

Stetson

If we didn't *know* that the Stetson was the *best* hat made—we would sell some other kind.

Hilliard & Hamill
STETSON HEADQUARTERS



WOMEN ARE KEEPING BOOKS IN 1920 THRIFT CAMPAIGN

Feminine Army Starts Three Months' Test to Pave Way for Safe Investment.

The savings division of the treasury department is depending on the women of the nation not only to help bring down the high cost of living, but to establish the permanent practice of saving money and material, and finally the investing of these savings in safe securities, such as War Savings stamps and \$100 and \$1,000 Treasury Savings certificates.

Under the signature of William Mather Lewis, director of the savings division, a letter has been sent to the presiding officers of all the principal women's organizations of the country. The general plan for the work of the women in 1920 has been worked out in a national way by Mrs. Grace G. Bartlett, vice director in charge of women's organizations.

Supplementing the letters sent out by her and Director Lewis, a similar letter has been sent to all the women's organizations in the five states of the Seventh district that have no national thrift chairmen. In his letter Director Lewis said in part:

"The influence of women in working out the great economic problems is invaluable. It is in the power of women to regulate the use and control the price of the necessities of life. They are the buyers. They must also be the savers. When this power is applied in a concentrated way, women will be one of the greatest factors in solving the present problem of the high cost of living and in establishing the permanent practice of saving money and material. The savings division called into conference the national thrift chairmen of the following women's organizations:

Association of Collegiate Alumnae, Daughters of the American Revolution, General Federation of Women's Clubs, National Catholic War council, National Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teachers' associations, National Council of Jewish Women, National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, National League for Women's Service, Women's department, National Civic Federation, Young Women's Christian association.

"It was agreed that these organizations should be asked to make a test among their membership of the wisdom with which money is spent. This test was to be started January 1 and continued as an experiment through February and March. The plan is as follows:

"January—To keep accounts. Each individual will be asked to keep an account of her daily expenses, grouping them under such items as rent, food, clothing, household service, amuse-

ments, incidentals, etc.

"February—To save. Each individual will analyze the January expenses and make an effort through information gained in January to save a certain amount through conservation without hardship.

"March—To invest. Each individual will make a calculation of how much was saved on living expenses in February over an equal number of days in January. In this month an effort will be made to encourage the members of these organizations to invest their savings in government securities."

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS OF 1920 PAVE WAY TO INDEPENDENCE

The 1920 War Savings stamps are carmine in color and bear the head of George Washington. The price for January is \$4.12 and it increases, one cent a month to \$4.23 in December. The 25-cent Thrift stamp also is on the market and is used as formerly to evidence payments on account of War Savings stamps and certificates. The 1920 War Savings stamp in size approximates the larger stamp used in 1918. It will have a maturity value of \$5 January 1, 1925.

War Savings stamps of the series of 1918 and 1919 shall not be affixed to War Savings certificates of the series of 1920 and War Savings stamps of the series of 1920 shall not be affixed to War Savings certificates of 1918 or 1919. War Savings stamps of one series affixed to War Savings certificates of another series will not add to the value thereof. Thrift stamps, as such, are not directly redeemable in cash, but each Thrift card will, as usual, have spaces for 16 Thrift stamps. A filled Thrift card may be exchanged for a War Savings certificate stamp, series of 1920, at any post office or other authorized agency. As usual, post offices will require a written demand ten days in advance before payment will be made before maturity, and such War Savings stamp certificate must be surrendered for payment within 60 days after such demand. Otherwise the demand will be deemed to be waived.

Sale bills printed while you wait at The Democrat office.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE DEMOCRAT NOW AND HAVE IT DELIVERED AT YOUR DOOR BY CARRIER EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY EVENING.

8 PER CENT
Non-taxable

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Non-taxable

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

I have moved my real estate office to the rooms over Co-Operative Meat Market, on north side of square.—GEORGE F. MEYERS. f25

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

Barney Kolhoff went to South Bend on business Monday.

Lester Rich of Indianapolis spent Sunday here with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Davis of Knismen were in the city Monday.

Yesterday's local egg and butterfat prices: Eggs, 45c; butterfat, 60c.

Harry Wiltshire, who has been very sick for some time, is now able to get down town again.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Anderson of Indianapolis are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mel Abbott.

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Tomorrow is Lincoln's birthday anniversary and a legal holiday in many states. The local banks will close.

George M. Wilcox of Springfield, O., who was called here by the death of his brother, Jacob Wilcox, will remain here for a visit with his daughter, Mrs. Frank Leek, before returning to Springfield.

Miss Margaret Babcock returned to Champaign, Ill., Sunday to resume her studies at the state university after spending the mid-semester vacation here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Babcock.

Letters remaining in the Rensselaer postoffice for the week ending Feb. 7: Daniel Cumerford, Mrs. Fred Cosgrove, Tom Friend, Lewis Haggard, Chester Kimmel, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Maxwell. If not called for above letters will be sent to deadletter office Feb. 23.

Miss Blanche O'Meara, day clerk at the Makeover hotel, was called to Mommence, Ill., Monday by the serious illness of her grandfather.

Henry Nevill and family, who for a number of years have resided in rooms over the State bank, moved this week onto a farm with their son-in-law, Arthur Gosnell, northwest of town.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Harbison of South Hammond were in Rensselaer Saturday, looking for a house to rent. Mr. Harbison is storekeeper for the Monon railroad and wishes to locate in Rensselaer.

Mrs. A. J. Bellows left here Monday morning for Ottawa, Ill., and in company with her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. George Dunaway and Miss Etta Dunaway, of that city, left there Tuesday evening for Los Angeles, Calif., to spend a couple of months.

Misses Bertha and Alice Daniels, who are employed in Chicago, spent over Sunday here with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Korah Daniels.

Robert Crockett came down from Detroit, Mich., Monday evening, bringing his little daughter who will make her home for the present with his sister, Mrs. E. G. Perrigo, of near Donovan, Ill., Mr. Crockett's wife having recently died of pneumonia and he was also quite sick for a time.

Public Reduction Sale

February 14 to February 28
INCLUSIVE

Saving You 25 % to 50 %
on Suits, Overcoats and Furnishings

THE CLOTHING HOUSE OF
WILLIAM TRAUB

Odd Fellows' Building. Rensselaer, Indiana