenue. He says: "You will find in the volume some notice of the Delano family. The Delano blood is the oldest American blood which General Grant has. It dates from a year after the Mayflower landed."

State Treasury.

The following statement will show the aggregate operations of the treasury of the State of Indiana, for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1860:

For last report..... \$ 691,670.04

Received during the year..... 4,197,460.25

Total..... \$ 4,889,036.25

Disbursements during fiscal year..... 3,192,150.00

Balance in treasury Nov. 1, 1860..... \$ 1,697,189.25

This balance has been paid out since November 1st, the full amount, \$60,000 since November 1st. The balance that remains, will, however, be fully sufficient to cover all ordinary disbursements, and also pay the January interest on the State debt. The following counties have not as yet settled their semi-annual accounts:—Brown, Crawford, Daviess, Jay, Kosciusko, Lake, Montgomery, Porter, Shelby, Vermillion and Warren. *Evansville Courier*.

NEW YORK AND THE 15TH AMENDMENT.

The Democracy of New York achieved most glorious triumph. Their State ticket was elected by majorities ranging from 20,000 to 30,000, and they have secured handsome working majorities in both branches of the Legislature. The new constitution—including a clause creating universal suffrage—was defeated by an overwhelming majority. We entirely agree with a contemporary that inasmuch as the preceding Legislature, without authority from its constituency, ratified the fifteenth amendment, we shall expect, and the country expects, now that the people have spoken against negro suffrage among themselves, that the newly elected Democratic Legislature will take early occasion to rescind the action of its predecessor. This would be no more than a act of simple justice towards the people of those States, who do not desire, and are unwilling to surrender all their rights of self-government into the hands of a dictatorial and centralized power. That which New York would soon claim to its own bosom as a thing of beauty, and joy forever, will surely soon be claimed in the arms of others who may not or dare not refuse the odious guilt. Justice, as well as reason, demand this action of the New York Legislature. One by one the pillars of the temple of liberty are falling. State self government is the key stone in the arch of the great gate of the edifice. Our unscrupulous and ambitious rulers have already loosened it in its socket, and two or three blows are needed to send it crashing down among the pillars already prostrate. Let New York hold back its hand and refuse to give one of those fatal blows. If our Ephesian Dome is to be destroyed, let no Democratic hand apply a torch to the pile.

Negro suffrage, if and of itself, is a matter of but little importance. It would add one more corrupt element to our already too corrupt politics. But it is the forcible wrenching from States, in defiance of their protestations, of a *gut* their founders and the framers of the instrument which is the charter of our federation were careful to leave them the uncontrolled possession of. Admitting that Congress has the right, if we surrender to it the power, to control the question of suffrage in the States, a question which the Constitution left exclusively to the States, we admit, we surrender, to Congress the right and power to control any other matter which at present belongs exclusively to the States.

The Laporte *Herald* has just declared that "the democratic press in this part of Indiana is strongly urging the claims of Mr. Stoll for the Auditor of State Can-didacy."

The New Hampshire *Statesman* thinks that "General Grant's head has got dizzy." Grant needn't trouble himself about that. So long as his head swims he won't sink.

Two Gothenburg editors are "W. O. G." to *Templar Lodges*.

A crisis com. case at Columbia City is stirring up a muss.

Lafayette had raided the "social evil"

and congress will act upon it during the next session.

The annexation of St. Domingo is said to have been finally arranged, and congress will act upon it during the next session.

The building containing the State offices is to be let between this country and Belgium.

The law term of the State University opened on Monday of last week.

Peoples throughout the State are urging the necessity of helping the poor.

Col. Eddy emphatically refuses to become a candidate for Secretary of State.

A severe tornado visited the southern portion of the State, on Wednesday last.

All the "official county papers" in the State are publishing delinquent tax-lists.

The citizens of Lagrange county are agitating the subject of having a new courthouse.

M. F. Shuey denies being implicated in the insolvency of Mr. Cole, of Elkhart.

A temperance paper at Kendallville publishes notices of "application for license."

J. W. Burson, of Muncie, has been appointed Government Director on the Union Pacific railroad.

An exchange propose the using of all iron in the State for anatomical subjects in our Medical Institute.

The old Republican Wigwam in Chicago, in which Abraham Lincoln was nominated in the spring of 1860, was destroyed by fire on the night of the 15th inst.

The telegraphic advices from Indiana give accounts of the ravages of the most deadly type of cholera, and it seems to be following almost the desolate wake it left in its march of 1849-50.

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