

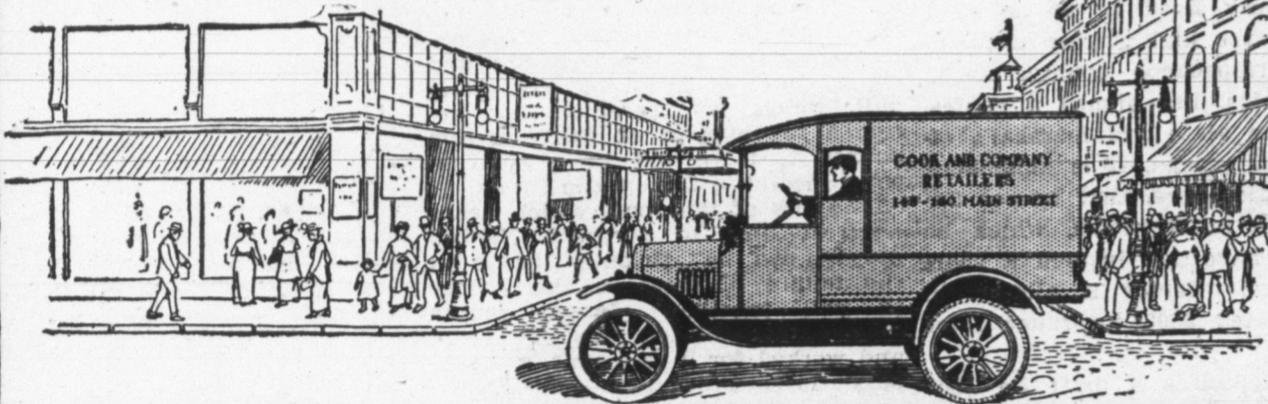
Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford Delivery Car is probably one of the most used cars in the business world. The reasons are simple: It is the most economical motor car in service; it is the most dependable motor car in service; it is the most satisfactory motor car in service, because it is the regular Ford Chassis with just the kind of body you want. We can get or build any kind of a body you may desire, plain or fancy. It will multiply the volume of your business by doubling your business territory. If this were not so, the biggest corporations in the country would not be using fleets of Ford cars for delivery purposes. Come in. Let's go into details a little farther with you. You will find it a profitable investigation.

Central Sales Company

Phone Three-One-Nine



THE JASPER COUNTY DEMOCRAT

F. E. BABCOCK, Publisher.

OFFICIAL DEMOCRATIC PAPER OF JASPER COUNTY

Long Distance Telephone Office 315 Residence 311

Entered as second class mail matter June 5, 1908, at the post office at Rensselaer, Indiana, under the Act of March 3, 1907.

Published Wednesday and Saturday

The Only All-Home-Print Newspaper in Jasper County.

SUBSCRIPTION \$2.00 PER ANNUM—STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES

Twenty cents per inch.

Special position Twenty-five cents inch.

READERS

Per line, first insertion ten cents.

Per line, additional insertions, five cents.

WANT ADS

One cent per word each insertion; minimum 25 cents. Special price if run one or more months. Cash must accompany order unless advertiser has an open account.

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Not to exceed ten lines, fifty cents; cash with order.

ACCOUNTS

All due and payable first of month following publication, except want ads and cards of thanks, which are cash with order.

No advertisements accepted for the first page.

SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1920.

THE PEACE PUZZLE

The more the proposal to make peace by "declaring" it is studied, the more ridiculous does it appear. Even many of those who favor this policy admit that peace can not be "made" in this way. Senator Lodge himself has admitted this. But suppose the resolution were passed and signed by the president. Before it could become effective, Germany would have to agree to carry out all the provisions of the treaty that affect this country, of a treaty that we have thus far repudiated by failing to ratify it. It is calculated that our claims against Germany aggregate in the neighborhood of \$1,000.

MR. AUTOMOBILE BUYER

I am talking to you, and straight from the shoulder. The Nash Six, either in open or closed car, offers more for the money than any other touring car on the market, selling below \$3,000.

This is a broad statement. Make me prove it. Drop me a line. Ring my phone. And I'll be there. Demonstration gladly given. Office phone 273. Residence 253.

Prices F. O. B. Kenosha
Nash Six—5 passenger; wheelbase 121 inches. \$1,595
Nash Six—7 passenger; wheelbase 127 inches. 1,765
Nash Six—4 passenger Sport Model; wheelbase 121 inches. 1,745
Nash Six—Roadster; wheelbase 121 inches. 1,595
Nash Six—Touring Sedan; wheelbase 127 inches. 2,725
Nash Six—4 passenger Coupe; wheelbase 127 inches. 2,495

Prices subject to increase without notice.

G. W. GILMAN
Retailer
GOODLAND, INDIANA

000,000. There is no assurance that she would comply with our "declaration." It is almost certain that the German government would decline. If it did, then it would be the duty of the president to impose a boycott. Here again is an attempt to do something that can not be done. For duties can not be imposed on the president by congress; they are imposed only by the constitution.

