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Does not change the color of the hair.

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Formula with each bottle
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then do as he says.

You need not hesitate about using this new Hair Vigor from any fear of its changing the color of your hair. The new Ayer's Hair Vigor prevents premature grayness, but does not change the color of the hair even to the slightest degree.

Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE JASPER COUNTY DEMOCRAT.
F. E. BABCOCK, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1909.

A Washington dispatch says that when Colonel Roosevelt comes back from Africa he will probably be put in charge of the construction of the Panama canal. It is declared that he will "make the dirt fly." And how about the money?

State Geologist Blatchley, according to the Indianapolis Star, has made up his mind to ask a fourth nomination. When he was nominated the last time a delegate who had been for another candidate sarcastically moved to make Mr. Blatchley's renomination "unanimous and perpetual."

By going on record in favor of the income tax amendment and the election of United States senators by a direct vote, the New York Democrats have given an impetus to both of those propositions. The income tax amendment, which is already up to the legislatures of the states for ratification, is not out of danger. Twelve states can defeat it. Georgia, which has been drifting toward the Republicans, has already voted against it, and it is expected that the New England states will do likewise. Friends of the proposition should be vigilant everywhere.

Commenting on the declaration of principles adopted by the Democrats at Saratoga, the Indianapolis News among other things, says:

Of course the Democratic party has always favored, at least theoretically, "steady adherence to the principle of home rule and local self-government by the state and each of its political subdivisions." Of course all Democrats will agree that there shall be "no interference with the personal liberty of any citizen except such as is essential to secure the equal rights of all the citizens."

And it is not a bad thing to remember, either. Both of these principles are vitally necessary to the maintenance of our form of government at its best.

A writer in the Indianapolis Star asks why Mr. Shumaker (head of the Anti-Saloon League) does not "make a report of the financial affairs of the league." The writer says that it "is generally believed" that the contributions from the counties of the state amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars, and he wants to know what has been done with the money. It is hard to tell what is being done with it now, but during the last campaign it was used to help the Republican party make its state campaign. But it is said that the expenses of the league in the way of salaries and otherwise are very heavy, far greater than the ordinary expenses of any regular political party. There has been much speculation as to where this money comes from, but no satisfactory explanation has been made so far as we are aware.

THE "MORALS" OF PROTECTION.

Senator Beveridge, who is appealing to the tariff reformers of Indiana for support asserts that he is a "Protectionist" clear through, or words to that effect. But he thought in

view of the strong sentiment in Indiana, that the Payne-Aldrich-Cannon tariff bill was swiping a little more than the people would stand without "kicking." But Mr. Beveridge wants it understood that he is a "protectionist" still. Below we set out what Senator Doiliver of Iowa, thinks about the morals of protection:

"As the result of my observations upon the different tariffs of the world (and I do not pretend to be wise or deeply read about the matter), I find that wherever there is a protective tariff it has built up a system of morality of its own, and I never found that its rules of morals were in accord with any other rules of morals, religious or secular, ever framed in this world. It has built up a system of morality in this country that not only is wicked, but it allows to be done, by authority of law, what the man who does it would never do in his private capacity as a citizen. It permits a man not to covet his neighbor's goods, but to take them away from him by force of law."

A POLITICAL PUZZLE.

The Starke County Republican says:

"The efforts of the opposition press to create disturbance in the Republican ranks because of the fact that Senator Beveridge voted against the Payne tariff bill, which President Taft subsequently signed, will fall for the very good reason that the people know that both Senator Beveridge and President Taft were actuated by purely patriotic motives."

Nor can it be successfully charged that the action of either Mr. Beveridge or the president was in the least inconsistent."

The same paper also says the following in the same article:

"If Senator Beveridge had been elected he would have signed the bill just as President Taft did, and if President Taft had been in the United States senate he would have voted against the measure just Senator Beveridge did."

All of this is puzzling. Perhaps the next Republican state convention will find a way to "work" it. Mr. Beveridge denounced the bill and voted against it. Mr. Taft approved it, and, it is said, is going to travel over the country to defend it. If the Republican state convention endorses Beveridge's course, what will it say about Taft? If it approves Taft, what will it say about Beveridge?

THE NEXT "LOVE FEAST."

