The Republican.

RENSSELAER, Friday, Oct. 2, 1874.

Republican State Ticket.

For Secretary of State,
WILLIAM W. CURRY,
Of Vigo County.

For Auditor of State,
JAMES A. WILDMAN,
Of Howard County.

For Treasurer of State,
JOHN B. GLOVER,
Of Lawrance County.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.
JOHN M. BLOSS,
Of Floyd County.

For Attorney General,
JAMES C. DENNY,
Of Knox County.

For Judge Of Supreme Court,
ANDREW L. OSBORNE,
Of Laporte County.

—o—

For Congress,
WILLIAM H. CALKINS,
Of Laporte.

—o—

For State Senator,
JETHRO A. HATCH.
Of Newton County.

For Representative,
CHARLES M. WATSON,
Of Jasper.

Republican County Ticket.

For Clerk.
EZRA L. CLARK.

For Auditor,
FRANK W. BABCOCK.

For Recorder,
HARVEY W. WOOD.

For Treasurer,
LEMUEL C. JANES.

For Sheriff,
LEWIS L. DAUGHERTY.

For County Assessor,
HENRY I. ADAMS.

For Surveyor,
CHARELS A. MAYHEW.

For Coroner,
NORMAN WARNER.

For Commissioner,——2d Dist.,
W. K. PARKISON.

For Commissioner,——3d Dist.,
WILLIAM B. PRICE.

Our Candidates.

For Clerk of the Circuit Court,
EZRA L. CLARK,

Mr. Clark was born in Columbiana co., Ohio 35 years ago and has been a resident of Jasper County for 20 years, during which time he was engaged in farming, and teaching school in winter till the spring of 1861 when he enlisted in Co. "G." of the 9th Ind. Vols. and in a skirmish at Green Briar, West Va., Dec. 12th, 1861, was crippled for life.—He has twice been elected Recorder, the last time running largely ahead of his ticket.

For Auditor,
FRANK W. BABCOCK.

Capt. Babcock was born at Tippecanoe Battle Ground 31 years ago and has resided in Jasper county 11 years, been in Ill. nearly 2 years, served in the 6th Ill. Cav. a little more than 4 years. He was was wounded first at Belmont, Tenn., receiving five buck-shot in left hip and thigh—two of which are still retained as remembrances of the struggle for a nation's life. Second, a gunshot wound at West Point, Miss., the ball passing diagonally through the left hand, from knuckle of first finger to the outer and under side of wrist-joint, completely stiffening the wrist and disabling the hand. At the close of the war he returnd to Jasper county, and engaged in his former occupation—farming—to the limited extent his crippled condition would admit of.—At the election of 1870 he was elected Auditor of Jasper county and has filled that office in a manner that is entirely satisfactory to the Republican party and the people generally.

For Treasurer,
LEMUEL C. JANES.

Mr. Janes was born in London co., Va. Moved to Ind. in 1836—the year that the town of Rensselaer was started, and to Jasper co. in 1861, and settled on a farm in Kankakee tp. He served as Superintendent of Land Transportation under Department Quartermaster Boggs, in the late war of the rebellion from 1862 to the close of the war. The retaining of such office for such length of time is of itself a strong recommendation for his business qualifications and goes far to explain his complete success as Treasurer of Jasper county, which office he was called from his farm in Kankakee, to fill and which he has filled so acceptably to the people that they propose to keep him there another term.

For Recorder,
HARVEY W. WOOD.

Mr. Wood was born in Montgomery co., Ohio, on a farm, and from the time he was large enough to work at all, he followed the business of farming till Aug. 7th, '62, when he enlisted in the 93d Ohio Vols. In this regiment he served in the Army of the Cumberland and at Chicamauga, Ga., on the 20th of Sept., 1863, received a fracture of the left thigh-bone, from which he still suffers greatly. He was discharged at the close of the war, and came to Jasper co. in the spring of 1866. He went to farming here, which business he followed till elected Recorder. He is a member of the Methodist Church and apparently as worthy a man and true a Christian gentleman as the Church possesses.

For Sheriff,
LEWIS L. DAUGHERTY.

