

# JASPER WEEKLY COURIER.

VOL. 20.

JASPER, INDIANA, FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1878.

NO. 26.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, AT JASPER,  
DUBOIS COUNTY, INDIANA, BY  
**CLEMENT DOANE.**

OFFICE.—IN COURIER BUILDING ON  
WEST SIXTH STREET.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Single Subscription, for fifty Nos., \$1.50  
For six months, : : : : 1.00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

For square, 10 lines or less, 1 week, \$1.00  
Each subsequent insertion, 75 cts.

Longer advertisements at the same rate,  
A fraction over even square or squares,  
counted as a square. These are the terms  
for transient advertisements; a reasonable  
deduction will be made to regular  
advertisers.

Notices of appointment of administrators  
and legal notices of like character  
to be paid in advance.

ANNOUNCING CANDIDATES.

For Township Officers, each \$1.00  
For County " 2.50  
For District, Circuit, or State, 5.00

**W. R. OSBORN,**  
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

HAS located in Jasper, and offers his professional  
services to the public, and will endeavor to merit  
a share of patronage.

Office on Eighth street, in the room for  
merely occupied by Dr. Weiman. Residence  
on the corner of 7th and Newton streets.

Sept. 14, 1878.—fr.

**C. H. MASON,** W. S. HUNTER,  
ROCKPORT.

**Attorneys at Law.**

WILL practice in the Courts of Dubois and adjoining  
counties. Particular attention given to  
business.

Office one door East of the St. Charles' Hotel.  
July 26, 1878.—fr.

**JOHN BAKER,** CLEMENT DOANE,  
VINCENNES.

**BAKER & DOANE,**  
**Attorneys at Law.**

WILL practice in the Courts of Dubois and adjoining  
counties. Particular attention given to  
business.

Office one door East of the St. Charles' Hotel.  
July 26, 1878.—fr.

**WILL A. TRAYLOR**

**Attorney at Law,**

JASPER, INDIANA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Dubois and adjoining  
counties. Particular attention given to  
business.

Office one door East of the St. Charles' Hotel.  
July 26, 1878.—fr.

**BRUNO BUETTNER,**

**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**

And Notary Public,

JASPER, INDIANA.

WILL practice in all the Courts of Dubois and adjoining  
counties. Particular attention given to  
business.

Office one door East of the St. Charles' Hotel.  
July 26, 1878.—fr.

**DILLON & DILLON,**

**ATTORNEYS AT LAW.**

OFFICE over Joe Tressler's Saddler Shop,

JASPER, INDIANA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Dubois and adjoining  
counties. Sept. 26th, 1878.—fr.

**NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP**

WM. GASSER,

North Main Street, opposite the Post Office.

JASPER, INDIANA.

WILL built and opened a new shop for all kinds of  
blacksmith work. His long acquaintance with the  
citizens of Dubois county, and the well known good char-  
acter of his work, he trusts will give him a liberal share  
of patronage. His prices will be made to suit the times.

Horse shoeing and ironing of wagons or buggies  
will be promptly attended to.

W. GASSER.

November 13th, 1874.—fr.

**CHAS. BODMANN.** H. H. HOFFMAN.

**"The Old Reliable"**

**BODMANN'S**

Leaf Tobacco

**WAREHOUSE!**

ESTABLISHED 1851. Nos. 57, 59,

61, and 63 West Front Street, foot of

Suspension Bridge, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Seed Leaf Auction Sales every Saturday.

The only Tobacco Warehouse in Cin-

cinnati that has a Seed Leaf trade.

Storage on Tobacco free for three months,

and charges reasonable as consistent

with fair dealings. Liberal advances

made on consignments upon receipt.

Send for weekly Tobacco Circulars.

CHAS. BODMANN & CO.,

Feb. 22 '78-8m. Cincinnati.

For the Jasper Courier.  
**From Ireland.**

A poem composed and written by  
John M. Parker, of Ireland, Ind., to  
memory of John Q. Dean, alias Rooter  
and his co-conspirators:

King John Q. Dean, alias Rooter,  
If he would practice might make a  
shooter:

Roll, root and shoot is his aim,  
Maybe he will make something lame.  
His mighty counsel he did call,  
And said to them one and all—

Go bring my bally with haste and speed,  
And hitch up to my velocipede.