Secretary of State Sims, who is acting chairman of the Republican state committee, says he believes that the usual custom for perfecting the state organization will be followed this year, which is for a "love feast" on some day between Christmas and New Year's day, to be followed by a formal call for a meeting of the committee some time in January. Just what particular form of "love feast" this one is to be Mr. Sims did not say. It is not expected

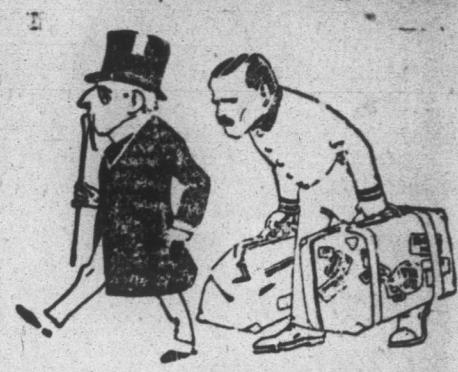
that Mr. Fairbanks will get home by that time. But there are others who ought to be able to give an interesting performance. Mr. Hemway might tell what he thinks about Mr. Beveridge. Messrs. Watson, Taylor and Miller might give the inside history of the last Republican state convention. Mr. Hanly could indulge in pleasant reminiscences about the special session of the legislature and his experiences at Chicago. Mr. Beveridge will doubtless try to explain why he voted against the tariff bill which Mr. Taft approved and is going to defend. Joe Kealing, Mr. Fairbanks's political manager, should give the facts about his resignation as United States district attorney. By all means Charley Landis should enliven the gathering with a repetition of his 1906 effort about "all sorts of jobs for all sorts of men." And finally, the Rev. Mr. Shumaker might explain to his 1908 allies how he proposes to work his new "non-partisan" game in the next campaign. If this "love-feast" happens to get started off on the right foot it ought to be very fetching entertainment.

THE TARIFF AND THE EVERY-DAY PERSON.

A writer in the Review of Reviews shows how the new tariff law was formed to skin the buying public. He calls attention to the fact that through changes in classification the duties on cotton goods will be raised "as much as 100 per cent, and in some cases more, above the rates of the Dingley tariff." One of the devices by which this increase is effected is described:

"Under the Dingley tariff cotton cloth was subject to the same duty whether mercerized or not. The new tariff provides (in par. 323) for an additional duty of 1 per cent a square yard on cotton cloth mercerized or subjected to any similar process. In paragraph 320 the definition of mercerized cloth is given as one which has any...mercerized...threads in or upon any part of the fabric." This will make any cloth having two or more glossy threads in the fabric subject to the additional

Something Coming In



If you ADVERTISE in THIS PAPER. It will LOOK GOOD to you. Try it out NOW.

at rate as cloth mercerized or subject to any similar process."

Further, by changing classifications and substituting specific for ad valorem duties, the rates on cotton cloth while they may appear to be the same have actually been increased "from as little as five per cent, for the finest cloth to 100 per cent, and more for the poorer grades."

As for the duties on hosiery the same writer says:

"The conferees modified the advances passed by the house by leaving the following increases of duty on the lower-priced hosiery in the act as it finally passed: Hosiery valued wholesale not at more than \$1.00 per dozen pairs, eighty per cent, ad valorem, as against sixty-seven per cent, under the Dingley tariff; valued at \$1.00 to \$1.50, 77 per cent, as against the Dingley rate of fifty-eight per cent; valued at \$1.50 to \$2.00, sixty-two per cent, as against fifty-one per cent, under the Dingley law. The duty on the highest-priced hosiery, valued at more than \$5.00 per dozen, remains unchanged at fifty-five per cent ad valorem."

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ABOUT WOOLEN GOODS:

"Criticism of the wool and woolen schedules is based mainly on the fact that there has been practically no change of the old rates, which, it is charged, have been instrumental in building up a woolen trust by discrimination against the carded woolen industry, which produces the poor man's cloth, in favor of the worsted manufacturers, due to the imposition of a uniform duty of eleven cents a pound on raw unashed wool, which taxes the cheaper wools as high as 500 per cent and more, while frequently amounting to less than twenty-five per cent on the finer grades used for the more expensive cloths."

A clever, popular Candy Cold Cure Tablet—called Preventics—is being dispensed by druggists everywhere. In a few hours, Preventics are said to break any cold—completely. And Preventics, being so safe and toothsome, are very fine for children. No Quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening. Box of 48—25¢. Sold by All Dealers.