Mr. Daugherty was born in Tippecanoe co., Ind., and came to Jasper co. 30 years ago.

He has always been a farmer. Enlisted in Co. "G." 9th Ind. for the 3 mos. service in 1861, after which he enlisted in Co. "K." 48th Ind., in which he served 3 years. Was wounded at Vicksburg in the assault of May 22d, 1863.—Returning from the army he engaged in farming till elected to his present unexpired term of Sheriff. Mr. Daugherty has for years been a member of the Baptist Church.

These are the men whom the Republicans elected to office and now propose to support for re-election. They are men well known to the communities where they have resided and now reside, as men who are honest, upright and capable.—Part of them are known as upright members of churches, and all are known as leading, influential members of the best part of society.

When persons who are cognizant of the above facts will so debase and stultify themselves, in their inordinate and shameless greed for office and its spoils, (especially the spoils) as to denounce those men as "corrupt," "ring," "court-house clique." "court-house ring;" when they say the "farmers' interests" are not taken into consideration; that farmers are not elected to office; when their wicked, malicious and false statements are known to be such by all persons at all conversant with the facts—these things may well be considered sufficient evidence to justify all persons in the belief that all their statements, resolutions, platitudes, cries of "reform," "corruption of parties," etc., *ad infinitum*, are wholly and unqualifiedly insincere and disingenuous.

It will be a sad day for any country or community when it turns its back upon its faithful servants and turns over its offices to the manipulations and control of the most impudent and daring blackmailers.

This we are confident the people of Jasper county do not intend to do.—When the tide of rebellion rolled its black billows of war upon a happy and prosperous country threatening desolation and destruction, the people said to these men: "Go stem the tide—stand in the breach—if you fall we'll stand by your families—if you return we'll stand by you." In fulfillment of that obligation the people have placed these men in offices which they have filled faithfully, honestly, capably and creditably, at the same time they have identified themselves with organizations for the social uplifting of the less fortunate portion of humanity.

The people will not now eat their words and, at the behest of demagogues whose only stock in trade is the manufacture of falsehoods and calumny, turn from these men in such a way as to say: "We have tried you and you have failed.—You're weighed in the balance and found wanting."

In October, these men will be put in the scale against the candidates of their calumniators. Get your glasses ready for a long look—there'll be no trembling in the balance.

Jasper County Finances.

As a specimen of the "*mismanagement*" of our county finances, so much harped upon by the *Union*, we wish to submit a few facts and figures.

By law all county treasurers are required, when there are no *county* funds on hand with which to pay county orders, to protest them, after which they draw interest until paid, the interest all the time augmenting the county indebtedness. Orders thus protested must either be held by the persons to whom they were issued, for an indefinite time, or placed upon the market and sold at such discount as circumstances shall make it necessary for them to submit to. As a matter of course when this is the case all persons performing services, or furnishing goods for the county, *add* to their bills not only the *probable* amount of discount, but enough more to make them *secure* in any contingency. Thus the county pays the face of the order sooner or later, together with the interest, the discount and a large margin besides for contingencies.

It is also made the duty of the treasurer, to give notice by publication, whenever there may be *county* funds on hand, that all orders issued prior to the date up to which the amount on hand will pay, will be redeemed on presentation, after which notice all interest thereon will cease.

At the annual settlement in June, 1873, it was found that the state of our county finances would warrant the Treasurer in giving notice that all outstanding orders issued *prior to June 1st*, 1873, would be redeemed on presentation, which was done. This left the orders issued in June to go to protest and to be thrown upon the market at a large discount, there being no county funds with which to redeem them.

Had the County Treasnrer done *no more than required by law*, he would from collection made have have been enabled to advertise from time to time, that he would redeem the *oldest* outstanding orders, but could not have commenced paying *all*, as presented, before April 1st, 1874. It would therefore have been necessary to protest *all* orders issued up to that time, the county paying the interest and discount thereon.

But for the benefit of the county at large and of the persons holding orders, our Treasurer. L. C. Janes—one of the "Ring," (see *Union* of any date since its Ed. undertook to set up things for a County Office,)—resolved in August, 1873, ta pay *all orders*, as presented, using therefor other funds, over which he had control, and which he might have placed at interest for his own benefit, and not an order has been protested since that time, Let us see the result.