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For the Jasper Courier.  
**Salt peter Cave.**

About four miles west of Newton  
Stewart, in Dubois county, is a great  
natural curiosity called the "Salt peter  
Cave." It is a projecting cliff of rocks  
about 200 feet long, fronting towards  
the east, extending out about 30 feet,  
and about 40 feet high from the floor.  
On the floor are several very large rocks  
which have broken from the over-hang-  
ing cliff above; and these, together with  
the height of the cliff and the wildness  
of the surrounding scenery (as it is sit-  
uated in the heart of a vast primeval  
forest), gives it a very grand and pictur-  
esque effect. The floor is covered with  
heaps of dirt and ashes, showing that  
this was once a famous Indian camping  
ground. Scratching down about two  
feet with a piece of clapboard, we dis-  
covered bits of charcoal, clam shells,  
abundance of deer bones, flint arrow  
heads and fragments of Indian earthen-  
ware. But the most remarkable thing  
about the cave, and one that attracts the  
attention of all, is a very perfect repre-  
sentation of three turtles sculptured up-  
on one of the large rocks. There can  
be no doubt that here is a rich field for  
the Archaeologist.

W. M. P. KOCHENOUR.

Peter Mahan, of Stampers Creek town-  
ship, died last Sunday at the extreme  
age of 96 years. He was the oldest citizen  
of the county and leaves a very  
large circle of relatives, friends and ac-  
quaintances to mourn his loss. He re-  
tained his mental and physical facilities  
to a wonderful degree, until within a  
short time of his death. He was an  
honest, upright man and during his  
long and eventful life maintained the  
confidence and esteem of all who knew  
him.

Henry Williamson, one of Orange  
county's oldest and best known citizens,  
died at Orleans Saturday morning. Mr.  
Williamson had attained the ripe old  
age of 86 years.

In comparing the difference between  
the Democratic and Republican parties,  
the Cincinnati Enquirer says:

"The points of antagonism between  
the two parties are clearly enough de-  
veloped. The Democratic party are in  
a position to favor the absolute repeal of the  
Re-  
sumption Act; the Republicans insist  
that it shall be absolutely executed.

The Republican party is owned by Na-  
tional bankers, and it is in favor of free  
internal Revenue at New Orleans, called  
on Mrs. Weber and endeavored to  
National banking system; the Demo-  
cratic party is unalterably opposed to it.  
The Democratic party says, "No banks  
in existence, and promised her that if of issue;" the Republican party has said,  
she did so she should be appointed Post-  
mistress at Donaldsville.

Another striking piece of to-day's and unlimited coinage of the old silver  
testimony was upon Weber's arrival in dollar; the Republican party is opposed  
this city he was waited upon by a Clerk to it. The Democratic party is opposed  
in the Treasury Department, who said to a further increase of the bonded debt  
that Sherman was well dis-  
posed toward him (Weber), and would  
like to have a private interview with  
him. This he refused.

It was brought out, too, to-day that  
Captain Jenks, the husband of the fe-  
male "hoss-marine," tried to get Weber  
to tell him how he was going to testify,  
adding: "If we testify all right we will  
get easy positions in the Custom House  
at New Orleans."

Mr. Springer questioned Weber with  
reference to the recent confession of  
Eliza Pinkston. Weber said he had  
read the confession in the New York  
Herald, and that he believed every word  
of it was true; that he believed the Eliza  
Pinkston outrage was a put up job.

With reference to the fraud in the  
two Feliciana parishes, he said the re-  
turns from them were opened on the  
24th. It was common talk, and the ru-  
mor on the streets of New Orleans two  
or three days after the election, that we  
(the Republicans) had been beaten.

Kellogg, Packard and Gen. Anderson  
requested me to use my influence with  
my brother to see that he made a pro-  
test. They said he would be provided  
for, and that I would be returned as  
elected to the Senate. Anderson said I  
would be all right if my brother pro-  
tested against the vote of the parish  
being returned. I was defeated by 1,200

majority, but the Returning Board re-  
versed the majority against me and re-  
turned me elected by 700 majority. The  
Republicans agreed before election that  
they would not make a canvass in East  
and West Feliciana; that they were  
going Democratic, and that the parishes  
were to be thrown out. Packard told  
me that if he did not receive a single  
vote in either parish he would be elected

Governor; that the parishes were to be  
thrown out, as it was the easiest way to  
dispose of Democratic majorities.