The president might carry out the expressed will of congress in this matter, but he would be under no obligation to do so. Congress having taken into its hands the business of making peace—or declaring it—he might well leave it to congress to finish the job.

In contrast with the present folly, the words of Senator Colt of Rhode Island and a Republican, are enlightening:

"Now, since I have taken Tanlac I am in better health than I've been in twenty-five years," said Mrs. Henrietta Shoup, who lives on Route No. 3 from Peoria, where she called at the Sutliff & Case Drug Store, the other day.

Continuing Mrs. Shoup said: "If it hadn't been for Tanlac I would not have been able to have made the trip into town today, and I feel so thankful for the good this medicine has done me that I have come in the store here now to tell you how I have been restored to complete health. No, sir, a fortune couldn't buy the good this medicine has done me."

"Before I commenced taking Tanlac I had been in bad health for twenty-five years, and my condition had been getting worse all the time until I got to where I was in misery nearly all the time. My stomach was in an awful fix and nearly everything I ate soured and caused gas to form so bad that I thought I would smother at times. I would have terrible headaches, and I had such bad dizzy spells at times that I couldn't stand up. I was very nervous and restless and my sleep was broken, and I lost in weight until I looked almost like a frame. I had always taken pride in raising my own chickens and turkeys, but I was so broken down that I had to give it up entirely."

"When I had almost given up all hope of ever being relieved of my suffering, a neighbor persuaded me into trying Tanlac, so I got a bottle. That one bottle did me more good than all the other things I had taken put together for the last twenty-five years. I was so encouraged that I kept right on taking Tanlac, and now today you can see for yourself what it has done for me. I am seventy years old but I am in the best of health, have a splendid appetite and am never troubled one bit with my stomach. The headaches and dizzy spells have all left me, and I am not nervous or restless and can sleep fine every night."

My strength has come back and I have gained in weight. I just feel so fine that I am simply overjoyed at my recovery."

Tanlac is sold in Rensselaer by Lush & Hopkins, and in Remington by Frank L. Peck; in Wheatfield by Simon Fendig.—Advt.

There is no reason why there should be—as it is said there is not—an interest in the absurd resolution now pending in the house the purpose of which is to "declare" that peace exists. But the point that it is desired to make is that congressmen are still thinking of peace in connection with the narrowest sort of politics. In a Washington

and the aim is to win a party advantage at the expense of the public interest. Such, at any rate, is the view of "many of the Republicans in both senate and house." We shall never get ahead with this business of making—not "declaring"—peace until we are prepared to deal with it on the basis of patriotism rather than partisanship. Unfortunately we are called on to consider this great question, and the vital issues that grow out of it, in a presidential year, when the temptation is so great to subordinate everything to the election of a president. But nevertheless here is a great world problem to be faced—and solved. It can not be got out of the way, or evaded. The treaty itself, every one now sees, is not disposed of, the recent action of the senate having settled nothing. Senator Lodge informed the country last November, after the senate had failed to ratify, that the treaty was dead. But it was not dead then, nor is it dead now. Nor can it be "camouflaged" by the pending resolution, or anything else. It is doubtful whether that resolution can pass the senate; it is certain that it would, if it reached him, be vetoed by the president. We are merely trifling with a situation that is serious, and may become dangerous. If we could, to quote the words of Chairman Hays, regard everything but ratification "as chores" we should soon have a peace that would amount to something.—Indianapolis News.

25 YEARS FOR SEVEN I. W. W.

Sentence Pronounced on Men Convicted for Armistice Day Rioting.

Montesano, Wash., April 8.—The seven men convicted here, March 13 of second degree murder for the slaying of Warren O. Grimm of Centralia, Armistice day parade victim, were sentenced to not less than 25 years nor more than 40 years each in the state penitentiary, by Judge John M. Wilson, after he had denied defense motion for a new trial.

Judge Wilson said he could not pay attention to the jury's plea for leniency for Eugene Barnett and John Lamb, in the light of the evidence submitted. He said he regarded the cases against all the men as identical.

Loren Roberts, whom the jury found insane, was ordered sent to the criminal insane ward at the state penitentiary.

The seven sentenced to 25 to 40 years imprisonment were: C. C. Bland, Bert Bland, John Lamb, Eugene Barnett, James McInerney, Ray Becker and Britt Smith. The defense attorney took exception to the sentence and gave notice of appeal.

COUNTY EDUCATIONAL NOTES

(Co. Supt. Sterrett)

The board of education met Monday in the office of the county superintendent but was unable to transact legal business owing to the lack of a quorum. Bowie of Wheatfield, Duggieby of Kankakee, Fairchild of Keener, Postill of Marion, Rush of Newton and Huff of Jordan were present. The board resolved itself into a committee to act upon a recommendation from Purdue university of a young man by the name of Mahorten, who applied for Mr. Leaming's position as county agricultural agent. The committee was assisted by Frank Welsh of Jordan and Russel Van Hook of Marion. The latter were drafted unsolicited to represent the farmers. It was the impression of this committee that the young man be selected. A recommendation was made that Mr. Mahorten remain over until Wednesday when the president called a special meeting for 10 a.m. that day.