Since the June, 1873, issued of orders were protested there had been issued up to April 1st, 1874, orders to the amount of $11,440.00.

Had these orders been protested, as they must have been but for the *voluntary* action of the Treasurer we would have paid interest the reon, an average of say four months, making $228.80. The holders to realize on them must sell at a discount of about 10 per cent., making $1,144.00. In addition it is safe to say that there would have been added to the bills against the county on which the orders were issued, an average of not less than 5 per cent., $572.00. Then there was the interest saved on $5,183.93 issued in June, 1873, and protested, and which were paid in advance of *county* funds for that purpose, say on the average four months, making $103.67.—Making a total saving of $2,048.47.

Over $2,000.00 *saved* to the county and the holders of orders by the *voluntary* action of our Treasurer, whereas he could have saved himself quite a nice sum by the use of the money for his own benefit, which he had a perfect *legal* right to do.

We think a continuance of such "mismanagement" will be very acceptable.

The "Independent" Movement.

It has been well said that the so called independent movement, in Jasper county, was "Conceived in iniquity and brought forth in sin." Many honest men were at first so far deluded as to think good might come of it. But such men were ignorant of its first conception, and have very generally upon becoming enlightened in the matter turned from "the unclean thing." Good and true men, who saw from the beginning the insincerity of the "movement," were very slow to take a position that might be construed into opposition to the farming community who had combined and organized upon promulgated principles which no good person—no well-wisher to humanity, *could* for a moment oppose. And on the principle that give the devil rope enough and he will hang himself, the manipulators of the movement have been suffered for a long season to show their character by their works. It is said a workman is judged by his chips—what then can be the judgement upon these workmen? The first of their works was for a few office *seekers* to combine in a general grab for the offices. They saw no hope from the Republican party, for those of the *seekers* who were not open and avowed Democrats and opposed to the government in the greatest struggle it has been called to pass through, were men of whom the Republican party had been made to feel ashamed for their unprincipled greed for office and intolerable egotistic desire to figure as leaders and controllers of party action. They saw no hope from the Democrats, for they had been a hopeless minority for Lo! these many years. There was, then, but one course to pursue.—The dominant party must be destroyed or their ambition could not be satisfied. How could this be accomplished? They thought there was a chance for its accomplishment by getting the "Grange" power pitted against it. The power that had come into existence in part for the over-throw of monopolies, must be saddled and riden and made to believe that the Republican party was a "monopoly" and responsible for all the corners in wheat in Chicago, and gold on Wall street, together with all the selfish and corrupt combinations that are formed by men of *all parties* and *no principle* except the one principle of extortion combinations for the purpose of bribing legislators and every other dishonest thing by which they can possess themselves of the hard earned wealth of the "Sons of toil." So they, these office *seekers*, joined the Patrons of Husbandry. Then commenced a series of abuses of both the old parties—the Republicans as a matter of course, and the Democrats for the appearance of consistency. They "inteviewed" prominent Republicans and especially those who were in office and whose reputation was so unsullied that it was perhaps impossible to displace them, and sought to attach *them* to the movement.—This was to give the movement weight and influence. Failing to get the co-operation of the officers who had been elected by the Republicans, upon Republican principles, and in the light of a glorious ten years Republican record, they turned their batteries of calumny and misrepresentation upon the Republican party in general and by innuendoes and covert thrusts, at those officers in particular. Laying their plans with care and calculating their chances for success with nicety, they first announced in the Central Association of Patrons of Husbandry, that at their next meeting they were to consider the propriety of putting a separate ticket in the field. In the mean-time resolutions and platitudes were prepared by the originators of the "movement" the arangements "cut and dried" for the occasion and the time came around for the meeting. A respectable number met and a guard being placed at the door, measures for "the people" to support were discussed and the result was a failure to inaugurate a people's movement; but after the opponents of the movement had retired from the house in considerable numbers, the action of the association was reconsidered, and it was determined to put an independent ticket in the field. Fifteen persons took sufficient interest in the subject to speak upon it, and eight of these became "independent" or "people's" candidates for office. But how should they get the people to support them? Only one road lay open to them. There was no Republican paper in the county to expose any representations they might make through their "organ" and hence they made it the smut-machine to do the dirty work of vilifying and missrepresenting the present incumbents of the county offices, denouncing as a "Ring" "Clique," "Court House Ring," "Court House Clique" and "Ring-master" etc., etc., men who, in public or private life, politically, religiously, socially, morally or in business capability and honesty have no superiors in the county. They depended upon deluding and mis-leading the people by fraudulent statements and deceitful innuendoes; by charges that were trumped up for the occasion and which they themselves had no faith in, to support them in putting down "corruption." They relied upon the same sort of strategy to make this *appear* to be what they christened the bastard, a "people's" movement At the next meeting of the Central Association these Moses-es tried to get the nominations of candidates on this mongrel ticket effected while their guard was at the door to keep out the "people" who were to ratify these nominations at their primary election.—This was so palpably thin that those possessed of common-sense, whom "the god's" had not yet "made mad," opposed and ridiculed it till the idea was abandoned. The primary election came off and O, dear! some body else got the nominations. It was a bitter pill but those naughty Republicans must be punished for *not* being corrupt, and nauseous as was this dose it must be gulped, and so these originators of the "people's movement" that was to lift them into the offices they so coveted, must support and help on, in this same low, scheming, vilifying, scandalizing way, the "movement" to put men whom the "people" preferred to trust, into said offices.