Weber's statement, taken as a whole,  
is the most damaging testimony yet  
taken, and if corroborated will worry  
Sherman's lawyers to rebut. The Com-  
mittee to-day took a rest until the 11th

inst.

A householder in Troy, in filling up  
his census schedule, under the column  
headed. "Where born," described one  
of his children "born in the parlor," and  
when told, said in some sur-  
prise; "Is that so? Why that's what I  
paid to advertise my first wife. I  
thought prices might have come down."

George Downs fitted up a house for  
an Albany widow before he was sure  
she would marry him, and now, as she  
refuses, he sues her to recover posses-  
sion of her property.

For the Jasper Courier.  
**Correspondence From Ireland.**

Mr. EDITOR—Dear Sir: In the Courier of June 21st, 1878, George S. Kendall, of this place, replied to a letter written by me and published in the Courier June 7th, charging me with having slandered him and of being on the war-  
path, and that I wanted to revenge myself on innocent parties, all of which I deny having the least thought of doing, but meant to charge home to the guilty their evil doings, and am ready when called upon by proper authority, to prove that each and all of the evil doings named in that letter have taken place in Ireland—more still, that the half was not told therein. In conversation with Mr. Wilhelm, President of the Greenback Club of this place, he assures me that he did not take any offence, or that I had aimed to slander him. Now, as regards said Parker's war-path and common slander, the righteous knoweth but little of the devil's servants, wilful and malicious lies, and as to setting a better example before my family, it is as so much bosh. I leave the readers of the Courier to say who is on the war-path. Be careful Mr. K. in mounting your war-steed, lest he gets away with you, and in his fiery indignation, you find him going whither you would not; but perhaps before this, Mr. K., like Alexander the Great, is seated on his war-chariot, weeping that there are none others to conquer, or with his great war-horse calling for poison. Secretary, or little t. his drummer boy, or his great Gen. J. or some others of valor, but less noted in passed conflicts. JOHN M. PARKER.

July 2d, 1878.

**A Question Answered.**

The Indianapolis Journal asks us to state fully and frankly what we mean by a cheap currency. We mean a currency issued directly from the government to the people without the intermediate agency of the banks. A currency that is not the representative of debt—the sign of usury. A full legal tender greenback currency, based on the credit of the nation. The national bank currency is based on debt. It can not circulate independent of bonds. It is, in the highest sense, the sign of usury. Its issuers draw usury on the bonds, upon which it is based, and upon the currency itself. It is a dear currency because it virtually bears a double rate of interest. The old specie basis currency was dear because it was insecure. It had a strong tendency to separate itself from its basis, and become worthless.

Since its adoption by the nation, it has cost the people enough to convince them of its utter worthlessness as a medium of exchange. Every time it broke down millions of worthless bills were left in the hands of the people. Every time it changed in value the people were the losers. It is a dear, worthless currency. The full legal tender, based on the credit of the government, is the cheapest and safest currency. It will endure as long as the government.

—Terre Haute Gazette.

**The Mexican Dollar.**

Jabez B. Holmes, a young man, a stranger in the city, hailing from Cleve-  
land, went into C. E. Potts & Co.'s drug

store, on Fourth and Main streets, yes-  
terday afternoon, and purchased a ten  
cent cigar, tendering in payment a Mex-  
ican dollar. The clerk gave him seventy-  
five cents in change—the dollar being

worth only eighty-five cents. Holmes

refused to take that sum, demanding

ninety cents, and the clerk refused to give  
it to him. He then threw down the  
cigar and wanted his dollar back, which  
the clerk also refused, as he had bitten  
the end off the cigar. Holmes, on this,  
becoming boisterous, an officer was

called in, who took him in charge and

locked him up at Hammond street.—

[Cincinnati Enquirer.]

**Cincinnati Enquirer:** The system of narrow gauge railroads now building and projected for early construction presents to commerce some very interesting features. While local enterprise and money is in most instances effecting this development, the practical minds directing the movements in most

important instances keep in view the perfection of a connected system, while

accommodating local interests. The Cincinnati and Eastern, from this city

eastward, has Portsmouth and, by build-

ing across the neck, Gallipolis in view

as eastern termini. The Washington,

Cincinnati and St. Louis narrow gauge