State Supt. L. N. Hines will deliver the commencement address at Fair Oaks Wednesday night, April 21.

Music for the occasion will come from Indianapolis. Fair Oaks is planning to give a program for this commencement that outdoes any school function that has been held in their building. Eleven eighth grade pupils from various parts of Union township have enrolled there.

They are Loretta Lockard, Alice Kiersma, Dean Zellers, Ivan Cedarwall, Lester Ogle, Agnes Cedarwall, Roy Gunyon, Ora Whited, Alva Whited, Hazel Lowman and Edith Sanders.

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There were a number of the eighth grade applicants on the diploma examination who passed. The highest general average was made by Joseph L. Wuehrich of the Fairview school in Gilliam township taught by Alpha E. Kerlin. The second highest average was made by Alice Sayers of the Oak Grove school in Walker township taught by Betty Royster. The former made an average of 93.1% and the latter 90.8%. About 45% of the applicants passed the examination in March free of conditions. The next examination will be held April 17.

The Jasper county board of education met in special session Wednesday on a call of the president to consider an application from D. M. Mawhorter of Noble county for the position of county agricultural agent. The following members of the board were present: Porter of Carpenter, Lefever of Gilliam, Poole of Hanging Grove, Huff of Jordan, Fairchild of Keener, Postill of Marion, Wood of Milroy, Rush of Newton, Harrington of Union and Bowie of Wheatfield.

The board re-established its reputation for debating ability. The newly elected county agricultural agent heard those opposed to his position

and the aim is to win a party advantage at the expense of the public interest. Such, at any rate, is the view of "many of the Republicans in both senate and house." We shall never get ahead with this business of making—not "declaring"—peace until we are prepared to deal with it on the basis of patriotism rather than partisanship. Unfortunately we are called on to consider this great question, and the vital issues that grow out of it, in a presidential year, when the temptation is so great to subordinate everything to the election of a president. But nevertheless here is a great world problem to be faced—and solved. It can not be got out of the way, or evaded. The treaty itself, every one now sees, is not disposed of, the recent action of the senate having settled nothing. Senator Lodge informed the country last November, after the senate had failed to ratify, that the treaty was dead. But it was not dead then, nor is it dead now. Nor can it be "camouflaged" by the pending resolution, or anything else. It is doubtful whether that resolution can pass the senate; it is certain that it would, if it reached him, be vetoed by the president. We are merely trifling with a situation that is serious, and may become dangerous. If we could, to quote the words of Chairman Hays, regard everything but ratification "as chores" we should soon have a peace that would amount to something.—Indianapolis News.

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CENSUS STATISTICS FOR 1920

Among the population figures of cities announced by the census bureau for 1920 are the following:

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., 73,828, an increase of 6,723, or 10% over 1910. Waterloo, Ia., 36,230, increase 9,537, or 35.7%.

Murphysboro, Ill., 10,411, increase 2,926, or 39.1%.

Long Branch, N. J., 13,521, increase 223, or 1.7%.

Rushville, Ind., 5,498, increase 573, or 11.6%.

North Manchester, Ind., 2,711, increase 283, or 11.7%.

Pottsville, Pa., 21,785, increase 1,549, or 7.7%.

Logansport, Ind., 21,626, increase 2,576, or 13.5%.

Connersville, Ind., 9,901, increase 2,163, or 28%.

Lorain, O., 37,295, increase 8,412, or 29.1%.

Waukegan, Ill., 19,199, increase 3,130, or 19.5%.

Pekin, Ill., 12,086, increase 2,189, or 22.1%.

Millville, N. J., 14,691, increase 2,240, or 18.01%.

Springfield, Mo., 39,620, increase 4,419, or 12.6%.

Ft. Smith, Ark., 28,811, increase 4,836, or 20.2%.

Leavenworth, Kas., 16,901, decrease 2,462, or 12.7%.

Carthage, Mo., 10,053, increase 570, or 6%.

Sheridan, Wyo., 9,175, increase 767, or 9.1%.

Frankfort, Ky., 9,805, decrease 640, or 6.3%.

Steeltown, Pa., 13,428, decrease 818, or 5.7%.

Natchez, Miss., 12,608, increase 817, or 6.9%.

Staunton, Va., 10,617, increase 13, or 1%.

Logan, Utah, 9,439, increase 1,917, or 25.5%.

Grand Junction, Colo., 8,665, increase 911, or 11.7%.

Vinita, Okla., 4,961, increase 379, or 21.5%.

Albany, Ga., 11,555, increase 3,365, or 41.1%.

Carrick, Pa., 10,504, increase 4,387, or 71.7%.

Hudson, N. Y., 11,745, increase 328, or 2.9%.

Salina, Kas., 15,085, increase 5,397, or 55.7%.

Spartanburg, S. C., 22,633, increase 5,121, or 29.2%.

Greenville, S. C., 23,127, increase 7,386, or 46.9%.

Ogden, Utah, 32,804, increase 7,224, or 28.2%.

Zanesville, O., 29,569, increase 1,543, or 5.5%.