If the pople of Jasper county can be captivated by so palpably corrupt, insincere and unprincipled a fiasco as this so called "people's movement," then has the "schoolmaster been abroad" in vain, and may look for a repetition in our own midst, of the history of the reform movements that resulted in the stupendous frauds and speculations that cursed the city of New York and other places and disgraced the 16th century.

As when thieves makes a haul it is an old practice with them to get terribly excited and earnest in the pursuit of some supposed thief and yelling "stop thief" at the tops of their voices excite the multitude to pursue a phantom while they escape with their booty. So these "movement" originators endeavored by humbuggery and immitigated deception to steal from the people the offices which they well knew they could get in no other way. It was the desperate remedy for a desperate case. They have staked their all in the contest—we shall see who is deluded—the "people," or the office *hunters*.

A Democratic Editor's Discovery.

The Rensselaer *Union*, a Democratic paper published in Jasper county, Ind., has this to say about the INTER OCEAN and its management:

If we are not mistaken, the managing editor of the INTER-OCEAN was at one time a carpet-bag member of Congress from a Virginia district. By the term "carpet-bag," we mean that he was down in that region directly after the war closed, and by some hocus-pocus obtained a certificate of election during the time of transition from rebellion to reconstruction. He was properly a citizen of another State, where the people held entirely different views upon political questions even the most trivial; he did not reflect the feelings of the people whom he assumed to represent; was not of them, did not understand them, could not sympathize with them, did not have their confidence, and was not a representative man. Of course, after political disabilities were removed from the people, and they were permitted to choose for themselves, this man could no longer be sent to Congress from that district, and, having no interest there, his trade being gone, he was compelled either to work, to leave, or to starve. He chose to leave; and now the columns of his paper are filled with intense, proscriptive, partisan illiberality.

In yesterday's INTER-OCEAN we discussed this question of carpet-baggers, and showed who and what a carpet-bagger is. We said that Henry Clay, and Daniel Webster and Abraham Lincoln, and Stephen A. Douglas were carpet-baggers, and we need hardly remark that the editor of the INTER-OCEAN would feel very well satisfied to stand in their company. Notwithstanding this, the Rensselaer *Union* is mistaken, as the editors of Democratic papers usually are. The managing editor of the INTER-OCEAN was not "down in that region directly after the war closed." He did not "by some hocus-pocus obtain a certificate of election during the time of transition from rebellion to reconstruction." He did not assume to represent the people of Virginia while "properly a citizen of another State." He did not pretend to reflect the feelings of the people there while he "did not understand them, could not sympathize with them, did not have their confidence, and was not a representative man." He did not leave there because his trade was gone; nor because he was compelled to work or starve.—He did not leave Virginia, and, to save himself from starvation, come up to Chicago and start the INTER-OCEAN to avoid work. The managing editor was never a carpet-bag member of Congress from Virginia. No editor of the INTER-OCEAN was ever a carpet-bag member of Congress from Virginia, nor from Kentucky, nor from Lousiana, nor from any other Southern State. There never was a carpet-bag member of Congress from Virginia having even the surname of the editor of this paper. There never was a member of Congress of any kind from Virginia of that name, and, finally, there never was a member of Congress from any Southern State of that name.