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF FIRM.

I have purchased all the business, books, papers and correspondence of the firm of Ferguson & Ferguson. Parties having business with this firm can conclude the same with me. I have also placed in my office an abstract and farm loan department and am prepared to make abstracts of title and farm loans on short notice.

GEORGE A. WILLIAMS,
Attorney.

A NARROW ESCAPE

Edgar N. Bayliss, a merchant of Robbinsville, Del., wrote: "About two years ago I was thin and sick, and coughed all the time and if I did not have consumption, it was near to it. I commenced using Foley's Honey and Tar, and it stopped my cough, and I gained twenty-eight pounds, all due to the good results from taking Foley's Honey and Tar."

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Under the present postal ruling a newspaper can grant but limited credit to its subscribers, and therefore we must ask for prompt renewals. The date printed at the right of the name of each subscriber of The Democrat shows when the subscription expires, and if this reads "1889," or previous thereto, your subscription has expired and early renewal is requested. Unless renewals are made within the time prescribed by the postal department we must either cut off the subscriber from our list or pay one cent postage on each and every paper sent to them after such date. This would mean \$1.04 postage per year for each copy sent beyond the date allowed us for securing a renewal, and it is obvious that we cannot afford to pay any such price for granting credit of \$1.50 for a year.

Kindly examine the date on the margin or label of your Democrat and see how your subscription stands on our books. If in arrears, kindly renew at once, or pay up the small amount in arrears and notify us if you do not care to take the paper any longer.

WARNING.

Do not be persuaded into taking anything but Foley's Honey and Tar for chronic coughs, bronchitis, hay fever, asthma, and lung troubles, as it stops the cough and heals the lungs.—A. F. Long.

NORTH DAKOTA SPECIAL FARM BARGAINS.

610 acres of the finest land in North Dakota. It joins and surrounds the village of Buttsville, Ransom county, only 5 miles from Lisbon, the county seat. 555 acres under cultivation, and 55 acres in tame grass and prairie pasture. Not a single acre of low, wet, sandy or hilly land. There are two sets of new farm buildings, each consisting of house, barn and granary, small but new and neat. Good water supply. Can be divided in almost any shape to make two convenient farms. Nothing to beat this in the northwest to-day, regardless of the price. If desired present occupant would rent for series of years.

160 acre farm, situated 7 miles south of Sheldon, N. D. No buildings, rented for next year for 1/4 crop delivered. Owner to furnish seed. A rare bargain must be sold before Oct. 1, 1909. This farm more than half paid for itself this year at price it is now offered for.

For further particulars call at this office or address F. D. G., care Democrat, Rensselaer, Ind.

DO YOU REALIZE THAT ONE PERSON OF

eight dies of consumption, Lagrippe, pneumonia or some other lung disease. Just think what that means.

Of the people living in the United States to-day, over ten million will die of tubercular or some form of lung trouble. You can't afford to run risks, and you need not. Watkins' Cough Cure taken as soon as you begin to cough, stops the trouble.

Numberless families find it a safe-guard against colds and coughs. You need it. Don't run risks. Keep it in the house. See my full line of goods when I arrive. I'm coming soon. Full line of goods at Knapp's livery office. V. M. PEER, Agt.

TO FRIENDS OF THE DEMOCRAT.

Instruct your attorneys to bring all legal notices in which you are interested or have the paying for. To The Democrat, and thereby save money and do us a favor that will be greatly appreciated. All notices of appointment—administrator, executor or guardian—survey, road or ditch notice, notice of sale of real estate, non-resident notices, etc., the clients themselves control, and attorneys will take them to the paper you desire, for publication, if you mention the matter to them; otherwise they will take them to their own political organ. Please do not forget this when having any legal notices to publish.

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RE-MEX-OI NEUTRALIZES THIS URIC ACID AND RESTORES THE VARIOUS VITAL ORGANS TO THEIR NORMAL DEGREE OF ACTIVITY, ENABLING THEM TO CARRY ON THE BODY.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, results from over eating, over working, poorly cooked food, excessive indulgence in tea, coffee, alcohol, drinks and other abuses which enfeebles the digestive organs.

A new, failing treatment is one teaspoonful of Re-Mex-Oi.

It will drive all the impurities from the system.

This wonderful medicine assists nature in removing the cause of dyspepsia.