We do not know how reliable the Rensselaer *Union* may be ordinarily, but if this editoral is to be taken as a sample, we should say that there is room for it to grow considerably in veracity!—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

Sabbath School Convention

The friends of Sabbath Schools in Jasper county will hold a Mass Convention, at Rensselaer, Oct. 20th, and 21st. Wm. H. Levering, of LaFayette, is expected to be present to conduct the Convention, and aid in the organization of a County S. S. Union. All the Schools in the county are invited to co-oporate. School Officers and Teachers are especially requested to be present.—Superintendents or School Secretaries are requested to report their purpose to co-operate by letter to the undersigned commitee, by whom programmes and further particulars will be furnished as the time approaches.

Remington, Ind., Sep. 16.

W. B. HENDRYX,
W. H. SHAW,
G. B. CHAPPELL. } Committee.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Simon P. Thompson is a candidate for Prosecuting Attorney.

Ezra L. Clark is a candidate for Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court.

Please announce the name of Henry S. Travis as a candidate for Prosecutor of 30th Judicial Circuit.

Lewis L. Daugherty will be a candidate for reelection to the office of Sheriff of Jasper county, subject to the decision of the people at the coming October Election.

EDITOR JOURNAL.—Please announce the name of Ira W. Yeoman as a candidate for the office of Circuit Prosecutor for the 30th Judicial Circuit of Ind., subject to the decision of the people at the next general election.

To the Voters of Jasper County.

I respectfully offer myself as a Candidate for re-election to the office of County Treasures *subject to your decision at the ensuing October election.* L. C. JANES.

Frank W. Babcock is a candidate for reelection to the office of County Auditor of Jasper county.

EDITOR REMINGTON JOURNAL:—Please announce the nam of Harvey W. Wood as a candidate for reelection to the office of County Recorder.

THE OLD LINE DRUG STORE!

HARDING & WILLEY,

Would say that they are ready at all times to wait on their customers.

They keep Constantly on hand a good and fresh suply of
Druggs,
Medicines,
Paints,
Oils,
And Dye Stuffs.

THEY KEEP A GOOD SUPPLY OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,
PAPER,
ENVELOPS,
PENCILS,
TOILET SOAPS,
PERFUMERY &c.

ALSO, ALL THE POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES OF THE DAY. Physicians Prescriptions CAREFULLY prepared. We are ready at all times to see our **FRIENDS.**

We Mean Buisness for the Year 1874!

WE wish to call your attention to our Stock of Saddlery. We have the largest and most complete Stock of Saddlery Ware ever kept in this county, consisting of SADDLES OF ALL THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS. Long and Short Tug Harness, Horse and Mule Collars, Sweeny Collars made on purpose for horses having lumps on the sides of their necks. Plow and Stage Hames for Horses; Short Hames on purpose for Mules and Small Horses.—TRACE CHAINS, HALTER CHAINS, TEAM, WAGON AND BUGGY WHIPS,

Together with a Large Stock of Oak tanned leather and Saddlery Hardware Of all kinds, all of which WE will Sell Lower than any other Shop in this or adjoining Counties,

Grangers or any Other Men for CASH.

We have been over EIGHTEEN YEARS in the COUNTY, and sold over 350 sets of light and heavy Harness in the last TWO YEARS. It is our intention to make this our permanent home; and wish to deal fairly with our customers, that we may always have their trade.

WE WARRANT OUR WORK TO WEAR WELL, AND NOT TO RIP OR GIVE WAY WITH FAIR USAGE.

WE also have for sale the Singer Sewing Machine and fixings. Also, Home, Grover & Baker and Common Sense needles, and Machine Oils.

Respectfully Yours,
Wm. H. & C. RHOADES,
Manufacturers, Rensselaer, Ind.

A. SOLEMN FACT!

No Matter Who the other Man is,

BUT, WILLEY & SIGLER,

THANKFUL for past favors, and content with the **Reward** of **Merit** Can be found at their old Stand in the Post-Office BUILDING, with the LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES, READY MADE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, GROERIES. YANKEE NOTIONS, &c., &c., &c.

In fact Every thing that can be found in a well Selected stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Ever offered to the Public in this Market. All of which they do SELL the LARGEST AMOUNT for the LEAST MONEY of any firm in TOWN.

Don't pass Them by in search of something new.

Square Dealing is their Motto.

CALL AND SEE THEIR GOODS BEFORE BUYING.

NO. 1006.

New Goods at the PIONEER STORE of

F. J. SEARS & CO.,

DEALERS IN STAPLE & FANCY

Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Groceries, Clothing, &c.

All Goods Cheap For CASH. Call and be Satisfied of the FACT.

Rensselaer, - - Ind.

HOPKINS' CORNER!

10 YEARS

STRICT attention to business & have not a fortune yet; nor have I "Busted" yet. To avoid the "Bust" I only buy what GOODS My money will pay for at the time of purchase.

FIVE PER CENT. PROFIT.

I pay no rents. Pay no Clerks, and what is better for all parties, SELL FOR CASH OR ITS EQUIVALENT.

LUDD HOPKINS.

Grand Display of New DRY GOODS,

AT THE OLD RELIABLE CHEAP CASH STORE, IN THE STONE BUILDING.

Has just received for the coming season a full line of

ALPACAS,
BLACK MOHAIRS,
BLACK CASSIMERES,
BROWN & BLACK MUSLINS,
TABLE LINEN, TOWELS &c.

Also, a full line of

Ready Made Clothing, and Boots and Shoes;

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WINTER SHAWLS, AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

Call and Examine Stock Before purchasing.

R. FENDIG.

nl 3m.

Headquarters, in Rensselaer,

FOR BUILDERS' HARDWARE MECHANICS TOOLS, CUTLERY, TINWARE, STOVES, NAILS, &c., &c., &c., at the "LIBERAL CORNER."

Our stock will be found to embrace almost every conceivable article in the Hardware line.

We also have a **TIN SHOP** in connection with our establishment, and are prepared to do all kinds of **CUSTOM WORK and REPAIRING on SHORT NOTICE.**

On Front street, north of "Liberal Corner," we have a WAGON & CARRIAGE Manufactory and Blacksmith Shop.

Strict Attention Paid to Custom Work.

Wagons & Carriages Made to Order.

WE guarantee all goods AS represented, and to give entire satisfaction. REMEMBER THE PLACE, and GIVE US A **Call.**

Norman Warner.

George P. Daugherty's,

LATCH-STRING IS ALWAYS OUT,

And he would be glad at all times to see his old friends and patrons and every body else who want

CHEAP GROCERIES and FAMILY SUPPLIES,

AT HIS NEW ROOMS
Next Door to the City Bakery.

Besides a full line of Staple Groceries, he keeps constantly on hand a good line of Queensware, Glassware, Spices and Flavoring Extracts, Catsups and Pepper Sauce, Baking Powder, Canned Fruits, Starch, Indigo, Stove Blacking, Ground Cinnamon and Matches, etc., etc., etc.

Besides, the best quality of Tobacco and Cigars, Nuts, Candies and Plain and Fancy Confectioneries, All at astonishingly low PRICES.

All kinds of Produce wanted, for which will be paid, the highest MARKET PRICE.

Do Not Fail To Give Him A Call.

DUVALL'S

DAILY HACK LINE AND Livery Stable,

RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

—o—

United States Mail Hacks run daily, except Sundays, between

Rensselaer and *Francesville.*

Making connections at the latter place with trains on the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Railroad, and conveying passengers and freight each way. Extra teams sent at any time on application.—Goods or money shipped by express to any part of the United States.

Livery Teams,

With or without drivers, furnished on application. Stock boarded by the day or week.

Office and stable on Front street, above Washington, Rensselaer, Indiana.

J. W. Duvall.